

## 2048 in Ruby

A simple implementation of the famous game ‘2048’ in Ruby using the ruby2d library.

## Running

simply run main.rb with:

```
ruby main.rb
```

## Class diagram

```
classDiagram
    Grid o-- "12" Block
    Scene o-- InputField
    Scene o-- Leaderboard
    Scene o-- ScoreCounter
    Scene o-- Grid
    SceneManager o-- Scene
    class Block{
        add()
        int value
    }
    class Grid{
        Block blocks[12]
        add()
        up()
        down()
        left()
        right()
        sum()
    }
    class InputField{
        add()
        event(e, state)
    }
    class Leaderboard{
        hash scoreTable
        save()
        add()
        event(e, state)
    }
    class Scene{
        add()
        event(e, state)
```

```

    }
    class ScoreCounter{
        add()
    }
    class SceneManager{
        Scene scenes
        add()
        event(e)
    }

```

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## SceneManager

This class is responsible for switching between multiple Scenes

### Args:

- `scenes[]` => array of Scenes that will be accesible to SceneManager

### Methods:

- `add()` => used to draw the currently selected Scene
- `event(e)` => used to execute the `event(e, state)` function of the current Scene with the argument `state`, an array containing the index of the current Scene

## Scene

This class is responsible for containing elements that make up the different scenes

### Args:

- `items[]` => array of items that will be displayed

**Methods:**

- `add()` => used to draw the elements
- `event(e, state)` => used to execute the `event(e, state)` function of the elements

## InputField

This class creates a text input field that can receive keyboard input and return a state.

**Args:**

- `text` => the string that will be modified by the user
- `x` => x coordinate of the text field
- `y` => y coordinate of the text field
- `size` => size of the font

**Methods:**

- `add()` => used to draw the text
- `event(e, state)` => reads user input and increases the state when the user pressed ENTER

## Grid

This class draws the grid of blocks

**Args:**

- `window` => Window of the game, used to calculate position

**Methods:**

- `add()` => used to draw the blocks
- `event(e, state)` => used to read the input and control the blocks
- `sum()` => sums the values of the blocks
- `up()` => shifts and adds the blocks up
- `down()` => shifts and adds the blocks down
- `left()` => shifts and adds the blocks left
- `right()` => shifts and adds the blocks right
- `randomize()` => adds a block to a random empty place
- `check(state)` => increases state if the grid is full

## Block

This class draws the block

### Args:

- val => starting value of the block
- x => x coordinate of the block
- y => y coordinate of the block
- size => size of the font

### Methods:

- add() => used to draw the block
- getters and setters for val, x, y, size

## ScoreCounter

This class draws the current score

### Args:

- grid => Grid from which the score will be calculated
- playerScore => array of the player name and score
- x => x coordinate of the text
- y => y coordinate of the text
- size => size of the font

### Methods:

- add() => used to draw the text

## Leaderboard

This class draws a table of the 8 highest scores of previous players and saves it to a file

### Args:

- playerScore => array of the player name and score
- x => x coordinate of the Leaderboard
- y => y coordinate of the Leaderboard
- size => size of the font

**Methods:**

- `save()` => saves the score hash to a file
- `add()` => used to draw the text
- `event(e, state)` => reads user input and increases the state when the user pressed ENTER