

# Assignment 2

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## Part B

Header File: stream\_reassembler.hh

Private members:

- **buffer**: A **vector** of **packets** that stores received data along with their indices and lengths.
- **acknowledged**: The index up to which data has been successfully assembled.
- **unassembled**: The number of bytes inside the buffer to be assembled.
- **capacity**: The maximum capacity (in bytes) that the reassembler can hold.
- **eof**: A flag indicating whether the end of the byte stream has been reached.
- **\_output**: An instance of the `ByteStream` class where the in-order byte stream is stored.
- **Data Type**
  - I have created a packet structure to store the incoming packets in the buffer in an ordered manner
  - The packet struct represents a data packet with an index, length, and the actual data.
  - It has an `operator<` function for sorting packets based on their indices.

Source File stream\_reassembler.cc:

- The `push_substring` function receives a substring of data, its index in the sequence, and an end-of-file flag. It assembles contiguous bytes into the output stream in order, taking into account capacity limits and possible overlaps. It uses the `overlap` and `merge` functions to order the buffer.

- The `overlap` function checks whether two packets overlap in their data ranges.
- The `merging` function handles the merging of two packets when they overlap, ensuring that the data is correctly combined. It gives **preference to the newer data** to replace the older data in the buffer in case of overlaps.
- The `unassembled_bytes` function returns the number of bytes waiting to be assembled.
- The `empty` function checks if there are no substrings waiting to be assembled.
- The `ack_index` function returns the index of the next interested substring to be assembled.

## Part c

### Wrapping

- It results in a wrapped 32-bit sequence number by adding the 64-bit sequence number  $n$  to the 32-bit  $isn$  to create the wrapped sequence number.

### UnWrapping

- It first calculates the difference ( $diff$ ) between  $n$  and  $isn$ , considering wraparound.
- Then, it checks whether the checkpoint is closer to  $diff$  in the clockwise or counterclockwise direction (wrapping around the 64-bit space).
- It calculates two potential 64-bit sequence numbers ( $diff1$  and  $diff2$ ) by adding multiples of the 32-bit wraparound space ( $1ull \ll 32$ ) to  $diff$ .
- It selects the closest one among  $diff1$  and  $diff2$  to the checkpoint and returns it as the absolute 64-bit sequence number.

### TCP Reciever

- It extracts information from the segment, such as the sequence number ( $seqno$ ), SYN flag ( $syn$ ), payload data, and FIN flag.
- It handles SYN and FIN flags to establish and terminate connections.
- It computes the absolute sequence number ( $abs\_seqno$ ) relative to the initial sequence number ( $\_isn$ ) and the current acknowledgment index ( $checkpoint$ ).
- It calls `_reassembler.push_substring` to reassemble and process the payload data, taking into account the FIN flag and the current state of the receiver.
- It updates the acknowledgment number ( $ack$ ) based on the acknowledgment index ( $checkpoint2$ ) after processing the segment.

## Results

```
rag@rag-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CN/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build$ ctest
Test project /home/rag/Desktop/CN/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build
  Start 1: wrapping_integers_cmp
1/23 Test #1: wrapping_integers_cmp ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 2: wrapping_integers_unwrap
2/23 Test #2: wrapping_integers_unwrap ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 3: wrapping_integers_wrap
3/23 Test #3: wrapping_integers_wrap ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 4: wrapping_integers_roundtrip
4/23 Test #4: wrapping_integers_roundtrip ..... Passed    0.34 sec
  Start 5: byte_stream_construction
5/23 Test #5: byte_stream_construction ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 6: byte_stream_one_write
6/23 Test #6: byte_stream_one_write ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 7: byte_stream_two_writes
7/23 Test #7: byte_stream_two_writes ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 8: byte_stream_capacity
8/23 Test #8: byte_stream_capacity ..... Passed    1.11 sec
  Start 9: byte_stream_many_writes
9/23 Test #9: byte_stream_many_writes ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 10: recv_connect
10/23 Test #10: recv_connect ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 11: recv_transmit
11/23 Test #11: recv_transmit ..... Passed    0.15 sec
  Start 12: recv_window
12/23 Test #12: recv_window ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 13: recv_reorder
13/23 Test #13: recv_reorder ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 14: recv_close
14/23 Test #14: recv_close ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 15: recv_special
15/23 Test #15: recv_special ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 16: fsm_stream_reassembler_cap
16/23 Test #16: fsm_stream_reassembler_cap ..... Passed    0.26 sec
  Start 17: fsm_stream_reassembler_single
17/23 Test #17: fsm_stream_reassembler_single ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 18: fsm_stream_reassembler_seq
18/23 Test #18: fsm_stream_reassembler_seq ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 19: fsm_stream_reassembler_dup
19/23 Test #19: fsm_stream_reassembler_dup ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 20: fsm_stream_reassembler_holes
20/23 Test #20: fsm_stream_reassembler_holes ..... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 21: fsm_stream_reassembler_many
21/23 Test #21: fsm_stream_reassembler_many ..... Passed    0.29 sec
  Start 22: fsm_stream_reassembler_overlapping
22/23 Test #22: fsm_stream_reassembler_overlapping ... Passed    0.01 sec
  Start 23: fsm_stream_reassembler_win
23/23 Test #23: fsm_stream_reassembler_win ..... Passed    0.28 sec

100% tests passed, 0 tests failed out of 23

Total Test time (real) = 2.56 sec
rag@rag-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CN/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build$
```