Modelos de Probabilidad Práctica 3

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GRUPO 1

Ejercicio 2

X: número de artículos defectuosos $\sim B(90, 0.05) \rightarrow p = 0.05$ probabilidad de que sea defectuoso

a) P(X = 4) = 0.19388

Probabilidad de Masa (=)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 4 | 0,19388 | | | | |

b) P(X < 8) = 0.918707

Área Cola Inferior (<)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 8 | 0,918707 | | | | |

c) $P(X \le 6) = P(X < 6) + P(X = 6) = 0.705191 + 0.130865 = 0.836056$

Área Cola Inferior (<)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6 | 0,705191 | | | | |

Probabilidad de Masa (=)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6 | 0,130865 | | | | |

d) Los cuartiles del número de artículos defectuosos que hay en un lote: Se calculan a partir de la función *Inverse CDF*

$$F(C1) = 0.25 \rightarrow P(X \le C1) = 0.25$$

$$C1 = 3$$

$$F(C2) = 0.50 \rightarrow P(X \le C2) = 0.50$$

$$C2 = 4$$

$$F(C3) = 0.75 \rightarrow P(X \le C3) = 0.75$$

$$C3 = 6$$

| FDA | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 0,25 | 3 | | | | |
| 0,5 | 4 | | | | |
| 0,75 | 6 | | | | |

GRUPO 2

Ejercicio 1

X: número de accesos en un minuto $\sim P(\tilde{\lambda} = 4.7)$

$$P(X > 4) = 1 - P(X \le 4) = 1 - [P(X < 4) + P(X = 4)] = 1 - [0.309684 + 0.184925] = 0.505391$$

Área Cola Inferior (<)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 4 | 0,309684 | | | | |

Probabilidad de Masa (=)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 4 | 0,184925 | | | | |

Ejercicio 4

Marca A:

X: duración de una pila alcalina $\sim Exp(\lambda = \frac{1}{3100})$

$$P(X < 1200) = 0.320975$$

Marca B:

X: duración de una pila alcalina $\sim Exp(\tilde{\lambda} = \frac{1}{1200})$

$$P(X < 1200) = 0.632121$$

Área Cola Inferior (<)

| Variable | Dist. 1 | Dist. 2 | Dist. 3 | Dist. 4 | Dist. 5 |
|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1200 | 0,320975 | 0,632121 | | | |