Schema Therapy Case Conceptualization Form

2nd Edition Version 2.22

Please type your responses into the boxes outlined in blue next to each item.

,,	ease type your responses inc	the boxes outlined in blue next to each item.	
٦	Therapist's Name:	Date:	
1	Number of sessions:	Months since first session:	
I.	Patient Background I	nformation	
	Patient's Name/ID	Age/D0	OB:
	Current Relationship Status/Sexual Orientation/ Children (if any):		
	Occupation & Position		
	Highest Educational Level		
	Country of Birth/Religious Affiliation/Ethnic group		
II	the patient's life circumsta emotions/behaviors are co	Therapy? rs motivating the patient to come for treatme nces, significant events, symptoms/disorders, ntributing to his/her problems (e.g., health proprexia, substance abuse, work difficulties, sta	or problematic oblems, relationship
	a. Initially		
	b. Currently		

III. General Impressions of the Patient

Using everyday language, briefly describe how the patient comes across in a global sense during sessions (e.g., reserved, hostile, eager to please, needy, articulate, unemotional). Note: this item does not include discussion of the therapy relationship or change strategies.

a. Initially	
b. Currently	

IV. Current Diagnostic Perspective on the Patient

A. Main Diagnoses (include the name & code for each ICD-10-CM disorder)

1.	2.	
3.	4.	

B. Current Level of Functioning in Major Life Areas

Rate the patient's current functioning for each of the 5 life areas in the table below. Detailed descriptions of each life area, and the 6-point rating scale, are included in the *Instruction Guide* (1=*Not Functional/Very Low*, 6=*Very Good or Excellent Functioning*). In Column 3, briefly explain your rationale for each rating *in behavioral terms*. If the patient's prior level of functioning was significantly different from the current level, please elaborate in Column 3.

MAJOR LIFE AREA	RATE CURRENT LEVEL OF FUNCTIONING	EXPLANATION OR ELABORATION
Occupational or School Performance		
Intimate, Romantic, Longer-Term Relationships		

Family Relationships					
Friends & Other Social Relationships					
Solitary Functioning & Time Alone					
	life problem or pa	eates difficulties in	/disorder, elaborate on the patient's current life. n or symptom.		
1. Life Problem/Sympto	1. Life Problem/Symptom:				
2. Life Problem/Sympto	om:				
3. Life Problem/Sympto	om:				
4. <i>Other</i> Life Problems/	Symptoms:				

VI. Childhood & Adolescent Origins of Current Problems

A. General Description of Early His

Summarize the important aspects of the patient's childhood and adolescence that contributed to his/her current life problems, schemas, and modes. Include any major <i>problematic toxic experiences or life circumstances</i> (e.g., cold mother, verbally abusive father, scapegoat for parents' unhappy marriage, unrealistically high standards, rejection or bullying by peers).					
B. Specific Early Core Unmet Needs					
For Items 1-3 below, specify the patient's most relevant core unmet needs. Then briefly explain how specific origins from section VI.A. above led to the need not being met. List any other core unmet needs in Item 4.					
1. Specific Early Unmet Need:					
Origin(s)					
2. Specific Early Unmet Need:					
Origin(s)					
3. Specific Early Unmet Need:					
Origin(s)					
4. Other Early Unmet Needs:					
Origin(s)					

patient's problems, symptoms & the there specific adjectives frequently used to describe to	iological factors — that may be relevant to the apy relationship. (See the Instruction Guide for a list of temperament. It is sufficient just to list adjectives from the basic temperament or "nature", rather than situation-
community background played a role in t	eligious Factors nd attitudes from the patient's ethnic, religious, and the development of his/her current problems (e.g., sive emphasis on competition and status instead of
For Items 1-4, select the 4 schemas that a problems. First specify the name of the scout currently. Discuss a specific type of si	are most central to the patient's current life chema. Then describe how each schema plays itself ituation in which the schema is activated and gative effect(s) does each schema have on the
For Items 1-4, select the 4 schemas that a problems. First specify the name of the scout currently. Discuss a specific type of si describe the patient's reactions. What nee patient? List any other relevant schemas in Items	are most central to the patient's current life chema. Then describe how each schema plays itself ituation in which the schema is activated and gative effect(s) does each schema have on the
problems. First specify the name of the so out currently. Discuss a specific type of si describe the patient's reactions. What ne patient? List any other relevant schemas in Ite. Specific Early Maladaptive Schema:	are most central to the patient's current life chema. Then describe how each schema plays itself ituation in which the schema is activated and gative effect(s) does each schema have on the
For Items 1-4, select the 4 schemas that a problems. First specify the name of the scout currently. Discuss a specific type of sidescribe the patient's reactions. What neepatient? List any other relevant schemas in Items	are most central to the patient's current life chema. Then describe how each schema plays itself ituation in which the schema is activated and gative effect(s) does each schema have on the

