



# ***RT58x Thread SDK***

## ***User Guide***

### ***V1.0***

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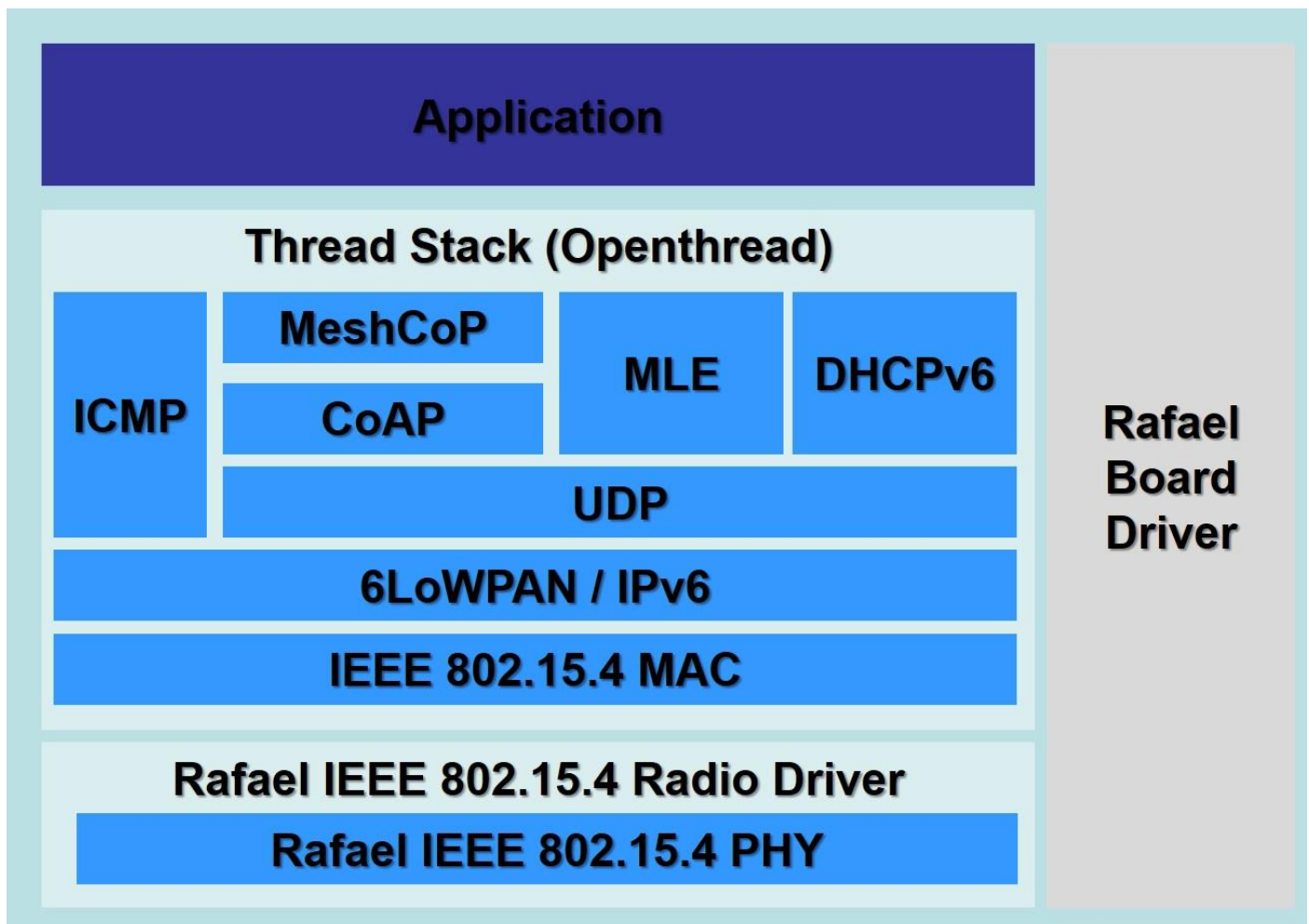
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## 1. Introduction

This document describes the interface provided by the Rafael Thread Stack Library. It includes a reference software and supporting library for the Rafael Thread SDK, which combines the open-source project Openthread with Rafael IEEE 802.15.4 and Rafael Driver.

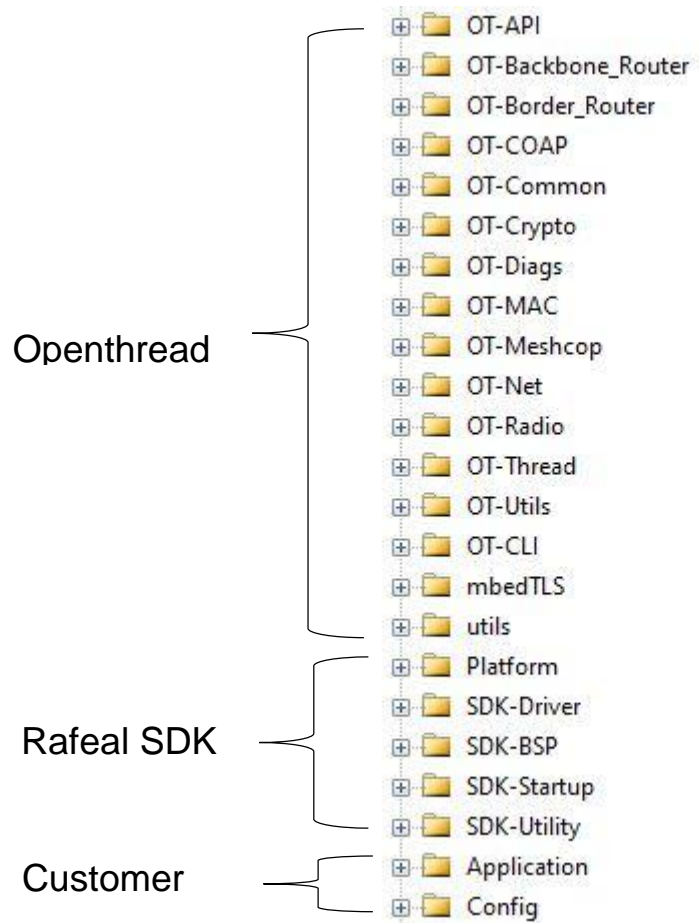
The Rafael Thread Library is easy to integrate with Rafael RT58x series SDK.

