A project report on

TrafficTelligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation with Machine Learning

By

SmartInternz

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Project Id: LTVIP2025TMID59882

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I would like to express my sincere and deep sense of gratitude to my Project mentor **MR.M.Ganesh,** for his valuable guidance, suggestions and constant encouragement paved way for the successful completion of my project work.

I wish to express my thanks to all Teaching and Non-teaching staff members of the **Department of Computer Science and Engineering** who were helpful in many ways for the completion of the project

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this project is to design and develop a traffic assessment system. Traffic estimate is determined by the amount of traffic congestion. Traffic jams cause people to lose valuable time, energy and frustration every day. Congestion is a global problem that affects all levels of society. The most common causes of traffic congestion are any driver getting stuck in a traffic jam on their journey. Accidents such as road accidents and road accidents often lead to unexpected unforeseen delays. There are also bad weather conditions due to low traffic flow speeds. It is difficult to accurately estimate traffic flow due to the very large data of the transportation system. This fact prompted us to work on a traffic prediction system to accurately and timely assess traffic flow information. We plan to use machine learning for prediction and regression based algorithm for image detection to analyze the bulk data of the transport system, we will use various graphical user fronts for interactive application. Machine learning provides better accuracy for Traffic volume flow prediction. It's addressed as a major element for the success of advanced traffic volume management systems, advanced public transportation systems, and traveler information systems. The rationale of this extension is to develop a prescient demonstration utilizing different machine learning calculations and to record the endto-end steps. The Metro Interstate Activity Volume dataset could also be a relapse circumstance where we are trying to anticipate the esteem of a ceaseless variable. We'll be analyzing how the drift of month-to-month interstate activity volume changes over an extended time between 2012 and 2018.

Key Words: Traffic Volume, Random Forest, Machine Learning, RSME, Flask

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Source Code(if any)

Dataset Link

1.Introduction

1.1 Project Overview

Traffic congestion in urban areas has become a major challenge, leading to increased pollution, fuel consumption, and loss of productivity. Traditional methods of traffic volume monitoring rely on fixed sensors and manual observation, which are often expensive and limited in scalability. **TrafficTelligence** is an intelligent system designed to estimate and analyze traffic volume using machine learning models. The system leverages historical and real-time traffic data to provide accurate traffic volume predictions, enabling authorities to make data-driven decisions for better traffic management.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this project is to develop a machine learning-based traffic volume estimation system that:

- Accurately predicts traffic volume using historical datasets
- Helps reduce congestion by enabling proactive measures
- Supports urban planners in traffic flow optimization
- Enhances the smart city infrastructure

2.Ideation Phase

2.1 The Problem Statements

Traffic congestion results in increased travel time, environmental degradation, and economic loss. Traditional systems lack intelligence and adaptability. There is a need for an automated, scalable, and intelligent system that can predict traffic volume based on various factors such as time, weather, and past data

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Maximum Marks	2 Marks
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Customer Problem Statement Template:

Create a problem statement to understand your customer's point of view. The Customer Problem Statement template helps you focus on what matters to create experiences people will love.

A well-articulated customer problem statement allows you and your team to find the ideal solution for the challenges your customers face. Throughout the process, you'll also be able to empathize with your customers, which helps you better understand how they perceive your product or service.



Reference: https://miro.com/templates/customer-problem-statement/

Example:



Problem	I am	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes
Statement	(Customer)				me feel
(PS)					
PS-1	A daily	Reach my	I often get stuck	I don't have	Frustrated,
	commuter	destination	in traffic	access to real-	anxious, and
		on time	unexpectedly	time or	often late
				predictive traffic	
				data	

PS-2	A traffic	Manage	I can't predict	The current	Inefficient,
	planner or	urban traffic	future traffic	systems don't	reactive, and
	city authority	flow	surges accurately	use intelligent	under
		efficiently		or predictive	pressure
				methods	

2.1 Empathize & Discover

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	Machine Learning

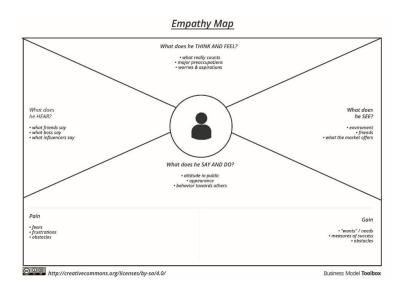
Empathy Map Canvas:

An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviours and attitudes.

It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users.

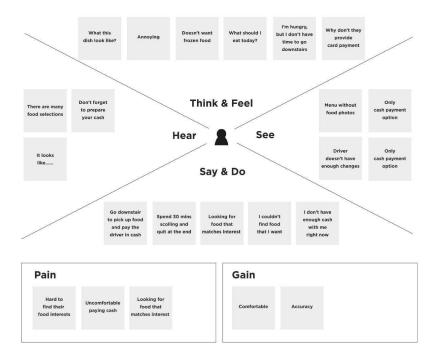
Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it. The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.

Example:



Reference: https://www.mural.co/templates/empathy-map-canvas

Example: Food Ordering & Delivery Application



2.3. Brainstorm & Idea Prioritization Template

Date	21 june 2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
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	Machine Learning
Maximum	4 Marks

Marks			

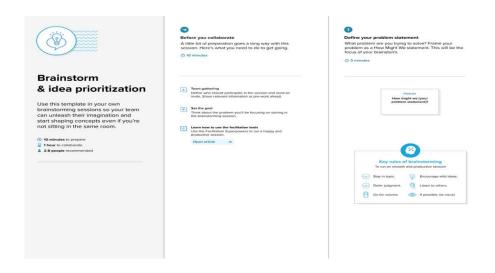
Brainstorm & Idea Prioritization Template:

Brainstorming provides a free and open environment that encourages everyone within a team to participate in the creative thinking process that leads to problem solving. Prioritizing volume over value, out-of-the-box ideas are welcome and built upon, and all participants are encouraged to collaborate, helping each other develop a rich amount of creative solutions.

