

2. What is the difference between soft and hard links?
3. Explain about loops and what are the loops available in LINUX?
4. What are absolute and relative paths.
5. How to debug a shell script.

Student Work Area

Algorithm/Flowchart/Code/Sample Outputs/Question Bank Solutions

a)

```
main.bash
1  #!/bin/bash
2
3  # Read number of terms from user
4  echo "Enter the number of terms for the Fibonacci series: "
5  read n
6
7  # Initialize the first two terms of the Fibonacci series
8  a=0
9  b=1
10
11 # Check if the user input is valid
12 if [ $n -le 0 ]; then
13     echo "Please enter a positive integer."
14 else
15     echo "The Fibonacci series is:"
16
17     # Loop to print the Fibonacci series
18     for (( i=0; i<n; i++ ))
19     do
20         echo -n "$a "
21         # Calculate the next term in the Fibonacci series
22         fn=$((a + b))
23         a=$b
24         b=$fn
25     done
26     echo # Move to a new line after printing the series
27 fi
```

b)

```
main.bash
1  #!/bin/bash
2
3  # Read three numbers from the user
4  echo "Enter first number: "
5  read num1
6  echo "Enter second number: "
7  read num2
8  echo "Enter third number: "
9  read num3
10
11 # Compare the numbers and find the Largest
12 if [ $num1 -ge $num2 ] && [ $num1 -ge $num3 ]; then
13     echo "The largest number is: $num1"
14 elif [ $num2 -ge $num1 ] && [ $num2 -ge $num3 ]; then
15     echo "The largest number is: $num2"
16 else
17     echo "The largest number is: $num3"
18 fi
```

c)

```
main.bash
1  #!/bin/bash
2
3  # Read the value of N (number of elements)
4  echo "Enter the number of elements (N): "
5  read N
6
7  # Initialize sum to 0
8  sum=0
9
10 # Loop to read N numbers from the user and calculate the sum
11 echo "Enter the numbers:"
12 for (( i=1; i<=N; i++ ))
13 do
14     read num
15     sum=$((sum + num))
16 done
17
18 # Calculate the average
19 average=$((echo "scale=2; $sum / $N" | bc))
20
21 # Display the average
22 echo "The average of the $N numbers is: $average"
```

Answer – 1: Use multi-line comments in shell script:

```
: <<EOF comment line 1 comment line 2 ... EOF
```

Or

```
#
```

```
# comment line 1
```

```
# comment line 2
```

```
# ...
```

Answer – 2: In Linux, links are used to create multiple references to a file. The key differences between soft and hard links are: