27 Use Cases



for Penetration Testing





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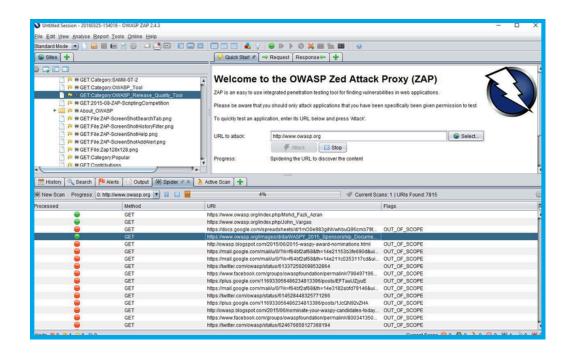
INTRODUCTION TO **OWASP ZAP**

What is OWASP ZAP?

- OWASP ZAP (Zed Attack Proxy) is an open-source web application security scanner.
- Designed to find vulnerabilities in web applications during development and testing.
- It's an easy-to-use tool for beginners and professionals to perform security testing.

Key Features

- Active and Passive Scanning to identify security flaws.
- Fuzzing and Manual Testing capabilities for custom tests.
- API Support for testing web services.



KEY USE CASES OF OWASP ZAP

Automated Vulnerability Scanning

- Quickly scans for common vulnerabilities like Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), SQL Injection (SQLi), and Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF).
- Provides detailed reports highlighting weaknesses, enabling faster remediation.

Manual Penetration Testing

- Allows security testers to customize payloads for more targeted and comprehensive attacks.
- Enables real-time interception and modification of traffic to identify deeper vulnerabilities.

API Security Testing

- Tests REST and SOAP APIs for vulnerabilities such as insecure authentication and data exposure.
- Simulates API calls to assess input validation, access control, and data handling.

GET STARTED WITH OWASP ZAP

Getting Started with OWASP ZAP

- Step 1: Download and install OWASP ZAP from the official site.
- Step 2: Set up a proxy to intercept traffic between your browser and the application.
- Step 3: Use the Spider to crawl the app, followed by Active Scan to discover vulnerabilities.

Practical Tips:

- Integrate ZAP into CI/CD pipelines for continuous testing.
- Use Heads-Up Display (HUD) for an interactive security assessment.

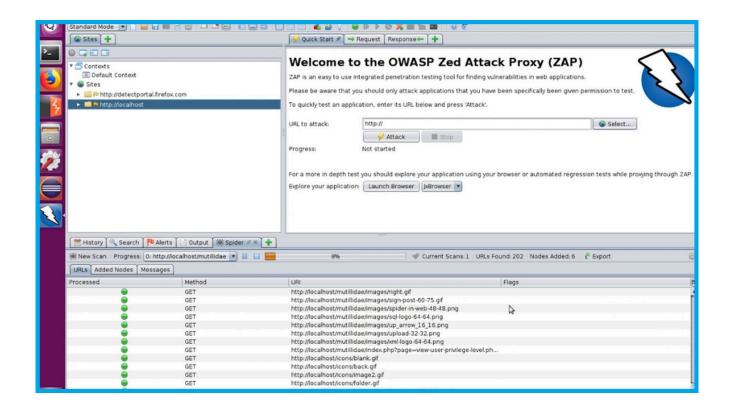
OWASP ZAP MODULES

1. Spider

- Purpose: Automatically crawls the web application to discover pages and resources.
- Use Case: Helps map out the entire application for a comprehensive scan.

2. Active Scanner

- Purpose: Actively tests for common vulnerabilities (e.g., XSS, SQLi).
- Use Case: Probes for vulnerabilities by injecting payloads into forms, headers, and parameters.



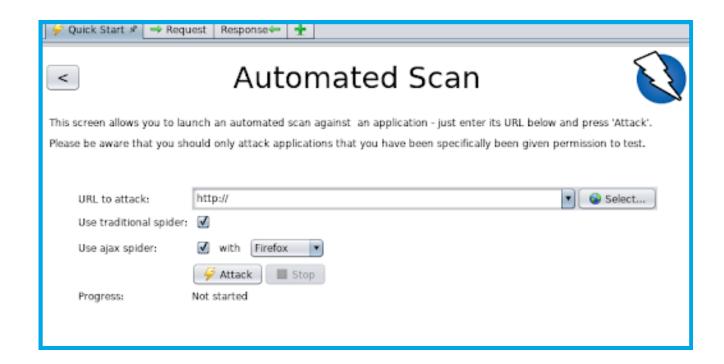
OWASP ZAP MODULES

3. Passive Scanner

- Purpose: Monitors HTTP traffic without modifying requests or responses.
- Use Case: Identifies security issues like missing headers, SSL/TLS misconfigurations, and information leakage.

