

# The Raise of Virtual Humans

(-03:15)



Hi everyone.

I'm Sara, and I'm a \_\_\_\_\_.

Who do I manage?

A girl named imma.

She's a fashionista that lives in \_\_\_\_\_.

She posts about her life and her outfits

on social media platforms like Instagram, TikTok and X.

She has a younger brother named Zinn, that she always gets in a fight with,

a little dog named Einstein that she takes for walks.

Her favorite \_\_\_\_\_ is yakitori,

and she sits first row at fashion shows and dances to TikTok videos.

Yep, just a normal girl \_\_\_\_\_.

Except she doesn't exist.

She's a virtual human, made from CGI, born in \_\_\_\_\_.

In other words, she's a fictional character made from 3D softwares,

a unique blend of \_\_\_\_\_ like Maya and Unreal Engine and a bit more.

She's not a mimic or copy of anyone that's existing in real life.

She's a complete original character.

**What are virtual humans?**

**Can you name a virtual human that you know?**

**Where do we see virtual humans in our daily lives?**

**Why might some people like virtual humans?**

**How do virtual humans look?**

**Can virtual humans talk?**

**Who creates virtual humans?**

**What do you think about virtual humans?**

## Countable and uncountable nouns

Countable nouns	Uncountable nouns
They refer to things or people that you can count. For example: <i>one apple, two oranges, five laptops, ten smartphones.</i>	They are things that cannot be counted: <i>rice, sugar, coffee, information, hardware.</i>



### Articles

Indefinite articles a/an	Definite articles the
<p>They are used before <b>singular countable nouns</b> that refer to people, animals, or things.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If a noun starts with a consonant sound, we put an 'a' before the noun: <i>a dog, a company, a job, a tablet.</i></li> <li>If a noun starts with a vowel sound, we put an 'an' before the noun: <i>an apple, an office, an engineer, an operating system.</i></li> </ul>	<p>All nouns (singular, plural, countable or uncountable) can be preceded by <i>the</i>: <i>the dog, the apple, the video game, the interface.</i></p>

### Quantifiers

Quantifier	Uses	Examples
much	Before uncountable nouns.	<i>Drinking too much alcohol can harm your health.</i> <i>This website contains much information.</i>
many	Before countable nouns.	<i>There are many computers in the class.</i> <i>I don't have many books.</i>
some	Before countable and uncountable nouns.	<i>There are some computers in the class.</i> <i>There's some cake in the kitchen.</i>
any	Before countable and uncountable nouns.	<i>There isn't any computer in the class.</i> <i>Is there any food left?</i>
a lot of	Before countable and uncountable nouns.	<i>There are a lot of computers in the class.</i> <i>There is a lot of sugar in the packet.</i>
lots of	Before countable and uncountable nouns.	<i>There are lots of computers in the class.</i> <i>Today, we've got lots of things to do.</i>
little, a little	Before uncountable nouns.	<i>I have little money.</i> <i>There is a little sugar in the packet.</i>
few, a few	Before countable nouns.	<i>There are few computers in the class.</i> <i>Portable power stations can only run for a few hours.</i>

1. Complete the sentences with the quantifiers from the table above:

- There aren't \_\_\_\_\_ books in the library.
- \_\_\_\_\_ people came to the concert this weekend.
- I'm having \_\_\_\_\_ trouble passing my exams.
- John had \_\_\_\_\_ money with him, so he couldn't buy the printer.
- Has the bus passed already? I'm only a \_\_\_\_\_ minutes late!
- Madrid has \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful places to visit.
- How \_\_\_\_\_ water is there left in the bottle?
- I know \_\_\_\_\_ people from Australia.



## Writing

### CV and cover letter

When you apply for a job, there are two main documents that you need to complete and submit. The first document is your curriculum vitae (CV), and the second one is a cover letter. Usually, you send these documents by email or through the job application platform. You may get a job interview if the company/employer is interested in your profile.

#### 1. Have a look at the following vocabulary and try to find the translation:

- a) Apply for a job: \_\_\_\_\_
- b) Complete a job application: \_\_\_\_\_
- c) Submit/present a document: \_\_\_\_\_
- d) Cover letter: \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Profile: \_\_\_\_\_

A CV typically has the following **structure**:

##### a) Profile and contact details. You should include the following information:

- Full name.
- Actual job position (if you are employed)
- Email.
- Phone number.
- Photo (not mandatory).

##### b) Education:

- Name of your qualifications.
- Graduation year.
- Name of the school where you graduated and location.

##### c) Work experience. You can include the following information in your list of work experiences:

- Employer or name of the company.
- Contact details of the company.
- Your job title/position.
- A list of your previous job's responsibilities and achievements.
- The dates of your employment there.