## 2. System architecture



### 3. Thread SDK introduction

This section provides an overview of the file distribution within the Rafael Thread SDK specifically related to Keil operations.



## 4. Thread Application introduction

This section introduces the examples and APIs included in the Rafael Thread SDK.

Project\Application\Thread\ftd

- app.c
- app.h
- main\_ftd.c
- uart.cpp

### 4.1 Initiaial

This function initializes the parameters of a thread network.

- `static void _Set_Network_Configuration()`

This function initializes the parameters of the sleep node.

- `void _Sleep_Init()`

This function configures the UDP settings.

- `void _Udp_Init()`

This function initializes the OTA.

- `ota_init(g_app_instance)`

### 4.2 Command register

This function registers the command

- `static const otCliCommand kCommands[] = {name, callback}`
  1. *name* : registers command name
  2. *callback*: command callback

### 4.3 application process action

This function includes the process of OpenThread tasks and the process of Rafael's driver.

- `void _app_process_action()`
  - `otTaskletsProcess(g_app_instance)`
  - `otSysProcessDrivers(g_app_instance)`

Customers can independently add their own task-processing procedures.

## 4.4 Software timer

### **Software timer create**

- `sw_timer_t *sw_timer_create(const char *name, uint32_t period, uint32_t auto_reload, uint32_t execute_mode, void *cb_param, sw_timer_cb cb_function)`

1. *name* : A human readable text name that is assigned to the timer.
2. *period* : The period of the timer.
3. *auto\_reload* : If *auto\_reload* is set to TRUE, then the timer will expire repeatedly with a frequency set by the period parameter. If *auto\_reload* is set to FALSE, then the timer will be a one-shot and enter the dormant state after it expires.
4. *execute\_mode* : The execute mode of the timer.
5. *cb\_param* : The input parameter of the call back function.
6. *cb\_function* : The function to call when the timer expires

### **Software timer start**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_start(sw_timer_t *timer)`

1. *timer* : The handle of the timer being started/restarted.

### **Software timer stop**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_stop(sw_timer_t *timer)`

1. *timer* : The handle of the timer being stopped.

### **Software timer reset**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_reset(sw_timer_t *timer)`

1. *timer* : The handle of the timer being reset/started/restarted.

### **Software timer change period**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_change_period(sw_timer_t *timer, uint32_t period)`

1. *timer* : The handle of the timer that is having its period changed.
2. *period* : The new period for the timer.

### **Software timer change execute mode**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_change_execute_mode(sw_timer_t *timer, uint32_t execute_mode)`

1. *timer* : The handle of the timer that has its execute mode.
2. *execute\_mode* : The new execute mode for the timer.

### **Software timer delete**

- `sw_timer_err_t sw_timer_delete(sw_timer_t *timer)`
- 1. *timer* : The handle of the timer being deleted.

### **Software timer get running**

- `bool sw_timer_get_running(sw_timer_t *timer)`
- 1. *timer* : The timer being queried.
- 2. *return* : true= is active. false = is dormant.

## **4.5 Memory Manage**

### **Memory allocation**

- `void * mem_malloc (uint32_t u32_size)`
- 1. *u32\_size* : memory size in bytes.
- 2. *return* : NULL=allocate fail, memory pointer=allocate success.

### **Memory Free**

- `void mem_free (void * ptr)`
- 1. *ptr* : allocate memory pointer.

### **Memory Copy**

- `void mem_memcpy (void *dest_ptr, void* src_ptr, uint32_t lens)`
- 1. *dest\_ptr* : target copy memory pointer.
- 2. *src\_ptr* : original memory pointer that is being copied.
- 3. *lens* : copy size.

## **4.6 Openthread API**

Please refer to the [OpenThread API](#).

## **5. Commonly commands**

### **5.1 Openthread Commands**

#### **state**

Return state of current state.

> state

offline, disabled, detached, child, router or leader

Done

### *channel*

Get the IEEE 802.15.4 Channel value.

Note: SUG-G (1-10), 2.4G(11-26)

```
> channel
```

```
11
```

```
Done
```

SUG-G	2.4G
1. 920000 KHz	11. 2405 MHz
2. 920500 KHz	12. 2410 MHz
3. 921000 KHz	13. 2415 MHz
4. 921500 KHz	14. 2420 MHz
5. 922000 KHz	15. 2425 MHz
6. 922500 KHz	16. 2430 MHz
7. 923000 KHz	17. 2435 MHz
8. 923500 KHz	18. 2440 MHz
9. 924000 KHz	19. 2445 MHz
10. 924500 KHz	20. 2450 MHz
	21. 2455 MHz
	22. 2460 MHz
	23. 2465 MHz
	24. 2470 MHz
	25. 2475 MHz
	26. 2480 MHz

### *panid*

Get the IEEE 802.15.4 PAN ID value.

```
> panid
```

```
0xdead
```

```
Done
```

### *networkkey*

Get the Thread Network Key value.



```
> networkkey
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff
Done
```

