```
In [4]:
        # import python libraries
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # visualizing data
         %matplotlib inline
         import seaborn as sns
         # import csv file
In [5]:
         df = pd.read_csv('Diwali Sales Data.csv', encoding= 'unicode_escape')
         df.shape
In [6]:
         (11251, 15)
Out[6]:
         df.head()
In [7]:
Out[7]:
                                                   Age
            User_ID Cust_name
                              Product_ID Gender
                                                             Marital_Status
                                                        Age
                                                                                  State
                                                                                           Zone
                                                 Group
         0 1002903
                      Sanskriti
                               P00125942
                                                 26-35
                                                         28
                                                                        0
                                                                             Maharashtra
                                                                                         Western
         1 1000732
                        Kartik
                               P00110942
                                                 26-35
                                                         35
                                                                        1 Andhra Pradesh
                                                                                        Southern
         2 1001990
                        Bindu
                               P00118542
                                                 26-35
                                                         35
                                                                        1
                                                                            Uttar Pradesh
                                                                                          Central
         3 1001425
                       Sudevi
                               P00237842
                                                  0-17
                                                                               Karnataka Southern C
                                              M
                                                         16
                                                                        0
         4 1000588
                               P00057942
                                                 26-35
                                                         28
                         Joni
                                                                        1
                                                                                 Gujarat
                                                                                         Western
In [8]:
         df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
         Data columns (total 15 columns):
             Column
                                Non-Null Count
                                                 Dtype
         ---
             -----
                                 -----
         0
              User_ID
                                11251 non-null
                                                 int64
         1
                                                 object
              Cust_name
                                11251 non-null
         2
              Product_ID
                                11251 non-null object
         3
              Gender
                                11251 non-null
                                                 object
         4
              Age Group
                                11251 non-null object
                                11251 non-null int64
         5
              Age
         6
                                11251 non-null int64
              Marital Status
         7
              State
                                11251 non-null object
         8
              Zone
                                11251 non-null object
              Occupation
                                11251 non-null object
         10
             Product_Category 11251 non-null object
         11
             Orders
                                11251 non-null
                                                int64
         12 Amount
                                11239 non-null float64
         13 Status
                                0 non-null
                                                 float64
         14 unnamed1
                                0 non-null
                                                 float64
         dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
         memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

```
#drop unrelated/blank columns
In [9]:
         df.drop(['Status', 'unnamed1'], axis=1, inplace=True)
         #check for null values
In [10]:
         pd.isnull(df).sum()
         User_ID
Out[10]:
                               0
         Cust_name
         Product_ID
                               0
         Gender
                               0
         Age Group
                               0
         Age
         Marital_Status
                               0
         State
                               0
         Zone
                               0
         Occupation
                               0
         Product_Category
         Orders
                               0
         Amount
                              12
         dtype: int64
In [11]: # drop null values
         df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [12]: # change data type
         df['Amount'] = df['Amount'].astype('int')
         df['Amount'].dtypes
In [13]:
         dtype('int32')
Out[13]:
In [14]:
         df.columns
         Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',
Out[14]:
                 'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',
                 'Orders', 'Amount'],
               dtype='object')
In [15]:
         #rename column
         df.rename(columns= {'Marital_Status':'Shaadi'})
```

$\cap$	1.1	+	1	5	-1	0
$\cup$	u	L	_	J	-1	

>		User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Shaadi	State	Zone	00
	0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra	Western	ŀ
	1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh	Southern	
	2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh	Central	Αι
	3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	М	0-17	16	0	Karnataka	Southern	Со
	4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	М	26-35	28	1	Gujarat	Western	F
	•••										
	11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	М	18-25	19	1	Maharashtra	Western	
	11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	М	26-35	33	0	Haryana	Northern	ŀ
	11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	Madhya Pradesh	Central	
	11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	М	36-45	37	0	Karnataka	Southern	А
	11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Maharashtra	Western	ŀ

11239 rows × 13 columns

In [16]: # describe() method returns description of the data in the DataFrame (i.e. count, mean
df.describe()

Out[16]:		User_ID	Age	Marital_Status	Orders	Amount
	count	1.123900e+04	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
	mean	1.003004e+06	35.410357	0.420055	2.489634	9453.610553
	std	1.716039e+03	12.753866	0.493589	1.114967	5222.355168
	min	1.000001e+06	12.000000	0.000000	1.000000	188.000000
	25%	1.001492e+06	27.000000	0.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
	50%	1.003064e+06	33.000000	0.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
	75%	1.004426e+06	43.000000	1.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
	max	1.006040e+06	92.000000	1.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

In [17]: # use describe() for specific columns
df[['Age', 'Orders', 'Amount']].describe()

Out[17]:

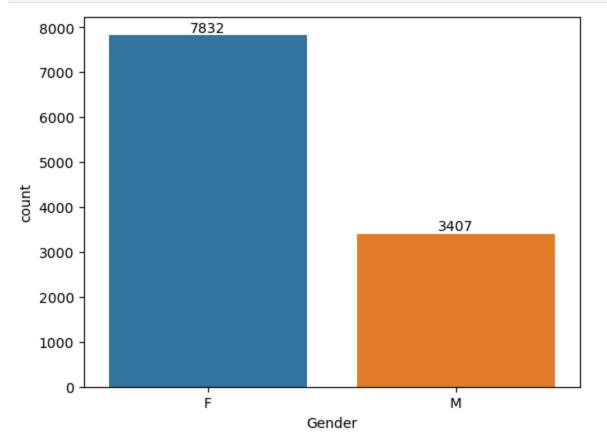
	Age	Orders	Amount
count	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	35.410357	2.489634	9453.610553
std	12.753866	1.114967	5222.355168
min	12.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	27.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	33.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	43.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	92.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

# **Exploratory Data Analysis**

# Gender

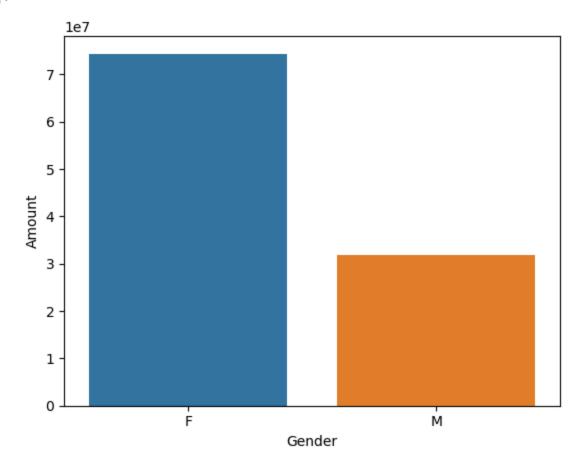
```
In [18]: # plotting a bar chart for Gender and it's count
    ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Gender',data = df)