It is important that you start the list with your most recent work experience and only include jobs that are relevant to the employer or company you are applying to.

##### d) Languages. In this section, you must specify the languages you are fluent in.

##### e) Skills. This is where you can add those skills that are relevant to the job.

##### f) Interests. Here, you can provide information about your personal interests.

##### g) Referees. It is important to provide at least two references. One of them may be educational (from one of your teachers), while the other one may be professional (from one of your employees).

2. Is there any other information that you consider relevant for your CV? Discuss it with your partner.

3. CV sample:

## CURRICULUM VITAE

### Profile and contact details

#### Sarah Peters

Data analyst at DigiCompt  
[sarah.peters@outemail.com](mailto:sarah.peters@outemail.com)  
 00447643219965



### Education

Advanced vocational training in Data Analysis  
 2018–2020  
 London Vocational Academy (London, UK)

### Work experience

2020–	2018–2020
DigiCompt – UK	IT resources
High Street 24 – Chelmsford (Essex)	Union Street 144, London
0044 7743896643	0044 7643493241
Junior Data Analyst	Data analysis apprenticeship
Responsibilities: examine data to provide business insights.	Responsibilities: collect and organise data.

### Languages

English: Mother tongue.  
 French: B1 level

### Skills

Driving license  
 Public speaking skills  
 Teamwork

### Interests

Volunteering  
 Photography  
 Travel

### Referees

Education  
 Adam Lewis  
 Teacher at London Vocational Academy  
 0044 7699 457902

Professional  
 Tom Williams  
 Employer at DigiCompt  
 0044 7432 846721

- 4.** Complete the CV with your information:

## CURRICULUM VITAE

<b>Profile and contact details</b>	
<b>Education</b>	
<b>Work experience</b>	
<b>Languages</b>	
<b>Skills</b>	
<b>Interests</b>	
<b>Referees</b>	

Cover letter

5. Normally, your CV is accompanied by a cover letter. The cover letter reveals more information about your skills for the job you're applying for. It needs to be clear and concise.

A cover letter may have the following structure:

- Your private information (e.g., name, address, phone number).
  - The employer's name (if you know it).
  - First, indicate where you found the job advertisement, including its reference number.
  - Then, state the reasons why you are the perfect candidate for the job.
  - After that, describe your skills and strengths.
  - Finally, say thank you and that you are looking forward to hearing from them.

6. Below, there are typical greeting and closing statements. Put them in the right box:

To whom it may concern, Yours truly, Best regards,	Yours sincerely, Yours faithfully, Kind regards,	Dear Sir or Madam, Dear Mr./Ms. _____
Greeting	Closing statement	

- 7. Cover letter sample.** Fill in the gaps in the cover letter below with the following words:

apply time advertisement attached vocational located  
skills speak license public available concern

IT Now

11th April 20XX

Vacancy Ref. 54367 – Data analyst

To whom it may —————

I would like to \_\_\_\_\_ to someone at Nauvoo Foundational.

I would like to \_\_\_\_\_ for the full- \_\_\_\_\_ data analyst position at the company IT Now. I found the job \_\_\_\_\_ on the Employ UK website on 1st April 2023. Please find \_\_\_\_\_ a copy of my CV.

In 2020, I finished my studies of advanced \_\_\_\_\_ training in data analysis at the London Vocational Academy. While I was studying at the academy, I completed an apprenticeship of six months at IT Resources, a company \_\_\_\_\_ in London. During this apprenticeship, I learnt the \_\_\_\_\_ I needed to gather and organise data.

I am currently working as a Junior Data Analyst at DigiCompt, a company based in Chelmsford (UK). My job is to examine data to gain business insights.

I can speak English and a little French (B1 level) and have a driver's license. My strengths include fluent speaking and a strong sense of teamwork. I think these skills are suitable for the job.

Thank you for your attention. I am available for a job interview at any time.

I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

Sarah Peters

8. Now write a cover letter in response to the following job advert:

### Data analyst

DIGITAL – US. Full-time job.

Starting salary: £12,000 annually

**Requirements:**

- Organised and professional demeanor.
- Exceptional written and verbal communication skills.
- Ability to work independently.
- Knowledge of software programs.
- B1 English level.
- 1 year of work experience required.

Please send your CV and cover letter to: [digital-uk@dg.com](mailto:digital-uk@dg.com)

#### 7 tips for writing a great cover letter

1. Begin the letter with one of the greetings you have just learnt.
2. State clearly why you are applying for the position.
3. Emphasize your personal strengths and past accomplishments.
4. Use linking words to connect similar ideas!
5. Keep the letter short!
6. Use formal English: avoid abbreviations!
7. Finish the letter with a closing statement.