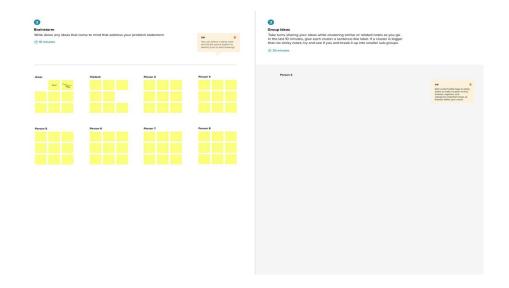
Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

Reference: https://www.mural.co/templates/brainstorm-and-idea-prioritization

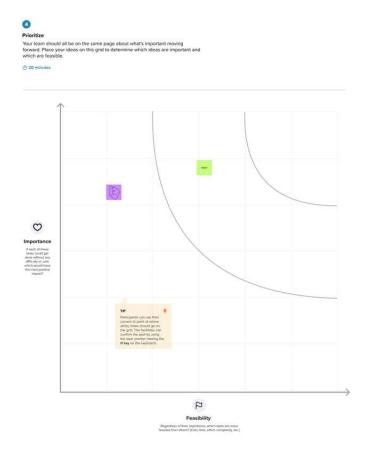
Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement



Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping



Step-3: Idea Prioritization



3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

3.1 Customer Journey Map

Describe how users (e.g., traffic officers, city planners, drivers) interact with your solution.

3.2. Solution Requirements (Functional & Non-functional)

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Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form
		Registration through Gmail
		Registration through LinkedIN

FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email
		Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Traffic Data Input	Upload CSV/Excel data
		Live data via API
		Manual data entry
FR-4	Data Preprocessing	Handle missing values
		Convert date/time formats
		Outlier detection
FR-5	Traffic Volume Prediction	Use trained ML model to predict
		Allow user input for prediction
		Return predictions in real-time
FR-6	Data Visualization	Line/bar chart of traffic volume
		Compare actual vs predicted values
		Interactive dashboard

Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR	Non-Functional	Description
No.	Requirement	
NFR-	Usability	Simple and intuitive UI for both commuters and
1		traffic planners
NFR-	Security	Secure login with password encryption and
2		OAuth 2.0 support
NFR-	Reliability	Model should provide consistent predictions
3		across similar inputs
NFR-	Performance	System should respond to prediction requests in
4		under 2 seconds
NFR-	Availability	The system should be available 99.9% of the time
5		(if deployed)
NFR-	Scalability	Should be able to handle increasing amounts of
6		data or users without performance degradation

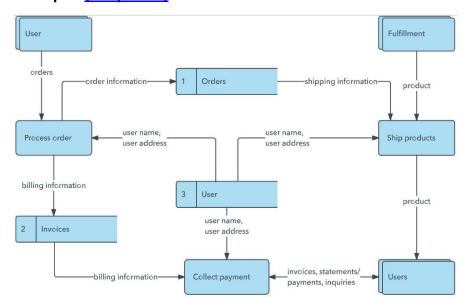
3.3 Data Flow Diagram & User Stories

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Maximum Marks	4 Marks

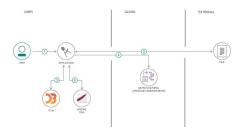
Data Flow Diagrams:

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

Example: (Simplified)



Flow



- User configures credentials for the Watson Natural Language Understanding service and starts the app.
- 2. User selects data file to process and load.
- 3. Apache Tika extracts text from the data file.
- 4. Extracted text is passed to Watson NLU for enrichment.
- 5. Enriched data is visualized in the UI using the D3.js library.

User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

User	Functional	User	User Story	Acceptance	Priority	Releas
Туре	Requireme	Story	/ Task	criteria		е
	nt (Epic)	Numbe				
		r				
Custome	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I	I can access	High	Sprint-
r			can register	my account		1
(Mobile			for the	1		
user)			application	dashboard		
			by entering			
			my email,			
			password,			
			and			
			confirming			
			my			
			password.			
USN-1	Registration	USN-2	As a user, I	I can	High	Sprint-
			will receive	receive		1
			confirmatio	confirmatio		
			n email	n email &		
			once I have	click		
			registered	confirm		
			for the			
			application			

User	Functional	User	User Story	Acceptance	Priority	Releas
Туре	Requireme	Story	/ Task	criteria		е
	nt (Epic)	Numbe				
		r				
USN-2	Registration	USN-3	As a user, I	I can	Low	Sprint-
			can register	register &		2
			for the	access the		
			application	dashboard		
			through	with		
			Facebook	Facebook		
				Login		
USN-3	Registration	USN-4	As a user, I	I can access	Mediu	Sprint-
			can register	my account	m	1
			for the	/		
			application	dashboard		
			through			
			Gmail			
USN-4	Login	USN-5	As a user, I	I can	High	Sprint-
			can log into	register &		1
			the	access the		
			application	dashboard		
			by entering	with		
			email &	Facebook		
			password	Login		
	Dashboard	USN-5	As a user, I	I can		