### *thread start*

Enable Thread protocol operation and attach to a Thread network.

```
> thread start
Done
```

### *thread stop*

Disable Thread protocol operation and detach from a Thread network.

```
> thread stop
Done
```

### *ipaddr*

List all IPv6 addresses assigned to the Thread interface.

```
> ipaddr
fdde:ad00:beef:0:0:ff:fe00:0
fdde:ad00:beef:0:558:f56b:d688:799
fe80:0:0:0:f3d9:2a82:c8d8:fe43
Done
```

### *ping [async] [-I source] <ipaddr> [size] [count] [interval] [hoplimit] [timeout]*

Send an ICMPv6 Echo Request.

async: Use the non-blocking mode. New commands are allowed before the ping process terminates.

source: The source IPv6 address of the echo request.

size: The number of data bytes to be sent ; Limit size: 1280 bytes.

count: The number of ICMPv6 Echo Requests to be sent.

interval: The interval between two consecutive ICMPv6 Echo Requests in seconds. The value may have fractional form, for example 0.5.

hoplimit: The hoplimit of ICMPv6 Echo Request to be sent.

timeout: Time in seconds to wait for the final ICMPv6 Echo Reply after sending out the request. The value may have fractional form, for example 3.5.

```
> ping fd00:db8:0:0:76b:6a05:3ae9:a61a
```

```
> 16 bytes from fd00:db8:0:0:76b:6a05:3ae9:a61a: icmp_seq=5 hlim=64
time=0ms
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received. Packet loss = 0.0%. Round-trip
min/avg/max = 0/0.0/0 ms.
Done

> ping -I fd00:db8:0:0:76b:6a05:3ae9:a61a ff02::1 100 1 1 1
> 108 bytes from fd00:db8:0:0:f605:fb4b:d429:d59a: icmp_seq=4 hlim=64
time=7ms
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received. Round-trip min/avg/max = 7/7.0/7 ms.
Done
```

*Udp send <ip> <port> <message>*

Send a UDP message.

ip: the destination address.

port: the UDP destination port.

message: the message to send ; Limit size: 640 characters.

```
> udp send fdde:ad00:beef:0:bb1:ebd6:ad10:f33 1234 hello
Done
```

For more details about [OpenThread commands](#), please refer.

## 5.2 Rafael User Commands

*eui64*

- Set the device eui64 value.

```
> eui64 11223344556677
Done
```

## 6. Start Thread network

1. Prepare two boards with the flashed Example (Thread\_2P4G.bin or Thread\_SubG).
2. Open a terminal (Tera Term)
3. Connect to the used COM port with the following direct UART settings:

- Baud rate: 115200
- 8 data bits
- 1 stop bit
- No parity
- Flow control: none

4. Check the board 1 role

```
> state
leader
Done
```

5. Check the board 2 role

```
> state
child
Done
```

6. Check the board 2 IP

```
> ipaddr
fdde:ad00:beef:0:0:ff:fe00:0
fdde:ad00:beef:0:558:f56b:d688:799
fe80:0:0:0:f3d9:2a82:c8d8:fe43
Done
```

7. Use board 1 to ping board 2

```
> ping fdde:ad00:beef:0:558:f56b:d688:799
> 16 bytes from ping fdde:ad00:beef:0:558:f56b:d688:799: icmp_seq=5 hlim=64
time=0ms
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received. Packet loss = 0.0%. Round-trip
min/avg/max = 0/0.0/0 ms.
Done
```

8. To modify Thread network parameters, you can either use code to programmatically modify the parameters or use commands through the command line or configuration interface.

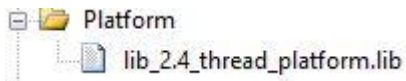
## 7. Configuration

## 7.1 Project Configuration

- **PLAFFORM\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_SUBG**

If defined, enable SUG-G; otherwise, default to using 2.4GHz.

Note: Use the corresponding library for the platform.



## 7.2 Main Configuration

- **RFB\_DATA\_RATE**

Set SUG-G data rate value; supported Value: [FSK\_50K; FSK\_100K; FSK\_150K; FSK\_200K; FSK\_300K].

- **RFB\_CCA\_THRESHOLD**

Set clear channel assessment (CCA) threshold value; Default: 75 (-75 dBm)

## 8. Sniffer

### 8.1 Download

- Python

<https://www.python.org/downloads/release/python-379/>

- Wireshark

<https://www.wireshark.org/download.html>

### 8.2 Download sniffer bin

The bin file in the path “pyspinel /RafaelMicroSinfferBin”.