4. Fuzzer

- Purpose: Sends a large number of payloads to inputs to test application behavior under stress.
- Use Case: Detects issues like buffer overflows, injection flaws, and input validation weaknesses.



OWASP ZAP MODULES

5. Breakpoints

- Purpose: Intercepts requests and responses for manual analysis.
- Use Case: Allows testers to modify and analyze traffic in real-time for deep manual testing.

6. Forced Browsing

- Purpose: Attempts to access hidden resources like admin panels or unlinked files.
- Use Case: Helps identify sensitive files or directories that may not be properly secured.

27 Use Cases



for Web Application Security



AUTOMATED VULNERABILITY SCANNING

Purpose

Identify common vulnerabilities automatically.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Configure the Active Scan to automatically probe all discovered endpoints.
- Use the Spider to crawl the web application and find all links and inputs.
- Integrate the scan with your CI/CD pipeline to automate checks in development.

Analysis

Review the vulnerability report, prioritize critical issues, and schedule regular scans to maintain security posture.





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BASIC MANUAL PENETRATION TESTING

Purpose

Perform detailed testing on specific areas of a web app.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Request Editor to send crafted HTTP requests manually.
- Set Breakpoints to intercept and modify requests before they are sent.
- Enable the HUD (Heads Up Display) for a streamlined manual testing interface.

Analysis

Investigate application responses and test various input variations. Document findings and suggest targeted patches.





CROSS-SITE SCRIPTING (XSS) DETECTION

Purpose

Identify XSS vulnerabilities that allow malicious scripts.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Enable Active Scan to automatically test inputs for XSS vulnerabilities.
- Use Fuzzer to inject different XSS payloads into form fields and URL parameters.
- Inspect potential XSS vulnerabilities with the Passive Scan by analyzing script execution.

Analysis

Check for script execution in vulnerable responses. Implement input sanitization and security headers like CSP.





SQL INJECTION DETECTION

Purpose

Detect SQL injection vulnerabilities that can expose databases.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Run an Active Scan to automatically test parameters for SQL injection.
- Use Fuzzer to inject SQL payloads into form fields and query parameters.
- Manually send SQL payloads using the Request Editor for targeted testing.

Analysis

Validate SQL error messages or unexpected behavior in the responses. Use parameterized queries or ORM to mitigate SQL injection risks.





SESSION MANAGEMENT **TESTING**

Purpose

Test session management for weaknesses like session fixation or hijacking.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Session Management module to inspect session cookies and attributes.
- Enable Passive Scan to check for secure session attributes like HttpOnly and Secure.
- Simulate session fixation or hijacking by manually editing cookies in Request Editor.

Analysis

Verify session cookies are properly secured and unique for each login. Implement proper session expiration and token invalidation mechanisms.





SSL/TLS MISCONFIGURATION DETECTION

Purpose

Detect SSL/TLS configuration issues that weaken encryption.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Run the SSL/TLS Scanner to identify weak ciphers and SSL misconfigurations.
- Use Passive Scan to flag outdated protocols (e.g., TLS 1.0, SSLv3).
- Manually test certificates for expiration or trust issues.

Analysis

Ensure strong encryption algorithms and up-to-date SSL/TLS versions are used. Rotate certificates and enable HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS).





CSRF (CROSS-SITE REQUEST FORGERY) DETECTION

Purpose

Identify vulnerabilities where unauthorized actions can be made by authenticated users.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to check for missing CSRF tokens in forms and sensitive actions.
- Configure Anti-CSRF protection to verify tokens during testing.
- Inspect form responses and headers manually to validate CSRF protection.

Analysis

Verify that all sensitive actions include **CSRF** tokens. Implement CSRF protection mechanisms like hidden tokens or double-submit cookies.





AUTHENTICATION TESTING

Purpose

Check authentication mechanisms for vulnerabilities like weak passwords or brute force.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Fuzzer to brute force login forms with common username/password combinations.
- Test for Forced Browsing by directly accessing protected resources without authentication.
- Analyze login forms using the Passive Scanner to check for missing security measures like MFA or account lockouts.