4. Specific <i>Early Maladaptive Sch</i>	ema:
5. Other <i>Early Maladaptive Schem</i> (optional):	nas
VIII. Most Relevant Schema I	Modes (Currently)
First label the mode (e.g., Lonely Cl this mode plays itself out currently. patient's behaviors and emotional r	at are most central to the patient's current life problems. nild, Self-Aggrandizer, Punitive Parent). Then explain how What types of situations activate the mode? Describe the reactions. Which schema(s) often trigger the mode? What have for the patient? (If a mode does not apply to the patient, odes in Section D.)
A. Child Modes	
1. Vulnerable Child Mode :	
2. Other Relevant Child Mode(s):
B. Maladaptive Coping Modes	
3. Surrender Mode :	

4. Detached / Avoidant Mode:	
5. Overcompensating Mode:	
C. Descriptional Description	
C. Dysfunctional Parent Mode	
6. Dysfunctional Parent Mode:	
D. Other Relevant Mode(s)	
(optional)	
E. <i>Healthy Adult</i> Mode	
Summarize the patient's positive	ve values, resources, strengths & abilities:

IX. The Therapy Relationship

A. Therapist's Personal Reactions to the Patient Describe the therapist's positive & negative reactions to the patient. What patient characteristics/behaviors trigger these personal reactions? What therapist schemas and modes are activated? What impact do the therapist's reactions have on the treatment? B. Collaboration on Therapy Objectives & Tasks 1. Rating for Collaboration on Objectives & Tasks: See Instruction Guide for an explanation & a detailed Rating Scale from 1-Low to 5-High. 2. Briefly describe the collaborative process with this patient. What positive and negative factors/behaviors serve as the basis for your rating in 1 above? 3. How could the collaborative relationship be improved? What changes could the therapist and patient make to bring this about? C. Reparenting Relationship & Bond

See the Instruction Guide for an explanation & Rating Scale from 1-Weak to 5-Strong.

1. Rating of the Reparenting Relationship and Bond:

	Elaborate on the <i>patient's</i> behaviors, emotional reactions, and statements in relation to the therapist that serve as indicators of how strong (or weak) the reparenting bond feels for the patient.
3.	How could the <i>Reparenting Relationship & Bond</i> be strengthened?
	Which unmet needs could the therapist fulfill more deeply or completely? What specific steps could the therapist take to make the bond stronger for the patient?
Ot	her Less Common Factors Impacting on the Therapy Relationship (Optional)
	If there are any other factors that significantly influence, or interfere with, the therapy relationship (e.g., significant age difference, cultural gap, geographic distance), elaborate on them here. How could they be addressed with the patient?

X. Therapy Objectives: Progress & Obstacles

For Items 1-4, list the *most important therapy objectives*. Be as specific as possible. For each objective, describe how the Healthy Adult mode could be changed to meet it. Then, discuss the progress thus far, and describe any obstacles. You can add additional objectives in Item 5. (Objectives can be described in terms of: schemas, modes, cognitions, emotions, behaviors, relationship patterns, symptoms, etc.)

1. Therap	oy Objective:		
Schemas and modes to target			
Progress & obstacles			
2. Therap	by Objective:		
Schemas and modes to target			
Progress & obstacles			
3. Therap	by Objective:		
Schemas and modes to target			
Progress & obstacles			

4. Therap	y Objective:					
Schemas and modes to target						
Progress & Obstacles						
5. <i>Other</i> Therapy Objectives:						
Schemas and modes to target						
Progress & Obstacles						
XI. Additional Comments or Explanations (Optional):						



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