

dns_first

2022-03-05

R Markdown

```
library('RSQLite')
library('ggplot2')
library(DBI)
options("scipen"=100, "digits"=4)

db <- dbConnect(RSQLite::SQLite(), dbname="./dnstor_statistics_dns.sqlite")
dns_data <- dbSendQuery(db, "
  SELECT count(*) as countGrouped, year, period, CAST(CAST(year AS text) || CAST(period AS text) as integer) as year_period
  FROM DNS_ANALYSIS
  WHERE QTYPE != 0
GROUP BY year_period, year, period, qname, qtype
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
")
dns_data_fetched <- fetch(dns_data)
#dns_data_fetched %>%
#  filter(qtype == 0)
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tibble)

dns_data.year_period.ungrouped <- group_split(dns_data_fetched, year_period)

N = 10
dns_data.topNconsultas <- head(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]], N)
dns_data.year_period.ungrouped.len = length(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped)
```

```

for (i in c(2:dns_data.year_period.ungrouped.len)) {
  dns_data.topNconsultas <- rbind(dns_data.topNconsultas, head(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[i]], N))
}

#dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]]
#ggplot(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]], aes(x=qname, y=quantity), ) + geom_histogram(fill="skyblue")
#ggplot(data = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]], aes(x = qname, y = quantity)) +
#  geom_boxplot()

#dns_data.topNconsultas

#dns_data.year_period.ungrouped

#dns_data_fetched[order(dns_data_fetched$year, dns_data_fetched$period, -dns_data_fetched$quantity),]

#dns_data_fetched

# ggplot(request, aes(x=rt, fill=Type)) + geom_density(alpha=0.4) + scale_x_log10() + xlab("Number Requ")
# barplot
# ggplot(nlme::Oxboys, aes(age, height))

# Top N consultas por período N = 10
head(dns_data.topNconsultas)

```

```

## # A tibble: 6 x 7
##   countGrouped year period year_period qname          qtype quantity
##   <int> <int> <int>      <int> <chr>          <chr>    <int>
## 1      23891  2020     4      20204 peacecorps.gov. ANY     19005578
## 2      49615  2020     4      20204 lavrov.in.     ANY      816242
## 3         777  2020     4      20204 sl.           ANY     779892
## 4      45508  2020     4      20204 irs.gov.      ANY     652325
## 5        1336  2020     4      20204 fe18.ru.     ANY     569411
## 6         354  2020     4      20204 .            ANY      12296

```

```

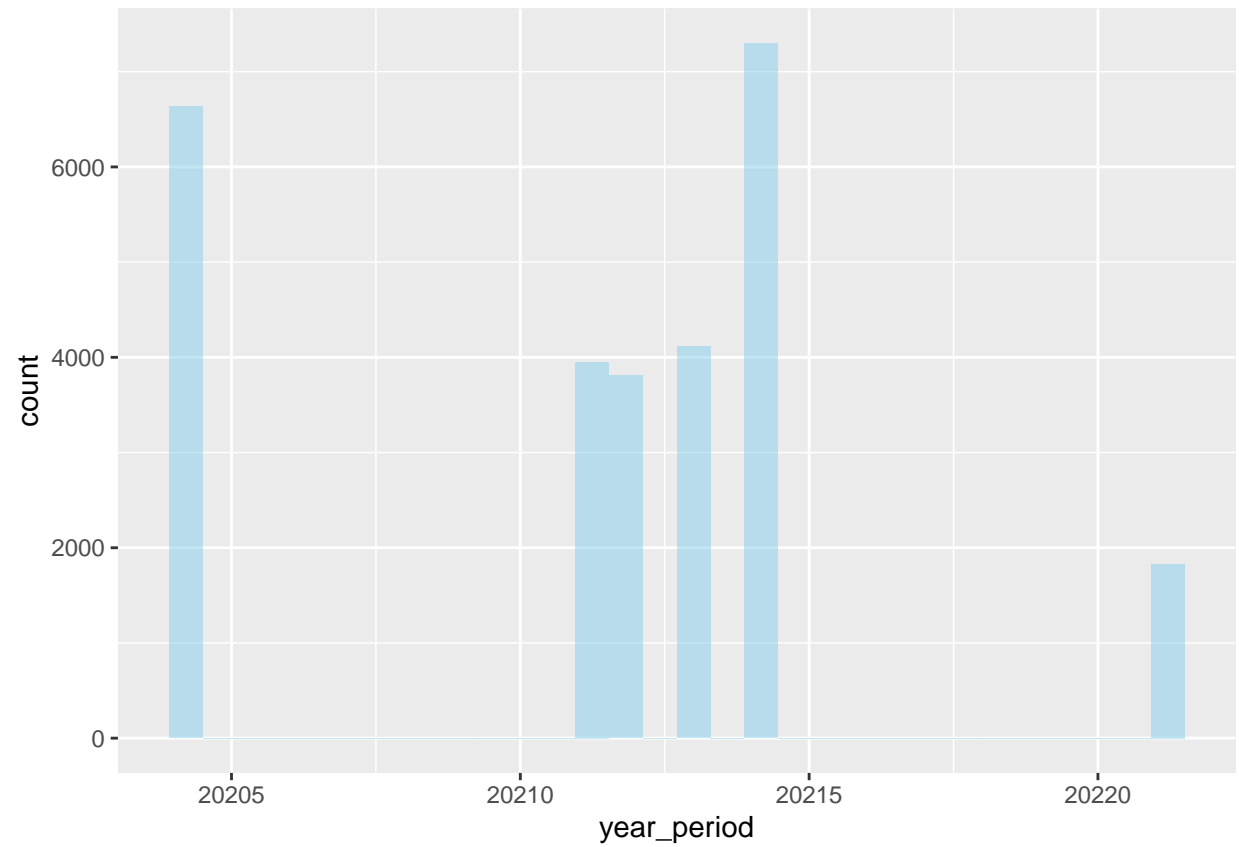
ggplot(dns_data_fetched, aes(x=year_period), ) + geom_histogram(fill="skyblue", alpha=0.5)

```

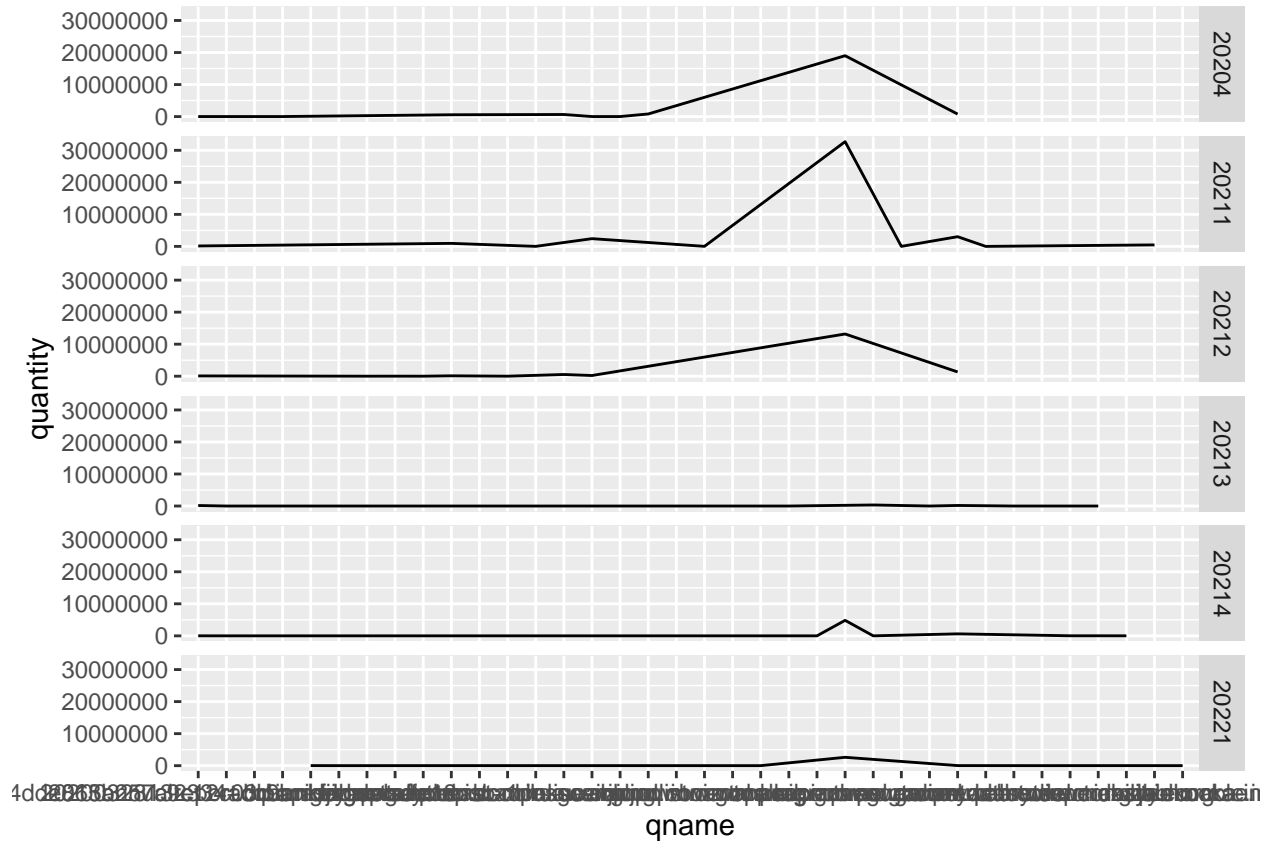
```

## 'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.