## 8.3 Installation

Automatic installation from source

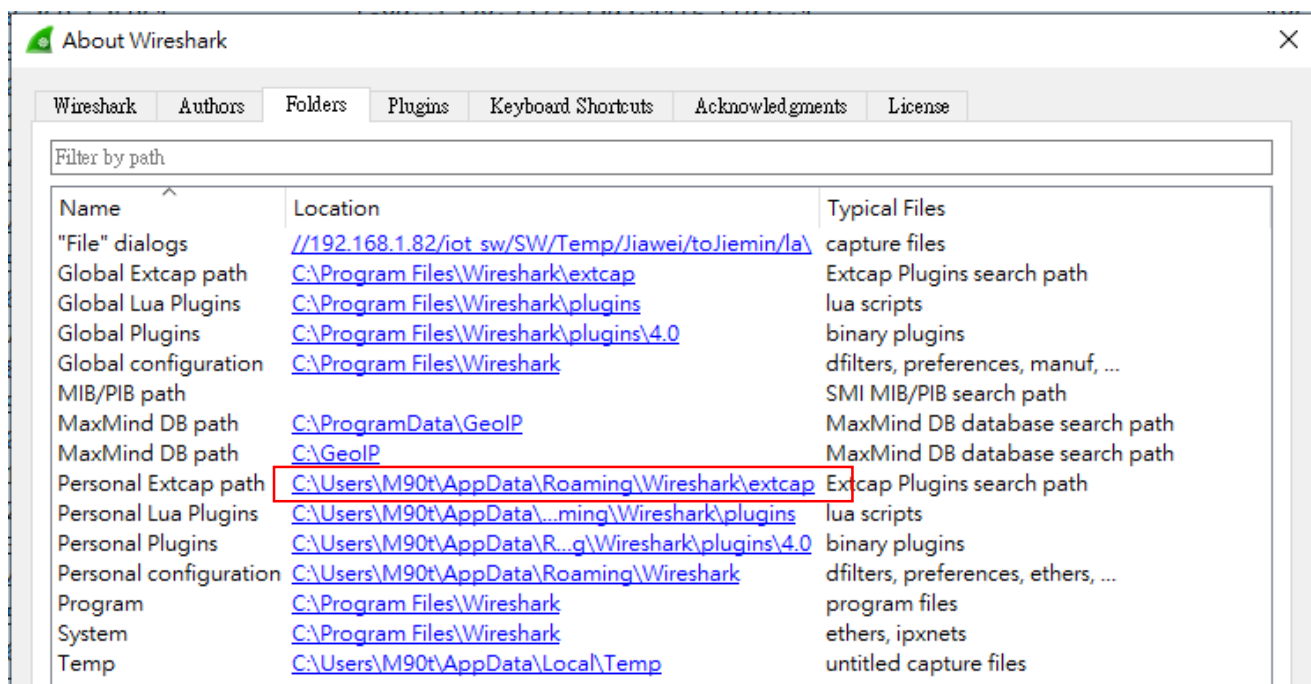
```
$ git clone https://github.com/RafaelMicro/pyspinel
$ cd pyspinel
$ python3 setup.py install --extcap-path=<extcap_path>
```

Automatic install from PYPI

```
$ pip3 install pyspinel --install-option="--extcap-path=<extcap_path>"
```

It is referred to as <extcap\_path> in the following sections.

"Help" -> "About Wireshark" -> "Folders" -> "Extcap path"



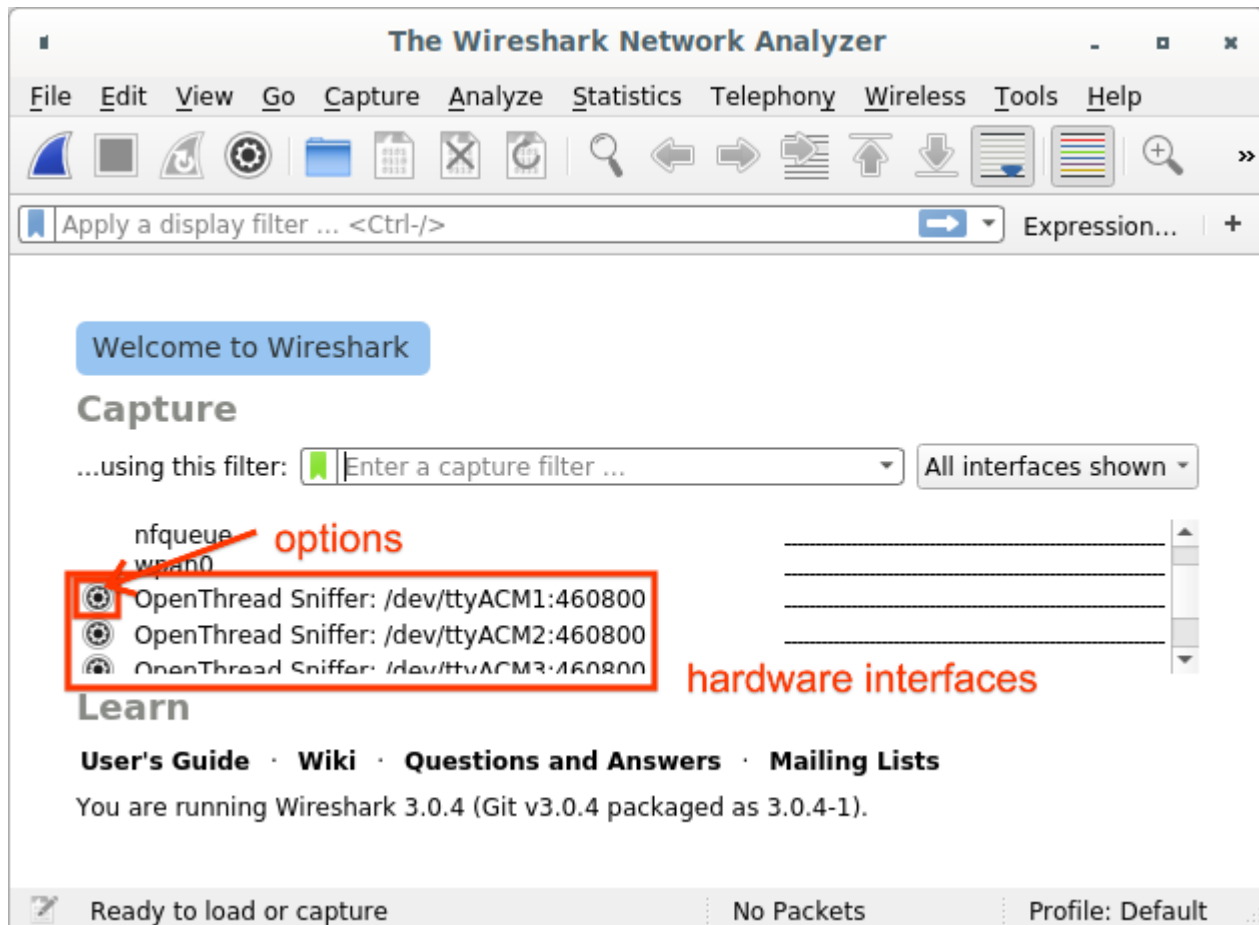
## 8.4 Install pyspinel package

```
$ pip3 install pyspinel
```

Copy the provided **extcap\_ot.py** and **extcap\_ot.bat** to the extcap directory.

