

16%

(No att) \rightarrow 50%

2 Ass. \rightarrow coding (real life q. Python/R)

\leftarrow Proj \rightarrow 6 people \rightarrow last 2 week

absolute: 4:45

2 Quiz

mid/end \rightarrow is class

\rightarrow everything

wed: 2 \rightarrow 3 } office hours
friday: TBA }

REV:-

Random Expt:

throw a coin

Random Variable.

$X: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

discrete

X : # of heads

$P(X=x)$:
1 0
 $\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2}$

throw a die

X : # on die

$P(X=x)$:
1 2 3 4 5 6
 $\frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6}$

pmf $P(X_i = x_i) \geq 0$

$\sum P(X_i = x_i) = 1$

continuous RV:

PDF: $f_X(x) \geq 0$, $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) dx = 1$

CDF: $F_X(x) = P(X \leq x)$

$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f_X(u) du$

multiple RV:

$RE_1 \quad \Omega = \{H, T\}$

X_1 : # of H

$RE_2 \quad \Omega = \{H, T\}$

X_2 : # of H

$\underline{X} = (X_1, X_2)$: joint RV: vector of RV (2-D RV)

$P(\underline{X} = \underline{x}) = P(X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2) \geq 0$

$\sum_{\underline{x} \in \mathcal{X}} P(\underline{X} = \underline{x}) = 1$

↓
we make n-D RV

$\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n) \rightarrow n \text{ dim vector.}$

A_1 & A_2 are ind.

$$P(A_1 \cap A_2) = P(A_1)P(A_2)$$

$P(\underline{X} = \underline{x})$: Joint pmf.

$$P(\underline{X} = \underline{x}) = P(X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, \dots, X_n = x_n) \\ = \prod_{i=1}^n P(X_i = x_i)$$

if all $X_i \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p) \rightarrow$ identically distributed RV.

$$P(X_1 = 1, \dots, X_n = 1) = p^n$$

if $n=3$, $X_1 \sim \text{Ber}(p)$, $X_2 \sim \text{Binom}(N, p)$, $X_3 \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$

$$P(X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, X_3 = x_3) = \prod P(X_i = x_i)$$

↓
not identical

IIDs (Independent & Identical Distributions).

$$\text{CDF: } F_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = P(\underline{X} \leq \underline{x}) = P(X_1 \leq x_1, X_2 \leq x_2, \dots, X_n \leq x_n)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n P(X_i \leq x_i) \text{ if } X_i \text{'s are independent}$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n F_{X_i}(x_i)$$

↳ marginal CDFs.

if X_i are identically distributed.
easy to mult.

$$\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$P(X_i = x_i) = \text{marginal Pmf.}$$

$$F_{X_i}(x_i) = \text{CDF}$$

$\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$ $P(X_i = x_i) \leftarrow F_{X_i}(x_i)$ as PMF & CDF
 X_i 's are independent.

i) $F_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x})$ ii) $P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x})$ } \rightarrow simply multiply.

$\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$, we are given $F_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x})$ find $F_{X_i}(x_i)$

$$F_{\underline{X}}(\infty, \dots, \infty, x_i, \infty, \dots, \infty) = F_{X_i}(x_i)$$

$$F_{X_1}(x_1) = P(X_1 \leq x_1, -\infty < X_2 < \infty) \Big| P(X_1 < x_1, 0 < X_2 < \infty) \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{x_1} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) dx = \sum_{u=0}^{x_1} \sum_{v=0}^{\infty} P(X_1=u, X_2=v)$$

finding 2 out of n

$$F_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) = P(X_1 < x_1, X_2 < x_2, 0 < X_3 < \infty, \dots, 0 < X_n < \infty)$$

$$= \sum_{u_1=0}^{x_1} \sum_{u_2=0}^{x_2} \sum_{u_3=0}^{\infty} \dots \sum_{u_n=0}^{\infty} (P(X_1=u_1, X_2=u_2, \dots, X_n=u_n))$$

$X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_2$: X_1, X_2 independent.

X_1, X_2, X_3 : independent : pairwise independent. $X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_2$, mutual indep.

$$X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_3 \quad P(X_1, X_2, X_3)$$

$$X_2 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_3 \quad = P(X_1)P(X_2)P(X_3)$$

X_1, \dots, X_n for pairs

triplets \leftarrow mutual independence.

quadrats

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n