```



```
ggplot(dns_data.topNconsultas, aes(qname, quantity, group = 1)) + geom_line() + facet_grid(year_period ~
```



```
#ggplot(data = dns_data.topNconsultas) +
# geom_point(mapping = aes(x = year_period, y = quantity)) +
# facet_wrap(~ class, nrow = 2)

#ggplot(data = dns_data.topNconsultas) +
# geom_bar(mapping = aes(x = year_period, y = count, fill = year_period), position = "fill")

## ----- Quantos ataques com cada tipo de qtype foi utilizado, por trimestre ? -----
#dns_data_fetched

dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_quantity = select(dns_data_fetched, c('year_period', 'qtype', 'quantity'))

#dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_count = select(dns_data_fetched, c('year_period', 'qtype', 'countGrouped'))
#dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_count
#dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_quantity
#typeof(dns_data_fetched$year_period)
#dns_data_fetched$year_period

#dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_quantity[order(dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_quantity$year_period),]
#dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_count.grouped_qtype_period = dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_count %>%
# group_by(qtype, year_period) %>%
# summarise(count = sum(countGrouped))

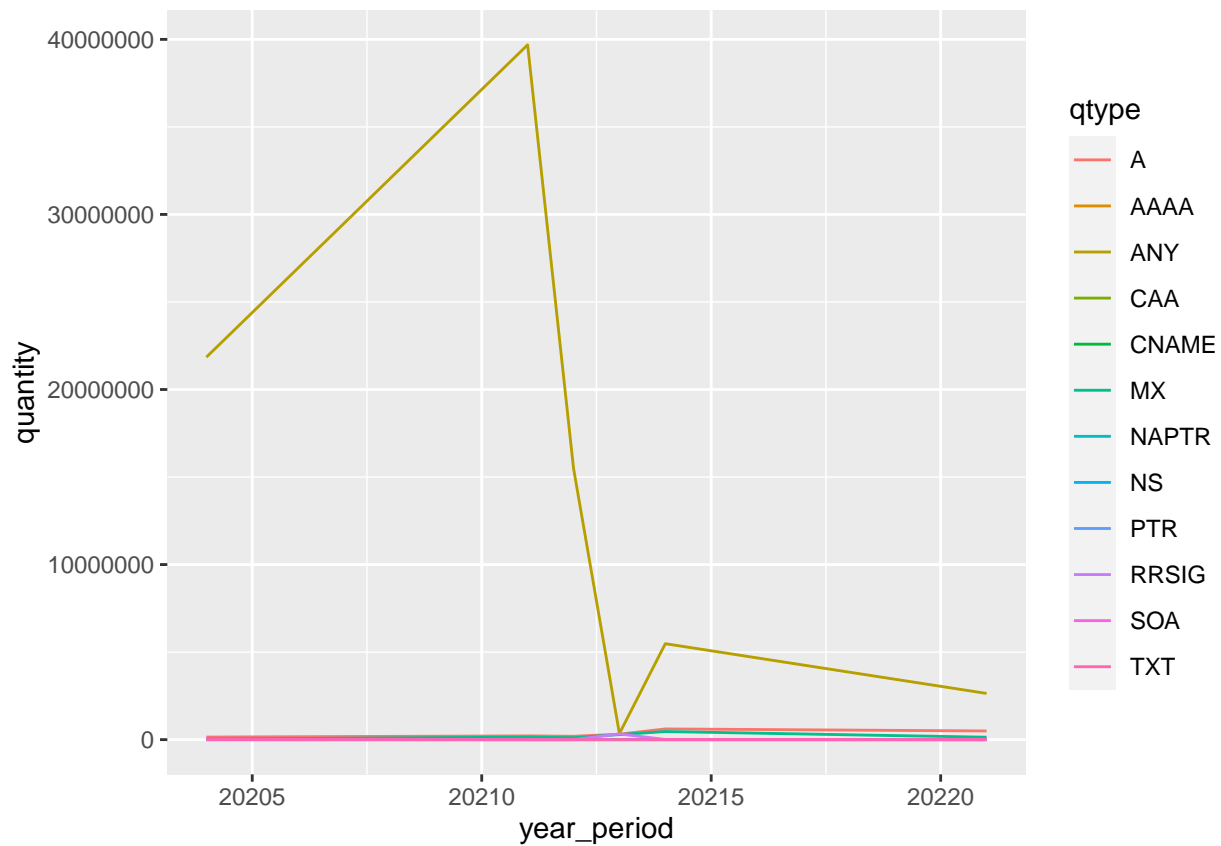
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly = dns_data_fetched.quarter_type_quantity %>%
group_by(qtype, year_period) %>%
```

```
summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'qtype'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

```
#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly[order(-dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly$quantity, dns_data_fetched.qtype)]