Analysis

Monitor server logs for unauthorized access attempts. Implement secure authentication methods, including multifactor authentication (MFA).







FILE UPLOAD TESTING

Purpose

Ensure secure handling of uploaded files to avoid RCE (Remote Code Execution).

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test file upload fields for weak validation.
- Manually upload various file types using the Request Editor and review responses.
- Test uploaded files by manipulating file extensions or content.

Analysis

Ensure strict file type validation and scan uploaded files for malicious code.
Restrict file storage locations and prevent execution of uploaded files.







DIRECTORY TRAVERSAL DETECTION

Purpose

Detect vulnerabilities that allow access to unauthorized directories.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test file paths for traversal attacks (e.g., ../etc/passwd).
- Manually craft traversal payloads using the Request Editor to access restricted files.
- Check the Fuzzer for automated directory traversal attempts.

Analysis

Verify that unauthorized file access is denied. Implement input validation and ensure sensitive directories are properly secured.







DENIAL OF SERVICE (DOS) TESTING

Purpose

Identify endpoints vulnerable to DoS attacks.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Fuzzer to flood specific endpoints with numerous requests.
- Simulate large payload submissions using the Request Editor.
- Monitor response times and server behavior using Active Scan.

Analysis

Check server logs and monitor for slowdowns or crashes. Implement rate limiting, resource quotas, and other defensive measures to prevent DoS.





INPUT VALIDATION TESTING

Purpose

Test if the web application validates and sanitizes user input.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test all input fields for weak validation.
- Configure the Fuzzer to send various types of inputs (e.g., HTML, SQL, JS) to test validation mechanisms.
- Manually test inputs with crafted payloads in the Request Editor

Analysis

Validate that inputs are properly sanitized before processing. Implement input validation and output encoding to prevent injection attacks.







ERROR HANDLING TESTING

Purpose

Ensure error messages don't expose sensitive information.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to trigger common errors and analyze responses for verbose messages.
- Manually inject incorrect inputs and monitor responses in the Request Editor.
- Check for exposed error messages via Passive Scan.

Analysis

Ensure error messages do not reveal internal details such as stack traces or database errors. Implement generic error handling and secure logging.







BRUTE FORCE ATTACK SIMULATION

Purpose

Test if login forms or authentication endpoints are vulnerable to brute-force attacks.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Fuzzer to send a large volume of username/password combinations to login forms.
- Automate brute force testing by integrating common password lists.
- Monitor the Active Scan for response times that indicate successful logins.

Analysis

Detect weak authentication mechanisms. Implement account lockouts, MFA, and CAPTCHA to mitigate brute-force attacks.







URL MANIPULATION TESTING

Purpose

Test if login forms or authentication endpoints are vulnerable to brute-force attacks.

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- Automate brute force testing by integrating common password lists.
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Analysis

Detect weak authentication mechanisms. Implement account lockouts, MFA, and CAPTCHA to mitigate brute-force attacks.





HTTP SECURITY HEADER **TESTING**

Purpose

Ensure that HTTP headers are properly set for security.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Passive Scan to analyze HTTP headers and check for missing security headers (e.g., CSP, HSTS).
- Manually review headers during requests using the Request Editor.
- The Active Scan flags weak or missing HTTP headers.

Analysis

Ensure security headers are present and correctly configured. Add missing headers like Content Security Policy (CSP), Strict-Transport-Security (HSTS), and X-Content-Type-Options.





API SECURITY TESTING

Purpose

Test REST APIs for common vulnerabilities like injection and unauthorized access.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test all API endpoints for vulnerabilities.
- Manually send crafted API requests with Request Editor for in-depth testing.
- Use the Fuzzer to send multiple payloads to API parameters.

Analysis

Review response codes and validate that authentication and authorization checks are enforced. Implement security measures like OAuth and rate limiting for APIs.







SERVER-SIDE REQUEST FORGERY (SSRF) DETECTION

Purpose

Detect SSRF vulnerabilities that allow attackers to make requests on behalf of the server.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test URLs and parameters for SSRF weaknesses.
- Manually craft malicious SSRF payloads using the Request Editor.
- Use the Fuzzer to send different internal or private IP ranges to test SSRF.

Analysis

Monitor for successful SSRF attacks that access internal resources. Implement server-side validation and block internal IP addresses in user-supplied URLs.







INFORMATION DISCLOSURE DETECTION

Purpose

Ensure no sensitive data is exposed through headers, comments, or verbose responses.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Passive Scan to check for sensitive information in HTTP headers or error messages.
- Manually review HTML comments and headers using Request Editor.
- The Active Scan identifies common sensitive data leaks, such as API keys or tokens.

Analysis

Ensure no sensitive information is revealed in responses. Remove or mask sensitive data in logs, headers, and application outputs.







CONTENT SECURITY POLICY (CSP) TESTING

Purpose

Test if CSP is implemented properly to mitigate XSS and other injection attacks.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Passive Scan to check for missing or weak CSP headers.
- Test script execution through Manual Testing to verify CSP enforcement.
- Inspect headers via the Request Editor for incorrect configurations.

Analysis

Ensure a robust CSP is in place to limit allowed content sources. Refine CSP to prevent inline scripts and unsafe resources.







FORCEFUL BROWSING DETECTION

Purpose

Detect if sensitive resources can be accessed without proper authorization.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Forced Browse module to discover hidden or restricted files and directories.
- Manually attempt accessing known sensitive resources using Request Editor.
- Use Fuzzer to test for common admin or backup files.

Analysis

Validate that unauthorized users cannot access sensitive files or resources.
Implement strong access controls and ensure all protected areas are secured.







HTTP PARAMETER POLLUTION (HPP) TESTING

Purpose

Identify vulnerabilities where multiple HTTP parameters with the same name lead to unpredictable behavior.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Fuzzer to send requests with duplicate parameters.
- The Active Scan checks for common HPP vulnerabilities automatically.
- Manually test parameters using Request Editor to simulate HPP.

Analysis

Review application behavior when handling multiple parameters with the same name. Implement proper parameter handling to avoid conflicts.







BROKEN ACCESS CONTROL TESTING

Purpose

Identify areas where users can perform actions they are not authorized to do.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to check for unauthorized access issues across resources.
- Manually test access controls by modifying requests in Request Editor.
- Use Fuzzer to attempt bypassing access restrictions via parameter manipulation.

Analysis

Review results for improper role-based access control implementation.

Implement strong authorization checks for sensitive actions.







JSON WEB TOKEN (JWT) SECURITY TESTING

Purpose

Ensure JWTs are properly implemented and not vulnerable to tampering.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Active Scan to test for weak or vulnerable JWT configurations.
- Manually inspect tokens using Request Editor to verify claims and signatures.
- Use Fuzzer to modify JWT payloads and analyze responses.

Analysis

Ensure JWT tokens are properly signed and validated server-side. Use secure algorithms like HS256 and enforce token expiration.







HTTP FUZZING

Purpose

Test endpoints by sending numerous variations of inputs to detect vulnerabilities.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use the Fuzzer to send different payloads to web forms and parameters.
- Set custom payloads in the Fuzzing Interface to simulate attacks.
- Review responses automatically with Passive Scan after fuzzing.

Analysis

Analyze for unusual responses or crashes from the server. Implement input validation to prevent malicious or invalid inputs.





INPUT LENGTH TESTING

Purpose

Detect vulnerabilities caused by excessively long inputs (e.g., buffer overflows).

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Use Fuzzer to send inputs with varying lengths to test for vulnerabilities.
- Manually send large inputs using the Request Editor.
- Monitor server responses via Active Scan for unusual behavior.

Analysis

Verify server stability and ensure proper error handling. Implement input length restrictions to prevent buffer overflows or DOS attacks.





SECURITY MISCONFIGURATION DETECTION

Purpose

Identify misconfigurations in server settings that could lead to security weaknesses.

How does OWASP ZAP help?

- Run Active Scan to detect common misconfigurations like open directories or insecure HTTP methods.
- Manually inspect HTTP responses and server headers via Request Editor.
- Use Passive Scan to identify weak or missing security settings.

Analysis

Review server and application configurations and apply best practices. Disable unnecessary HTTP methods and secure directory listings.





CONCLUSION

OWASP ZAP provides powerful tools for web application security, ensuring vulnerabilities are effectively identified and remediated. Key takeaways include:

- Automated scans simplify vulnerability detection across web apps.
- Manual testing tools enable in-depth, custom security checks.
- Fuzzing and brute force tools help test input validation and authentication.
- SSL/TLS checks ensure proper encryption protocols are in place.
- Passive scanning identifies misconfigurations and missing security headers.
- Integrating ZAP in CI/CD pipelines ensures continuous security monitoring.



Reach us at hi@haxsecurity.com

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