User	Functional	User	User Story	Acceptance	Priority	Releas
Туре	Requireme	Story	/ Task	criteria		е
	nt (Epic)	Numbe				
		r				
			will receive	register &		
			a	access the		
			confirmatio	dashboard		
			n email	with Gmail		
			once I have			
			registered			
			for the			
			application			
Custome	Registration	USN-8	As a user, I	I can access		
r (Web	negistration	0311 0	can register	my		
user)			for the	dashboard		
userj						
			application	securely		
			through			
			Gmail			
Custome	Registration	USN-7		The system		
r Care				accepts and		
Executiv				processes		
е				my data		
		-1. / 0		Cha ala		

3.4 Technology Stack (Architecture & Stack)

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Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Technical Architecture:

The Deliverable shall include the architectural diagram as below and the information as per the table 2

Example: Order processing during pandemics for offline mode

Reference: https://developer.ibm.com/patterns/ai-powered-backend-system-for-order-processing-during-pandemics/

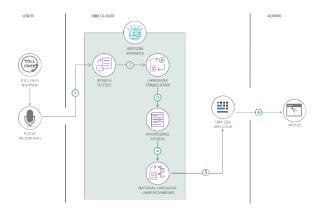


Table-1 : Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with	HTML, CSS, JavaScript /
		application e.g.	Angular Js / React Js etc.
		Web UI, Mobile App,	
		Chatbot etc.	
2.	Application Logic-	Logic for a process in	Java / Python
	1	the application	
3.	Application Logic-	Logic for a process in	IBM Watson STT service
	2	the application	
4.	Application Logic-	Logic for a process in	IBM Watson Assistant
	3	the application	
5.	Database	Data Type,	MySQL, NoSQL, etc.
		Configurations etc.	
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on	IBM DB2, IBM Cloudant
		Cloud	etc.
7.	File Storage	File storage	IBM Block Storage or
		requirements	Other Storage Service or
			Local Filesystem
8.	External API-1	Purpose of External API	IBM Weather API, etc.
		used in the application	

9.	External API-2	Purpose of External API	Aadhar API, etc.
		used in the application	
10.	Machine Learning	Purpose of Machine	Object Recognition
	Model	Learning Model	Model, etc.
11.	Infrastructure	Application Deployment	Local, Cloud Foundry,
	(Server / Cloud)	on Local System / Cloud	Kubernetes, etc.
		Local Server	
		Configuration:	
		Cloud Server	
		Configuration :	

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source	List the open-source	Technology of
	Frameworks	frameworks used	Opensource
			framework
2.	Security	List all the security / access	e.g. SHA-256,
	Implementations	controls implemented, use of	Encryptions, IAM
		firewalls etc.	Controls, OWASP
			etc.
3.	Scalable	Justify the scalability of	Technology used
	Architecture	architecture (3 – tier, Micro-	

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
		services)	
4.	Availability	Justify the availability of application (e.g. use of load balancers, distributed servers etc.)	Technology used
5.	Performance	Design consideration for the performance of the application (number of requests per sec, use of Cache, use of CDN's) etc.	Technology used

References:

https://c4model.com/

https://developer.ibm.com/patterns/online-order-processing-system-during-pandemic/

https://www.ibm.com/cloud/architecture

https://aws.amazon.com/architecture

https://medium.com/the-internal-startup/how-to-draw-useful-technical-architecture-diagrams-2d20c9fda90d

4.Project Design Phase

4.1. Problem – Solution Fit

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Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
Project Name	TrafficTelligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation with Machine Learning
Maximum	2 Marks

Marks	

Problem – Solution Fit:

Problem Recap:

Urban traffic congestion is unpredictable and leads to increased travel time, fuel consumption, and stress. Traditional systems for monitoring and managing traffic lack predictive intelligence and require expensive infrastructure.

Solution Offered:

TrafficTelligence aims to provide an intelligent, low-cost, and scalable solution using machine learning to estimate and predict traffic volume. This empowers city authorities and commuters to make informed decisions in real time, helping to ease traffic flow and reduce congestion.

Template:



4.2 Proposed Solution

Date	23 june 2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
Project Name	TrafficTelligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation with Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Proposed Solution:

Project team shall fill the following information in the proposed solution template.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement	Urban traffic congestion leads to inefficiencies in travel time, fuel
	(Problem to be solved)	usage, and pollution. Existing traffic monitoring systems lack predictive intelligence and require expensive infrastructure.
2.	Idea / Solution	rafficTelligence is a machine learning-based system that predicts
	description	traffic volume using historical data (like time, date, and weather)
3.	Novelty /	Unlike static or sensor-based solutions, TrafficTelligence uses
	Uniqueness	adaptive machine learning models that improve over time and do
		not require heavy infrastructure.
4.	Social Impact /	his system improves commuter experiences by reducing travel time
	Customer	and stress.
	Satisfaction	
5.	Business Model	The solution can be offered as a SaaS platform for city municipalities
	(Revenue Model)	and enterprises. Revenue streams include subscription plans,
6.	Scalability of the	TrafficTelligence is easily scalable to other cities or regions by training
	Solution	on local traffic datasets.

4.3. Solution Architecture

Date	23 june2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
Project Name	TrafficTelligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation with Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Solution Architecture:

Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behavior, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.
- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed, and delivered.