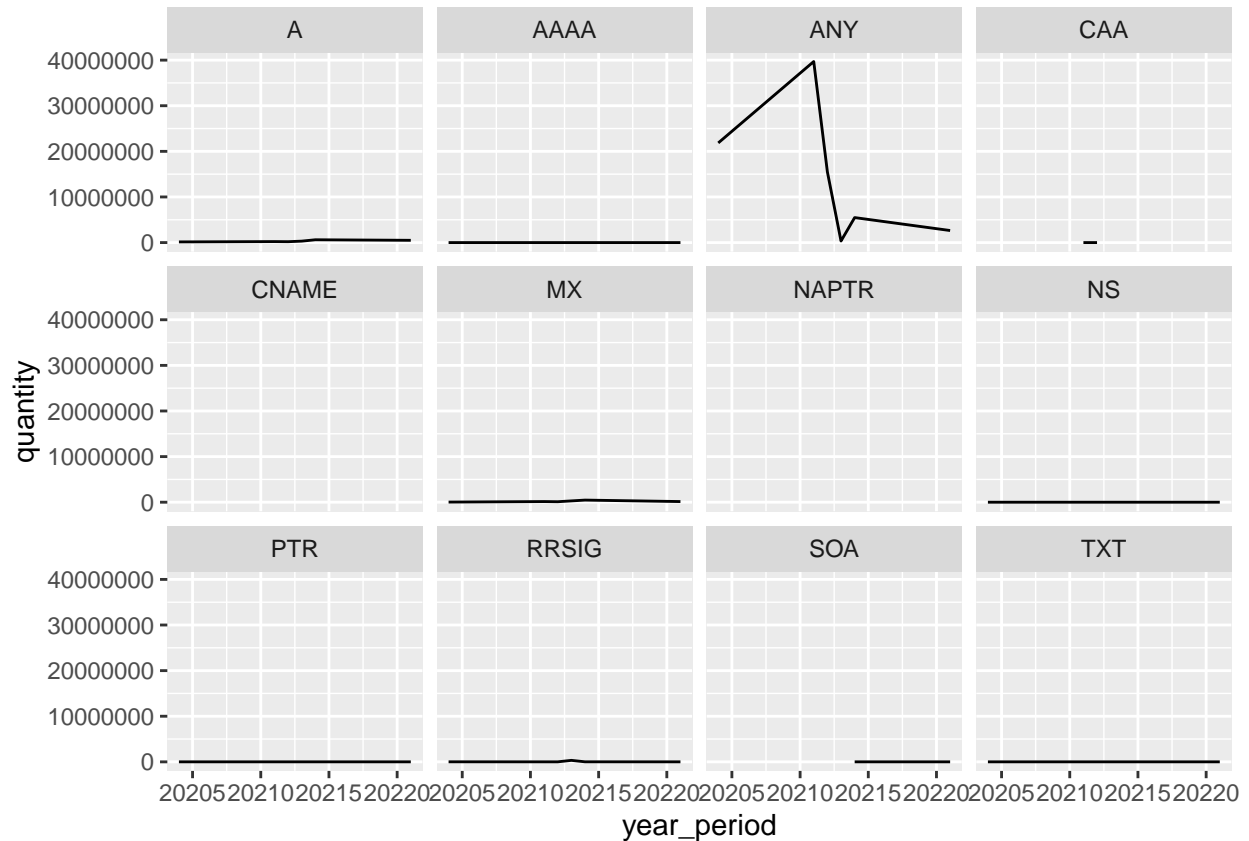
ggplot(data = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly, aes(x = year_period, y = quantity, color = qtype)) +
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(data = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly, aes(x = year_period, y = quantity)) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_wrap(facets = vars(qtype))
```

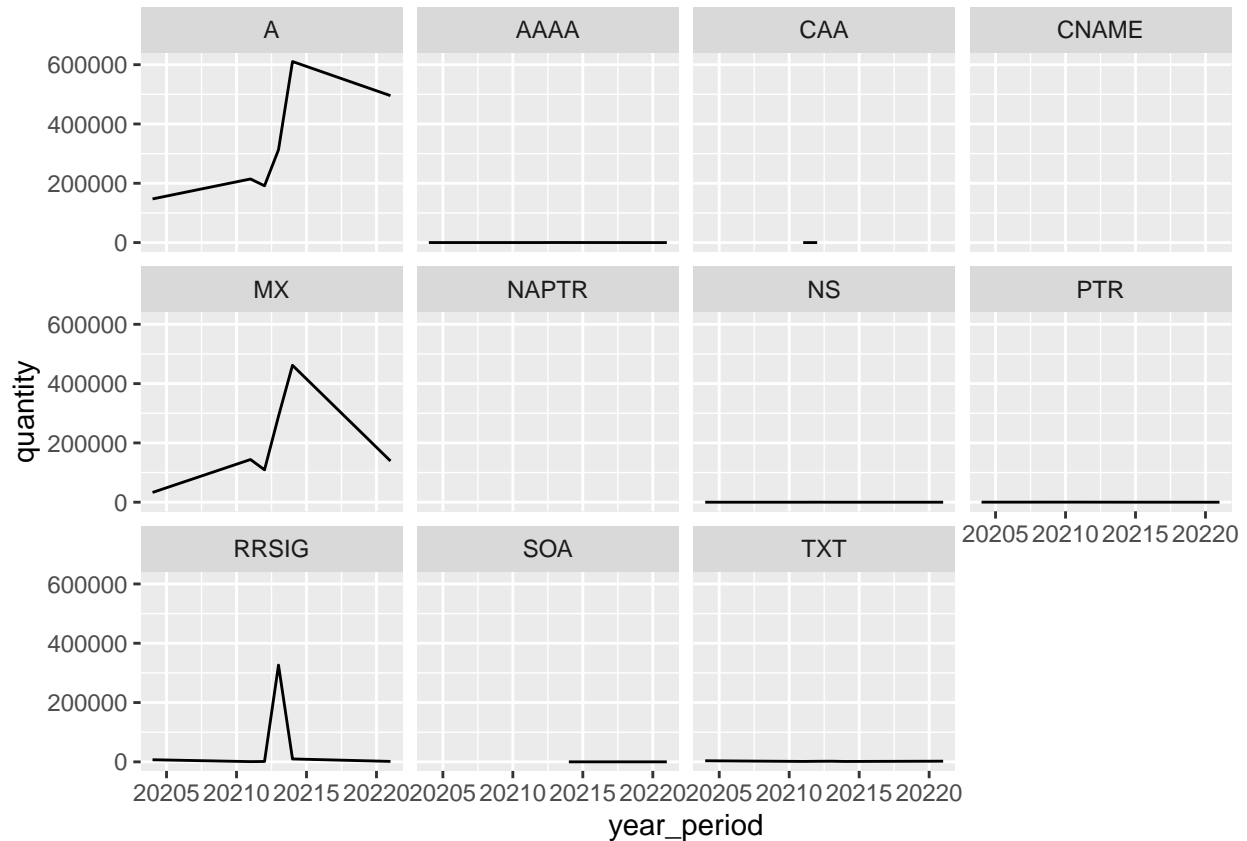
```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```



```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly %>%
  filter(qtype != "ANY") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year_period, y = quantity)) +
    geom_line() +
    facet_wrap(facets = vars(qtype))
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```



```
# ----- quantity with percentage

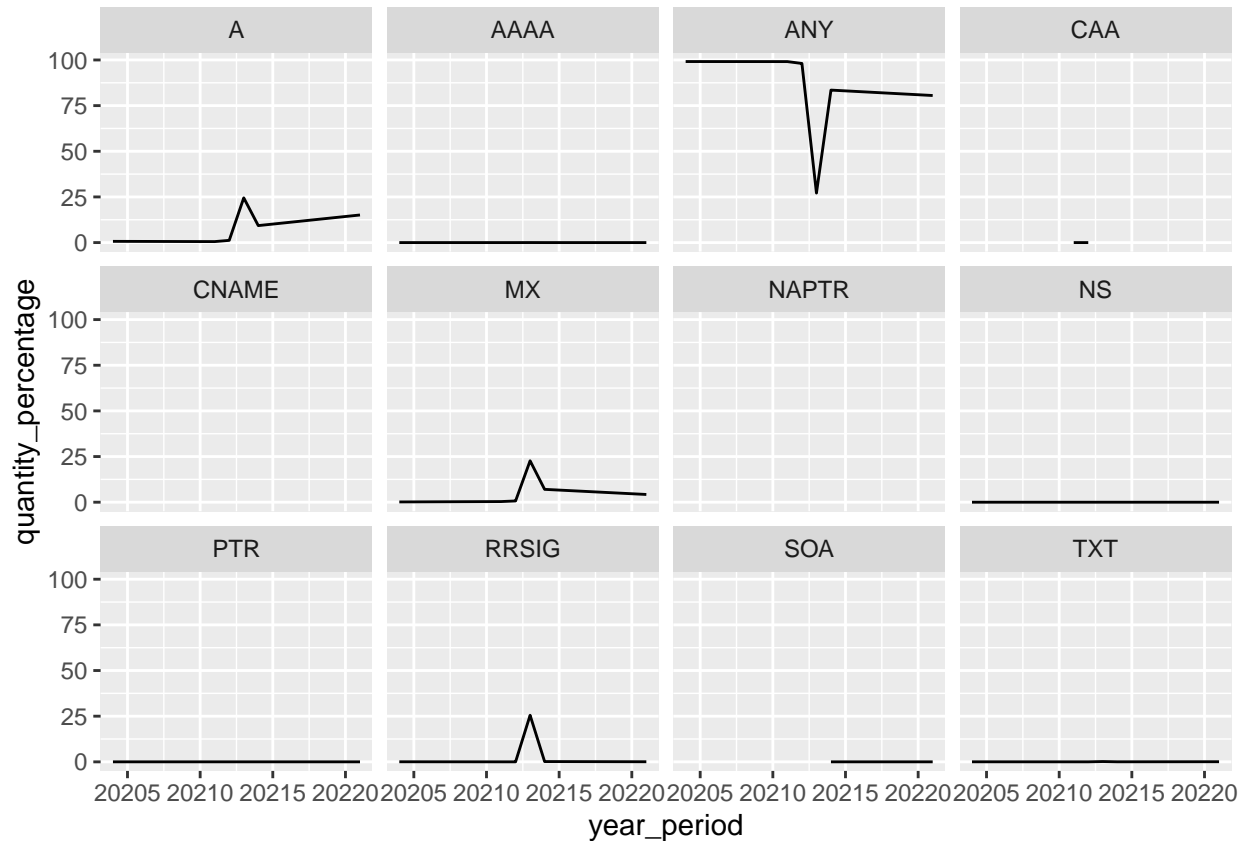
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly %>%
  group_by(year_period) %>%
  summarise(sum_period_quantity = sum(quantity), qtype=qtype, quantity=quantity)
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year_period'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity['quantity_percentage'] = (dns_data_fetched.s

