```
1/*
   * Library for reading settings from a configuration file stored in a SD
 3 * Based in SDConfigFile by Bradford Needham
   (https://github.com/bneedhamia/sdconfigfile)
   * Licensed under LGPL version 2.1
 * a version of which should have been supplied with this file.
 6
 7
   * The library supports one #define:
 8
        #define SDCONFIG DEBUG 1 // to print file error messages.
 9
10
11 #ifndef ConfigFile h
12 #define ConfigFile_h
14 #include <Arduino.h>
15 #include <SdFat.h>
17 //#define CONFIGFILE DEBUG 1
18
19 template <uint8 t K>
20 class ConfigFile {
21
     private:
22
       File _file;
                              // the open configuration file
23
       boolean _atEnd;
                              // If true, there is no more of the file to read.
       char line[K];
                                // the current line of the file (see lineLength)
24
25
                              // Allocated by begin().
26
       //uint8_t _lineSize;
                                // size (bytes) of _line[]
27
                              // length (bytes) of the current line so far.
       uint8_t _lineLength;
28
       uint8_t _valueIndex;
                                // position in line[] where the value starts
29
                              // (or -1 if none)
30
                              // (the name part is at &_line[0])
31
32
     public:
33
       boolean begin(const char *configFileName);
34
       void end();
35
       boolean readNextSetting();
       boolean nameIs(const char *name);
36
37
       const char *getName();
       //const char *getValue();
38
39
       int getIntValue();
       //IPAddress getIPAddress();
40
41
       //boolean getBooleanValue();
42
       //char *copyValue();
43 };
44
45 /*
46 * Opens the given file on the SD card.
   * Returns true if successful, false if not.
47
48
   * configFileName = the name of the configuration file on the SD card.
49
50
   * NOTE: SD.begin() must be called before calling our begin().
51
52
53 template <uint8 t K> boolean ConfigFile<K>::begin(const char *configFileName) {
     _lineLength = 0;
54
55
     //_lineSize = 0;
56
     _valueIndex = -1;
57
     _atEnd = true;
58
59
      * Allocate a buffer for the current line.
60
```

```
*/
 61
 62
      // lineSize = K + 1;
 63
      //_line = (char *) malloc(_lineSize);
 64
      if (_line == 0) {
 65 #ifdef CONFIGFILE_DEBUG
        Serial.println("out of memory");
 66
 67 #endif
 68
        _atEnd = true;
 69
        return false;
 70
      }
 71
 72
 73
       * To avoid stale references to configFileName
 74
       * we don't save it. To minimize memory use, we don't copy it.
 75
 76
      // file = SD.open(configFileName, FILE READ);
 77
 78
      if (! file.open(configFileName,O RDONLY)) {
 79 #ifdef CONFIGFILE DEBUG
        Serial.print("Could not open SD file: ");
 81
        Serial.println(configFileName);
 82 #endif
        _atEnd = true;
 83
 84
        return false;
 85
      }
 86
 87
     // Initialize our reader
      _atEnd = false;
 88
 89
 90
      return true;
 91 }
 92
 93 /*
 94 * Cleans up our ConfigFile File object.
 95 */
 96 template <uint8_t K> void ConfigFile<K>::end() {
 97
      if ( file) {
 98
        _file.close();
 99
      _atEnd = true;
100
101 }
102
103 /*
* Reads the next name=value setting from the file.
105 * Returns true if the setting was successfully read,
    * false if an error occurred or end-of-file occurred.
106
107
108 template <uint8_t K> boolean ConfigFile<K>::readNextSetting() {
109
      int bint;
110
      if (_atEnd) {
111
        return false; // already at end of file (or error).
112
113
114
115
      lineLength = 0;
116
      valueIndex = -1;
117
118
119
       * Assume beginning of line.
       * Skip blank and comment lines
120
121
       * until we read the first character of the key
```

```
122
       * or get to the end of file.
123
124
      while (true) {
        bint = _file.read();
125
126
        if (bint < 0) {
          _atEnd = true;
127
128
          return false;
129
        }
130
        if ((char) bint == '#') {
131
          // Comment line. Read until end of line or end of file.
132
          while (true) {
133
            bint = _file.read();
134
            if (bint < 0) {
135
              _atEnd = true;
136
              return false;
137
138
139
            if ((char) bint == '\r' || (char) bint == '\n') {
140
              break;
141
            }
142
          }
          continue; // look for the next line.
143
144
145
146
        // Ignore line ends and blank text
147
        if ((char) bint == '\r' || (char) bint == '\n'
            || (char) bint == ' ' || (char) bint == '\t') {
148
          continue;
149
150
151
152
        break; // bint contains the first character of the name
      }
153
154
      // Copy from this first character to the end of the line.
155
156
      while (bint \geq 0 && (char) bint != '\r' && (char) bint != '\n') {
157
158
        if (_lineLength >= K) { // -1 for a terminating null.
           _line[_lineLength] = '\0';
159
160 #ifdef CONFIGFILE_DEBUG
          Serial.print("Line too long: ");
161
162
          Serial.println(_line);
163 #endif
164
          atEnd = true;
165
          return false;
166
        }
167
168
        if ((char) bint == '=') {
          // End of Name; the next character starts the value.
