



FAKULTI SAINS KOMPUTER & TEKNOLOGI MAKLUMAT

***Faculty of Computer Science & Information***  
***Climate Analysis using Weather Data Repository Datasets***

Kod & Nama Kursus <b><i>Course Code &amp; Name</i></b>	WQD7009 BIG DATA APPLICATIONS AND ANALYTICS
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## CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Dataset Overview

Dataset Name : Global Weather Repository

Description : This dataset provides overall weather data for major city in all country in the world .

Key features Selected :

Collumn	Description
<i>No</i>	Row Number (ROW-KEY)
<i>country</i>	The country where the data was recorded.
<i>location_name</i>	The city name of the country the data was recorded.
<i>updated_time</i>	The time and date of the data when it was recorded
<i>Time</i>	The time of the data recorded.
<i>Date</i>	The date of the data recorded.
<i>temperature_celsius</i>	The recorded temperature in degree celcius.
<i>humidity</i>	The humidity percentage of the area.
<i>air_quality_PM2.5</i>	Pm 2.5 air quality index
<i>air_quality_PM10</i>	Pm 10 air quality index
<i>air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide</i>	Air quality measurement: Carbon Monoxide
<i>air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide</i>	Air quality measurement: Nitrogen Dioxide
<i>air_quality_Sulphur_dioxide</i>	Air quality measurement: Sulphur Dioxide

## CHAPTER 2: METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Hbase Table Design

This section describes the Hbase schema and DDL Language use to create the table.

Collumn Family	Columns
location_info	country , location_name
timestamps	updated_time ,Time , Date ,
weather_data	humidity, temperature_celcius
air_quality	air_quality_PM2.5, air_quality_PM10, air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide, air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide, air_quality_Sulphur_dioxide.
air_speed	wind_mph , wind_degree

### 2.2 Importing Data Into Hbase

1. **Start** the Hbase .

```
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hbase shell
2024-11-29 00:18:31,042 INFO [main] Configuration.deprecation: hadoop.native.lib
is deprecated. Instead, use io.native.lib.available
HBase Shell; enter 'help<RETURN>' for list of supported commands.
Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell
Version 1.2.0-cdh5.10.0, rUnknown, Fri Jan 20 12:13:18 PST 2017
```

2. **Create** Hbase Table Name Weather\_Data and propose collumn family.

```
hbase(main):005:0> create 'Weather_Data','location_info','timestamps','weather_d
ata','air_quality','air_speed'
0 row(s) in 1.2930 seconds
```

3. Check back the **list** of table created.

```
=> Hbase::Table - Weather_Data
hbase(main):005:0> list
TABLE
Weather_Data
weather_data
2 row(s) in 0.0060 seconds
```

4. **Exit** Hbase to go to the Hdfs to upload the csv

```
=> ["Weather_Data", "weather_data"]
hbase(main):006:0> exit
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$
```

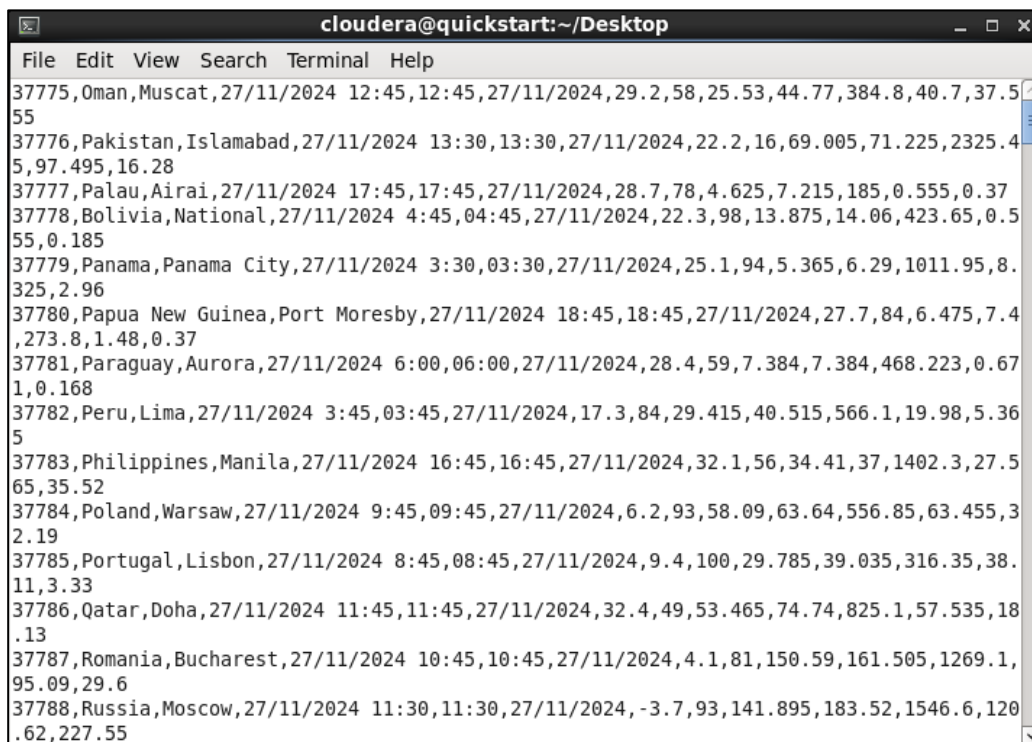
##### 5. Input the Csv file into Hdfs Path (Mkdir, put,ls )

```
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /Dataset
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hdfs dfs -put /home/cloudera/Desktop/WeatherDataReduce.csv /Dataset
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 16 items
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-11-28 20:42 /Bdaa
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-11-28 23:06 /Csvfile
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-11-29 00:46 /Dataset
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-11-10 20:00 /Sparkdata
drwxrwxrwx - hdfs supergroup              0 2017-04-05 04:27 /benchmarks
drwxr-xr-x - hbase supergroup             0 2024-11-29 00:25 /hbase
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-10-18 07:27 /inputfolder1
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-10-21 00:21 /inputfolder2
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-11-10 20:09 /my_spark_output1
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-10-18 07:30 /out1
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup          0 2024-10-21 00:23 /out2
drwxr-xr-x - solr solr                    0 2017-04-05 04:29 /solr
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup 4418139 2024-11-10 19:10 /sparkdata
drwxrwxrwt - hdfs supergroup              0 2024-10-17 01:46 /tmp
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs supergroup              0 2017-04-05 04:29 /user
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs supergroup              0 2017-04-05 04:29 /var
```

