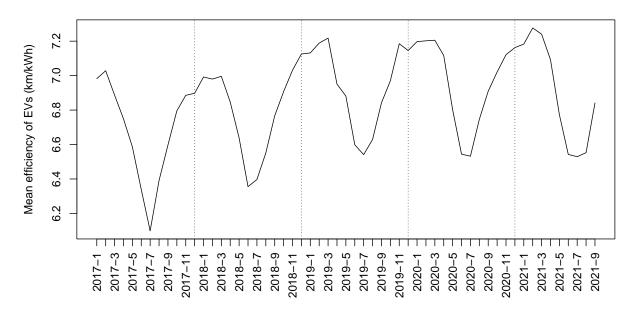
EV data findings

pablo paulsen

23/11/2021

```
## # A tibble: 25 x 3
## # Groups:
               region [25]
##
      region
                       weather_region count
##
      <fct>
                       <fct>
                                       <int>
##
   1 Auckland
                       Auckland
                                         330
                                         238
  2 Wellington
                       Upper Hutt
   3 Christchurch
                       Christchurch
                                         146
   4 Coastal Otago
                       Dunedin
                                         132
                       Hamilton
  5 Waikato
                                          65
   6 Bay of Plenty
                       Rotorua
                                          53
    7 North Canterbury Christchurch
                                          34
   8 Central Otago
                       Clyde
                                          31
  9 Mid Canterbury
                       Christchurch
                                          31
## 10 Nelson
                                          31
                       Nelson
## # ... with 15 more rows
## # A tibble: 26 x 2
##
      model
                                      count
      <fct>
##
                                      <int>
   1 Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2013-2016
                                        527
  2 Nissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                        275
   3 Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012
                                        204
## 4 Nissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                         68
   5 Nissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                         62
   6 Hyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                         26
  7 BMW i3
                                         23
## 8 Hyundai Kona (EV)
                                         14
## 9 Renault Zoe
                                         14
## 10 Tesla Model 3
## # ... with 16 more rows
```

Time series of EV efficiencies

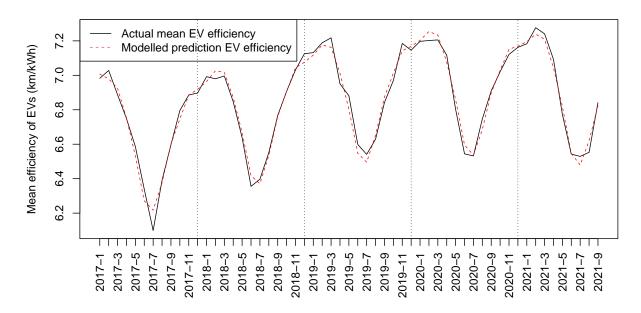


simple linear model with mean_eff = $t + \ln t + t^2 + \text{month}$ (as factor). negative squared term means can not use for long term efficiency trend as it will got negative but allows it to better fit the seasonal trend

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mean_ef \sim m + I(log(m)) + I(m^2) + factor(month),
##
       data = monthly_EV_data)
##
##
  Residuals:
##
         Min
                    10
                          Median
                                        3Q
                                                 Max
   -0.118463 -0.027742 -0.003732 0.037674
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                    6.971e+00
                               3.686e-02 189.156 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## m
                    3.612e-02 4.303e-03
                                           8.394 1.59e-10 ***
## I(log(m))
                   -1.607e-01
                               3.253e-02
                                          -4.941 1.29e-05 ***
## I(m^2)
                   -3.834e-04
                               4.952e-05
                                          -7.743 1.28e-09 ***
## factor(month)2
                    4.870e-02
                               3.037e-02
                                           1.604
                                                    0.116
                              3.066e-02
                                           0.817
                                                    0.419
## factor(month)3
                    2.504e-02
## factor(month)4
                   -1.343e-01
                               3.089e-02 -4.346 8.61e-05 ***
                               3.108e-02 -11.321 2.43e-14
## factor(month)5
                   -3.518e-01
## factor(month)6
                   -6.154e-01
                               3.123e-02 -19.709
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)7
                   -6.753e-01
                               3.135e-02 -21.539
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)8
                   -5.247e-01
                               3.147e-02 -16.675 < 2e-16 ***
## factor(month)9
                  -3.109e-01
                               3.157e-02
                                          -9.847 1.78e-12 ***
  factor(month)10 -1.776e-01
                              3.299e-02 -5.384 3.04e-06 ***
## factor(month)11 -5.172e-02
                               3.299e-02
                                          -1.568
                                                    0.124
                                          -0.943
## factor(month)12 -3.111e-02 3.299e-02
                                                    0.351
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.04766 on 42 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9784, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9712
## F-statistic: 135.6 on 14 and 42 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