Example - Solution Architecture Diagram:

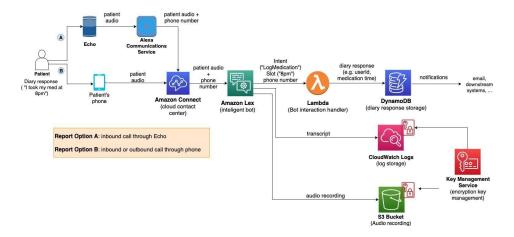


Figure 1: Architecture and data flow of the voice patient diary sample application

5.Project Planning Phase

Project Planning Template (Product Backlog, Sprint Planning, Stories, Story points)

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Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
Project Name	TrafficTelligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation with Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	5 Marks

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional	User	User Story / Task	Story	Priority	Team
	Requirement	Story		Points		Members
	(Epic)	Number				
Sprint-	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by	2	High	Frontend Dev,
			entering my email,			Backend
			password, and confirming			Dev
			my password.			
Sprint-		USN-2	As a user, I will receive	1	High	Backend
1			confirmation email once I			Dev
			have registered for the			
			application			
Sprint-		USN-3	As a user, I can register	2	Low	Backend
2			for the application			Dev
			through Facebook			

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint- 1		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	2	Medium	Backend Dev
Sprint-	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	1	High	Backend Dev
Sprint- 2	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user, I can upload a traffic dataset in CSV format	3	High	Data Engineer
Sprint-	Reporting	USN-9	As a user, I can download traffic prediction results in CSV format	2	Medium	Backend Dev
Sprint-	ML Model Management	USN-12	As an admin, I can update the ML model used for prediction	5	High	ML Engineer

6.Model Performance Test

Date	25 june 2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID59882
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Maximum Marks	4

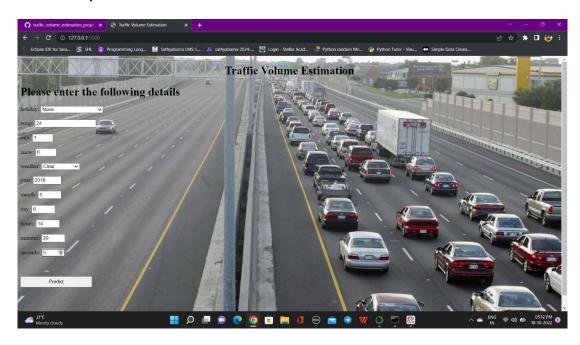
Model Performance Testing:

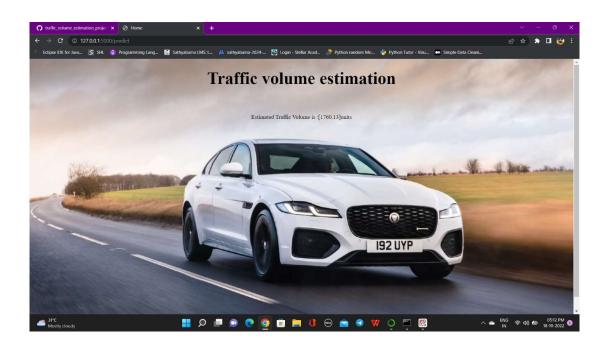
Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template.

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Model Summary	Model Used: Random Forest Regressor	
		Features: Date, Time, Temperature, Day of Week,	
		Holiday Indicator	
		Target Variable: Traffic Volume	
		Libraries Used: Scikit-learn, Pandas, NumPy	
2.	Training Accuracy (R ²	Training Accuracy -	
	Score): 0.94		
	Validation Accuracy (R ²	Validation Accuracy -	
	Score): 0.88		

7.Results

7.1. outputs:





8. Advantages and Disadvantages

8.1. Advantages

- · Accurate traffic volume predictions using machine learning
- Cost-effective and easy to scale
- · Helps reduce congestion and emissions
- Supports better planning for authorities
- User-friendly interface for all users

8.2. Disadvantages

- Accuracy depends on data quality
- Not real-time without live data integration
- Limited performance in areas with insufficient data
- Requires technical setup and maintenance

9.Conclusion

TrafficTelligence offers an intelligent, data-driven solution to address the growing problem of urban traffic congestion. By leveraging machine learning, it enables accurate traffic volume prediction using historical data, allowing for smarter planning and smoother traffic flow. The system is cost-effective, scalable, and easy to use, making it suitable for both public use and government authorities.

Overall, this project demonstrates how AI and data science can play a vital role in building smarter and more sustainable cities.

trafficTelligence successfully demonstrates the potential of applying machine learning to solve real-world urban problems like traffic congestion. The system leverages historical data and predictive analytics to forecast traffic volume, which can significantly improve how commuters plan their travel and how city authorities manage traffic flow.

The project focused on building a scalable, accurate, and easy-to-use platform that can work with available datasets and does not rely on expensive hardware or infrastructure. With a modular and extensible design, TrafficTelligence can be adapted for various cities, traffic conditions, or even integrated with IoT devices in the future.

10. FUTURE SCOPE

1. Real-Time Traffic Prediction

Integration with real-time data sources such as traffic APIs, GPS devices, or IoT-based sensors to enable live traffic forecasting.

2. Weather and Event Integration

Incorporate weather conditions, public holidays, and local events into the model to improve prediction accuracy.

3. Mobile App Deployment

Launch a mobile application for commuters to get instant traffic forecasts, suggested alternate routes, and push notifications.

4. Route Optimization

Enhance the system to recommend the best travel routes based on predicted traffic patterns and real-time conditions.