##### 6. Check the csv file in the hdfs path by using cat command

```
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hdfs dfs -cat /Dataset/WeatherDataReduce.csv
```

Output :



```
cloudera@quickstart:~/Desktop
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
37775,Oman,Muscat,27/11/2024 12:45,12:45,27/11/2024,29.2,58,25.53,44.77,384.8,40.7,37.5
55
37776,Pakistan,Islamabad,27/11/2024 13:30,13:30,27/11/2024,22.2,16,69.005,71.225,2325.4
5,97.495,16.28
37777,Palau,Airai,27/11/2024 17:45,17:45,27/11/2024,28.7,78,4.625,7.215,185,0.555,0.37
37778,Bolivia,National,27/11/2024 4:45,04:45,27/11/2024,22.3,98,13.875,14.06,423.65,0.5
55,0.185
37779,Panama,Panama City,27/11/2024 3:30,03:30,27/11/2024,25.1,94,5.365,6.29,1011.95,8.
325,2.96
37780,Papua New Guinea,Port Moresby,27/11/2024 18:45,18:45,27/11/2024,27.7,84,6.475,7.4
,273.8,1.48,0.37
37781,Paraguay,Aurora,27/11/2024 6:00,06:00,27/11/2024,28.4,59,7.384,7.384,468.223,0.67
1,0.168
37782,Peru,Lima,27/11/2024 3:45,03:45,27/11/2024,17.3,84,29.415,40.515,566.1,19.98,5.36
5
37783,Philippines,Manila,27/11/2024 16:45,16:45,27/11/2024,32.1,56,34.41,37,1402.3,27.5
65,35.52
37784,Poland,Warsaw,27/11/2024 9:45,09:45,27/11/2024,6.2,93,58.09,63.64,556.85,63.455,3
2.19
37785,Portugal,Lisbon,27/11/2024 8:45,08:45,27/11/2024,9.4,100,29.785,39.035,316.35,38.
11,3.33
37786,Qatar,Doha,27/11/2024 11:45,11:45,27/11/2024,32.4,49,53.465,74.74,825.1,57.535,18
.13
37787,Romania,Bucharest,27/11/2024 10:45,10:45,27/11/2024,4.1,81,150.59,161.505,1269.1,
95.09,29.6
37788,Russia,Moscow,27/11/2024 11:30,11:30,27/11/2024,-3.7,93,141.895,183.52,1546.6,120
.62,227.55
```

7. Upload the csv file from the HDFS path to the Hbase Table that we have create.

```
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hbase org.apache.hadoop.hbase.mapreduce.ImportTsv
-Dimporttsv.separator=',' -Dimporttsv.columns=HBASE_ROW_KEY,location_info:count
ry,location_info:location_name,timestamps:updated_time,timestamps:Time,timestamp
s:Date,weather_data:temperature_celsius,weather_data:humidity,air_quality:air_qu
ality_PM2.5,air_quality:air_quality_PM10,air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide
,air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide,air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_dioxid
e Weather Data /Dataset/WeatherDataReduce.csv
```

Hbase table (Weather\_Data) and Hdfs Path (/Dataset/WeatherDataReduce.csv)

8. **Describe** the table to check the column families on the table

```
hbase(main):003:0> describe 'Weather_Data'
Table Weather Data is ENABLED
```

