Review Questions

- 1. Which of the following designations would refer to the AWS US West (Oregon) region?
 - A. us-east-1
 - **B.** us-west-2
 - C. us-west-2a
 - **D.** us-west-2b
- **2.** Which of the following is an AWS Region for which customer access is restricted?
 - A. AWS Admin
 - B. US-DOD
 - C. Asia Pacific (Tokyo)
 - D. AWS GovCloud
- **3.** When you request a new virtual machine instance in EC2, your instance will automatically launch into the currently selected value of which of the following?
 - A. Service
 - B. Subnet
 - **C.** Availability Zone
 - D. Region
- **4.** Which of the following are *not* globally based AWS services? (Select TWO.)
 - A. RDS
 - **B.** Route 53
 - **C.** EC2
 - D. CloudFront
- **5.** Which of the following would be a valid endpoint your developers could use to access a particular Relational Database Service instance you're running in the Northern Virginia region?
 - A. us-east-1.amazonaws.com.rds
 - B. ecs.eu-west-3.amazonaws.com
 - C. rds.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
 - **D.** rds.amazonaws.com.us-east-1
- **6.** What are the most significant architectural benefits of the way AWS designed its regions? (Select TWO.)
 - **A.** It can make infrastructure more fault tolerant.
 - **B.** It can make applications available to end users with lower latency.
 - **C.** It can make applications more compliant with local regulations.
 - **D.** It can bring down the price of running.

- **7.** Why is it that most AWS resources are tied to a single region?
 - **A.** Because those resources are run on a physical device, and that device must live somewhere
 - **B.** Because security considerations are best served by restricting access to a single physical location
 - **C.** Because access to any one digital resource must always occur through a single physical gateway
 - **D.** Because spreading them too far afield would introduce latency issues
- **8.** You want to improve the resilience of your EC2 web server. Which of the following is the most effective and efficient approach?
 - A. Launch parallel, load-balanced instances in multiple AWS Regions.
 - **B.** Launch parallel, load-balanced instances in multiple Availability Zones within a single AWS Region.
 - **C.** Launch parallel, autoscaled instances in multiple AWS Regions.
 - D. Launch parallel, autoscaled instances in multiple Availability Zones within a single AWS Region.
- **9.** Which of the following is the most accurate description of an AWS Availability Zone?
 - **A.** One or more independently powered data centers running a wide range of hardware host types
 - **B.** One or more independently powered data centers running a uniform hardware host type
 - **C.** All the data centers located within a broad geographic area
 - **D.** The infrastructure running within a single physical data center
- **10.** Which of the following most accurately describes a subnet within the AWS ecosystem?
 - **A.** The virtual limits imposed on the network access permitted to a resource instance
 - **B.** The block of IP addresses assigned for use within a single region
 - **C.** The block of IP addresses assigned for use within a single Availability Zone
 - **D.** The networking hardware used within a single Availability Zone
- **11.** What determines the order by which subnets/AZ options are displayed in EC2 configuration dialogs?
 - **A.** Alphabetical order
 - **B.** They (appear) to be displayed in random order.
 - **C.** Numerical order
 - **D.** By order of capacity, with largest capacity first

- **12.** What is the primary goal of autoscaling?
 - **A.** To ensure the long-term reliability of a particular physical resource
 - **B.** To ensure the long-term reliability of a particular virtual resource
 - **C.** To orchestrate the use of multiple parallel resources to direct incoming user requests
 - **D.** To ensure that a predefined service level is maintained regardless of external demand or instance failures
- **13.** Which of the following design strategies is *most* effective for maintaining the reliability of a cloud application?
 - **A.** Resource isolation
 - **B.** Resource automation
 - C. Resource redundancy
 - **D.** Resource geolocation
- **14.** Which of the following AWS services are *not likely* to benefit from Amazon edge locations? (Select TWO.)
 - A. RDS
 - B. EC2 load balancers
 - C. Elastic Block Store (EBS)
 - **D.** CloudFront
- **15.** Which of the following is the primary benefit of using CloudFront distributions?
 - **A.** Automated protection from mass email campaigns
 - **B.** Greater availability through redundancy
 - **C.** Greater security through data encryption
 - **D.** Reduced latency access to your content no matter where your end users live
- **16.** What is the main purpose of Amazon Route 53?
 - **A.** Countering the threat of distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks
 - **B.** Managing domain name registration and traffic routing
 - **C.** Protecting web applications from web-based threats
 - **D.** Using the serverless power of Lambda to customize CloudFront behavior
- **17.** According to the AWS Shared Responsibility Model, which of the following are responsibilities of AWS? (Select TWO.)
 - **A.** The security of the cloud
 - B. Patching underlying virtualization software running in AWS data centers
 - **C.** Security of what's in the cloud
 - **D.** Patching OSs running on EC2 instances

- **18.** According to the AWS Shared Responsibility Model, what's the best way to define the status of the software driving an AWS managed service?
 - **A.** Everything associated with an AWS managed service is the responsibility of AWS.
 - **B.** Whatever is added by the customer (like application code) is the customer's responsibility.
 - **C.** Whatever the customer can control (application code and/or configuration settings) is the customer's responsibility.
 - D. Everything associated with an AWS managed service is the responsibility of the customer.
- **19.** Which of the following is one of the first places you should look when troubleshooting a failing application?
 - **A.** AWS Acceptable Use Monitor
 - B. Service Status Dashboard
 - C. AWS Billing Dashboard
 - **D.** Service Health Dashboard
- **20.** Where will you find information on the limits AWS imposes on the ways you can use your account resources?
 - A. AWS User Agreement Policy
 - **B.** AWS Acceptable Use Policy
 - **C.** AWS Acceptable Use Monitor
 - D. AWS Acceptable Use Dashboard