5. City-Wide Implementation

Collaborate with traffic authorities to deploy the system across multiple regions or cities for public use and policy-making.

6. Al Model Upgrades

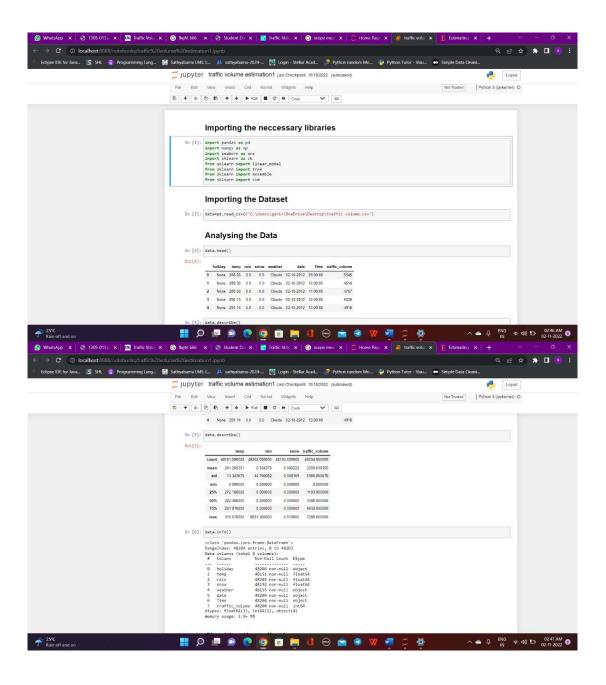
Experiment with advanced AI techniques like deep learning or reinforcement learning to further improve forecasting accuracy.

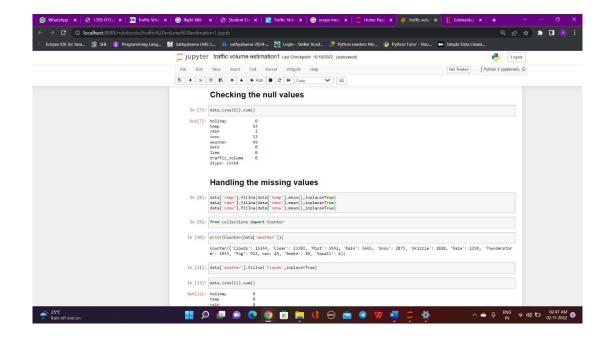
7. Crowdsourced Data

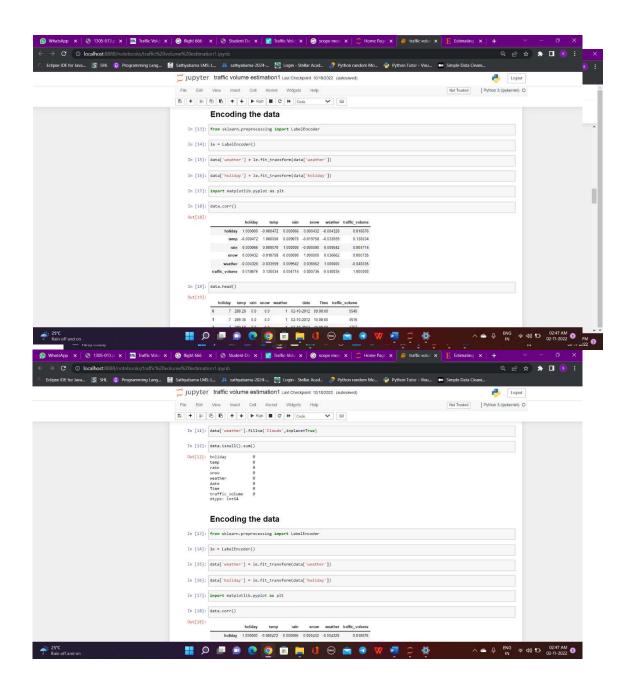
Enable users to report traffic incidents, which can be fed into the system for dynamic updates and better prediction learning.

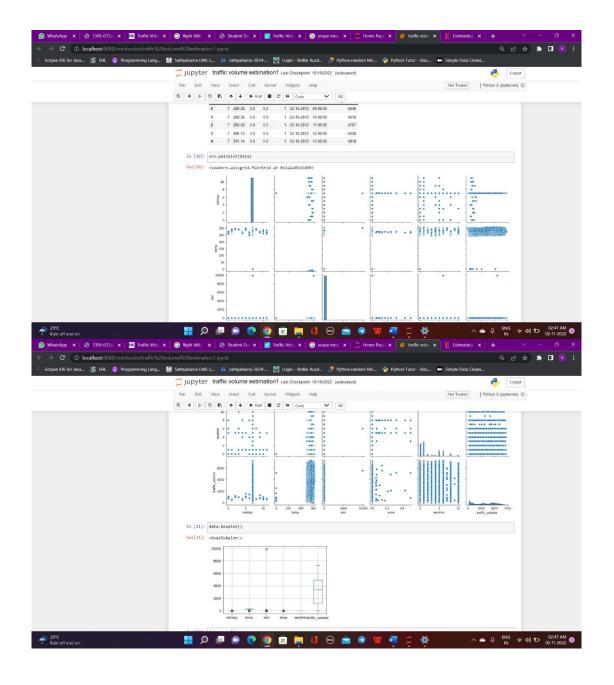
11.Appendix

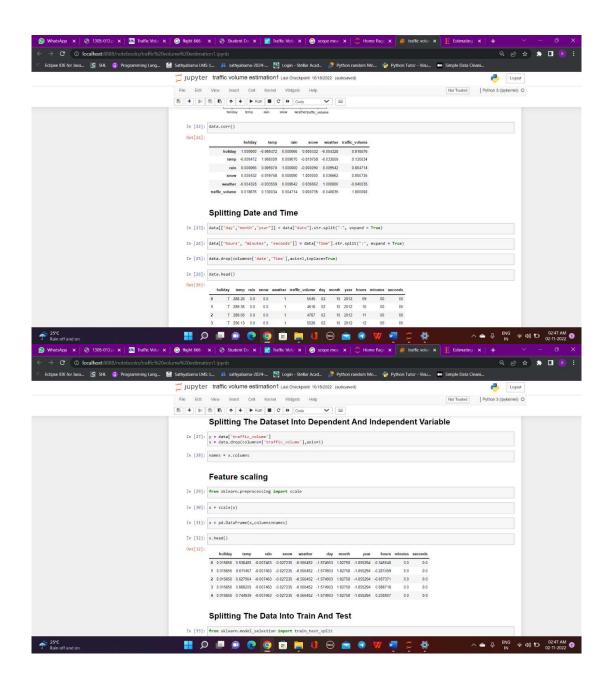
A.SCREENSHOTS

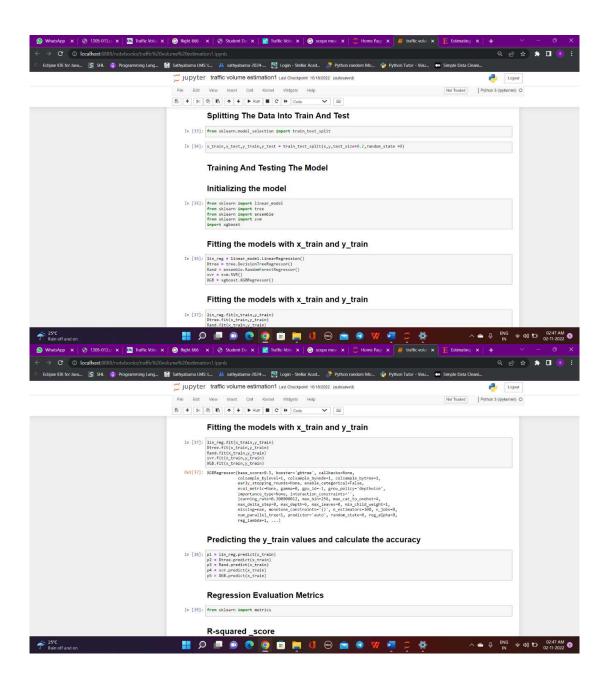


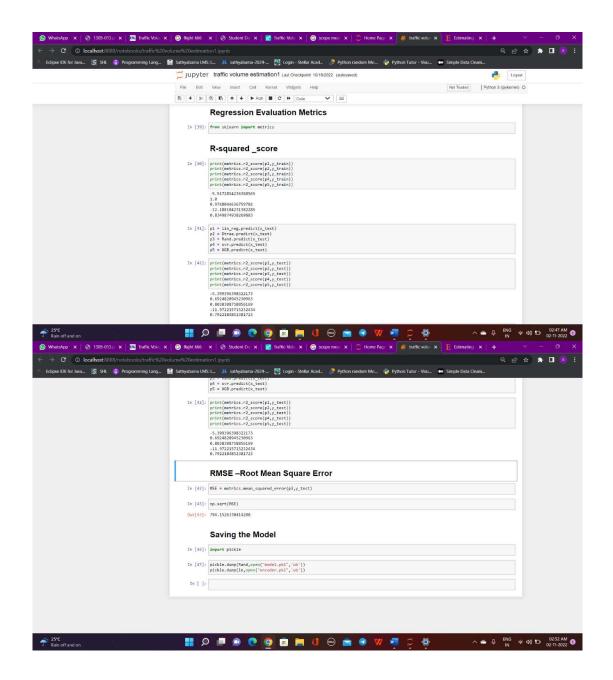


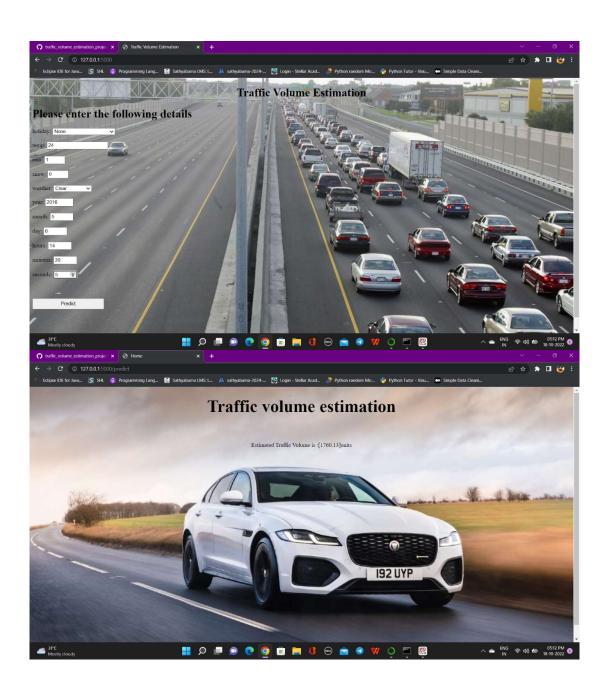












B. SOURCE CODE

O PYTHON CODE USED IN JUPYTER NOTEBOOK

Importing the neccessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import sklearn as sk
from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn import ensemble
from sklearn import svm
Importing the Dataset
data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\ganir\OneDrive\Desktop\traffic volume.csv")
Analysing the Data
data.head()
data.describe()
data.info()
Checking the null values

```
data.isnull().sum()
# Handling the missing values
data['temp'].fillna(data['temp'].mean(),inplace=True)
data['rain'].fillna(data['rain'].mean(),inplace=True)
data['snow'].fillna(data['snow'].mean(),inplace=True)
from collections import Counter
print(Counter(data['weather']))
data['weather'].fillna('Clouds',inplace=True)
data.isnull().sum()
# Encoding the data
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
data['weather'] = le.fit_transform(data['weather'])
data['holiday'] = le.fit_transform(data['holiday'])
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
data.corr()
sns.heatmap(data.corr())
data.head()
sns.pairplot(data)
data.boxplot()
data.corr()
# Splitting Date and Time
data[["day","month","year"]] = data["date"].str.split("-", expand = True)
data[["hours", "minutes", "seconds"]] = data["Time"].str.split(":", expand = True)
data.drop(columns=['date','Time'],axis=1,inplace=True)
data.head()
```

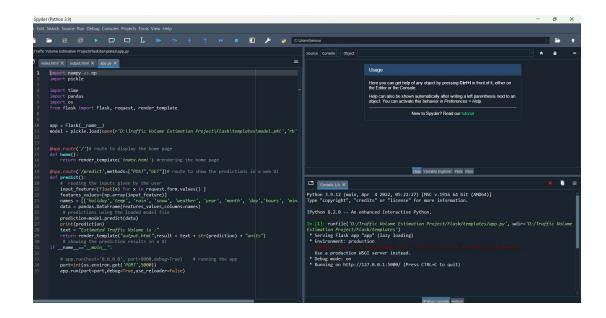
```
# Splitting The Dataset Into Dependent And Independent Variable
y = data['traffic_volume']
x = data.drop(columns=['traffic_volume'],axis=1)
names = x.columns
# Feature scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
x = scale(x)
x = pd.DataFrame(x,columns=names)
x.head()
# Splitting The Data Into Train And Test
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x train,x test,y train,y test = train test split(x,y,test size=0.2,random state
=0)
# Training And Testing The Model
# Initializing the model
```

```
from sklearn import linear model
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn import ensemble
from sklearn import svm
import xgboost
# Fitting the models with x train and y train
lin reg = linear model.LinearRegression()
Dtree = tree.DecisionTreeRegressor()
Rand = ensemble.RandomForestRegressor()
svr = svm.SVR()
XGB = xgboost.XGBRegressor()
# Fitting the models with x_train and y_train
lin reg.fit(x train,y train)