Output:

```
COLUMN FAMILIES DESCRIPTION
{NAME => 'air_quality', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', REPL
ICATION_SCOPE => '0', VERSIONS => '1', COMPRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS => '
0', TTL => 'FOREVER', KEEP_DELETED_CELLS => 'FALSE', BLOCKSIZE => '65536', IN_ME
MEMORY => 'false', BLOCKCACHE => 'true'}
{NAME => 'air_speed', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', REPLI
CATION_SCOPE => '0', VERSIONS => '1', COMPRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS => '0'
, TTL => 'FOREVER', KEEP_DELETED_CELLS => 'FALSE', BLOCKSIZE => '65536', IN_MEMO
RY => 'false', BLOCKCACHE => 'true'}
{NAME => 'location_info', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', R
EPLICATION_SCOPE => '0', VERSIONS => '1', COMPRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS =>
'0', TTL => 'FOREVER', KEEP_DELETED_CELLS => 'FALSE', BLOCKSIZE => '65536', IN_
MEMORY => 'false', BLOCKCACHE => 'true'}
{NAME => 'timestamps', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', REPL
ICATION_SCOPE => '0', VERSIONS => '1', COMPRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS => '0
', TTL => 'FOREVER', KEEP_DELETED_CELLS => 'FALSE', BLOCKSIZE => '65536', IN_MEM
ORY => 'false', BLOCKCACHE => 'true'}
{NAME => 'weather_data', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', RE
PLICATION_SCOPE => '0', VERSIONS => '1', COMPRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS =>
'0', TTL => 'FOREVER', KEEP_DELETED_CELLS => 'FALSE', BLOCKSIZE => '65536', IN_M
EMORY => 'false', BLOCKCACHE => 'true'}
5 row(s) in 0.0870 seconds
```

As we can see here, the table have 5 column family that we have created .

9. Check the 1<sup>st</sup> row and last row of the data using **get** command.

```
hbase(main):005:0> get 'Weather_Data', '1'
```

COLUMN

CELL

0 row(s) in 0.0050 seconds

```
hbase(main):006:0> get 'Weather_Data', '00001'
```

COLUMN

CELL

```
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_dioxide
air_speed:wind_degree
air_speed:wind_mph
location_info:country
location_info:location_name
timestamps:Date
timestamps:Time
timestamps:updated_time
weather_data:humidity
weather_data:temperature_celsius
```

```
timestamp=1732915791330, value=277
timestamp=1732915791330, value=1.1
timestamp=1732915791330, value=26.6
timestamp=1732915791330, value=8.4
timestamp=1732915791330, value=0.2
timestamp=1732915791330, value=338
timestamp=1732915791330, value=8.3
timestamp=1732915791330, value=Afghanistan
timestamp=1732915791330, value=Kabul
timestamp=1732915791330, value=16/5/2024
timestamp=1732915791330, value=13:15
timestamp=1732915791330, value=16/5/2024 13:15
timestamp=1732915791330, value=24
timestamp=1732915791330, value=26.6
```

14 row(s) in 0.0040 seconds

```
hbase(main):007:0> get 'Weather_Data', '38034'
```

COLUMN

CELL

```
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_dioxide
air_speed:wind_degree
air_speed:wind_mph
location_info:country
location_info:location_name
timestamps:Date
timestamps:Time
timestamps:updated_time
weather_data:humidity
weather_data:temperature_celsius
```

```
timestamp=1732915791330, value=458.8
timestamp=1732915791330, value=0.74
timestamp=1732915791330, value=12.95
timestamp=1732915791330, value=12.95
timestamp=1732915791330, value=0.925
timestamp=1732915791330, value=324
timestamp=1732915791330, value=10.1
timestamp=1732915791330, value=Zimbabwe
timestamp=1732915791330, value=Harare
timestamp=1732915791330, value=28/11/2024
timestamp=1732915791330, value=12:45
timestamp=1732915791330, value=28/11/2024 12:45
timestamp=1732915791330, value=50
timestamp=1732915791330, value=26.2
```

14 row(s) in 0.0030 seconds

```
hbase(main):008:0> █
```

## 2.3 Deleting column

Since there are air\_speed column that are most probably not use in our analysis, we can drop the column.

1. **Disable** the table : Before making any structural changes to an Hbase table, we disable it first

```
=> ["Weather_Data", "weather_Data", "weather_data"]
hbase(main):008:0> disable 'weather_Data'
0 row(s) in 2.2890 seconds
```

2. **Alter** the table to drop the Column family of air\_speed.

```
hbase(main):005:0> alter 'Weather_Data', {NAME => 'air_speed', METHOD => 'delete'}
Updating all regions with the new schema...
1/1 regions updated.
Done.
0 row(s) in 1.9290 seconds
```

3. **Enable** the table .

```
hbase(main):011:0> enable 'Weather_Data'
0 row(s) in 1.2590 seconds
```

4. Check first row of the Hbase table using **get** command.

```
hbase(main):011:0> get 'Weather_Data','00001'
COLUMN                                CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon Monoxide  timestamp=1732915791330, value=277
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen dioxide  timestamp=1732915791330, value=1.1
air_quality:air_quality_PM10             timestamp=1732915791330, value=26.6
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5            timestamp=1732915791330, value=8.4
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur dioxide   timestamp=1732915791330, value=0.2
location_info:country                     timestamp=1732915791330, value=Afghanistan
location_info:location_name               timestamp=1732915791330, value=Kabul
timestamps:Date                           timestamp=1732915791330, value=16/5/2024
timestamps:Time                           timestamp=1732915791330, value=13:15
timestamps:updated time                   timestamp=1732915791330, value=16/5/2024 13:15
weather_data:humidity                     timestamp=1732915791330, value=24
weather_data:temperature celsius          timestamp=1732915791330, value=26.6
12 row(s) in 0.0070 seconds
hbase(main):012:0> █
```

Since the air\_speed column family has been drop, there are no more wind\_mph and wind\_degree. The overall row reduce from 14 to 12.