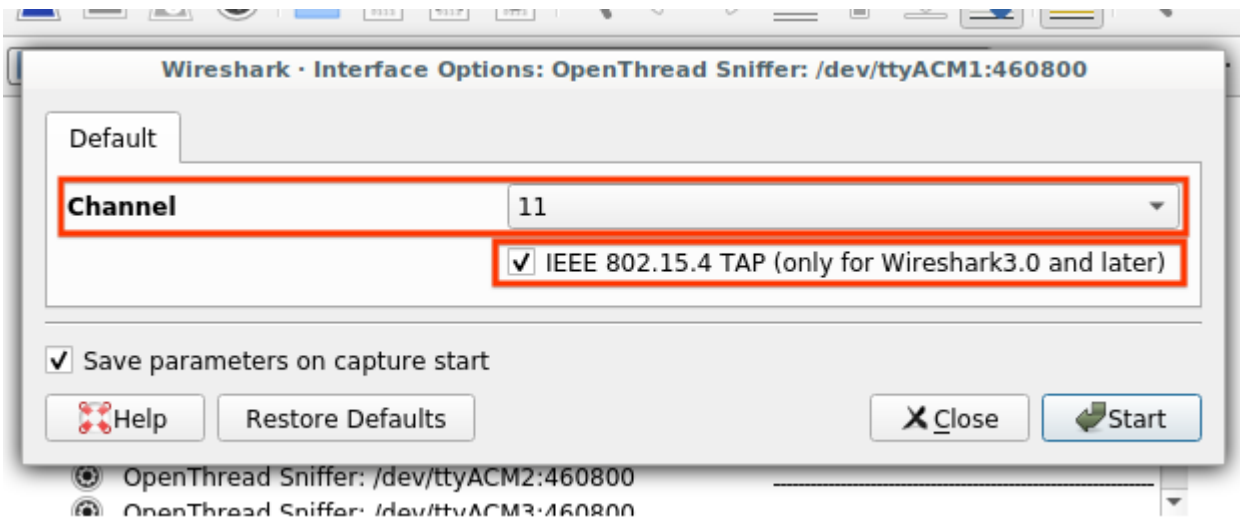
## 8.5 Interface in wireshark

If this is your first time using an interface, click the **Options** button to the left of the interface. Otherwise, “capture”->“refresh interfaces” to find the interface.



## 8.6 Options setting in wireshark

- Set the **Channel** to the desired value.
- Check **IEEE 802.15.4 TAP** to ensure that the channel information is included in the pcap output and can be displayed in the Wireshark GUI.
- Check **Save parameters on capture start** to ensure that these parameters are saved after the start of the capture, to avoid having to set it again the next time you use the interface (unless you need to change the channel).
- Click **Start**.

