QUESTION #1

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int multiply(int a, int b)
if(b==1)
//this return will used to end the recursion
return a;
}
b = 1;
a+=multiply(a,b);
//this return handle the other return of function
return a:
}
int main(void)
cout << "Multiplication of two numbers " << endl;
cout<<"Enter number1:";</pre>
int num1;
cin>>num1;
int num2:
cout << "Enter number 2:";
cin>>num2;
cout << "Multiplication of two numbers is
"<<multiply(num1,num2)<<endl;
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
 Multiplication of two numbers
 Enter number1:5
 Enter number2:2
 Multiplication of two numbers is 10
```

QUESTION #2

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
//It is code for printing tree to check my other functions are working
correctly or not
// struct Trunk
// {
// Trunk *prev;
// string str;
// Trunk(Trunk *prev, string str)
// {
// this->prev = prev;
// this->str = str;
// }
// };
// // Helper function to print branches of the binary tree
// void showTrunks(Trunk *p)
// {
// if (p == NULL)
// return;
// showTrunks(p->prev);
// cout << p->str;
// }
class node
public:
node *left;
node *right;
int info:
node(int value)
{
info=value;
left=NULL:
```

```
right=NULL;
};
//*******Just to check the tree is working correctly or
not********
// void printTree(node *&root, Trunk *prev, bool isRight)
// {
// if (root == NULL)
// return;
// string prev_str = " ";
// Trunk *trunk = new Trunk(prev, prev str);
// printTree(root->right, trunk, true);
// if (!prev)
// trunk->str = "---";
// else if (isRight)
// {
// trunk->str = ".---";
// prev str = " |";
// }
// else
// {
// trunk->str = "`---";
// prev->str = prev str;
// }
// showTrunks(trunk);
// cout << root->info << endl;
// if (prev)
// prev->str = prev_str;
// trunk->str = " |";
// printTree(root->left, trunk, false);
// }
class BST
{
```

```
public:
node *root;
BST()
{
root=NULL;
//root passed by reference to change the root of the tree
void insertion in BST(node *&passed root,int value)
if(root==NULL)
passed root = new node(value);
root = passed root;
return:
}
if(passed root->info == value)
cout<<"The value is already present in BST"<<endl;
return;
}
if(passed root->info > value)
if(passed root->left!=NULL)
insertion in BST(passed root->left,value);
return;
}
else
passed root->left=new node(value);
return;
if(passed_root->info<value)</pre>
if(passed root->right!=NULL)
insertion in BST(passed root->right,value);
return;
```

```
}
else
{
passed root->right=new node(value);
return;
}
}
return;
void In Order traversal(node *Passed root)
{
if(Passed root==NULL)
return;
In Order traversal(Passed root->left);
cout<<Passed root->info<<" ";
In Order traversal(Passed root->right);
return;
}
void Post Order traversal(node *Passed root)
if(Passed_root == NULL)
return;
Post Order traversal(Passed root->left);
Post Order traversal(Passed root->right);
cout << Passed_root->info << " ";
}
void Pre Order traversal(node *Passed root)
{
if(Passed root==NULL)
return;
cout << Passed root->info << " ";
Pre Order traversal(Passed root->left);
```

```
Pre Order traversal(Passed root->right);
return;
}
void Smallest_in_BST(node *passed_node)
if(root==NULL)
cout << "THe BST is empty" << endl;
return;
//As tree is BST so the smallest value will be in the left most node
if(passed node->left==NULL)
cout << "The Smallest Element in BST is " << passed_node-
>info<<endl;
return;
Smallest in BST(passed node->left);
return;
}
int Counting Nodes in BST(node *Passed node)
if(root==NULL)
cout << "The BST is Empty" << endl;
return 0:
if(Passed node->left ==NULL && Passed node->right==NULL)
return 1;
int count=0;
if(Passed node->left!=NULL)
{
count+=Counting Nodes in BST(Passed node->left);
if(Passed node->right!=NULL)
count+=Counting Nodes in BST(Passed node->right);
return count+1;
```

```
}
};
int main(void)
BST obj;
while(1)
cout << "\n\n ******** Select Option ***********.\n";
cout << "\n Enter any of choices.\n";
cout << "\n 1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.\n";</pre>
cout << "\n 2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .\n";
cout << "\n 3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .\n";
cout << "\n 4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .\n";
cout << "\n 5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .\n";
cout << "\n 6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .\n";
cout << "\n 7 : print tree .\n";
cout << "\n 8 : Quitting the Program.\n";
int choice:
cin>>choice;
switch(choice)
{
case 1:
cout<<"Enter the value to insert in BST"<<endl:
int value:
cin>>value;
obj.insertion in BST(obj.root,value);
break;
}
case 2:
cout<<"In Order Traversal of BST"<<endl:
obj.In Order traversal(obj.root);
break:
}
case 3:
{
cout<<"Pre Order Traversal of BST"<<endl:
```

```
obj.Pre Order traversal(obj.root);
break;
}
case 4:
cout<<"Post Order Traversal of BST"<<endl;</pre>
obj.Post Order traversal(obj.root);
break;
}
case 5:
{
cout << "Smallest Element in BST" << endl;
obj.Smallest in BST(obj.root);
break;
}
case 6:
cout << "Number of Nodes in the BST" << endl;
cout<<obj.Counting_Nodes_in_BST(obj.root)<<endl;</pre>
break;
}
case 7:
cout<<"If nothing is printed then uncomment the printing code and
functions of tree"<<endl;
// printTree(obj.root,NULL,false);
break;
}
case 8:
return 0;
}
}
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
```