## CHAPTER 3: ANALYSIS AND RESULT DISCUSSION

### 3.1 GLOBAL TEMPERATURE CHANGE

#### 3.1.1 Top 2 Global Highest Temperature recorded

Query & Output :

```
hbase(main):036:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'weather_data:temperature_celsius', 'timestamps:update
d_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('weather_data', 'temperature_celsius', >, 'binary:47.9')"}
ROW COLUMN+CELL
06897 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuwait
06897 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/6/2024 16:45
06897 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=49.2
07271 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
07271 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/6/2024 16:30
07271 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=48.4
07461 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
07461 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/6/2024 16:45
07461 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=49.1
08426 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuwait
08426 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/6/2024 16:15
08426 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=48.9
09401 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuwait
09401 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/7/2024 16:15
09401 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=48.1
09976 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
09976 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=5/7/2024 15:45
09976 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=48.3
11146 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
11146 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=11/7/2024 15:45
11146 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=49.1
11339 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
11339 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=12/7/2024 15:45
11339 column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=48.8
No column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=country
No column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=updated_time
No column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=temperature_celsius
9 row(s) in 0.0730 seconds
```

Discussion: From the query, the table has been specified to only showing country, temperature, and the timestamps. Also, by using the filter of 'SingleColumnValueFilter', the output generated will be only showing for temperature that is more than 47.9. From this output, we can see that the country that have highest temperature recorded was in Kuwait with 49.2 degrees celsius while the second highest temperature recorded was in Iraq with 49.1 degrees. This extreme temperature indicated that some region are experiencing unpredictable heat waves, which a clear sign of global warming. Next to get deeper understanding, we retrieve the row of both country using get command.

```
hbase(main):003:0> get 'Weather Data', '06897'
COLUMN CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbo timestamp=1732952792686, value=00208.6
n_Monoxide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitro timestamp=1732952792686, value=003.7
gen_dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10 timestamp=1732952792686, value=187.0
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5 timestamp=1732952792686, value=033.6
air_quality:air_quality_Sulph timestamp=1732952792686, value=000.8
ur_dioxide
location_info:country timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuwait
location_info:location_name timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuwait City
timestamps:Date timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/6/2024
timestamps:Time timestamp=1732952792686, value=16:45
timestamps:updated_time timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/6/2024 16:45
weather_data:humidity timestamp=1732952792686, value=004
weather_data:temperature_cels timestamp=1732952792686, value=49.2
ius
12 row(s) in 0.0810 seconds
```

```

hbase(main):004:0> get 'Weather_Data','07461'
COLUMN                                CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Monoxide timestamp=1732952792686, value=00208.6
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_dioxide timestamp=1732952792686, value=003.8
air_quality:air_quality_PM10 timestamp=1732952792686, value=047.9
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5 timestamp=1732952792686, value=016.1
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_dioxide timestamp=1732952792686, value=002.3
location_info:country timestamp=1732952792686, value=Iraq
location_info:location_name timestamp=1732952792686, value=Baghdad
timestamps:Date timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/6/2024
timestamps:Time timestamp=1732952792686, value=16:45
timestamps:updated_time timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/6/2024 16:45
weather_data:humidity timestamp=1732952792686, value=008
weather_data:temperature_celsius timestamp=1732952792686, value=49.1
12 row(s) in 0.0250 seconds

```

Looking deeper onto this 2 rows using get command, we can see that the effected city for the heat waves is Kuwait City and Baghdad,Iraq .

### 3.1.2 Trend of Malaysia Temperature Changes

1. **Scan** : To obtain weather data table with column of country, temperature ,and the date and time. Also use filter to only show Malaysia country.

```
hbase(main):002:0> scan 'Weather_Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'weather_data:temperature_celsius', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Malaysia')"}

```

Output :

Since the output have 190 Rows , the screenshot shows below only show the highest temperature recorded for each month from May 2024 to November 2024.

#### May 2024

03024	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
03024	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=30/5/2024 21:45
03024	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=31.0

#### June 2024

07871	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
07871	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=24/6/2024 21:45
07871	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=30.4

#### July 2024

12483	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
12483	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/7/2024 20:45
12483	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=32.2

#### August 2024

20257	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
20257	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=29/8/2024 20:00
20257	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=32.1

#### September 2024

25131	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
25131	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=23/9/2024 17:45
25131	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=33.1

#### October 2024

26886	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
26886	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=2/10/2024 17:30
26886	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=34.3

#### November 2024

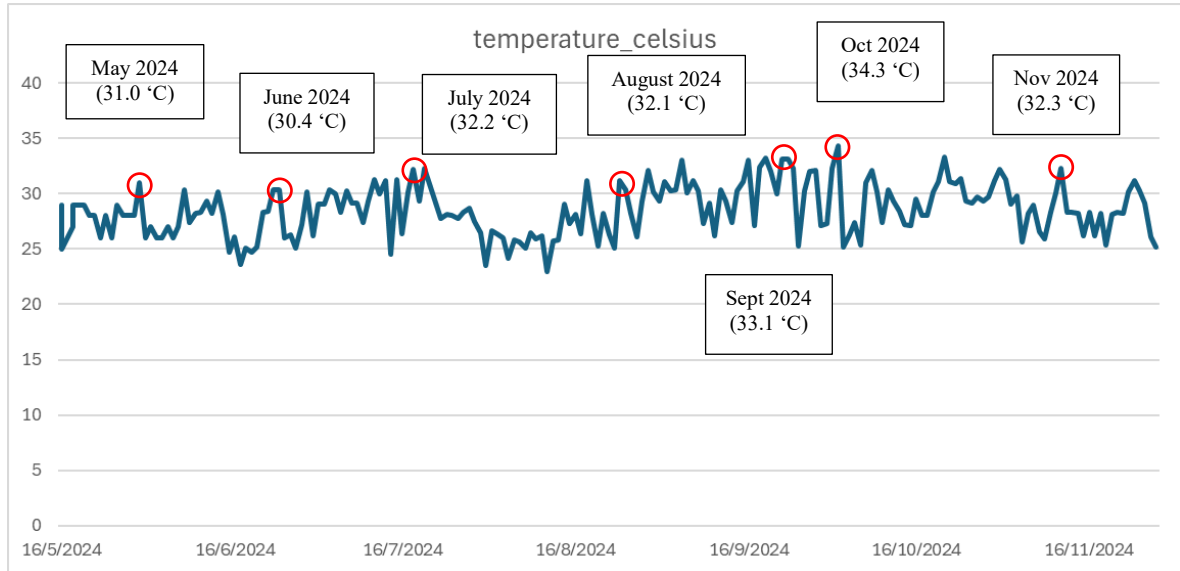
34628	column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
34628	column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=11/11/2024 17:00
34628	column=weather_data:temperature_celsius, timestamp=1732952792686, value=32.3

Discussion : The highest temperature data from each month from May to November 2024 in Malaysia reflects the potential impact of climate change. There is a positive increment in warming particularly from July to October. With the peak temperature achieved 34.3 C in October, this indicates the result of global warming to Malaysia. While moderate temperature in May and June are aligned with the wind mooson cooling effect. These patterns indicate the importance of adresssing climate change, as an increase in temperature could lead to many consequences in every aspect.

## 2. Echo : Export the output for easier trend visualization

```
echo "scan 'weather_data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country',  
'weather_data:temperature_celsius','timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info',  
'country', =, 'substring:Malaysia')"} " | hbase shell > malaysia temps.txt
```

Output :



### Discussion :

This graph shows the trend for Malaysia temperatures changes showing there is clear trend of increasing and sustained heat with the peak temperature of 34.3°C in October. The slow and steady heat rise indicates the intensity of summer conditions. With october temperature reaching the highest to 34.3°C, it surpasses the typical seasonal expectations. Despite the transition to November, the temperature still elevates at 32.3 °C indicating summer season has prolonged. This pattern of rising and sustaining peak temperature showcase to use that this is the impact of climat change posing significant risk to public health, ecosystem, and energy system. This highlights the urgency of climates adaptation efforts are needed.

## 3.2 AIR QUALITY INDEX

### 3.1.1 Discovering Countries with high Air Quality Index ( Pm2.5 ) and its Causes.

1. **Scan** the table of weather data and its air quality column together with time and location. Filter use to set a minimum of 500 micograms per cubic meter.

```
hbase(main):011:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('air_quality', 'air_quality_PM2.5', >, 'binary:500.0')"}
ROW                                COLUMN+CELL
00231                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=714.1
00231                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
00231                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=16/5/2024 10:00
00469                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=798.5
00469                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
00469                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=17/5/2024 23:00
00618                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=554.7
00618                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
00618                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/5/2024 10:30
01007                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=502.1
01007                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
01007                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=20/5/2024 10:30
01245                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=874.9
01245                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
01245                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/5/2024 21:45
01397                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=579.3
01397                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
01397                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/5/2024 10:15
01787                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=557.9
01787                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
01787                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=24/5/2024 10:30
01982                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=608.0
01982                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
01982                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=25/5/2024 10:00
02567                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=981.8
02567                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
02567                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/5/2024 10:30
02762                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=767.1
02762                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
02762                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=29/5/2024 10:00
02805                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=659.9
02805                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
02805                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=29/5/2024 21:00
03194                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=650.2
03194                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
03194                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=31/5/2024 21:15
03346                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=843.7
03346                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
03346                               column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=1/6/2024 10:15
03541                               column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=646.8
03541                               column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
```

#### Discussion :

From the output, it is observed that Chile and Indonesia having the highest Pm2.5 air quality recorded exceeding 500  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ , the factors to this can be study from the overall data quality of each data record. 2 Query is use to obtain the overall column information for both of this row to have deeper understanding of the data and its posible causes.

2. **Get** = Obtain the overall row of the highest value of PM2.5 for Indonesia(Row= 01245) and Chile (Row=02567) to understand better on overall air quality data.