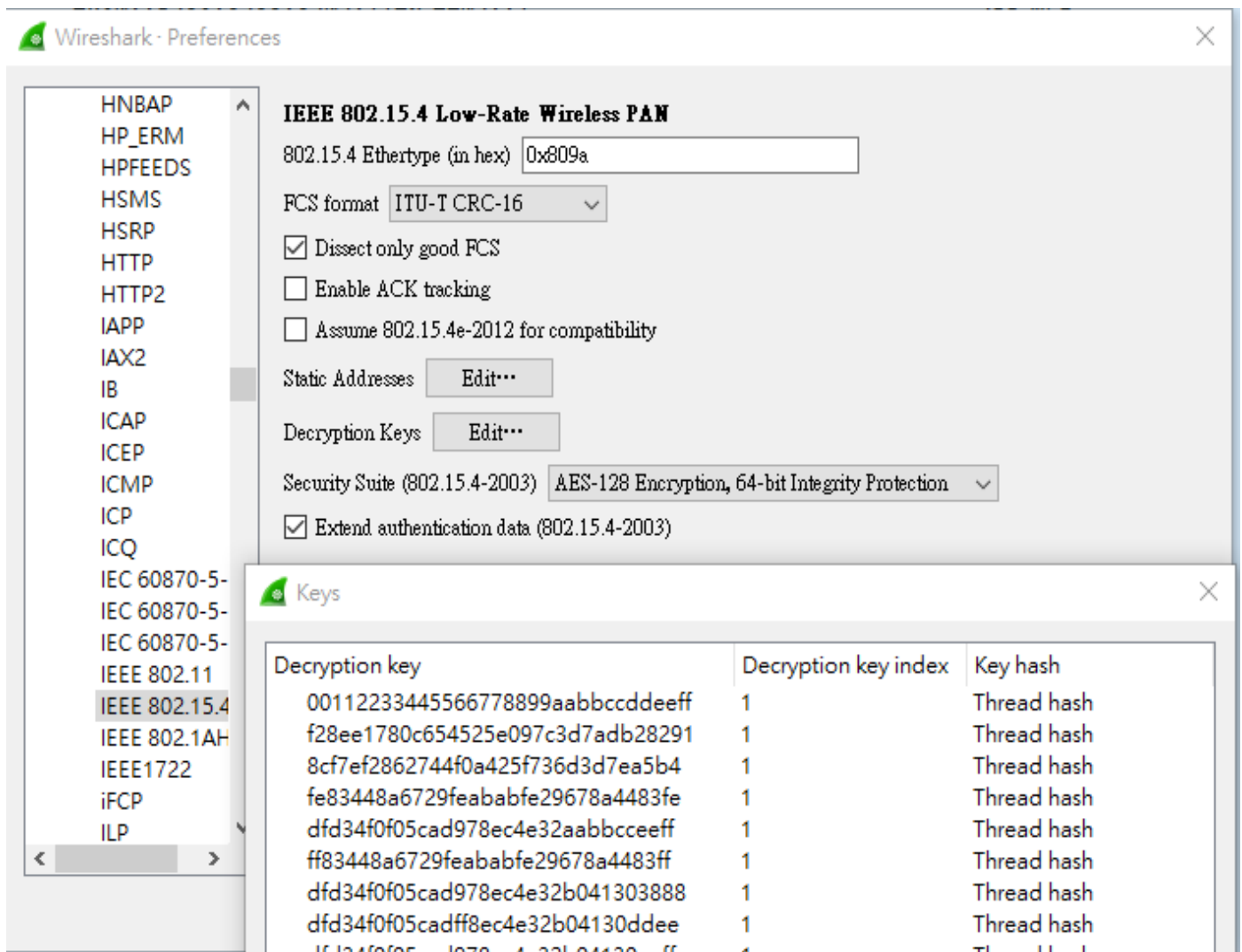


## 8.7 Thread configure setting in wireshark

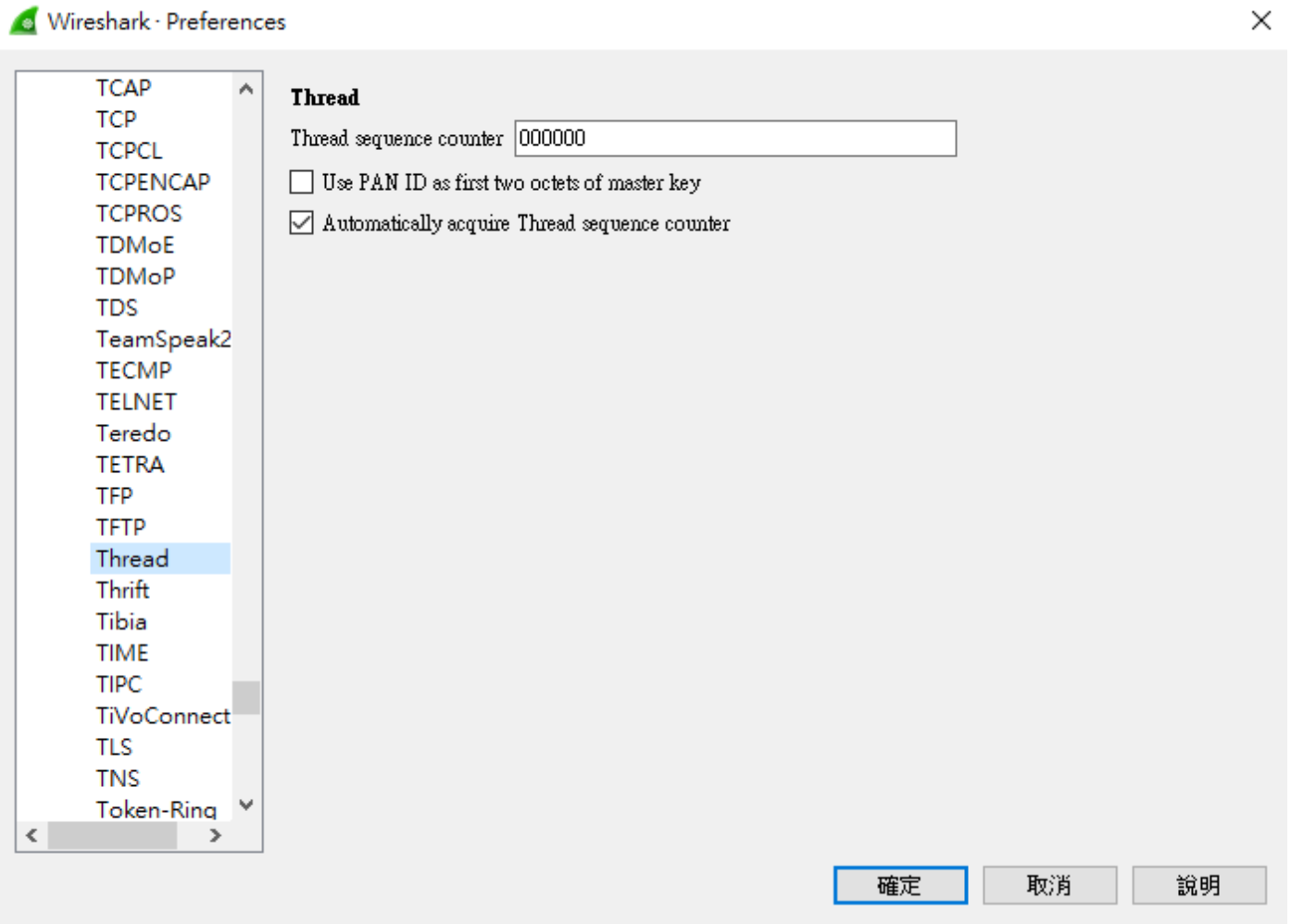
To configure protocols, select Preferences... in Wireshark and expand the Protocols section.

- IEEE 802.15.4
  1. Click + to add a **Decryption key**.
  2. Enter the Thread network Master Key into the **Decryption key** column.
  3. Enter "1" as the **Decryption key index**.
  4. Select Thread hash from the **Key hash** column listbox.

