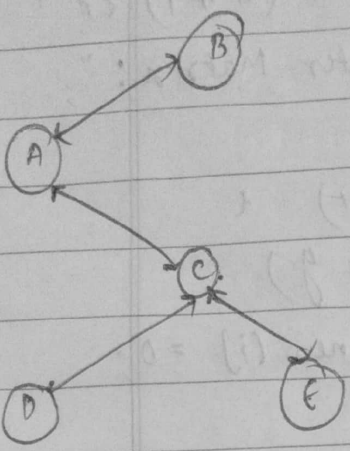


Distance vector algorithm

adaptive

non-adaptive



Bellman-ford equation



$$d_n(y) = \min_v \{ c(n, v) + d_v(y) \}$$

for each node y in N

Distance vector routing is an asynchronous algorithm in which node x sends the copy of its distance vector to all its neighbours. When node x receives new distance vector from one of its neighbouring nodes, it saves the distance vector of v and uses the Bellman-ford equation to update its own distance vector.

* Algo

At each node x ,

for all destination y in N :

$$D_x(y) = c(x, y)$$

for each neighbour w :

$$D_w(y) = ?$$

send distance vector $D_x = [D_x(y) : y \text{ in } N]$ to w

wait (until it receives any distance vector from neighbour w)

for each y in N :

$$D_x(y) = \min_v \{ c(x, v) + D_v(y) \}$$

26 $D_n(y)$ is changed for any destination y
 Send distance vector $D_n = [D_n(y) : y \text{ in } N]$
 to all neighbours

Code : $(n = 1000)$

header file

#define MAX 1000

int n

~~char~~ router

router () {

for (int i=0; i<MAX; i++)

table old[i] = table new[i] = 99;

void copy ()

for (i=0; i<n; i++) {

adj-odd[i] = adj-new[i];

table-odd[i] = table-new[i]

}

}

int equal () {

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {

if (table-odd[i] != table-new[i]

return;

}

void input ()

cout << "Enter 1 if corresponding router
 is adjacent to router"

<< char ('A'+j) << else enter 99 <<
 end

for (i=0; i<n; i++)
 if (i!=y)
 cout << char('A'+1) << " ";
 cout << "\n Enter Matrix: ";

for (l=0; l<n; l++)
 if (l==y)
 table_new[i] = 0;
 else

cin >> table_new[i]
 adj_new[i] = char('A'+i);
 }

cout << endl;

void ~~main~~ build ()

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
 for (k=0; k!=j) && (k<n); k++.

if (table_old[i] != 99)
 if (table_new[i] + s[i] - table_new[k])
 < table_new[k]
 table_new[k] = table_new[i] + s[i].
 table_new[i]

}

}

void build table ()

int i=0, j=0

while (i!=n)

l

PAGE NO: _____
DATE: / / 201

```

for (i=j, i<n; i++) {
    r[i].copy ();
    r[i].build (i); }
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    if (!r[i].equal ()) {
        j=i;
        break;
    }
}

```

```

void display ()
{
    cout << destination;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        cout << char ("A"+i) << " ";
    cout << "outgoing line .";
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        cout << adj-new[i] << " ";
    cout << "\n Map Count;";
}

```

```

void main () {
    cout << "Enter no of routers";
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        r[i].input [i];
    build .table ();
    r[i].display ();
    cout << endl << endl;
}

```