For Indonesia :

```
hbase(main):012:0> get 'Weather_Data', '01245'
COLUMN                                CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Mo    timestamp=1732952792686, value=37597.7
noxiide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_     timestamp=1732952792686, value=252.3
dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10          timestamp=1732952792686, value=1072.8
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5        timestamp=1732952792686, value=874.9
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_d    timestamp=1732952792686, value=150.7
ioxiide
location_info:country                 timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
location_info:location_name           timestamp=1732952792686, value=Jakarta
timestamps:Date                       timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/5/2024
timestamps:Time                       timestamp=1732952792686, value=21:45
timestamps:updated_time               timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/5/2024 21:45
weather_data:humidity                timestamp=1732952792686, value=079
weather_data:temperature_celsius      timestamp=1732952792686, value=29.0
12 row(s) in 0.0160 seconds
```

For Chile :

```
hbase(main):013:0> get 'Weather_Data', '02567'
COLUMN                                CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_Mo    timestamp=1732952792686, value=10467.5
noxiide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen_     timestamp=1732952792686, value=175.5
dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10          timestamp=1732952792686, value=1167.0
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5        timestamp=1732952792686, value=981.8
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur_d    timestamp=1732952792686, value=070.6
ioxiide
location_info:country                 timestamp=1732952792686, value=Chile
location_info:location_name           timestamp=1732952792686, value=Santiago
timestamps:Date                       timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/5/2024
timestamps:Time                       timestamp=1732952792686, value=10:30
timestamps:updated_time               timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/5/2024 10:30
weather_data:humidity                timestamp=1732952792686, value=087
weather_data:temperature_celsius      timestamp=1732952792686, value=07.0
12 row(s) in 0.0030 seconds
```

## Discussion :

Based on the output above for both Indonesia and chile, both air quality are influenced by the Carbon Monoxide which is 37597.7  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for Indonesia and 10467.5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for Chile. In Indonesia , this are probably driven by slash-and-burn agriculture, urban emissions, and forest fires, worsened by prolonged dry seasons linked to global warming. While for Chile,



this is also influenced by the geographic location of Santiago, Chile which in position between two mountain ranges, the Andes and Cordilera de la Costa. Air pocket is created where stale air accumulates and takes longer to disperse. This is also influenced by their industrial activities, wildfires, and the air pocket which trap pollutants near the area. These concerning pollution levels highlight the urgent need for focused mitigation measures, such as more stringent emission regulations, sustainable land management techniques, and more robust adaption plans to safeguard ecosystems and public health against the effects of climate change.

### 3.1.2 Malaysia Air Quality Trends

1. **Scan:** To display all Pm2.5 air quality values that is in Malaysia together with the date and time and the country column.

```
hbase(main):017:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Malaysia')"}
ROW COLUMN+CELL
00104 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=040.5
00104 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00104 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=16/5/2024 16:45
00299 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=131.5
00299 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00299 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=16/5/2024 22:00
00494 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=094.3
00494 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00494 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/5/2024 0:00
00686 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=054.2
00686 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00686 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/5/2024 22:30
00880 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=070.8
00880 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00880 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/5/2024 22:00
01075 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=136.0
01075 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01075 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=20/5/2024 22:45
01270 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=129.9
01270 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01270 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/5/2024 22:45
01465 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=104.0
01465 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01465 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/5/2024 22:15
01660 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=111.7
01660 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01660 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=23/5/2024 22:00
01855 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=051.9
01855 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01855 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=24/5/2024 22:30
02050 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=034.4
02050 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02050 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=25/5/2024 22:00
02245 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=026.0
02245 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02245 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=26/5/2024 22:15
02440 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=075.6
02440 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02440 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/5/2024 22:30
02635 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=124.4
02635 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
```

\*Overall Row is 196 .

2. **Scan:** Since the data is too long , we filter the value to data that is above 55.5 µg/m<sup>3</sup> ( Unhealthy Level) for analysing .

```
hbase(main):026:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "(SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Malaysia') AND SingleColumnValueFilter('air_quality', 'air_quality_PM2.5', >, 'binary:055.5'))"}
ROW                                COLUMN+CELL
00299                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=131.5
00299                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00299                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=16/5/2024 22:00
00494                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=094.3
00494                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00494                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/5/2024 0:00
00880                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=070.8
00880                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
00880                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/5/2024 22:00
01075                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=136.0
01075                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01075                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=20/5/2024 22:45
01270                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=129.9
01270                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01270                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=21/5/2024 22:45
01465                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=104.0
01465                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01465                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=22/5/2024 22:15
01660                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=111.7
01660                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
01660                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=23/5/2024 22:00
02440                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=075.6
02440                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02440                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/5/2024 22:30
02635                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=124.4
02635                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02635                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/5/2024 22:30
02830                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=097.2
02830                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
02830                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=29/5/2024 22:00
03609                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=085.2
03609                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
```

The filtered data for Malaysia shows PM2.5 values consistently exceeding the unhealthy threshold of 55.5 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, with readings reaching as high as 136.0 µg/m<sup>3</sup> on May 19, 2024, and 129.9 µg/m<sup>3</sup> on May 20, 2024. These elevated levels suggest persistent and severe air pollution, likely caused by urban emissions, industrial activities, and regional transboundary haze from forest fires. Such air quality levels pose significant health risks, including respiratory and cardiovascular issues, while also reflecting broader environmental challenges exacerbated by climate change. To better understand its cause, we obtain the highest value recorded first to analyse from that.