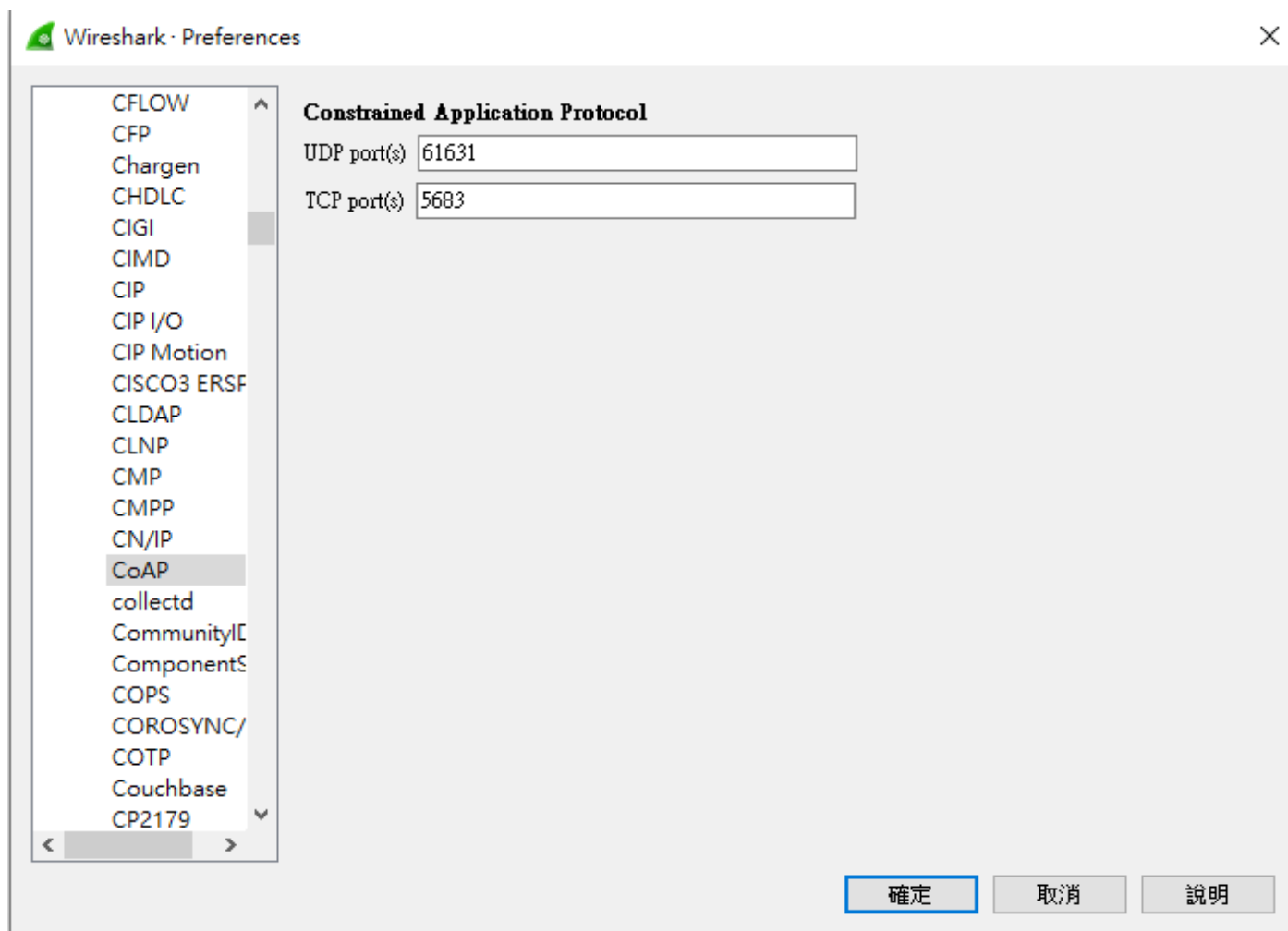




- Thread
  1. Enter "00000000" for the Thread sequence counter.
  2. Uncheck Use PAN ID as first two octets of master key.
  3. Check Automatically acquire Thread sequence counter.



- CoAp
  1. Enter UDP port "61631".
  2. TCP port "5683".



## 9. OTA upgrade

### 9.1 Process

1. Use the IoT\_EVALUATION\_TOOL tool to compress the binary file.
2. Use the OTA download tool to transmit the updated binary file (compressed Bin file) to the RT58x via UART1.
3. Once the tool update is complete, use the OTA command to initiate the update process.
4. After the module update is finished, the RT58x will automatically reboot and load the new bin file.

## 9.2 IoT\_EVALUATION\_TOOL tool

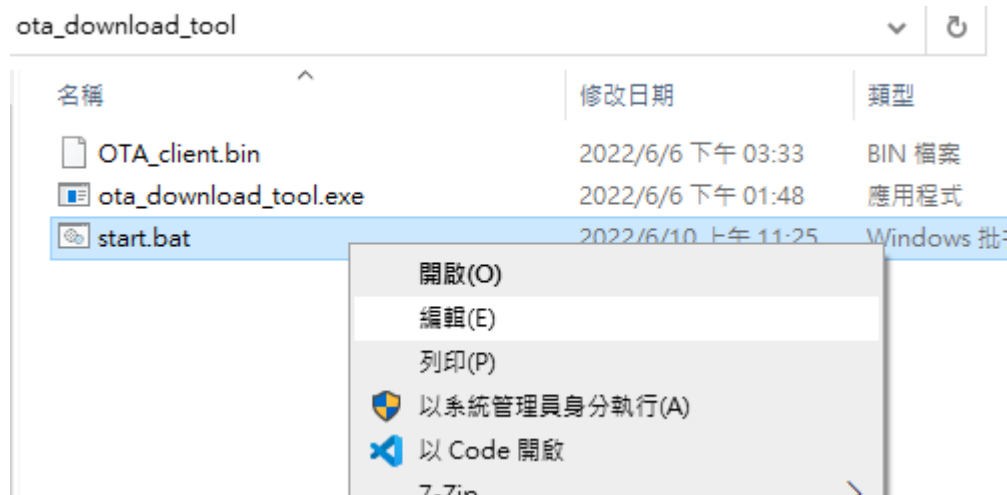
1. Open this tool and select “FOTA” from the options.



