

D. Longest Job First

- 3. The process can be classified into many groups in
  - A. shortest job scheduling algorithm
  - B. multilevel queue scheduling algorithm
  - C. round-robin scheduling algorithm
  - D. priority scheduling algorithm
- 4. The turnaround time for short jobs during multiprogramming is usually Shortened and that for long jobs is slightly \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. Shortened
  - B. Unchanged
  - C. Lengthened
  - D. Shortened
- 5. Time quantum can be said
  - A. multilevel queue scheduling algorithm
  - B. round-robin scheduling algorithm
  - C. shortest job scheduling algorithm
  - D. priority scheduling algorithm

## **Student Work Area**

Algorithm/Flowchart/Code/Sample Outputs

## **SHORTEST-JOB FIRST:-**

```
def main():
    # Taking the number of processes
    n = int(input("Enter number of process: "))
```



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```
# Matrix for storing Process Id, Burst Time, Average Waiting Time & Average Turn Around Time.
A = [[0 for j in range(4)] for i in range(100)]
total, avg_wt, avg_tat = 0, 0, 0
print("Enter Burst Time:")
for i in range(n): # User Input Burst Time and alloting Process Id.
          A[i][1] = int(input(f"P{i+1}: "))
          A[i][0] = i + 1
for i in range(n): # Sorting process according to their Burst Time.
          index = i
          for j in range(i + 1, n):
                    if A[j][1] < A[index][1]:</pre>
                              index = j
          temp = A[i][1]
          A[i][1] = A[index][1]
          A[index][1] = temp
          temp = A[i][0]
          A[i][0] = A[index][0]
          A[index][0] = temp
A[0][2] = 0 # Calculation of Waiting Times
for i in range(1, n):
          A[i][2] = 0
          for j in range(i):
                    A[i][2] += A[j][1]
          total += A[i][2]
avg_wt = total / n
total = 0
             # Calculation of Turn Around Time and printing the data.
                                        WT
             print("P
                                                     TAT"
             for i in range(n):
                          A[i][3] = A[i][1] + A[i][2]
                          total += A[i][3]
                          print(f"P{A[i][0]}
                                                     {A[i][1]}
                                                                {A[i][2]} {A[i][3]}")
             avg_tat = total / n
             print(f"Average Waiting Time= {avg_wt}")
             print(f"Average Turnaround Time= {avg_tat}")
if __name__ == "__main__":
             main()
```



```
= RESTART: C:\Users\Lenovo\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\SJF experiment.
Enter number of process: 6
Enter Burst Time:
P1: 6
P2: 2
P3: 8
P4: 3
P5: 4
P6: 0
          BT
                    WT
                             TAT
P6
                    0
P2
          2
                    0
          3
                             5
P4
                   2
P5
          4
                    5
                    9
P1
          6
                             15
Р3
          8
                    15
                             23
Average Waiting Time= 5.166666666666667
Average Turnaround Time= 9.0
```

## **SHORTEST-REMAINING TIME FIRST:-**

```
# Function to find the waiting time
# for all processes
def findWaitingTime(processes, n, wt):
    rt = [0] * n

# Copy the burst time into rt[]
    for i in range(n):
        rt[i] = processes[i][1]
    complete = 0
    t = 0
    minm = 999999999
    short = 0
    check = False
```



```
# Process until all processes gets
# completed
while (complete != n):
  # Find process with minimum remaining
  # time among the processes that
  # arrives till the current time`
  for j in range(n):
   if ((processes[j][2] <= t) and</pre>
      (rt[j] < minm) and rt[j] > 0):
      minm = rt[j]
      short = i
      check = True
  if (check == False):
   t += 1
    continue
  # Reduce remaining time by one
 rt[short] -= 1
  # Update minimum
  minm = rt[short]
  if (minm == 0):
    minm = 9999999999
```

```
# If a process gets completely
   if (rt[short] == 0):
      # Increment complete
     complete += 1
     check = False
     # Find finish time of current
      # process
     fint = t + 1
      # Calculate waiting time
     wt[short] = (fint - proc[short][1] -
               proc[short][2])
     if (wt[short] < 0):
       wt[short] = 0
   # Increment time
   t += 1
# Function to calculate turn around time
def findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, wt, tat):
```



```
# Calculating turnaround time
for i in range(n):
    tat[i] = processes[i][1] + wt[i]

# Function to calculate average waiting
# and turn-around times.
def findavgTime(processes, n):
    wt = [0] * n
    tat = [0] * n

# Function to find waiting time
# of all processes
findWaitingTime(processes, n, wt)

# Function to find turn around time
# for all processes
findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, wt, tat)
```

```
# Display processes along with all details
  print("Processes Burst Time Waiting",
          "Time Turn-Around Time")
  total_wt = 0
  total_tat = 0
  for i in range(n):
    total_wt = total_wt + wt[i]
    total_tat = total_tat + tat[i]
    print(" ", processes[i][0], "\t\t",
         processes[i][1], "\t\t",
         wt[i], "\t\t", tat[i])
  print("\nAverage waiting time = %.5f "%(total_wt /n))
 print("Average turn around time = ", total_tat / n)
# Driver code
if __name__ =="__main__":
  # Process id's
  proc = [[1, 6, 2], [2, 2, 5],
     [3, 8, 1], [4, 3, 0], [5,4,4]]
  findavqTime(proc, n)
```

```
= RESTART: C:/Users/Lenovo/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/Shortest Remaining time F.p.
Processes Burst Time
                      Waiting Time
                                     Turn-Around Time
                                                           13
2
                    2
                                       0
                                                           2
 3
                    8
                                       14
 4
                    3
                                       0
                                                           3
 5
Average waiting time = 4.60000
Average turn around time = 9.2
```