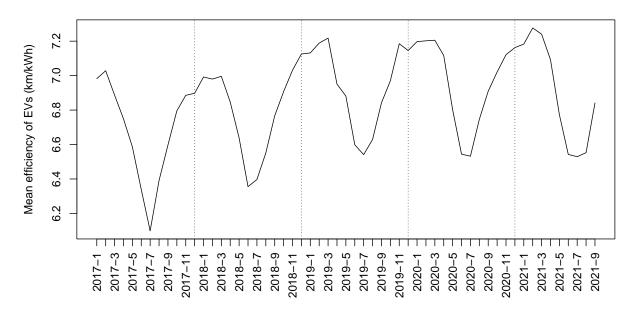
# Useful findings

### pablo paulsen

# 23/11/2021

```
## # A tibble: 25 x 3
## # Groups:
               region [25]
##
      region
                       weather_region count
##
      <fct>
                       <fct>
                                       <int>
##
   1 Auckland
                       Auckland
                                         330
                                         238
  2 Wellington
                       Upper Hutt
   3 Christchurch
                       Christchurch
                                         146
##
   4 Coastal Otago
                       Dunedin
                                         132
                       Hamilton
                                         65
  5 Waikato
  6 Bay of Plenty
                       Rotorua
                                          53
   7 North Canterbury Christchurch
                                          34
   8 Central Otago
                       Clyde
                                          31
  9 Mid Canterbury
                       Christchurch
                                          31
## 10 Nelson
                                          31
                       Nelson
## # ... with 15 more rows
## # A tibble: 26 x 2
##
      model
                                     count
      <fct>
##
                                     <int>
   1 Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2013-2016
                                       527
  2 Nissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                        275
  3 Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012
                                        204
## 4 Nissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                         68
##
  5 Nissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                        62
   6 Hyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                        26
  7 BMW i3
                                        23
## 8 Hyundai Kona (EV)
                                         14
## 9 Renault Zoe
                                         14
## 10 Tesla Model 3
                                         14
## # ... with 16 more rows
```

#### Time series of EV efficiencies

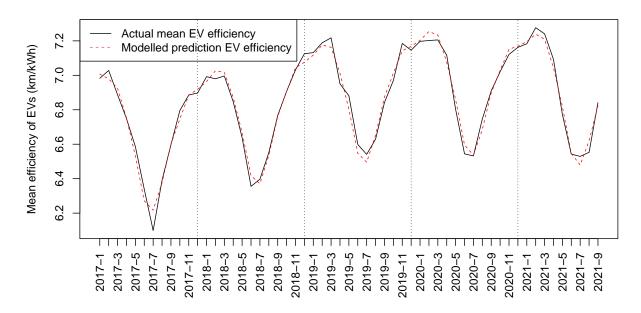


simple linear model with mean\_eff =  $t + \ln t + t^2 + \text{month}$  (as factor). negative squared term means can not use for long term efficiency trend as it will got negative but allows it to better fit the seasonal trend

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mean_ef \sim m + I(log(m)) + I(m^2) + factor(month),
##
       data = monthly_EV_data)
##
##
  Residuals:
##
         Min
                    10
                          Median
                                        3Q
                                                 Max
   -0.118463 -0.027742 -0.003732 0.037674
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                    6.971e+00
                               3.686e-02 189.156 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## m
                    3.612e-02 4.303e-03
                                           8.394 1.59e-10 ***
## I(log(m))
                   -1.607e-01
                               3.253e-02
                                          -4.941 1.29e-05 ***
## I(m^2)
                   -3.834e-04
                               4.952e-05
                                          -7.743 1.28e-09 ***
## factor(month)2
                    4.870e-02
                               3.037e-02
                                           1.604
                                                    0.116
                              3.066e-02
                                           0.817
                                                    0.419
## factor(month)3
                    2.504e-02
## factor(month)4
                   -1.343e-01
                               3.089e-02 -4.346 8.61e-05 ***
                               3.108e-02 -11.321 2.43e-14
## factor(month)5
                   -3.518e-01
## factor(month)6
                   -6.154e-01
                               3.123e-02 -19.709
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)7
                   -6.753e-01
                               3.135e-02 -21.539
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)8
                   -5.247e-01
                               3.147e-02 -16.675 < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)9
                  -3.109e-01
                               3.157e-02
                                          -9.847 1.78e-12 ***
  factor(month)10 -1.776e-01
                              3.299e-02 -5.384 3.04e-06 ***
## factor(month)11 -5.172e-02
                               3.299e-02
                                          -1.568
                                                    0.124
                                          -0.943
## factor(month)12 -3.111e-02 3.299e-02
                                                    0.351
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.04766 on 42 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9784, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9712
## F-statistic: 135.6 on 14 and 42 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