Time series of EV efficiencies

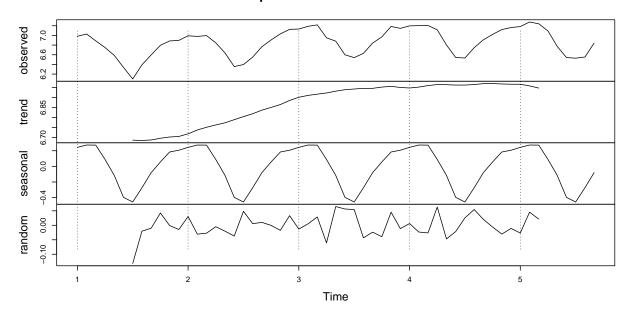


```
## Warning in adf.test(eff_series, alternative = "stationary"): p-value smaller
## than printed p-value

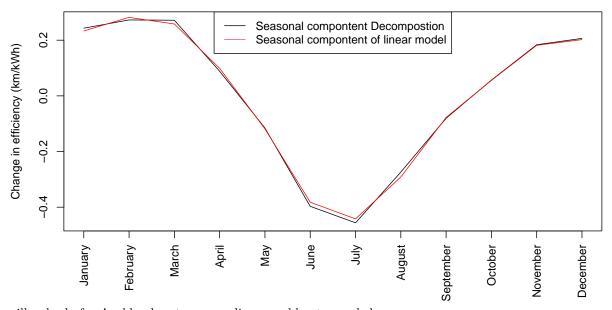
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: eff_series
## Dickey-Fuller = -4.7294, Lag order = 3, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

we can reject null hypothesis that data is not-stationary. this makes sense as average efficiency should not have significantly changed in a couple of years. use multiplicative instead of additive as preferable to know estimated extra power use? or should i know total extra power used in season?

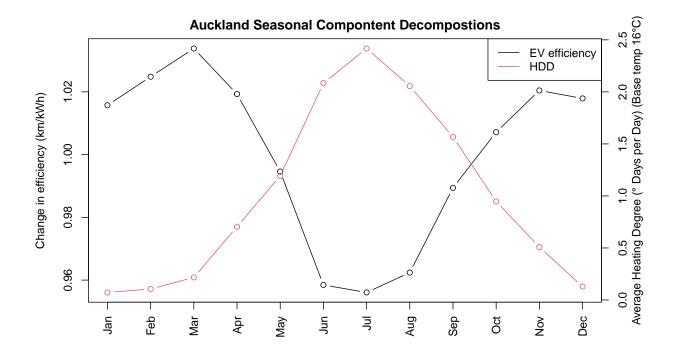
Decomposition of additive time series



Seasonal compontent of Efficiency of EV



will only do for Auckland as too many lines would get crowded



intercept base line is Nissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2013-2016

```
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = efficiency ~ HDD + model, data = EV_data[year >=
       2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
##
##
  Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
   -5.5433 -0.4961 -0.0240
                            0.4956
                                    6.3890
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                        7.550e+00
                                                   1.058e-02 713.269
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## HDD
                                       -3.615e-03
                                                   6.293e-05 -57.443
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                        -1.329e-01
                                                   1.302e-02 -10.208
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.467e-01
                                                    1.551e-02 -41.699
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                       -5.194e-01
                                                   2.764e-02 -18.794
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                       -1.270e+00
                                                   2.456e-02 -51.691
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                        8.904e-01
                                                   3.503e-02 25.419
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                       -1.606e-01
                                                    4.106e-02
                                                               -3.912 9.19e-05 ***
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                       -4.530e-02
                                                   4.892e-02
                                                              -0.926 0.354426
## modelRenault Zoe
                                       -4.531e-01
                                                   4.555e-02
                                                              -9.949
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model 3
                                                   5.570e-02 -10.542
                                       -5.871e-01
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                       -1.031e+00
                                                   8.627e-02 -11.950
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
                                                   6.321e-02 -7.621 2.61e-14 ***
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                       -4.818e-01
## modelTesla Model S
                                       -2.109e+00
                                                   7.921e-02 -26.628
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
                                                   6.943e-02 -0.990 0.322293
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                       -6.872e-02
## modelConversion to EV
                                       -2.311e+00
                                                   9.793e-02 -23.598
                                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model-X
                                       -3.063e+00
                                                   8.571e-02 -35.740 < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Soul
                                       -4.245e-01 7.116e-02 -5.965 2.48e-09 ***
## modelMG ZS EV
                                       -7.368e-01 1.985e-01 -3.712 0.000206 ***
```

```
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
                                      -2.161e+00 9.634e-02 -22.428 < 2e-16 ***
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                      -2.517e+00 1.340e-01 -18.793 < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                      -1.388e+00 2.717e-01
                                                           -5.110 3.25e-07 ***
## modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
                                      -3.178e+00 5.432e-01
                                                           -5.850 4.98e-09 ***
## modelPeugeot e-208
                                      -3.421e-01 3.437e-01 -0.995 0.319521
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7682 on 22805 degrees of freedom
     (67 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3353, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3346
## F-statistic: 500.2 on 23 and 22805 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

