# P15: Sentiment Classification of IMDb Movie Reviews

CS485 – Project Presentation

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### **Project Objectives**

- ▶ Build a sentiment classification pipeline for IMDb reviews
- Apply classical and deep learning models
- Evaluate performance: accuracy, speed, and confusion matrices
- Analyze model behavior and limitations

#### **Dataset Overview**

- ▶ Name: IMDb Large Movie Review Dataset
- ▶ Size: 25k train / 25k test reviews
- ► Labels: Binary Positive (1), Negative (0)
- **▶** Source:

https://ai.stanford.edu/~amaas/data/sentiment/

# Text Preprocessing

- Lowercasing, tokenization using NLTK
- Removing punctuation, numbers, stopwords
- ► For deep learning:
  - Vocabulary built (min frequency = 2, max size = 20,000)
  - Sequences padded/truncated to 200 tokens

# Feature Engineering

- ► Classical ML: TF–IDF vectorization (unigrams, top 5,000 features)
- ▶ **Deep Learning:** Trainable embeddings (dimension = 100)

# Classical Model Configurations

- **Logistic Regression:** L2 regularization, C = 1.0
- ▶ Naïve Bayes: Multinomial,  $\alpha = 1.0$
- ▶ Linear SVM: C = 1.0

# Deep Learning Architectures

#### LSTM:

- ► Single layer, 128 hidden units
- ► Uses final hidden state

#### CNN:

- ► Filters: sizes [3, 4, 5], 100 each
- Max pooling and FC layer

### Training Setup

- ▶ Optimizer: Adam, learning rate =  $1e^{-3}$
- ► Epochs: 5, Batch size: 64
- Implemented in PyTorch
- Inference script: predict.py (Can be used to predict new reviews)

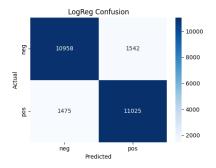
#### Classical Model Results

Model	Accuracy	Time (ms/sample)
Logistic Regression	0.880	0.47
Naïve Bayes	0.840	0.13
Linear SVM	0.863	0.65

TF-IDF features, evaluated on 25k test samples

#### Logistic Regression Report

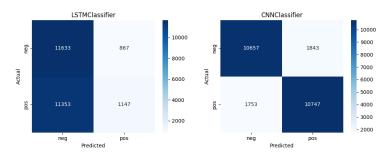
- ▶ Precision, Recall, F1-score: 0.88 for both classes
- Balanced performance across sentiment labels
- ► Fast inference: 0.47 ms/sample



Confusion Matrix: Logistic Regression

### Deep Learning Results

Model	Accuracy	Notes
LSTM	0.511	Underfitting, unstable learning
CNN	0.856	Competitive, robust features



Confusion Matrices: LSTM (left), CNN (right)

#### Model Comparison

- ▶ **Best Accuracy:** Logistic Regression (0.88)
- ▶ Best DL Model: CNN (0.856)
- ► Fastest Inference: Naïve Bayes (0.13 ms/sample)
- ▶ **Underperformer:** LSTM (0.511), due to lack of tuning and pretraining

### **Error Analysis**

- ▶ **LSTM:** Poor generalization without pretrained embeddings
- ► CNN: Stronger with local patterns (n-grams)
- ► All Models:
  - Misclassify short or sarcastic reviews
  - Struggle with implicit sentiment

#### Conclusion

- Classical methods remain strong
- CNNs show promise with competitive accuracy
- LSTM requires optimization: embeddings, attention, deeper networks

# Questions?