#### Time series of EV efficiencies

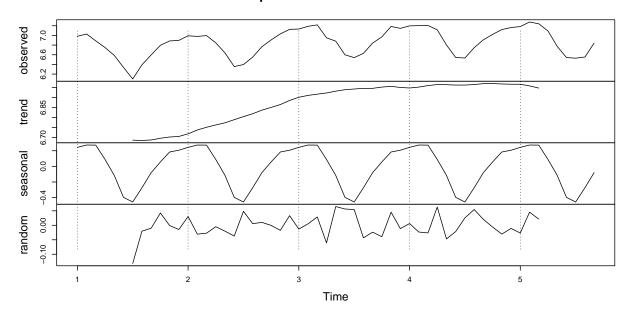


```
## Warning in adf.test(eff_series, alternative = "stationary"): p-value smaller
## than printed p-value

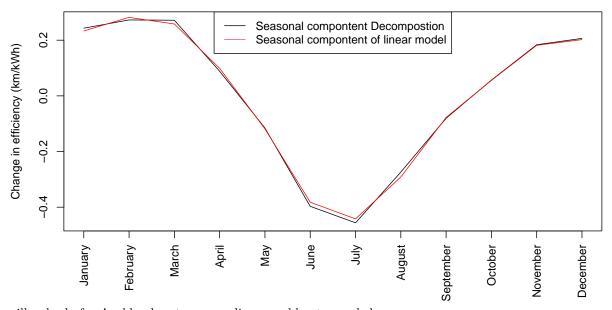
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: eff_series
## Dickey-Fuller = -4.7294, Lag order = 3, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

we can reject null hypothesis that data is not-stationary. this makes sense as average efficiency should not have significantly changed in a couple of years. use multiplicative instead of additive as preferable to know estimated extra power use? or should i know total extra power used in season?

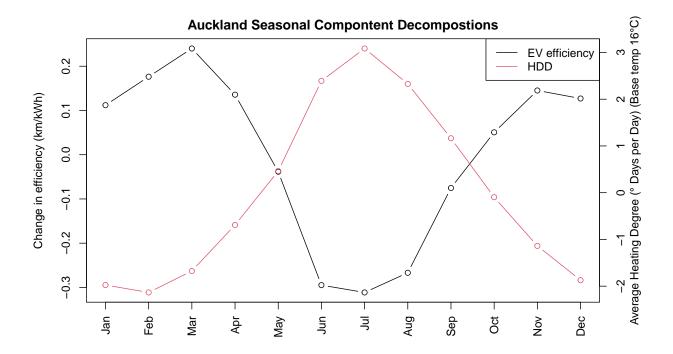
### **Decomposition of additive time series**



# Seasonal compontent of Efficiency of EV



will only do for Auckland as too many lines would get crowded



intercept base line is Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2013-2016

```
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = efficiency ~ HDD + model, data = EV_data[year >=
       2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
##
##
  Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
   -5.5531 -0.4975 -0.0200
                            0.4971
                                    4.8621
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                        7.560e+00
                                                   1.072e-02 705.512
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## HDD
                                                   6.378e-05 -56.924
                                       -3.631e-03
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                       -1.368e-01
                                                   1.326e-02 -10.315
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.306e-01
                                                   1.549e-02 -40.706
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                       -5.318e-01
                                                   2.773e-02 -19.177
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                       -1.261e+00
                                                   2.480e-02 -50.845
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                        9.307e-01
                                                   3.618e-02 25.725
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                       -1.869e-01
                                                   4.230e-02
                                                              -4.418 9.99e-06 ***
                                       -5.344e-02
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                                   4.825e-02 -1.107 0.268133
## modelRenault Zoe
                                       -4.611e-01
                                                   4.493e-02 -10.263
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model 3
                                                   5.579e-02 -10.707
                                       -5.973e-01
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                       -1.038e+00
                                                   8.507e-02 -12.207
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                                   6.234e-02 -7.852 4.29e-15 ***
                                       -4.895e-01
## modelTesla Model S
                                       -2.118e+00
                                                   7.811e-02 -27.113 < 2e-16 ***
                                                              -3.013 0.002588 **
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                       -2.404e-01
                                                   7.978e-02
## modelConversion to EV
                                        1.805e+00
                                                   1.957e-01
                                                                9.224
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model-X
                                       -3.071e+00 8.451e-02 -36.344
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Soul
                                       -3.532e-01 8.562e-02 -4.126 3.71e-05 ***
## modelMG ZS EV
                                       -7.450e-01 1.957e-01 -3.807 0.000141 ***
```