3. **Scan:** Obtain the highest Pm2.5 value in Malaysia by using filter to only show value that is more than 200 .

```
hbase(main):006:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "(SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', '=', 'substring:Malaysia') AND SingleColumnValueFilter('air_quality', 'air_quality_PM2.5', '>', 'binary:200'))"}
ROW                                COLUMN+CELL
03999                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=241.0
03999                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
03999                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=4/6/2024 22:15
04194                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=247.6
04194                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
04194                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=5/6/2024 22:15
05557                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=376.0
05557                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
05557                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=12/6/2024 22:15
06720                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=207.5
06720                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
06720                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=18/6/2024 22:00
08634                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=387.8
08634                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
08634                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/6/2024 21:15
09219                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=239.4
09219                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
09219                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=1/7/2024 21:15
09414                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=291.4
09414                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
09414                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=2/7/2024 21:15
10974                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=203.0
10974                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
10974                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=10/7/2024 21:00
18307                             column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=242.2
18307                             column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
18307                             column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=19/8/2024 20:30
9 row(s) in 0.1200 seconds
```

As we can observed here, the query reveals there are significantly some data recorded above 200  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ , on multiple dates between June and August 2024. The highest recorded value was 387.8  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  recorded on 28 June 2024. Query below shows the overall air quality for this particular row to better understand it cause.

4. **Get :** Detail air quality index on the highest pm2.5 recorded row (08634)

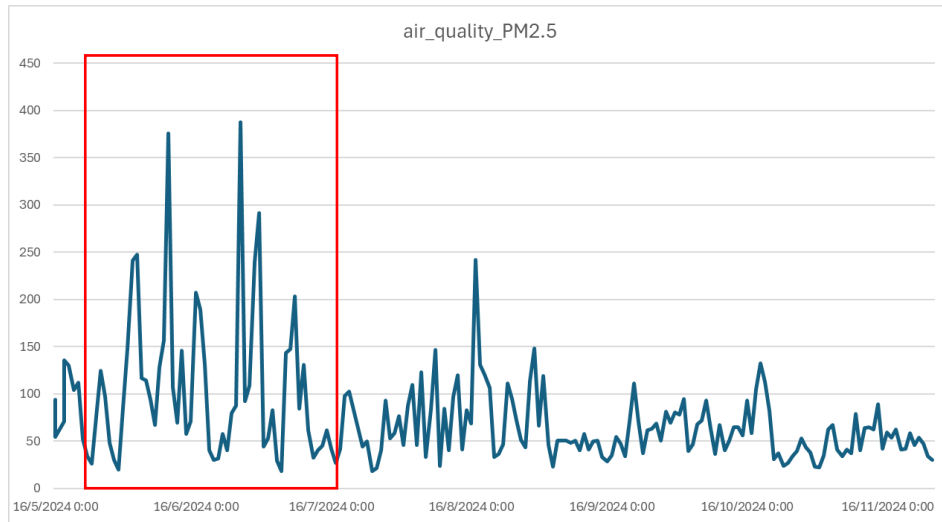
```
hbase(main):002:0> get 'Weather_Data' , '08634'
COLUMN                                CELL
air_quality:air_quality_Carbon_M      timestamp=1732952792686, value=10040.3
onoxide
air_quality:air_quality_Nitrogen       timestamp=1732952792686, value=224.8
_dioxide
air_quality:air_quality_PM10           timestamp=1732952792686, value=419.4
air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5         timestamp=1732952792686, value=387.8
air_quality:air_quality_Sulphur        timestamp=1732952792686, value=064.9
dioxide
location_info:country                  timestamp=1732952792686, value=Malaysia
location_info:location_name            timestamp=1732952792686, value=Kuala Lumpur
timestamps:Date                        timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/6/2024
timestamps:Time                        timestamp=1732952792686, value=21:15
timestamps:updated_time                timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/6/2024 21:15
weather_data:humidity                  timestamp=1732952792686, value=089
weather_data:temperature_celsius       timestamp=1732952792686, value=27.2
12 row(s) in 0.2440 seconds
```

As we can see here, the highest value recorded is Carbon Monoxide, which could indicate the activity of Fuel-burning appliances, Motor vehicles, including power plants and wildfire.

5. **Echo** : Export output file , this is the overall pattern of the air quality in Malaysia from May- November 2024

Export the output using echo command

```
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ echo "scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5','timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => \"SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Malaysia')\"} | hbase shell  
> malaysia_airquality.txt  
2024-11-30 16:38:12,545 INFO [main] Configuration.deprecation: hadoop.native.lib is deprecated. Instead, use io.native.lib.available
```



**Discussion:** The air quality trend in Malaysia from May to November 2024 reveals a distinct pattern of fluctuating PM2.5 levels, with several severe spikes indicating unhealthy to hazardous air quality during specific periods. The highest peaks were observed in **June and July**, coinciding with the dry season, which is often associated with **transboundary haze from forest fires in the region (Indonesia slash and burn activity)** . To study this, we obtain the pm2.5 value in Indonesia in the query below to confirm the statement. After July, the air quality gradually improved, showing fewer extreme spikes, likely due to seasonal changes and rainfall reducing airborne particulates. However, occasional moderate increases were still observed in August and October, indicating persistent localized sources of pollution such as industrial emissions or agricultural burning. Overall, while the trend shows some improvement toward the latter months, it underscores the critical need for proactive measures to mitigate pollution during high-risk periods.

