

Final Mini Project Demonstration

Project Title : Delinquency flagging and pd of loan

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Project Abstract and Scope

Introduction

In the modern world, we notice a lot of credit card fraudulent activities all around the world and banks spend a tremendous amount of time and money in identifying such crimes .On the other hand banks also need to deal with providing loans by checking the client's/customer's credibility which is based on multiple criteria, the most important one amongst them is the probability of default . Our project makes the job of banks easy by providing both these services as one package/unit . Our project aims to flag the fraudulent transactions and simultaneously provide the probability of default of a particular customer. The Scope of our project is to provide the functionalities such as identification of fraudulent transactions and computing the probability default of a customer as one combined unit.

Set the context...

Our project aims to develop a machine learning model that is used to detect credit card fraudulent activity and side-by-side based on the linear regression of the probability of default it provides information regarding the client's/customer's credibility and whether the person will default or not









Literature Survey

| Paper Title | Inference |
|---|---|
| Cyber Risk for the Financial Sector: A Framework for Quantitative Assessment | Domain knowledge regarding the security risks in the financial sector |
| Predicting the Probability of Loan- Default: An Application of Binary Logistic Regression | The importance of PD was shown and different possible methods of implementation |
| Credit Card Fraud Detection using Deep Learning | Method of deep learning was ventured in this paper and performance comparisons of different models to detect fraud was seen |



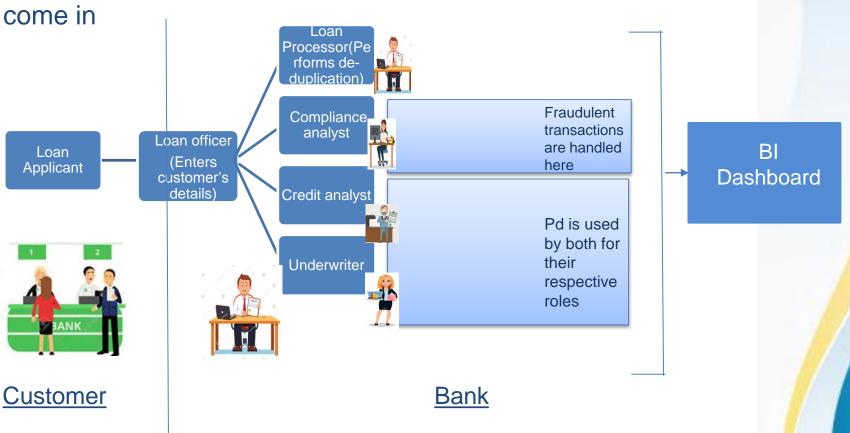






Design Description/UI Design

Bird's eye view of the roles involved in the process and where we



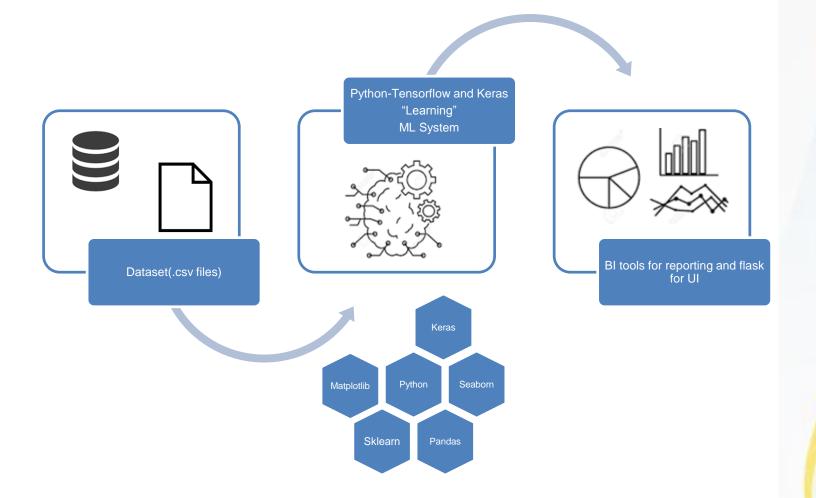








Technologies Used











Implementation Details

Code explanation.

Logistic Regression Model for Probability Default

- The Code imports a training data set from Kaggle.
- It prepares the data by filtering out the required parameters.
- The required parameters are then applied to the logistic regression model estimator implemented from the class sklearn.linear_model.
- So the obtained values of the intercept and coefficients are fed to the function which computes the value of Z in the formula Pr(default = 1/X) = 1 / 1 + exp(-Z) where Z = w0 + w1.LimitBalance + w2.Age (where w0,w1 and w2 are constants obtained from the logistic regression model).
- This value of Z is then fed to the function that computes the probability default for any input value of the parameters of previous credit amount and the age.
- This also provides necessary statistical visual plots along with the probability of default which are convenient for banks to utilize in order to determine the customer's credibility.









Interpretation with Algorithms & Pseudocode used.

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Algorithm used is given as:-
func Z(pay_amount,age):
    return intercept[0] + coeff[0][0]*pay_amount +
coeff[0][1]*age
```

func prob_default(credit_amount,age):
 z = Z(credit_amount,age)
 return 1/(1 + exp(-z))

Training Data Set

Linear Regression Model with Filtered Parameters Functions Computing z value and probability default

Input

Output – Probability of Default









Implementation Details

Algorithm for delinquency flagging - Model building

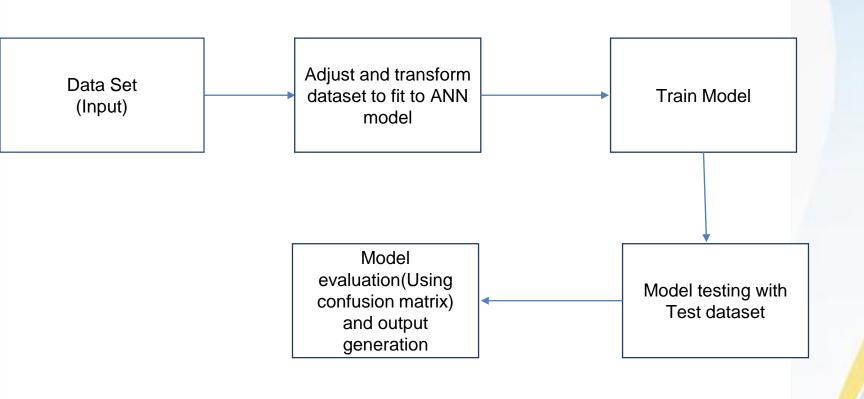
- 1. Import required libraries and Dataset needed
- 2. Data Pre-processing steps where required columns for the model is kept and rest is dropped
- 3. Encoding the Categorical data to numeric data using LabelEncoder from sklearn
- 4. Split data into training and test dataset(80-20)
- 5. Feature scaling using Standard scaler using sklearn
- 6. Building the ANN framework using keras- An input layer, 2 hidden layers and 1 output layer
- 7. Training the ANN model using adam as an optimizer and binary crossentropy as the last layer (output layer) loss function, with batch size 60 epochs
- 8. Testing and calculation of accuracy of model using accuracy_score()
- 9. Performance evaluation using confusion matrix



















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Thank You