```
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
                                      -2.169e+00 9.499e-02 -22.831 < 2e-16 ***
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                      -2.526e+00 1.321e-01 -19.126 < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                      -1.397e+00 2.679e-01
                                                           -5.215 1.85e-07 ***
## modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
                                      -3.186e+00 5.355e-01
                                                           -5.950 2.72e-09 ***
## modelPeugeot e-208
                                      -3.485e-01 3.388e-01 -1.029 0.303634
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7573 on 21612 degrees of freedom
     (1260 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3366, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3359
## F-statistic: 476.7 on 23 and 21612 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

different city weather stations may be measuring colder or warmer regions of the city and therefore may need a slightly different scaling. interesting that Rotorua has lower effect on HDD, could be cause Rotorua is inland Bay of Plenty so its temperature change is more significant that coastal Tauranga which would also be included in bay of plenty.

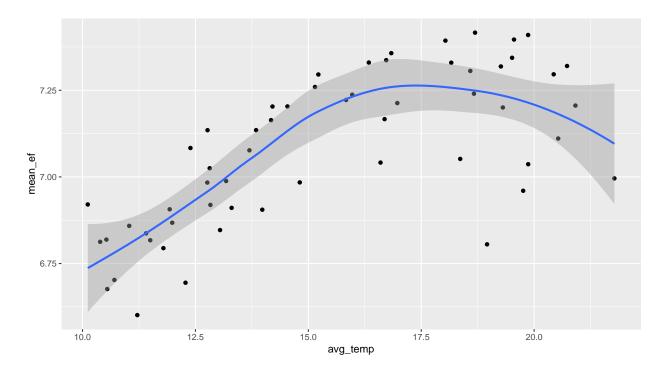
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = efficiency ~ HDD + weather_region + model, data = EV_data[year >=
       2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -5.6166 -0.4695 -0.0155 0.4757
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                       7.623e+00 1.173e-02 649.907 < 2e-16 ***
                                      -3.364e-03 6.695e-05 -50.242 < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionUpper Hutt
                                      -3.279e-02
                                                  1.482e-02
                                                            -2.212
                                                                     0.02696 *
## weather_regionChristchurch
                                       9.728e-02 1.513e-02
                                                              6.431 1.29e-10 ***
## weather_regionDunedin
                                      -5.359e-01 1.790e-02 -29.934 < 2e-16 ***
                                      -3.481e-01 2.619e-02 -13.290
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionHamilton
## weather_regionRotorua
                                      -2.018e-02
                                                  2.660e-02 -0.758
                                                                     0.44823
## weather_regionNelson
                                       7.925e-02 2.615e-02
                                                              3.030 0.00245 **
## weather_regionClyde
                                      -1.641e-01 3.736e-02 -4.394 1.12e-05 ***
## weather_regionPalmerston North
                                      -6.929e-01 3.415e-02 -20.287
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                      -1.630e-01 1.283e-02 -12.706 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.553e-01 1.495e-02 -43.827
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                      -5.247e-01 2.671e-02 -19.646 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                                  2.387e-02 -54.420
                                      -1.299e+00
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                                  3.566e-02 29.356
                                       1.047e+00
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                      -8.358e-02 4.117e-02 -2.030
                                                                     0.04234 *
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                                  4.641e-02 -1.913
                                      -8.878e-02
                                                                     0.05574 .
## modelRenault Zoe
                                      -5.291e-01
                                                  4.329e-02 -12.222
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model 3
                                      -5.935e-01 5.398e-02 -10.994
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                      -1.140e+00 8.188e-02 -13.919
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
                                      -5.089e-01 6.098e-02 -8.346
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model S
                                      -2.212e+00 7.523e-02 -29.405
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                      -3.591e-01 7.685e-02 -4.672 3.00e-06 ***
## modelConversion to EV
                                       2.241e+00 1.884e-01 11.894 < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model-X
                                      -3.150e+00 8.267e-02 -38.097 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## modelKia Soul
                                      -4.340e-01 8.253e-02 -5.259 1.46e-07 ***
                                      -7.498e-01
## modelMG ZS EV
                                                  1.881e-01
                                                            -3.986 6.73e-05 ***
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
                                      -2.243e+00
                                                  9.447e-02 -23.741
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                                  1.270e-01 -20.692
                                      -2.627e+00
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                      -1.480e+00
                                                  2.573e-01
                                                             -5.752 8.92e-09 ***
## modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
                                      -2.580e+00 5.153e-01
                                                            -5.007 5.56e-07 ***
## modelPeugeot e-208
                                      -5.670e-01 3.255e-01 -1.742 0.08154 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:
                  0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7272 on 21604 degrees of freedom
     (1260 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3884, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 442.7 on 31 and 21604 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

https://www.geotab.com/blog/ev-range/

based on this AC should also decrease range. not too obvious in NZ as is kind of cold but in Auckland can see such a trend what if we include cooling degree days in analysis too? unlike this direct avgerage temp vs effiency plot this would allow for cooling and heating in the same month that could reduce effiency. could expalin the couple month that have very bad effiency, possibley have a few cold and warm days but average is nothing unsual

## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'

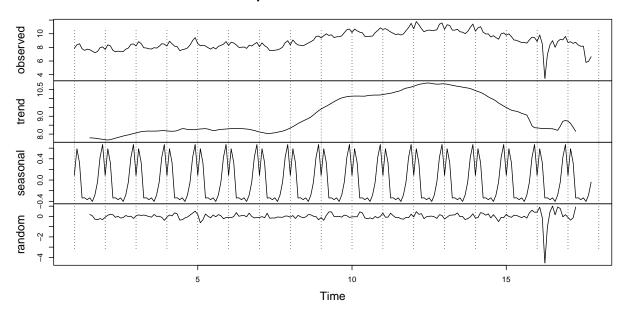


```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = efficiency ~ CDD + HDD + weather_region + model,
## data = EV_data[year >= 2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
10 Median
                               3Q
## -5.5692 -0.4715 -0.0139 0.4769
                                  4.8581
##
## Coefficients:
                                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                       7.654e+00 1.402e-02 545.817 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## CDD
                                      -3.993e-03 9.840e-04 -4.058 4.96e-05 ***
## HDD
                                      -3.574e-03 8.465e-05 -42.224 < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionUpper Hutt
                                      -2.879e-02 1.485e-02 -1.939 0.05257 .
## weather_regionChristchurch
                                       1.149e-01 1.573e-02
                                                             7.305 2.88e-13 ***
## weather_regionDunedin
                                      -5.323e-01 1.792e-02 -29.701 < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionHamilton
                                                  2.631e-02 -12.825
                                      -3.374e-01
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionRotorua
                                      -1.179e-02 2.667e-02 -0.442 0.65840
## weather_regionNelson
                                       8.396e-02 2.617e-02
                                                              3.208 0.00134 **
## weather_regionClyde
                                      -1.265e-01 3.848e-02 -3.287
                                                                     0.00102 **
## weather_regionPalmerston North
                                      -6.911e-01 3.415e-02 -20.240
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                      -1.633e-01 1.283e-02 -12.730 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.547e-01 1.495e-02 -43.804 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                      -5.261e-01 2.670e-02 -19.704 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                      -1.298e+00 2.386e-02 -54.413 < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                       1.047e+00 3.565e-02 29.365 < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                      -8.433e-02 4.115e-02 -2.049 0.04046 *
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                      -8.870e-02 4.639e-02 -1.912 0.05589 .
## modelRenault Zoe
                                      -5.294e-01 4.328e-02 -12.233
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model 3
                                      -5.949e-01 5.397e-02 -11.024 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                      -1.141e+00 8.185e-02 -13.944 < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                      -5.116e-01 6.096e-02 -8.393
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model S
                                      -2.213e+00 7.521e-02 -29.423 < 2e-16 ***
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                      -3.608e-01 7.682e-02 -4.696 2.67e-06 ***
## modelConversion to EV
                                       2.238e+00 1.883e-01 11.887 < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model-X
                                      -3.148e+00 8.264e-02 -38.096
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Soul
                                      -4.338e-01 8.250e-02 -5.258 1.47e-07 ***
## modelMG ZS EV
                                      -7.541e-01 1.880e-01 -4.011 6.07e-05 ***
                                      -2.244e+00 9.443e-02 -23.761 < 2e-16 ***
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                      -2.630e+00
                                                  1.269e-01 -20.722 < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                      -1.488e+00 2.572e-01 -5.783 7.43e-09 ***
## modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
                                      -2.594e+00 5.151e-01 -5.036 4.80e-07 ***
## modelPeugeot e-208
                                      -5.689e-01 3.254e-01 -1.748 0.08043 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.7269 on 21603 degrees of freedom
     (1260 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3889, Adjusted R-squared: 0.388
## F-statistic: 429.6 on 32 and 21603 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
cooling degree days does explain extra variance but not much. likely as not many cooling days above 20 in
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Model 1: efficiency ~ HDD + model
## Model 2: efficiency ~ HDD + weather region + model
## Model 3: efficiency ~ CDD + HDD + weather_region + model
```

```
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 21612 12394
## 2 21604 11425 8 969.14 229.24 < 2.2e-16 ***
## 3 21603 11416 1 8.70 16.47 4.961e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1</pre>
```

# **Decomposition of additive time series**



# Seasonal compontent of Fuel purchases