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [19]: # plotting a bar chart for gender vs total amount
    sales_gen = df.groupby(['Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount')
    sns.barplot(x = 'Gender',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_gen)
```

Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Amount'>

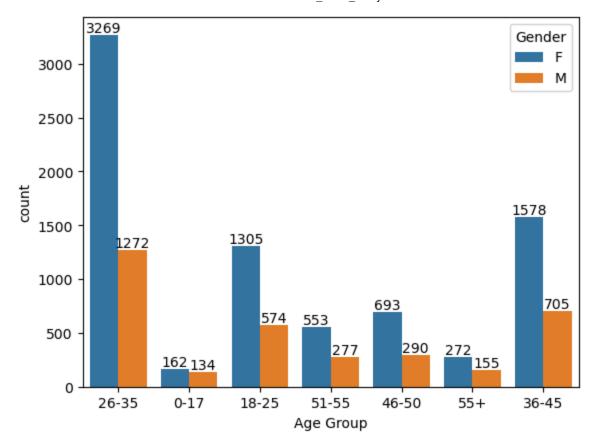


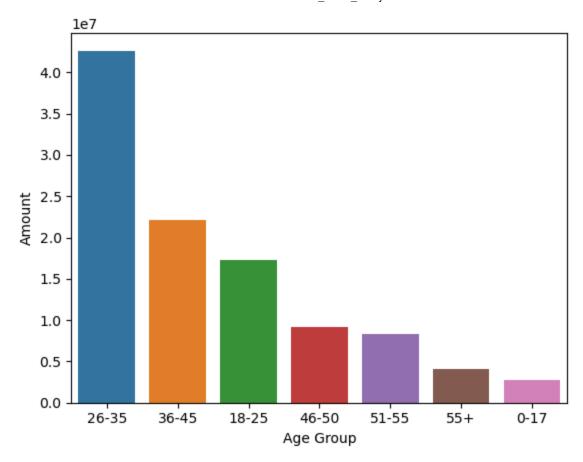
From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are females and even the purchasing power of females are greater than men

### Age

```
In [20]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Age Group', hue = 'Gender')

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```





From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are of age group between 26-35 yrs female

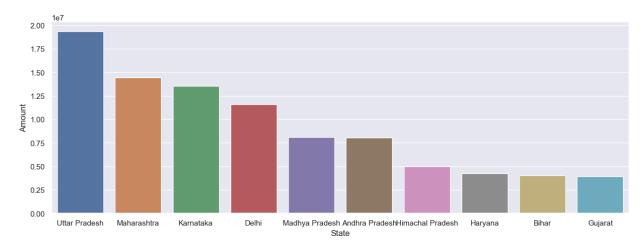
#### State

```
In [22]:
           # total number of orders from top 10 states
           sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by='Or
           sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
           sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Orders')
           <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Orders'>
Out[22]:
            5000
             4000
            3000
            2000
             1000
                                                Delhi
                 Uttar Pradesh
                                     Karnataka
                                                      Madhya Pradesh Andhra PradeshHimachal Pradesh
                          Maharashtra
                                                                                             Haryana
                                                             State
In [23]:
           # total amount/sales from top 10 states
```

file:///C:/Users/Raee/Downloads/Diwali\_Sales\_Analysis.html

```
sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='An
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Amount')
```