Dtree.fit(x_train,y_train)
Rand.fit(x_train,y_train)
svr.fit(x_train,y_train)
XGB.fit(x train,y train)
# Predicting the y_train values and calculate the accuracy
p1 = lin_reg.predict(x_train)
p2 = Dtree.predict(x_train)
```

```
p3 = Rand.predict(x_train)
p4 = svr.predict(x_train)
p5 = XGB.predict(x_train)
# Regression Evaluation Metrics
from sklearn import metrics
# R-squared _score
print(metrics.r2_score(p1,y_train))
print(metrics.r2_score(p2,y_train))
print(metrics.r2_score(p3,y_train))
print(metrics.r2_score(p4,y_train))
print(metrics.r2_score(p5,y_train))
p1 = lin_reg.predict(x_test)
p2 = Dtree.predict(x_test)
p3 = Rand.predict(x_test)
p4 = svr.predict(x_test)
p5 = XGB.predict(x_test)
print(metrics.r2_score(p1,y_test))
print(metrics.r2_score(p2,y_test))
print(metrics.r2_score(p3,y_test))
```

```
print(metrics.r2_score(p4,y_test))
   print(metrics.r2_score(p5,y_test))
  # RMSE -Root Mean Square Error
   MSE = metrics.mean_squared_error(p3,y_test)
   np.sqrt(MSE)
  # Saving the Model
   import pickle
   pickle.dump(Rand,open("model.pkl",'wb'))
   pickle.dump(le,open("encoder.pkl",'wb'))
O PYTHON CODE USED FOR APP BUILDING
   import numpy as np
   import pickle
   import time
   import pandas
   import os
   from flask import Flask, request, render_template
   app = Flask( name ,template folder='Template')
   model = pickle.load(open(r"D:\Traffic volume estimation
   project\flask\Template\model.pkl",'rb'))
```

```
@app.route('/')# route to display the home page
def index():
  return render template('index.html') #rendering the home page
@app.route('/predict',methods=["POST","GET"])# route to show the
predictions in a web UI
def predict():
  # reading the inputs given by the user
input feature=[float(x) for x in request.form.values()]
features_values=[np.array(input_feature)]
  names = [['holiday','temp', 'rain', 'snow', 'weather', 'year', 'month',
'day', 'hours', 'minutes', 'seconds']]
  data = pandas.DataFrame(features_values,columns=names)
   # predictions using the loaded model file
  prediction=model.predict(data)
  print(prediction)
  text = "Estimated Traffic Volume is:"
  return render template("output.html",result = text + str(prediction) + "units")
   # showing the prediction results in a UI
if name ==" main ":
  # app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=8000,debug=True) # running the app
  port=int(os.environ.get('PORT',5000))
app.run(port=port,debug=True,use reloader=False)
```



Let us build an app.py flask file which is a web framework written in python for server-side scripting. Let's see step by step procedure for building the backend application.

