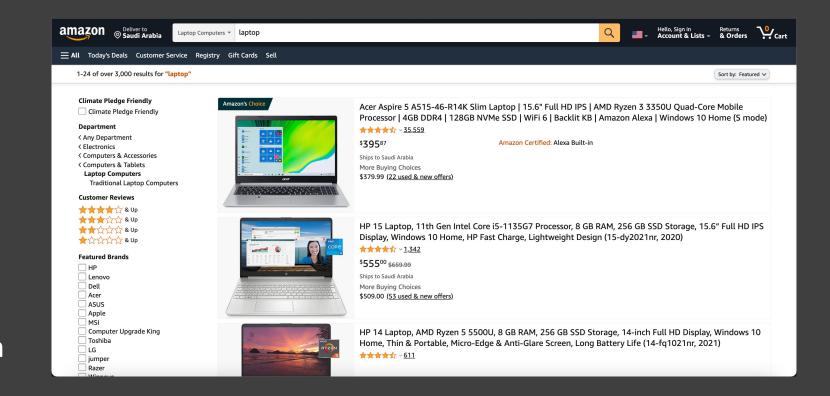
The Predicted Laptop price matches your needs By Amazon

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Tools

- Python
- Requests
- BeautifulSoup
- Webdriver
- Numpy & Pandans
- Sklearn
 - Linear Regression
- Matplotlib & Seaborn



Features

- Price
- Hard drive
- Brand
- Battery Life
- Screen Size Weight
- Screen Resolution
- Color
- Processor
- Processor
- Speed
- Brand

- Processor
- RAM
- Cores

Observations

About 1758 Rows

Standing screen display size	15.6 Inches
Max Screen Resolution	1920 x 1080 Pixels
Max Screen Resolution	1920 X 1000 FIXEIS
Processor	3.5 GHz ryzen_3
RAM	4 GB DDR4
Memory Speed	3.5 GHz
Hard Drive	128 GB SSD
Graphics Coprocessor	AMD Radeon Vega 6 Mobile Graphics
Chipset Brand	AMD
Card Description	Integrated
Wireless Type	Bluetooth
Number of USB 2.0 Ports	1
Number of USB 3.0 Ports	3
Average Battery Life (in hours)	10 Hours

Other Technical Details

Brand	Acer
Series	A515-46-R14K
Item model number	A515-46-R14K
Operating System	Windows 10 S
Item Weight	3.96 pounds
Product Dimensions	14.31 x 9.86 x 0.71 inches
Item Dimensions LxWxH	14.31 x 9.86 x 0.71 inches
Color	Silver
Processor Brand	AMD
Processor Count	4
Computer Memory Type	DDR4 SDRAM
Flash Memory Size	128
Hard Drive Interface	Solid State
Optical Drive Type	No Optical Drive
Power Source	Battery Powered
Batteries	1 Lithium Polymer batteries required. (included)

Linear Regression

```
In [282]: df train, df val = train test split(df2, test size=0.25, random state=3)
In [284]: m = LinearRegression()
          m.fit(df train[['display size','Processor','RAM','Hard Drive','Battery Life','Weight','Processor Count Cores','Resolution
          m.score(df_train[['display_size','Processor','RAM','Hard Drive','Battery Life','Weight','Processor Count Cores','Resolut
Out [284]: 0.650107622529471
In [285]: m.score(df val[['display size', 'Processor', 'RAM', 'Hard Drive', 'Battery Life', 'Weight', 'Processor Count Cores', 'Resolution'
Out[285]: 0.6586609389637254
In [286]: m.coef
Out[286]: array([ 1.35658795e+01, 6.05020599e+01, 2.88686391e+01, 1.87006976e-01,
                  2.62283629e+00, 2.99401938e+01, 3.54782662e+01, 1.44872464e+02,
                 -2.85589764e+01, -5.00592916e+01, 6.36170567e+02, 1.33698790e+02,
                  7.70621557e+02, 5.19951308e+02, 2.73377090e+02, -9.58486713e+01,
                  9.81788840e+01, 3.55833488e+02, -1.00464875e+02, 2.84576343e+02,
                 -1.20932544e+01, 1.65693666e+02, -1.80690880e+02, 6.97753598e+02,
                 -1.64062481e+02, -4.64088153e+02, -5.04997429e+02, -5.03747314e+02,
                 -5.26796799e+02, -4.27246113e+02, -5.09783995e+02, -5.13130604e+02,
                 -3.80179008e+01, 1.01868163e+02])
In [287]: m.intercept
Out [287]: 120.4894821431759
```

Example

- Brand Dell
- Processor speed 2 GHz
- RAM 8 GB
- Battery life 10 Hr
- Hard drive 1TB

```
In [291]: X = df2[['Brand Dell', 'Processor', 'RAM', 'Battery Life', 'Hard Drive']]
           y = df2['Price']
In [292]: m.fit(X,y)
Out [292]: LinearRegression()
In [293]: ypred P=m.predict(X)
            ypred P
Out[293]: array([ 594.9639581 , 903.70275212, 988.11612349, ..., 741.53504686,
                   1783.06720096, 729.34568891])
In [298]: sns.regplot(x="Processor", y="Price",ci=None, data=df2);
            4000
            3000
          .
일
2000
                                Processor
In [305]: (m.intercept_)+m.coef_[0]+m.coef_[1]*2+m.coef_[2]*8+m.coef_[3]*10+m.coef_[4]*1000
Out[305]: 1025.231863468368
In [306]: from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, mean absolute error, r2 score
In [308]: r sqr=r2 score(y,ypred P)
Out[308]: 0.5191871523578098
```

Conclusion