169
170
          line[ lineLength++] = '\0';
171
          _valueIndex = _lineLength;
172
173
        } else {
174
          _line[_lineLength++] = (char) bint;
175
176
177
        bint = _file.read();
178
179
180
      if (bint < 0) {
181
        _atEnd = true;
182
        // Don't exit. This is a normal situation:
```

```
183
        // the last line doesn't end in newline.
184
      _line[_lineLength] = '\0';
185
186
187
188
       * Sanity checks of the line:
189
          No =
190
          No name
       * It's OK to have a null value (nothing after the '=')
191
192
      if (_valueIndex < 0) {</pre>
193
194 #ifdef CONFIGFILE DEBUG
        Serial.print("Missing '=' in line: ");
195
196
        Serial.println(_line);
197 #endif
198
        _atEnd = true;
199
        return false;
200
      }
201
      if (_valueIndex == 1) {
202 #ifdef CONFIGFILE DEBUG
        Serial.print("Missing Name in line: =");
203
        Serial.println(_line[_valueIndex]);
204
205 #endif
        _atEnd = true;
206
207
        return false;
208
      }
209
      // Name starts at _line[0]; Value starts at _line[_valueIndex].
210
211
      return true;
212
213 }
214
215 /*
    * Returns true if the most-recently-read setting name
    * matches the given name, false otherwise.
217
218 */
219 template <uint8 t K> boolean ConfigFile<K>::nameIs(const char *name) {
      if (strcmp(name, _line) == 0) {
220
221
        return true;
222
223
      return false;
224 }
225
226 /*
    * Returns the name part of the most-recently-read setting.
227
    * or null if an error occurred.
228
229
     * WARNING: calling this when an error has occurred can crash your sketch.
230
231 template <uint8 t K> const char *ConfigFile<K>::getName() {
232
      if (_lineLength <= 0 || _valueIndex <= 1) {</pre>
233
        return 0;
234
235
      return &_line[0];
236 }
237
238 /*
239 * Returns the value part of the most-recently-read setting,
    * or null if there was an error.
    * WARNING: calling this when an error has occurred can crash your sketch.
241
242 */
243 /*
```

```
244 template <uint8 t K> const char *ConfigFile<K>::getValue() {
245
      if (_lineLength <= 0 || _valueIndex <= 1) {</pre>
246
        return 0;
247
248
     return &_line[_valueIndex];
249 }
250 */
251 /*
252 * Returns a persistent, dynamically-allocated copy of the value part
253 * of the most-recently-read setting, or null if a failure occurred.
254
    * Unlike getValue(), the return value of this function
255
256
    * persists after readNextSetting() is called or end() is called.
257 */
258 /*
259 template <uint8_t K> char *ConfigFile<K>::copyValue() {
260
      char *result = 0;
261
      int length;
262
263
      if (_lineLength <= 0 || _valueIndex <= 1) {</pre>
264
        return 0; // begin() wasn't called, or failed.
265
266
267
      length = strlen(&_line[_valueIndex]);
268
      result = (char *) malloc(length + 1);
      if (result == 0) {
269
270
       return 0; // out of memory
271
272
273
      strcpy(result, & line[ valueIndex]);
274
275
      return result;
276 }
277 */
278 /*
    * Returns the value part of the most-recently-read setting
279
280
    * as an integer, or 0 if an error occurred.
281
282 template <uint8_t K> int ConfigFile<K>::getIntValue() {
283
284
      const char str[5] = getValue();
285
      if (!str) {
286
        return 0;
287
      }
288
     return atoi(str);
289
      if (_lineLength <= 0 || _valueIndex <= 1) return 0;</pre>
290
291
      else return atoi(&_line[_valueIndex]);
292 }
293
294 /*
295 IPAddress ConfigFile::getIPAddress(){
296
     IPAddress ip(0,0,0,0);
297
      const char *str = getValue();
298
      int len = strlen(str);
299
      char ipStr[len+1];
      strncpy(ipStr,str,len); //char * strcpy ( char * destination, const char * source
300
    ); It is necessary to make a copy
     ipStr[len] = '\0';
301
302
      int i=0; int tmp;
303
      const char *token = strtok(ipStr, ".");
```

```
304
     while (token != NULL ) {
305
     tmp = atoi(token);
306
       if(tmp < 0 || tmp > 255 || i > 3){
307
         ip={0,0,0,0};
         return ip; //IP does not have more than four octets and its values are smaller
308
 than 256
309
      }
310
       ip[i++] = (byte) tmp;
      token = strtok(NULL, ".");
311
312
    }
313
    return ip;
314 }
315 */
316
317 /*
318 * Returns the value part of the most-recently-read setting
319 * as a boolean.
320 * The value "true" corresponds to true;
321 * all other values correspond to false.
322 */
323 /*
324 template <uint8 t K> boolean ConfigFile<K>::getBooleanValue() {
if (strcmp("true", getValue()) == 0) {
326
     return true;
327 }
328 return false;
329 }
330 */
331 #endif
332
```