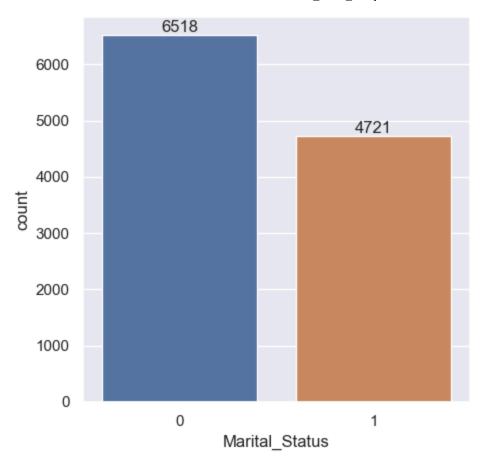
Out[23]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Amount'>

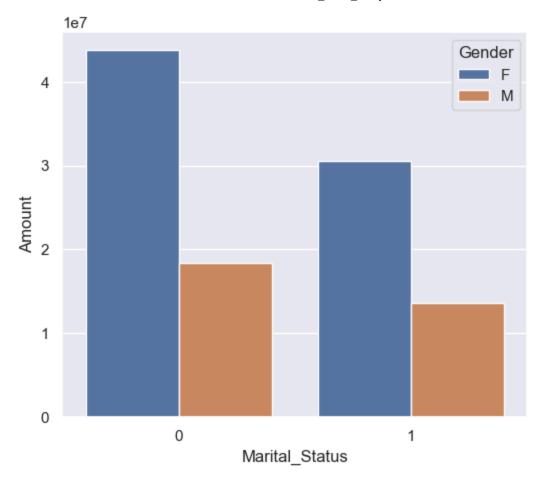


From above graphs we can see that most of the orders & total sales/amount are from Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra and Karnataka respectively

#### **Marital Status**

```
In [25]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Marital_Status')
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(5,2)})
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```

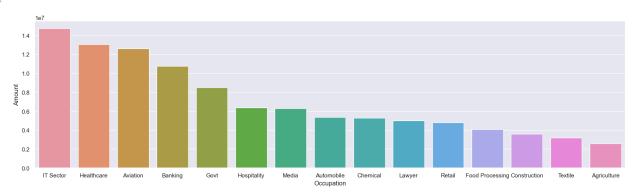




From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are married (women) and they have high purchasing power

# Occupation

Out[28]: <Axes: xlabel='Occupation', ylabel='Amount'>



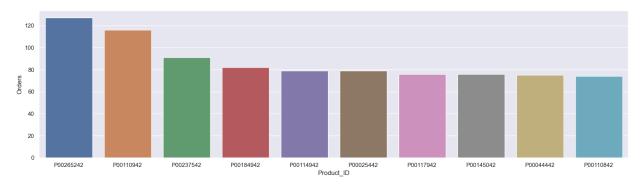
From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation sector

## **Product Category**

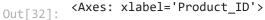
```
In [29]:
            sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
            ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Product_Category')
            for bars in ax.containers:
                  ax.bar_label(bars)
            # 1500
             1000
                                                      Food Games & Tobsorts Products Bookslectronics & GadgetSecor Clothing & ApparelBeauty Household ite
                                                                  Product_Category
            sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_Category'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_va
In [30]:
            sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
            sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_Category',y= 'Amount')
            <Axes: xlabel='Product_Category', ylabel='Amount'>
Out[30]:
             3.5
             3.0
             2.5
            들 2.0
             1.0
                                                              Furniture Games & Toys
Product_Category
                            Clothing & Apparel Electronics & Gadgets Footwear & Shoes
```

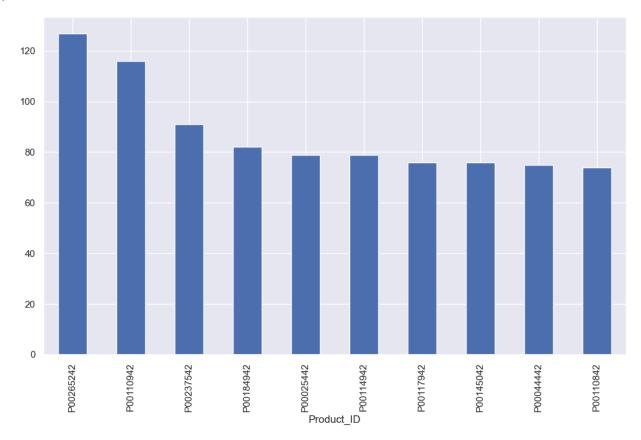
From above graphs we can see that most of the sold products are from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

Out[31]: <Axes: xlabel='Product\_ID', ylabel='Orders'>



```
In [32]: # top 10 most sold products (same thing as above)
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,7))
df.groupby('Product_ID')['Orders'].sum().nlargest(10).sort_values(ascending=False).plc
```





# **Conclusion:**

Married women age group 26-35 yrs from UP, Maharastra and Karnataka working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation are more likely to buy products from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

Thank you!