

I

$$m = 2ky$$

$$\vec{r}_0 = -1\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y \text{ (m)}$$

$$\vec{F}(t) = -t\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y$$

a)

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a} \Rightarrow \vec{a} = -\frac{t\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y}{2} = -\frac{t}{2}\vec{e}_x + \vec{e}_y$$

$$\therefore \vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_0(t) + \int_0^t \vec{a}(t) dt = \vec{r}_0(t) + \int_0^t \vec{a}_0 + \int_0^t \vec{a}(t) dt dt$$

Como o ponto inicialmente esteve em repouso onto  $\vec{v}_0 = \vec{0}$

Logo  $\vec{r}(t) = -1\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y + \int_0^t \left( -\frac{t}{2}\vec{e}_x + \vec{e}_y \right) dt = -1\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y + \int_0^t \left( -\frac{t^2}{4}\vec{e}_x + t\vec{e}_y \right) dt =$

$$= -1\vec{e}_x + 2\vec{e}_y - \frac{t^3}{12}\vec{e}_x + \frac{t^2}{2}\vec{e}_y = \left( -1 - \frac{t^3}{12} \right) \vec{e}_x + \left( 2 + \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \vec{e}_y \text{ (m)}$$

então,  $\vec{r}(3) = \left( -1 - \frac{27}{12} \right) \vec{e}_x + \left( 2 + \frac{9}{2} \right) \vec{e}_y = \left( -\frac{39}{12} \right) \vec{e}_x + \left( \frac{13}{2} \right) \vec{e}_y$

b)  $\vec{a}_t = a_t \vec{u}_t = \frac{d|\vec{a}|}{dt} \vec{u}_t = \frac{d|\sqrt{\left(\frac{t^2}{4}\right)^2 + t^2}|}{dt} \vec{u}_t =$

$$= \frac{2\left(\frac{t^2}{4}\right) \cdot 2t + 2t}{2\sqrt{\frac{t^4}{16} + t^2}} = \frac{\frac{t^3}{2} + t}{\sqrt{\frac{t^4}{16} + t^2}} \vec{u}_t \quad \text{Logo } \vec{a}_t(4) = \frac{\frac{64}{2} + 4}{\sqrt{\frac{256}{16} + 16}} =$$

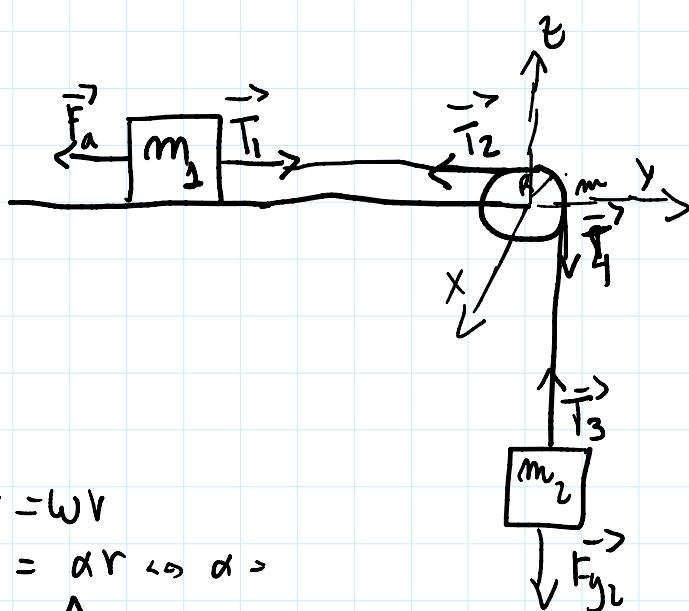
$$= \frac{36}{\sqrt{32}} = \frac{36}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{9\sqrt{2}}{2} = 4,5 \cdot 1,41 = 6,3 \text{ m/s}^2 (\text{m/s}^2)$$

c)  $W_{FR} = \Delta E_C$ ,  $E_{Ci} = 0 \text{ J}$  ( $V = 0 \text{ m/s}$ )

$$\begin{aligned} E_{Cf} &= \frac{1}{2} m \omega_f^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot (\omega(2))^2 = (\omega(2))^2 = \\ &= \left( \sqrt{\left(\frac{t^2}{4}\right)^2 + t^2} \right)^2 \Big|_{t=2} = \left( \frac{2^2}{4} \right)^2 + 2^2 = 5 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

Logo  $W_F = 5 \text{ J}$

a, b, c, d II



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_1 \vec{a}_1 = \vec{F}_a + \vec{T}_1 \\ m_2 \vec{a}_2 = \vec{F}_{g2} + \vec{T}_3 \\ \vec{T}_{t_2} + \vec{T}_{t_4} = I \vec{\alpha} \end{array} \right.$$

eq movimento  
hora do círculo

$$\omega = \omega r$$

$$a = \alpha r \Leftrightarrow \alpha =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_1 &= a \hat{e}_y & \vec{T}_1 &= T_a \hat{e}_y & \vec{T}_3 &= T_b \hat{e}_z & g > 0 \\ \vec{a}_2 &= -a \hat{e}_z & \vec{T}_2 &= -T_a \hat{e}_y & \vec{T}_4 &= -T_b \hat{e}_z & \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} m_1 a \hat{e}_y = -(\mu m_1 g) \hat{e}_y + (T_a \hat{e}_y) \\ m_2 (-a) \hat{e}_z = -(m_2 g) \hat{e}_z + T_b \hat{e}_z \end{cases}$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_2(-a)\hat{e}_z = -(m_2g)\hat{e}_z + T_B\hat{e}_z \\ (R\hat{e}_z) \times (-T_A\hat{e}_y) + (R\hat{e}_y) \times (-T_B\hat{e}_z) = I \vec{\alpha} \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (m_1a)\hat{e}_y = (T_A - \mu m_1g)\hat{e}_y \\ (m_2a)\hat{e}_z = (m_2g - T_B)\hat{e}_z \\ R T_A \hat{e}_x - R T_B \hat{e}_x = I \alpha \hat{e}_x \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_1a = T_A - \mu m_1g \\ m_2a = m_2g - T_B \\ R T_A - R T_B = I \frac{a}{R} \hat{e}_x \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_A = m_1a + \mu m_1g \\ T_B = m_2(g-a) \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow$$

$$R(m_1a + \mu m_1g) - R(m_2(g-a)) = \frac{1}{2}mRa$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ m_1a + \mu m_1g - m_2g + m_2a = \frac{1}{2}ma \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow a \left( \frac{1}{2}m - m_1 - m_2 \right) = \mu m_1g - m_2g$$

$$\Leftrightarrow a = \frac{\mu m_1g - m_2g}{\frac{1}{2}m - m_1 - m_2}$$

TIT

III