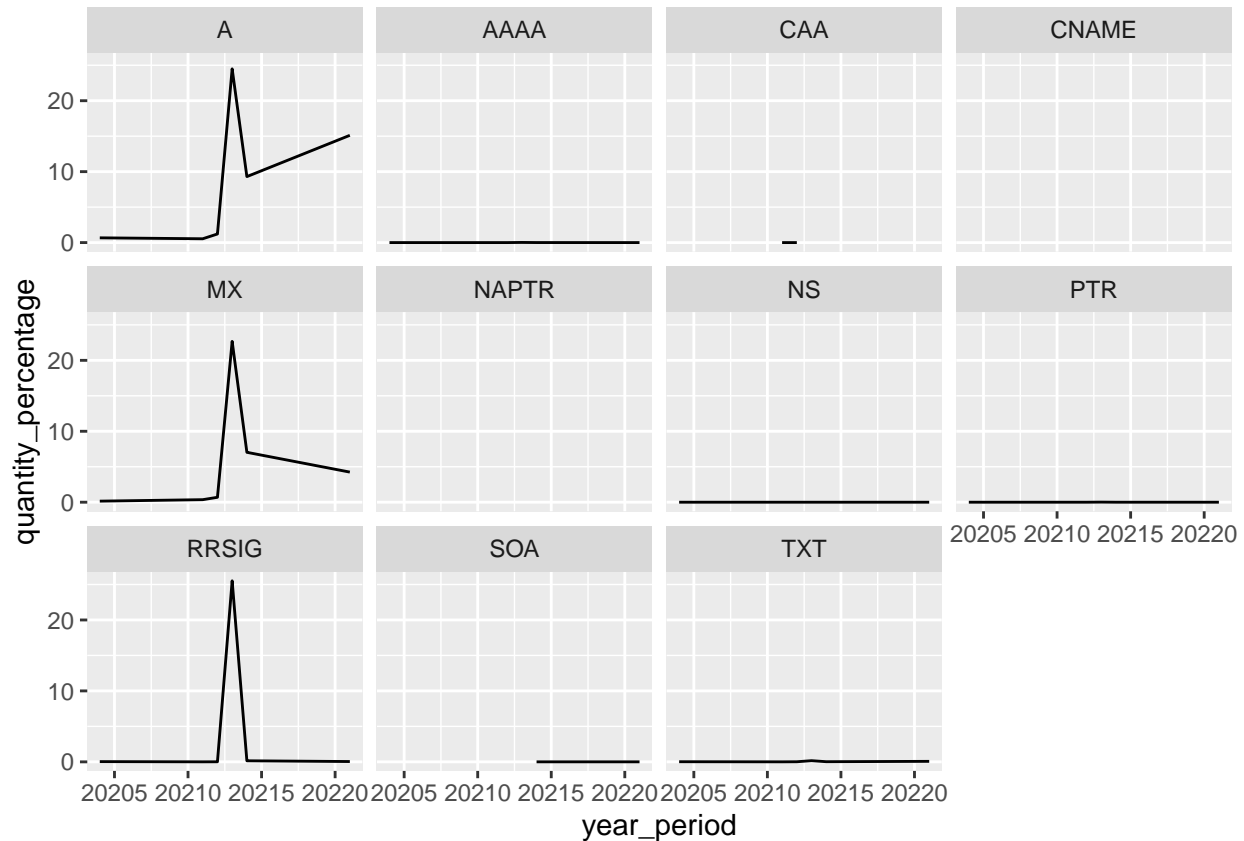
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year_period, y = quantity_percentage)) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_wrap(facets = vars(qtype))
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```



```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity %>%
  filter(qtype != "ANY") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year_period, y = quantity_percentage)) +
    geom_line() +
    facet_wrap(facets = vars(qtype))
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```

```
# ----- filter any

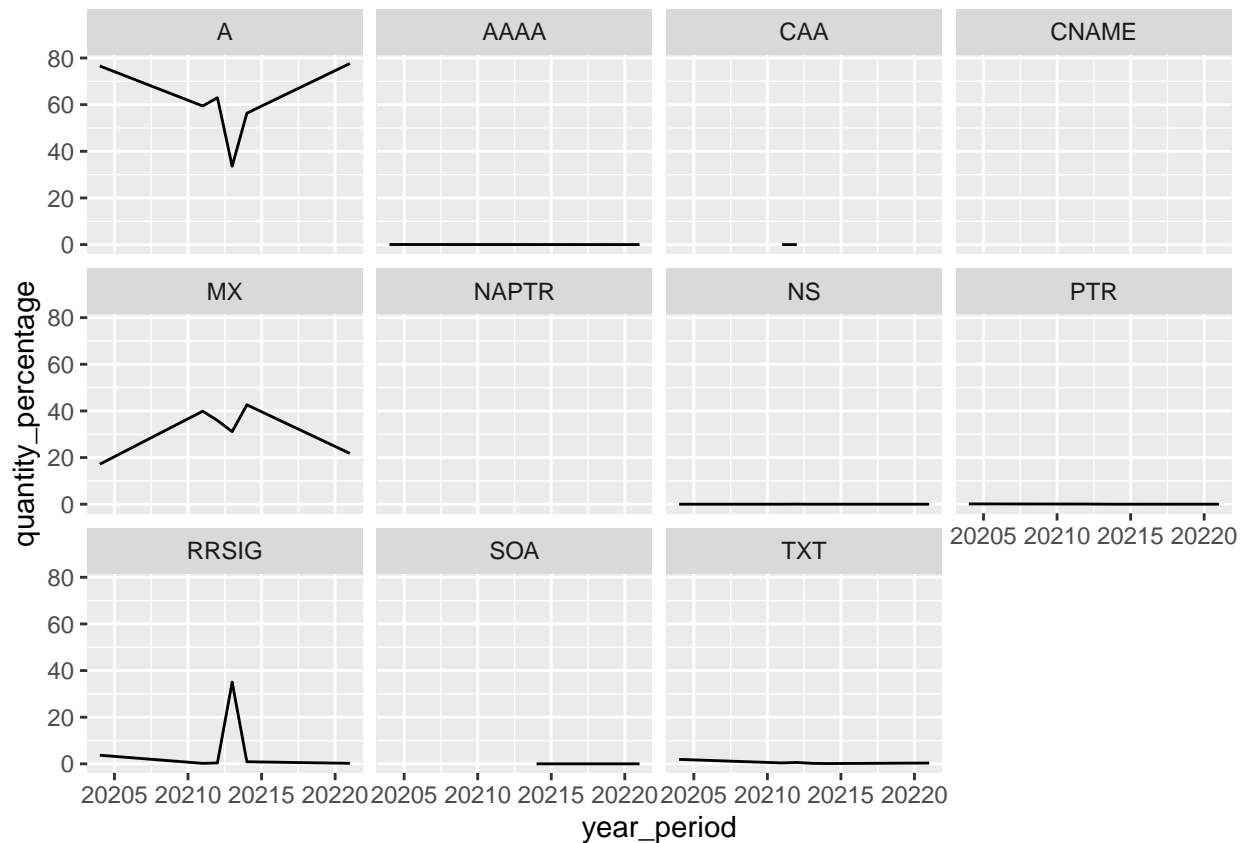
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity.filter_any = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity
  group_by(year_period) %>%
  filter(qtype != "ANY") %>%
  summarise(sum_period_quantity = sum(quantity), qtype=qtype, quantity=quantity)
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year_period'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity.filter_any['quantity_percentage'] = (dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity
  group_by(year_period) %>%
  filter(qtype != "ANY") %>%
  summarise(sum_period_quantity = sum(quantity), qtype=qtype, quantity=quantity))

dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period_quantity.filter_any %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year_period, y = quantity_percentage)) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_wrap(facets = vars(qtype))
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to adjust
## the group aesthetic?
```



```
# Tiago
# - A e MX devem ser olhados junto com o ANY pra ver se existe alguma relação com esse crescimento
# - RRSIG tem um pico legal (descobrir qual ataque/relação pra tentar entender seria interessante)
# - todos os outros qtype deveriam ser gerados em outro grafico pra ver se o padrão d RRSIG n aparece t

# ----- Quantos qtypes novos aparecem em cada trimestre -----
# > Diferenças percentuais são mais relevantes que absolutas

quarter_qtype_aux = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]] %>%
  group_by(qtype) %>%
  summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))

#quarter_qtype_2 = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[2]] %>%
# group_by(qtype) %>%
# summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))

#quarter_qtype_2
#merged = merge(x = quarter_qtype_aux, y = quarter_qtype_2, by = "qtype", all = TRUE)
#merged.new_quantity = merged$quantity.x - merged$quantity.y
#merged

quarter_new_qtype = data.frame()
```

```

for (i in c(2:dns_data.year_period.ungrouped.len)) {
  quarter_qtype = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[i]] %>%
    group_by(qtype) %>%
    summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))

  merged = merge(x = quarter_qtype_aux, y = quarter_qtype, by = "qtype", all = TRUE)
  merged.new_quantity = merged$quantity.x - merged$quantity.y

  perio_to_period = paste(head(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[i - 1]]['year'], 1), '.', head(dns_data.
  quarter_new_qtype <- rbind(quarter_new_qtype, data.frame(quarter_to_quarter=perio_to_period, merged$quantity.y

  quarter_qtype_aux = quarter_qtype
}

#quarter_new_qtype
head(na.omit(quarter_new_qtype[order(-quarter_new_qtype$quantity_percentage),]))

```

```

##      quarter_to_quarter merged.qtype sum_quantity quantity_percentage
## 28 2021 . 2 -> 2021 . 3      RRSIG      325120      26803.0
## 17 2021 . 1 -> 2021 . 2         NS         119      2975.0
## 32 2021 . 3 -> 2021 . 4         ANY     5133467      1480.4
## 22 2021 . 2 -> 2021 . 3       AAAA         195       367.9
## 6  2020 . 4 -> 2021 . 1         MX     111066      336.9
## 43 2021 . 4 -> 2022 . 1         NS          2      200.0
##      merged.quantity.x merged.quantity.y
## 28              1213          326333
## 17                4             123
## 32             346754          5480221
## 22                53             248
## 6               32964          144030
## 43                1              3

```

----- Quantos qname novos aparecem em cada trimestre -----

```

quarter_qname_aux = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[1]] %>%
  group_by(qname) %>%
  summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))

quarter_new_qname = data.frame()
for (i in c(2:dns_data.year_period.ungrouped.len)) {
  quarter_qname = dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[i]] %>%
    group_by(qname) %>%
    summarise(quantity = sum(quantity))

  merged = merge(x = quarter_qname_aux, y = quarter_qname, by = "qname", all = TRUE)
  merged.new_quantity = merged$quantity.x - merged$quantity.y

  period_to_period = paste(head(dns_data.year_period.ungrouped[[i - 1]]['year'], 1), '.', head(dns_data.
  quarter_new_qname <- rbind(quarter_new_qname, data.frame(quarter_to_quarter=period_to_period, merged$quantity.y

  quarter_qname_aux = quarter_qname
}

```

```
#quarter_new_qname
head(na.omit(quarter_new_qname[-order(quarter_new_qname$quantity_percentage_diff),]))
```

```
## [1] quarter_to_quarter      merged.qname          sum_quantity
## [4] quantity_percentage_diff merged.quantity.x      merged.quantity.y
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

```
# @todo
#1- olhar a longo prazo, o timelapse dos qnames
#2- qual a frequencia d qnames novos nesses períodos
# 2.1 olhar em detalhes as variações dos qnames (pq geralmente eles acabam sendo um grupo)
```

```
# Vale um gráfico de barras (dois, um agrupado e outro empilhado) da porcentagem de QTYPES por período
# https://www.data-to-viz.com/graph/barplot.html
# Libraries
#library(tidyverse)
#library(hrbrthemes)
library(viridis)
```

```
## Loading required package: viridisLite
```

```
#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.quantity_percentage = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly$qu
#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly
```