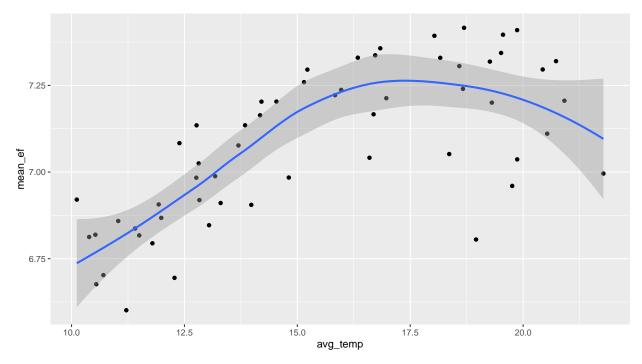
different city weather stations may be measuring colder or warmer regions of the city and therefore may need a slightly different scaling. interesting that Rotorua has lower effect on HDD, could be cause Rotorua is inland Bay of Plenty so its temperature change is more significant that coastal Tauranga which would also be included in bay of plenty.

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = efficiency ~ HDD + weather_region + model, data = EV_data[year >=
       2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -5.6146 -0.4748 -0.0181 0.4735
                                  6.2852
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                       7.621e+00 1.180e-02 646.079 < 2e-16 ***
                                      -3.339e-03 6.622e-05 -50.417
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionUpper Hutt
                                      -3.601e-02
                                                  1.504e-02
                                                             -2.394
                                                                      0.0167 *
## weather_regionChristchurch
                                       9.499e-02 1.534e-02
                                                              6.192 6.03e-10 ***
## weather_regionDunedin
                                      -5.146e-01 1.814e-02 -28.361 < 2e-16 ***
                                      -3.404e-01 2.662e-02 -12.790
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionHamilton
## weather_regionRotorua
                                      -1.965e-02 2.706e-02 -0.726
                                                                      0.4677
## weather_regionNelson
                                      -9.176e-03 2.293e-02 -0.400
                                                                      0.6890
## weather_regionClyde
                                      -1.743e-01 3.794e-02 -4.593 4.40e-06 ***
## weather_regionPalmerston North
                                      -6.844e-01 3.469e-02 -19.729 < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionStratford
                                      -3.567e-01 4.373e-02 -8.157 3.62e-16 ***
## weather_regionNapier
                                      -3.331e-01 4.184e-02 -7.961 1.79e-15 ***
## weather_regionInvercargill
                                      -6.209e-01 6.898e-02 -9.001 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                      -1.530e-01
                                                  1.268e-02 -12.069
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.734e-01 1.504e-02 -44.770
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                      -5.137e-01 2.672e-02 -19.228
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                      -1.298e+00 2.371e-02 -54.750
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                       9.768e-01 3.457e-02
                                                            28.256
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                      -4.694e-02 4.015e-02 -1.169
                                                                      0.2424
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                      -9.098e-02 4.722e-02 -1.927
                                      -5.311e-01 4.405e-02 -12.057 < 2e-16 ***
## modelRenault Zoe
## modelTesla Model 3
                                      -5.751e-01 5.412e-02 -10.626
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                      -1.132e+00 8.334e-02 -13.584 < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                      -5.084e-01 6.206e-02 -8.193 2.69e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model S
                                      -2.212e+00 7.657e-02 -28.890 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                       -9.458e-02
                                                   6.792e-02 -1.393
## modelConversion to EV
                                                   1.075e-01 -17.049
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
                                       -1.834e+00
## modelTesla Model-X
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
                                       -3.151e+00
                                                   8.414e-02 -37.442
## modelKia Soul
                                       -4.021e-01
                                                   7.009e-02
                                                              -5.737 9.76e-09 ***
## modelMG ZS EV
                                       -7.522e-01
                                                   1.914e-01
                                                              -3.929 8.55e-05 ***
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
                                                   9.615e-02 -23.340
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
                                       -2.244e+00
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                                   1.292e-01 -20.328
                                       -2.627e+00
                                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                       -1.480e+00
                                                   2.619e-01
                                                              -5.650 1.62e-08 ***
  modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
                                       -2.589e+00
                                                   5.245e-01
                                                              -4.936 8.04e-07 ***
  modelPeugeot e-208
                                       -5.681e-01
                                                   3.313e-01
                                                              -1.715
                                                                        0.0864 .
##
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
  Signif. codes:
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7402 on 22794 degrees of freedom
     (67 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3831, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 416.3 on 34 and 22794 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

