



Started on	Wednesday, 8 October 2025, 3:08 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 8 October 2025, 3:28 PM
Time taken	20 mins 7 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	<b>10.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>100</b> %)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given two strings find the length of the common longest subsequence(need not be contiguous) between the two.

Example:

s1: ggtabe

s2: tgatasb

s1 a g **g t a b** 

 $\mathbf{g}$   $\mathbf{g}$   $\mathbf{x}$   $\mathbf{t}$   $\mathbf{x}$   $\mathbf{a}$   $\mathbf{y}$   $\mathbf{b}$ 

## The length is 4

Solveing it using Dynamic Programming

## For example:

Input	Result
aab	2
azb	

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <string.h>
2
 3
 4
    int max(int a, int b) {
5
        return (a > b) ? a : b;
6
 7
8 v int lcs(char *s1, char *s2) {
9
        int m = strlen(s1);
10
        int n = strlen(s2);
11
        int dp[m + 1][n + 1];
12
        for (int i = 0; i \leftarrow m; i++)
13
14
            for (int j = 0; j \leftarrow n; j++)
                 dp[i][j] = 0;
15
16
17
        for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++) {
18
             for (int j = 1; j \leftarrow n; j++) {
                 if (s1[i - 1] == s2[j - 1])
19
20
                     dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
                 else
21
22
                     dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
            }
23
24
25
26
        return dp[m][n];
27
28
29
    int main() {
30
        char s1[100], s2[100];
31
32
        scanf("%s", s1);
33
        scanf("%s", s2);
34
        int result = lcs(s1, s2);
35
36
        printf("%d\n", result);
37
38
        return 0;
39
40
```



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