In order to develop web API with respect to our model, we basically use the Flask framework which is written in python.

- **Line 1-9** We are importing necessary libraries like Flask to host our model request
- Line 12 Initialise the Flask application
- **Line 13** Loading the model using pickle
- Line 16 Routes the API URL
- **Line 18** Rendering the template. This helps to redirect to the home page. In this home page,we give our input and ask the model to predict
- In line 23 we are taking the inputs from the form
- **Line 28** Feature Scaling the inputs
- **Line 31** Predicting the values given by the user
- **Line 32-35** if the output is false render no chance template If the output is True render chance template

Line 36 The value of __name__ is set to __main__ when the module run as the main program otherwise it is set to the name of the module.

HTML CODES USED

```
Index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Traffic Volume Estimation</title>
</head>
<body background="https://cdn.vox-
cdn.com/thumbor/voARJfEKvTp6iMSzW3ExPn06TDM=/0x78:3000x1766/
1600x900/cdn.vox-
cdn.com/uploads/chorus image/image/44219366/72499026.0.0.jpg"
text="black">
<div class="login">
   <center><h1>Traffic Volume Estimation</h1></center>
<!-- Main Input For Receiving Query to our ML -->
<form action="{{ url for('predict')}}"method="post">
<h1>Please enter the following details</h1>
```

```
</style></head>
<label for="holiday">holiday:</label>
<select id="holiday" name="holiday">
<option value=7>None</option>
<option value=1>Columbus Day</option>
<option value=10>Veterans Day
<option value=9>Thanksgiving Day
<option value=0>Christmas Day
<option value=6>New Years Day
<option value=11>Washingtons Birthday
<option value=5>Memorial Day</option>
<option value=2>Independence Day
<option value=8>State Fair</option>
<option value=3>Labor Day</option>
<option value=4>Martin Luther King Jr Day
</select>&nbsp;&nbsp;<br>
<br><label>temp:</label>
<input type="number" name="temp" placeholder="temp"
required="required" /><br>
<br>
<label>rain:</label>
```

```
placeholder="rain" required="required" /><br>
<br>
<label>snow:</label>
<input type="number" min="0" max="1" name="snow</pre>
placeholder="snow
                     " required="required" /><br>
<br>
<label for="weather">weather:</label>
<select id="weather" name="weather">
<option value=1>Clouds
<option value=0>Clear</option>
<option value=6>Rain
<option value=2>Drizzle</option>
<option value=5>Mist</option>
<option value=4>Haze</option>
<option value=3>Fog</option>
<option value=10>Thunderstorm
<option value=8>Snow</option>
<option value=9>Squall</option>
<option value=7>Smoke</option><</pre>
</select>&nbsp;&nbsp;<br>
<br>
```

<input type="number" min="0" max="1" name="rain

```
<label>year:</label>
<input type="number" min="2012" max="2022" name="year
                      " required="required" /><br>
placeholder="year
<br>
<label>month:</label>
<input type="number" min="1" max="12" name="month "
                      " required="required" /><br>
placeholder="month
<br>
<label>day:</label>
<input type="number" min="1" max="31" name="day
                      " required="required" /><br>
placeholder="day
<br>
<label>hours:</label>
<input type="number" min="0" max="24" name="hours "
placeholder="hours
                      " required="required" /><br>
<br>
<label>minutes:</label>
<input type="number" min="0" max="60" name="minutes
placeholder="minutes" required="required" /><br>
```

```
<br>
<label>seconds:</label>
<input type="number" min="0" max="60" name="seconds
placeholder="seconds" required="required" /><br>
<br>
<br><br><
<button type="submit" class="btnbtn-primary btn-block btn-large"</pre>
style="height:30px;width:200px">Predict</button>
</form>
<br>
{{ prediction_text }}
<br>
<br>
<imgsrc="data:image/png;base64,{{url_3}}" alt="Submit Form"
height="180" width="233" onerror="this.style.display='none'"/>
<imgsrc="data:image/png;base64,{{url_1}}" alt="Submit Form"
height="180" width="233" onerror="this.style.display='none'"/>
<imgsrc="data:image/png;base64,{{url_4}}" alt="Submit Form"
height="180" width="233" onerror="this.style.display='none'"/>
<br>
<br>
```

```
<imgsrc="data:image/png;base64,{{url_2}}" alt="Submit Form" height="150" width="711" onerror="this.style.display='none'"/>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Output.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Home</title>
<style>
body
{
  background-image: url("https://stat.overdrive.in/wp-
content/uploads/2021/10/2021-jaguar-xf-facelift-india-01.jpg");
  background-size: cover;
}
.pd{
padding-bottom:45%;}
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<br>
```

```
<center><b class="pd"><font color="black" size="15" font-family="Comic Sans MS" >Traffic volume
estimation</font></b></center><br><div><br><br><center><
center><font color="black"> {{result}} </center></div></body></html>
```

C.DATASET LINK

:https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PNgGMYpF7wSSIzJAiyAuEkhN9lx6vlpf/view?usp=drivesdk

D.GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/Ragava-Talupula/TrafficTelligence-Advanced-Traffic-Volume-Estimation-with-Machine-Learning.git

E.PROJECT DEMO LINK

:https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P7mf_FMcM5d5jAuKlahP4H3t6zG0S6M3/view?usp=drivesdk