

CMPS 485 - Computer Security - Fall 2018

Homework 2

You need to submit homework 2 Word document and your solution implementation to your GitHub repository.

- [18 pts] The S-boxes are the most crucial elements of DES because they introduce a nonlinearity to the cipher, i.e., $S(a) \oplus S(b) \neq S(a \oplus b)$. Verify this property by computing the output of S_1 for the following pairs of inputs:

- $x_1 = 000000, x_2 = 000001$
- $x_1 = 111111, x_2 = 100000$
- $x_1 = 101010, x_2 = 010101$

S-box S_1

| S_1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 14 | 04 | 13 | 01 | 02 | 15 | 11 | 08 | 03 | 10 | 06 | 12 | 05 | 09 | 00 | 07 |
| 1 | 00 | 15 | 07 | 04 | 14 | 02 | 13 | 01 | 10 | 06 | 12 | 11 | 09 | 05 | 03 | 08 |
| 2 | 04 | 01 | 14 | 08 | 13 | 06 | 02 | 11 | 15 | 12 | 09 | 07 | 03 | 10 | 05 | 00 |
| 3 | 15 | 12 | 08 | 02 | 04 | 09 | 01 | 07 | 05 | 11 | 03 | 14 | 10 | 00 | 06 | 13 |

- [7 pts] Assume we perform a brute force attack against DES with one pair of plaintext and ciphertext. How many keys do we have to test in a worst-case scenario if we apply an exhaustive key search? How many on average?
- [25 pts] Let **A** the state matrix of the input message to be encrypted using AES:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 01 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$$

The first 2 subkeys are:

$$K_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 2B & 28 & AB & 09 \\ 7E & AE & F7 & CF \\ 15 & D2 & 15 & 4F \\ 16 & A6 & 88 & 3C \end{bmatrix} \quad K_1 = \begin{bmatrix} A0 & 88 & 23 & 2A \\ FA & 54 & A3 & 6C \\ FE & 2C & 39 & 76 \\ 17 & B1 & 39 & 05 \end{bmatrix}$$

Write a Java or Python program to compute the output of the first round of AES using the input state matrix **A** and the subkeys K_0 and K_1 . Output all intermediate steps for the computation including Initial Key Addition, SubBytes, ShiftRows, and MixColumns and Round Key Addition.