

2048 in Ruby

A simple implementation of the famous game ‘2048’ in Ruby using the ruby2d library.

Running

simply run main.rb with:

```
ruby main.rb
```

Class diagram

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SceneManager

This class is responsible for switching between multiple Scenes

Args:

- `scenes[]` => array of Scenes that will be accesible to SceneManager

Methods:

- `add()` => used to draw the currently selected Scene
- `event(e)` => used to execute the `event(e, state)` function of the current Scene with the argument state, an array containing the index of the current Scene

Scene

This class is responsible for containing elements that make up the diffrent scenes

Args:

- `items[]` => array of items that will be displayed

Methods:

- `add()` => used to draw the elements
- `event(e, state)` => used to execute the `event(e, state)` function of the elements

InputField

This class creates a text input field that can receive keyboard input and return a state.

Args:

- `text` => the string that will be modified by the user
- `x` => x coordinate of the text field
- `y` => y coordinate of the text field
- `size` => size of the font

Methods:

- `add()` => used to draw the text
- `event(e, state)` => reads user input and increases the state when the user pressed ENTER

Grid

This class draws the grid of blocks

Args:

- `window` => Window of the game, used to calculate position

Methods:

- `add()` => used to draw the blocks
- `event(e, state)` => used to read the input and control the blocks
- `sum()` => sums the values of the blocks
- `up()` => shifts and adds the blocks up
- `down()` => shifts and adds the blocks down
- `left()` => shifts and adds the blocks left
- `right()` => shifts and adds the blocks right
- `randomize()` => adds a block to a random empty place
- `check(state)` => increases state if the grid is full

Block

This class draws the block

Args:

- val => starting value of the block
- x => x coordinate of the block
- y => y coordinate of the block
- size => size of the font

Methods:

- add() => used to draw the block
- getters and setters for val, x, y, size

ScoreCounter

This class draws the current score

Args:

- grid => Grid from which the score will be calculated
- playerScore => array of the player name and score
- x => x coordinate of the text
- y => y coordinate of the text
- size => size of the font

Methods:

- add() => used to draw the text

Leaderboard

This class draws a table of the 8 highest scores of previous players and saves it to a file

Args:

- playerScore => array of the player name and score
- x => x coordinate of the Leaderboard
- y => y coordinate of the Leaderboard
- size => size of the font

Methods:

- `save()` => saves the score hash to a file
- `add()` => used to draw the text
- `event(e, state)` => reads user input and increases the state when the user pressed ENTER