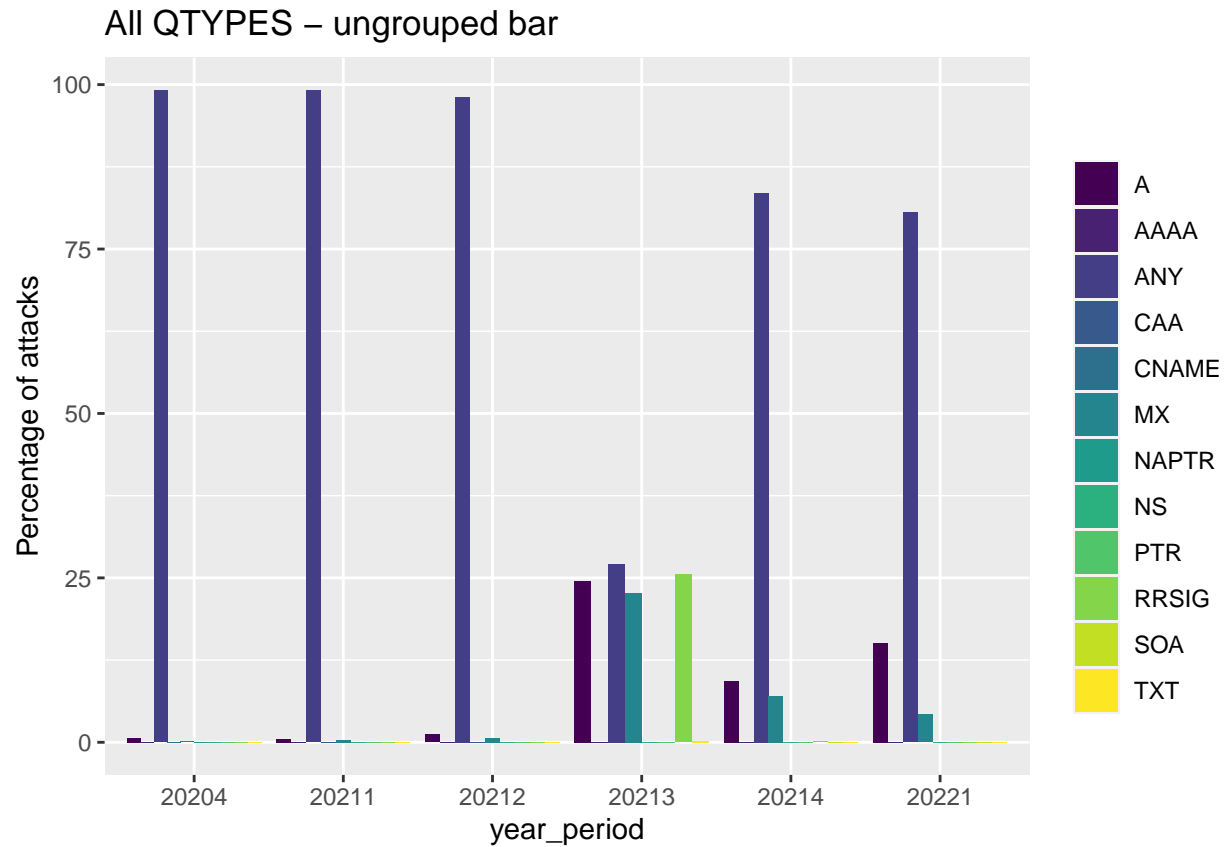
```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly %>%
  group_by(year_period) %>%
  summarise(period_quantity = sum(quantity), qtype=qtype, quantity=quantity)
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year_period'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

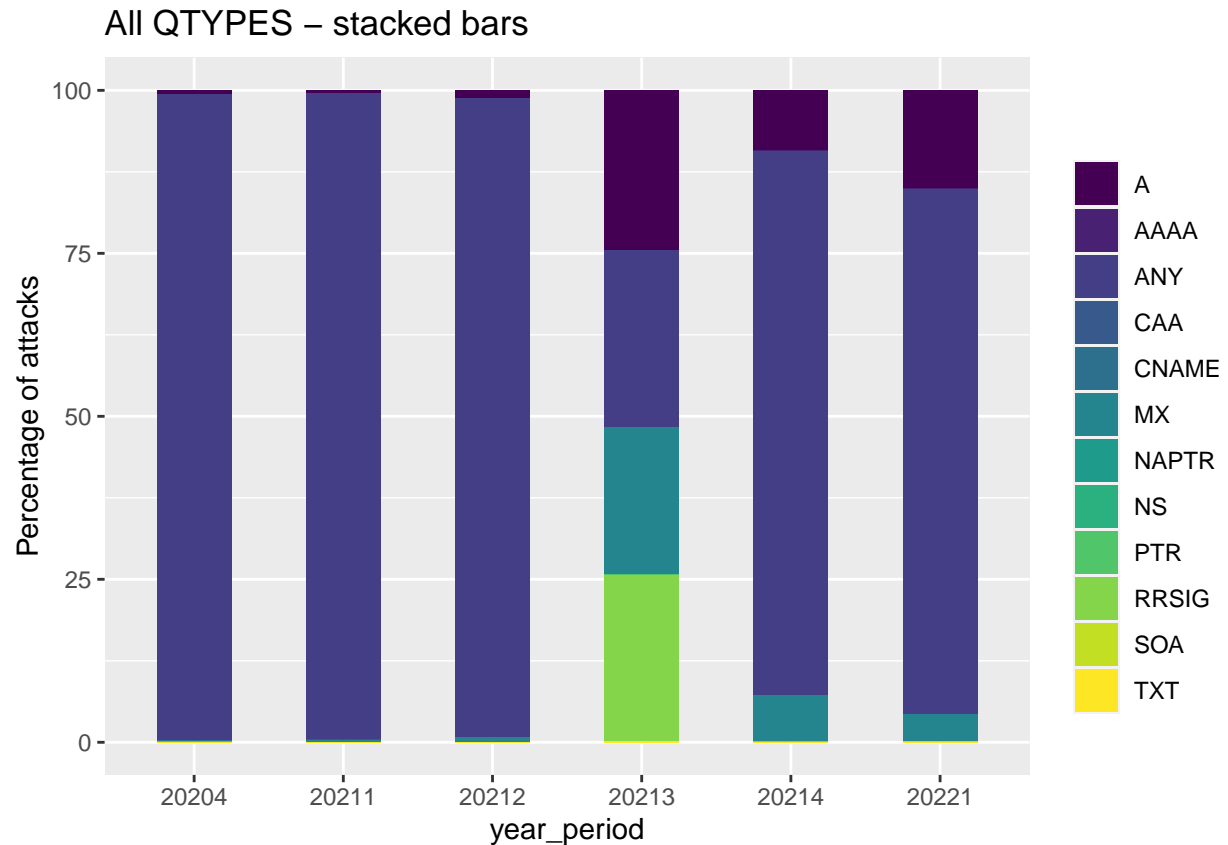
```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period['quantity_percentage'] = (dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks
```

```
#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period
```

```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position="dodge") +
  scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
  ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
  ggtitle("All QTYPES - ungrouped bar")
```

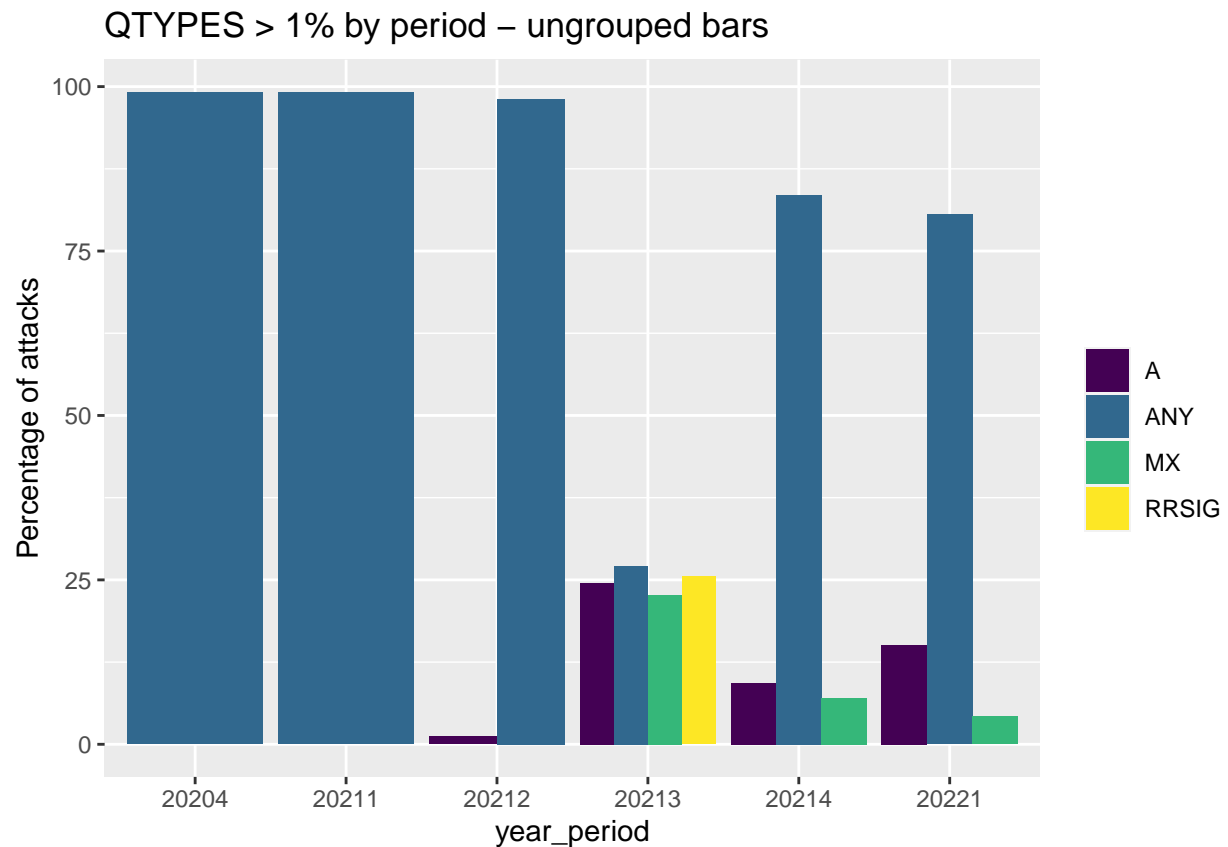