https://www.geotab.com/blog/ev-range/

based on this AC should also decrease range. not too obvious in NZ as is kind of cold but in Auckland can see such a trend what if we include cooling degree days in analysis too? unlike this direct average temp vs efficiency plot this would allow for cooling and heating in the same month that could reduce efficiency. could explain the couple month that have very bad efficiency, possibley have a few cold and warm days but average is nothing unsual



```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = efficiency ~ CDD + HDD + weather_region + model,
## data = EV_data[year >= 2017, ], na.action = na.omit)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
1Q Median
                               3Q
## -5.5686 -0.4725 -0.0184 0.4724
                                  6.3033
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                       7.651e+00 1.396e-02 548.101 < 2e-16 ***
  (Intercept)
##
## CDD
                                      -3.862e-03 9.608e-04 -4.020 5.83e-05 ***
## HDD
                                      -3.540e-03 8.298e-05 -42.657 < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionUpper Hutt
                                      -3.226e-02 1.506e-02 -2.142 0.032217 *
## weather_regionChristchurch
                                       1.119e-01
                                                 1.590e-02
                                                             7.037 2.02e-12 ***
## weather_regionDunedin
                                      -5.112e-01 1.816e-02 -28.154
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionHamilton
                                                  2.673e-02 -12.354
                                      -3.302e-01
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionRotorua
                                      -1.165e-02 2.712e-02 -0.430 0.667466
                                      -5.093e-03 2.294e-02 -0.222 0.824316
## weather_regionNelson
## weather_regionClyde
                                      -1.381e-01 3.898e-02 -3.544 0.000395 ***
## weather_regionPalmerston North
                                      -6.827e-01
                                                  3.468e-02 -19.686
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## weather_regionStratford
                                      -3.567e-01
                                                 4.372e-02
                                                            -8.159 3.55e-16 ***
## weather regionNapier
                                      -3.190e-01
                                                 4.197e-02
                                                            -7.601 3.06e-14 ***
                                      -6.110e-01 6.900e-02 -8.856
## weather_regionInvercargill
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (30 kWh)
                                      -1.533e-01
                                                  1.268e-02 -12.091
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (24 kWh) 2011-2012 -6.729e-01 1.504e-02 -44.750
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (40 kWh)
                                      -5.153e-01 2.671e-02 -19.294
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan e-NV200 (24 kWh)
                                      -1.297e+00 2.371e-02 -54.733
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelHyundai Ioniq (EV)
                                                  3.456e-02 28.264
                                       9.767e-01
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelBMW i3
                                      -4.748e-02 4.013e-02 -1.183 0.236777
## modelHyundai Kona (EV)
                                      -9.090e-02 4.720e-02 -1.926 0.054161 .
## modelRenault Zoe
                                      -5.313e-01
                                                 4.404e-02 -12.066
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model 3
                                      -5.767e-01
                                                 5.410e-02 -10.658 < 2e-16 ***
## modelNissan Leaf (62 kWh)
                                      -1.134e+00 8.331e-02 -13.607
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Niro (EV)
                                      -5.110e-01 6.204e-02 -8.237
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model S
                                      -2.213e+00
                                                  7.654e-02 -28.907
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## modelVolkswagen e-Golf
                                      -9.576e-02 6.790e-02 -1.410 0.158460
## modelConversion to EV
                                      -1.834e+00 1.075e-01 -17.059
                                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## modelTesla Model-X
                                      -3.149e+00 8.412e-02 -37.441 < 2e-16 ***
## modelKia Soul
                                      -4.018e-01
                                                  7.007e-02
                                                            -5.735 9.90e-09 ***
## modelMG ZS EV
                                      -7.565e-01 1.914e-01 -3.953 7.75e-05 ***
## modelRenault Kangoo (van)
                                      -2.245e+00 9.612e-02 -23.359 < 2e-16 ***
## modelJaguar I-PACE
                                      -2.630e+00 1.292e-01 -20.355 < 2e-16 ***
## modelAudi A3 e-tron
                                                  2.619e-01
                                                             -5.680 1.36e-08 ***
                                      -1.487e+00
                                      -2.602e+00 5.244e-01 -4.962 7.01e-07 ***
## modelMitsubishi iMiev - car
## modelPeugeot e-208
                                      -5.701e-01 3.312e-01 -1.721 0.085226 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.74 on 22793 degrees of freedom
     (67 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3835, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3826
## F-statistic: 405.1 on 35 and 22793 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

cooling degree days does explain extra variance but not much. likely as not many cooling days above 20 in nz

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
```

```
## Model 1: efficiency ~ HDD + model
## Model 2: efficiency ~ HDD + weather_region + model
## Model 3: efficiency ~ CDD + HDD + weather_region + model
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 22805 13458
## 2 22794 12490 11 967.18 160.565 < 2.2e-16 ***
## 3 22793 12482 1 8.85 16.162 5.835e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1</pre>
```