

# Assignment 2

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## Part A

Header File: `byte_stream.hh`

ByteStream class declaration: This defines the ByteStream class, which represents an in-order byte stream.

Private members:

- `std::deque<char> buffer`: A deque to store the byte data.
- `const size_t capacity`: The maximum capacity of the stream.
- `size_t bytesWritten`: Tracks the total bytes written.
- `size_t bytesRead`: Tracks the total bytes read.
- `bool InputEnded`: Indicates whether the input has ended.
- `bool _error`: A flag indicating if the stream has suffered an error.

Constructor: `ByteStream(const size_t capacity)`: Initializes the ByteStream object with the specified capacity.

Source File `byte_stream.cc`:

- Constructor (`ByteStream::ByteStream(const size_t capa)`): This is the constructor of the ByteStream class. It takes a single parameter, `capa`, which is the initial capacity of the byte stream. It initialises several member variables: `capacity`, `_error`, `InputEnded`, `bytesWritten`, and `bytesRead`.
- `size_t ByteStream::write(const string &data)`: This method is used to write data into the byte stream. It takes a string data as input and attempts to write its characters into the buffer. It respects the capacity constraint and returns the number of bytes successfully written.
- `size_t ByteStream::remaining_capacity() const`: This method calculates and returns the remaining capacity in the byte stream's buffer.

- `void ByteStream::end_input():` This method sets the `InputEnded` flag to `true`, indicating that no more input will be added to the byte stream.
- `string ByteStream::peek_output(const size_t len) const:` This method allows you to examine (peek) a specified number of bytes from the output side of the buffer without removing them. If `len` is more than the size of data, it returns the max amount of bytes possible.
- `void ByteStream::pop_output(const size_t len):` This method removes a specified number of bytes from the output side of the buffer. If `len` is more than the size of data, it raises an error.
- `std::string ByteStream::read(const size_t len):` This method reads (copies and then pops) the next `len` bytes from the stream and returns them as a string. If `len` is more than the size of data, it raises an error.
- `bool ByteStream::input_ended() const:` This method returns `true` if the input has ended (as set by `end_input()`), otherwise `false`.
- `size_t ByteStream::buffer_size() const:` This method returns the current size of the buffer.
- `bool ByteStream::buffer_empty() const:` This method returns `true` if the buffer is empty; otherwise `false`.
- `bool ByteStream::eof() const:` This method returns `true` if the input has ended and the buffer is empty (end of file); otherwise `false`.
- `size_t ByteStream::bytes_written() const:` This method returns the total number of bytes written to the byte stream.
- `size_t ByteStream::bytes_read() const:` This method returns the total number of bytes read from the byte stream.

Following is result of the test cases provided to us:

```
rag@rag-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build$ ctest -R "^byte_stream"
Test project /home/rag/Desktop/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build
  Start 5: byte_stream_construction
1/5 Test #5: byte_stream_construction ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 6: byte_stream_one_write
2/5 Test #6: byte_stream_one_write ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 7: byte_stream_two_writes
3/5 Test #7: byte_stream_two_writes ..... Passed    0.00 sec
  Start 8: byte_stream_capacity
4/5 Test #8: byte_stream_capacity ..... Passed    1.55 sec
  Start 9: byte_stream_many_writes
5/5 Test #9: byte_stream_many_writes ..... Passed    0.00 sec

100% tests passed, 0 tests failed out of 5

Total Test time (real) = 1.57 sec
rag@rag-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CN/ComputerNetworks/Ass2/assignment2/build$
```