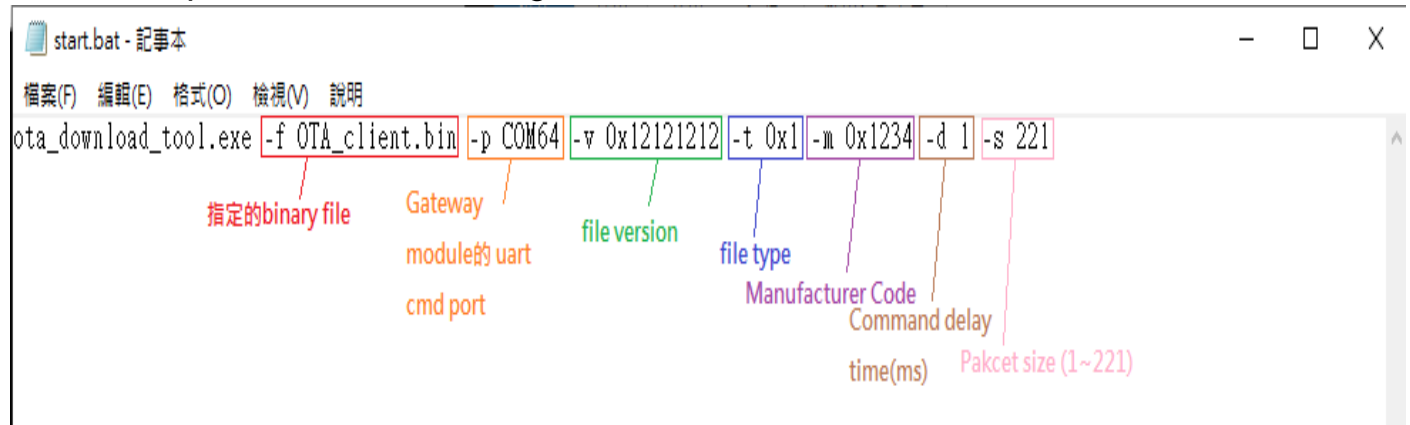
2. Set the FW start address to 0 and click the “Output” button to get the compressed Bin file.

## 9.3 OTA download tool

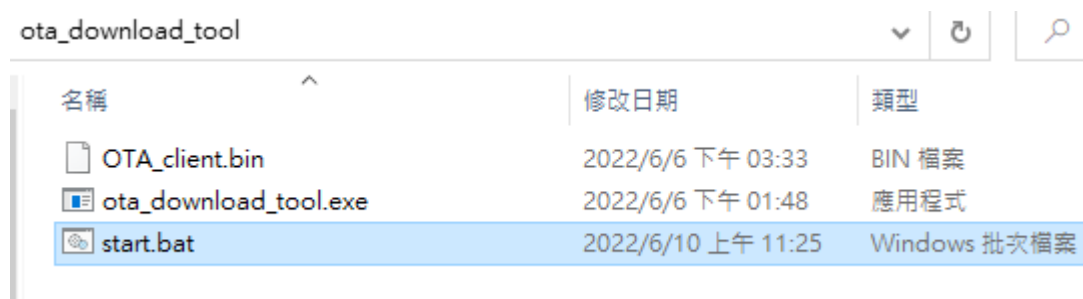
### 1. Edit Start.bat



### 2. Set the parameters according to the actual situation.



### 3. Enable start.bat



#### 4.Wait for the download to complete.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\M720t\Desktop\ota_download_tool>ota_download_tool.exe -f OTA_client.bin -p COM64 -v 0x12121212 -t 0x1 -m 0x1234
-d 1 -s 221
Select File : OTA_client.bin
Select Port : COM64
File Ver : 0x12121212
File Type : 0x1
Manufacturer : 0x1234
Delay Time : 1
Packet size : 221
file size 445824, ver 12121212, type 1 manufact 1234
[=====] 15.01%
```

#### 5. Download to complete.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\M720t\Desktop\ota_download_tool>ota_download_tool.exe -f OTA_client.bin -p COM64 -v 0x12121212 -t 0x1 -m 0x1234
-d 1 -s 221
Select File : OTA_client.bin
Select Port : COM64
File Ver : 0x12121212
File Type : 0x1
Manufacturer : 0x1234
Delay Time : 1
Packet size : 221
file size 445824, ver 12121212, type 1 manufact 1234
[=====] 100.00
Download success!
C:\Users\M720t\Desktop\ota_download_tool>pause
請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

## 9.4 OTA Command

### 1. ota information command

```
> ota
ota image code : 1234
ota image version : 12121212
ota image size : XXXX
ota image crc : XXXX
Done
```

### 2. ota start command (For 1 to many)

- segments\_size : suggest using a 255-byte payload.
- interval: suggest a 2000- millisecond interval.

```
> ota start <segments_size> <interval>
Done
```

### 3. ota send command (For 1 to 1)

- ipaddr : destination IP address.

```
> ota send <ipaddr>
Done
```



## Revision History

Revision	Description	Owner	Date
V1.0	Initial version	Jiemin	2023/06/26

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