6. **Scan** : To confirm the statement of slash and burn activity in Indonesia, we obtained the overall air quality value of Neighbouring country which is Indonesia.

The Query :

```
hbase(main):005:0> scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5','timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => "SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Indonesia')"} |
```

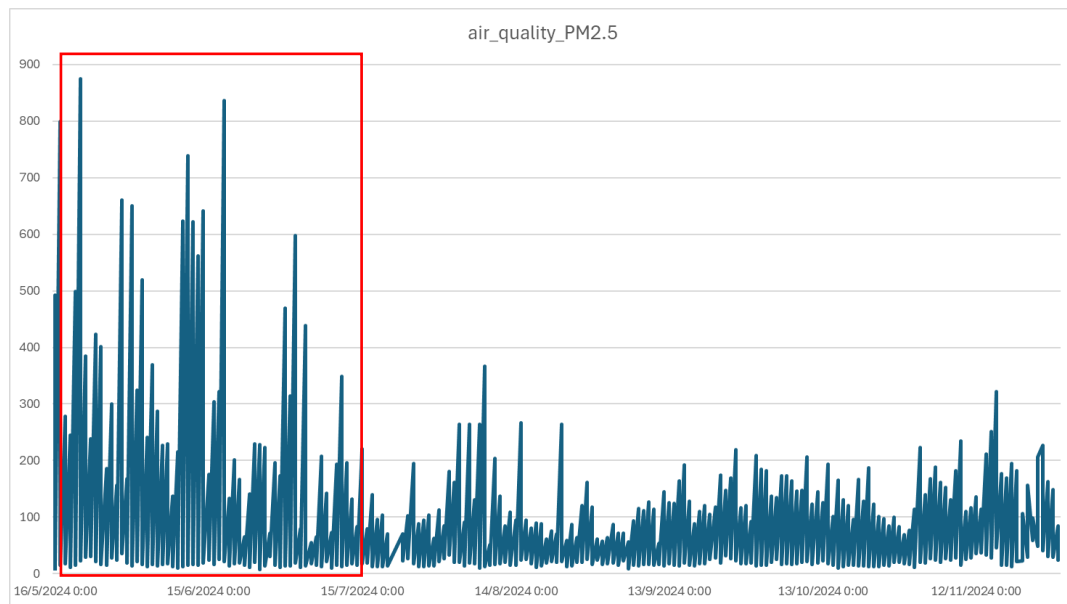
## Output Snippet :

```
37138 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=206.8
37138 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37138 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=24/11/2024 15:30
37152 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=048.8
37152 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37152 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=24/11/2024 15:15
37333 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=227.4
37333 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37333 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=25/11/2024 15:30
37347 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=040.5
37347 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37347 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=25/11/2024 15:45
37528 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=162.4
37528 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37528 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=26/11/2024 16:00
37542 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=030.5
37542 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37542 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=26/11/2024 16:00
37723 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=148.6
37723 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37723 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/11/2024 15:45
37737 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=029.8
37737 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37737 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=27/11/2024 15:45
37918 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=084.2
37918 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37918 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/11/2024 17:45
37932 column=air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5, timestamp=1732952792686, value=024.4
37932 column=location_info:country, timestamp=1732952792686, value=Indonesia
37932 column=timestamps:updated_time, timestamp=1732952792686, value=28/11/2024 18:00
393 row(s) in 0.6330 seconds
```

## 7. Echo :Export the output file .

```
[ccloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ echo "scan 'Weather Data', {COLUMNS => ['location_info:country', 'air_quality:air_quality_PM2.5', 'timestamps:updated_time'], FILTER => \"SingleColumnValueFilter('location_info', 'country', =, 'substring:Indonesia')\"} | hbase shell > Indonesia airquality.txt
2024-11-30 18:05:22,020 INFO [main] Configuration.deprecation: hadoop.native.lib is deprecated. Instead, use io.native.lib.available
```

## Output:



### Discussion :

This graph shows that the Pm2.5 levels in Indonesia, revealing its significantly high value when compared to Malaysia in the same period. During highlighted period, Indonesia air quality of pm2.5 frequently exceed 500  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ , with peaks achieving 800 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ . These extreme levels indicate their severe air pollution are likely driven by its slash and burn agricultural practices during this dry period.

When putting both graph side by side, a clear connection emerge. This correlation between Malaysia and Indonesia air quality suggest that the transboundary haze originating from Indonesia slash and burn practices significantly impacts Malaysia air Quality.

In conclusion, there is a highlights on the need for collaborative efforts to adress slash and burn practices between these countries, as it not only effect local environment in Indonesia but also pose significant threat of environmental for their neighbouring countries like Malaysia