Daily Coding Problem #139

Problem

This problem was asked by Google.

Given an iterator with methods next() and hasNext(), create a wrapper iterator, PeekableInterface, which also implements peek(). peek shows the next element that would be returned on next().

Here is the interface:

```
class PeekableInterface(object):
    def __init__(self, iterator):
        pass

def peek(self):
        pass

def next(self):
        pass

def hasNext(self):
        pass
```

Solution

This problem can be solved by storing an instance variable _next in our class that holds the following invariant:

_next always holds the next item that would be returned onnext().

We can follow this by setting _next to next(self.iterator) in the constructor and then updating on each next() call.

Using this invariant, we can then implement peek by simply returning _next and we can

implement hasNext by checking that it's not None.

```
class PeekableInterface(object):
    def __init__(self, iterator):
        self.iterator = iterator
        self._next = next(self.iterator)

def peek(self):
        return self._next

def next(self):
        result = self._next
        self._next = next(self.iterator)
        return result

def hasNext(self):
        return self._next is not None
```

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