```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.5) +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
    ggtitle("All QTYPES - stacked bars")
```

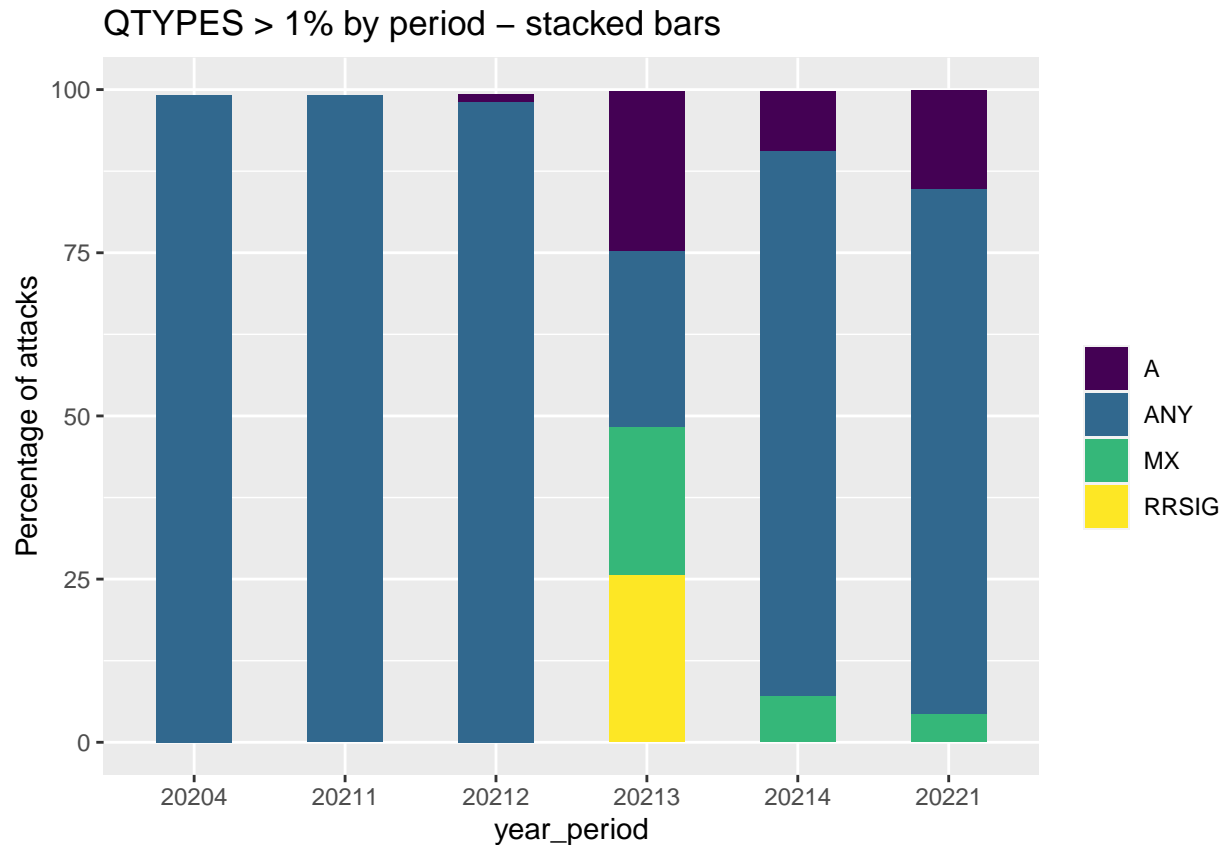


```
## Filter data using qtype quantity percentage bigger than 1

dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  filter(quantity_percentage > 1) %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", position="dodge") +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
    ggtitle("QTYPES > 1% by period - ungrouped bars")
```



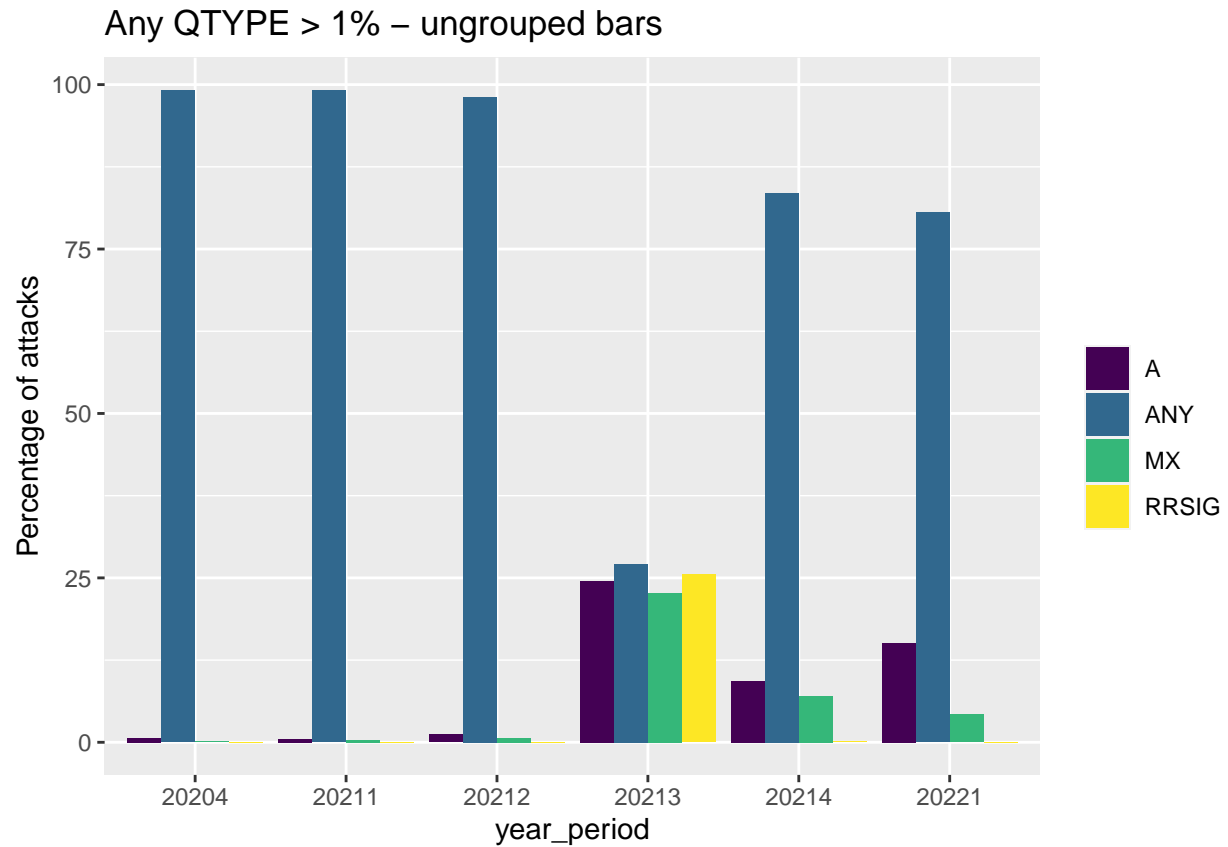
```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  filter(quantity_percentage > 1) %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.5) +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
    ggtitle("QTYPES > 1% by period - stacked bars")
```



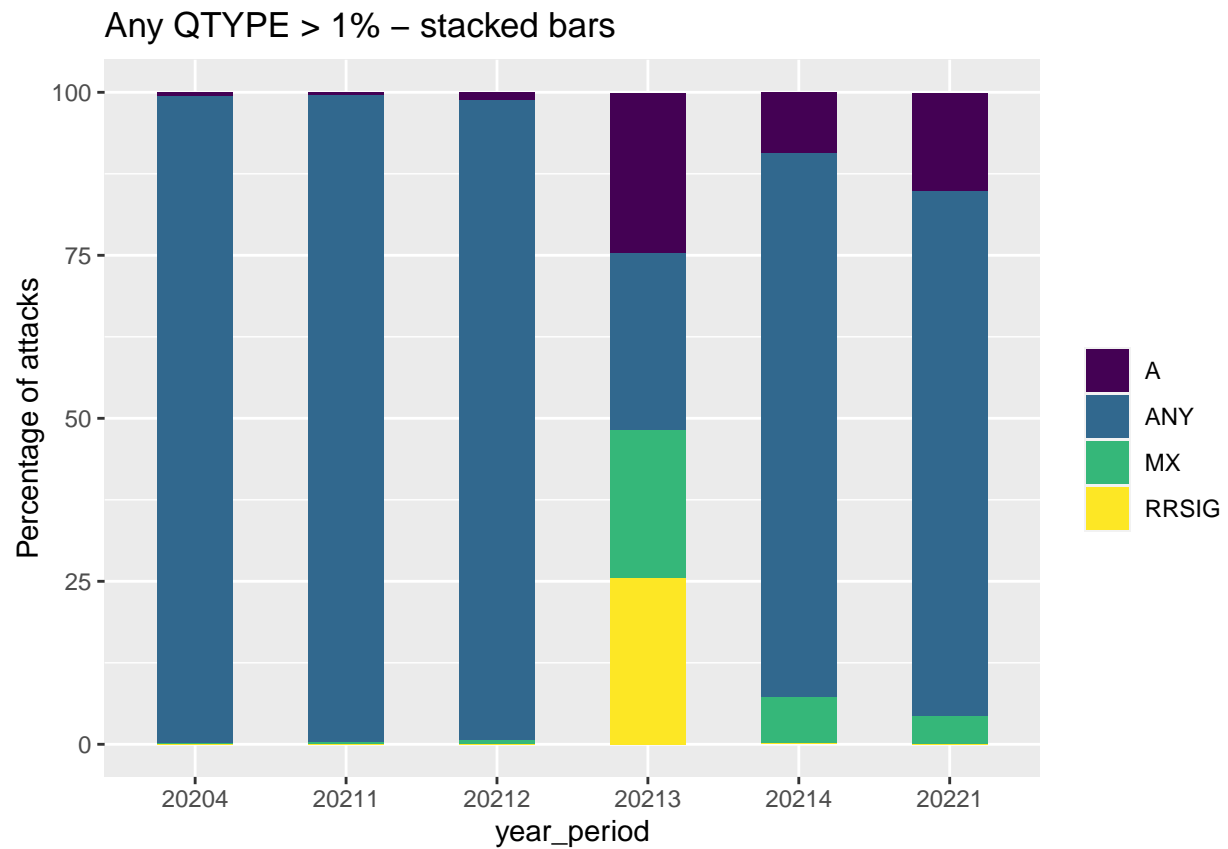
```
#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period.relevant = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period
  filter(quantity_percentage > 1)

#dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period.relevant$qtype
qtypes_bigger_1 = dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period.relevant$qtype[!duplicated(dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period.relevant$qtype)]
#qtypes_bigger_1

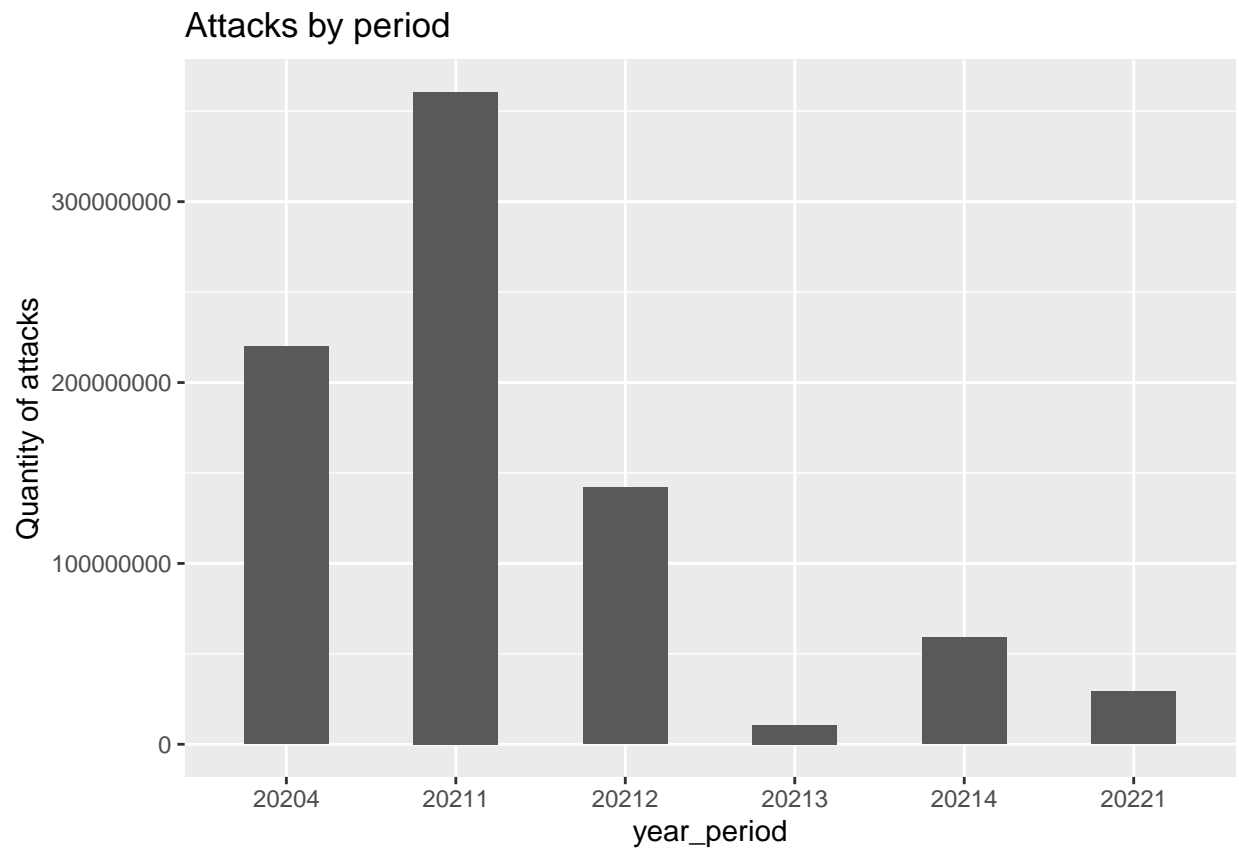
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  filter(qtype %in% qtypes_bigger_1) %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", position="dodge") +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
    ggtitle("Any QTYPE > 1% - ungrouped bars")
```

```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  filter(qtype %in% qtypes_bigger_1) %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=quantity_percentage, fill=qtype)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.5) +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Percentage of attacks") +
    ggtitle("Any QTYPE > 1% - stacked bars")
```



```
dns_data_fetched.sum_attacks_quarterly.sum_period %>%
  mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=period_quantity)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.5) +
    scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
    ylab("Quantity of attacks") +
    ggtitle("Attacks by period")
```



```
# if each line on db were a request
#dns_data_fetched. quarter_type_count.grouped_qtype_period %>%
# mutate(year_period=as.factor(year_period)) %>%
# ggplot( aes(x=year_period, y=count)) +
#   geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.5) +
#   scale_fill_viridis(discrete=TRUE, name="") +
#   ylab("Quantity of request") +
#   ggtitle("Request by period")
```