Enter any of choices.

```
1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.
 2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .
 3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .
 4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .
5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .
 6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .
 7 : print tree .
8 : Quitting the Program.
Enter the value to insert in BST
  2)
 ********** Select Option *************
 Enter any of choices.
1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.
2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .
 3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .
4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .
5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .
6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .
 7 : print tree .
8 : Quitting the Program.
        . - - - 25
        `---19
 ·- 15
      .---12
--10
        ---5
```

********** Select Option *********

```
********** Select Option ************.
   Enter any of choices.
   1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.
   2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .
   3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .
   4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .
   5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .
   6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .
   7 : print tree .
   8 : Quitting the Program.
  Smallest Element in BST
  The Smallest Element in BST is 1
4)
```

```
********** Select Option ************.
Enter any of choices.
1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.
2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .
3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .
4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .
5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .
6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .
7 : print tree .
8 : Quitting the Program.
Number of Nodes in the BST
```

6)

Enter any of choices.

1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.

2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .

3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .

4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .

5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .

6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .

```
7 : print tree .
8 : Quitting the Program.
In Order Traversal of BST
1 5 10 12 15 19 20 25
  Enter any of choices.
  1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.
  2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .
  3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .
  4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .
  5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .
  6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .
  7 : print tree .
  8 : Quitting the Program.
 Post Order Traversal of BST
  1 5 12 10 19 25 20 15
```

```
Enter any of choices.

1 : Adding (inserting) node in BST.

2 : Print in Order Traversal of BST .

3 : Print Pre Order Traversal of BST .

4 : Print Post Order Traversal of BST .

5 : Find Smallest Element in BST .

6 : Number of Nodes in the BST .

7 : print tree .

8 : Quitting the Program.

3 Pre Order Traversal of BST .

15 10 5 1 12 20 19 25
```

QUESTION #3:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

//It is code for printing tree to check my other functions are working correctly or not struct Trunk
{
    Trunk *prev;
    string str;

    Trunk(Trunk *prev, string str)
{
    this->prev = prev;
    this->str = str;
    }
};
```

```
// Helper function to print branches of the binary tree
void showTrunks(Trunk *p)
{
if (p == NULL)
return;
showTrunks(p->prev);
std::cout<< p->str;
}
class Node
public:
int info;
Node *left;
Node *right;
Node(int value)
{
info=value;
left=NULL;
right=NULL;
}
};
class BST
{
public:
Node *root;
BST()
{
root=NULL;
}
Node* Value_and_Sub_tree(Node *n, int value)
{
if(n==NULL)
return NULL;
if(n->info==value)
```

```
{
return n;
}
Node *curr;
curr=Value and Sub tree(n->left,value);
if(curr!=NULL)
return curr;
curr=Value and Sub tree(n->right,value);
if(curr!=NULL)
return curr;
return NULL;
}
};
void printTree(Node *&root, Trunk *prev, bool isRight)
if (root == NULL)
return;
string prev str = " ";
Trunk *trunk = new Trunk(prev, prev_str);
printTree(root->right, trunk, true);
if (!prev)
trunk->str = "---";
else if (isRight)
{
trunk->str = ".---";
prev str = " |";
}
else
{
trunk->str = "`---";
prev->str = prev str;
showTrunks(trunk);
cout << root->info << endl;
if (prev)
prev->str = prev str;
trunk->str = " |";
printTree(root->left, trunk, false);
```

```
}
int main(void)
{
BST obj;
obj.root=new Node(10);
obj.root->left=new Node(5);
obj.root->right=new Node(20);
obj.root->left->left=new Node(3);
obj.root->left->right=new Node(7);
obj.root->right->left=new Node(15);
obj.root->right->right=new Node(25);
cout<<"Whole tree is: \n";
printTree(obj.root,NULL,false);
obj.root=obj.Value and Sub tree(obj.root,20);
//obj.root=obj.Value and Sub tree(obj.root,1);
cout<<"After searching and Extraction of SubTree"<<endl;
if(obj.root!=NULL)
printTree(obj.root,NULL,false);
else
cout<<"Value not found in tree"<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
}
OUPUT:
1)
   Whole tree is:
      10
   After searching and Extraction of SubTree
        ---15
```