

### 3.d. 4-G-Array Sum Max Problem

**Aim:**

Given an array of N integer, we have to maximize the sum of  $\text{arr}[i] * i$ , where i is the index of the element ( $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N$ ). Write an algorithm based on Greedy technique with a Complexity  $O(n \log n)$ .

Input Format:

First line specifies the number of elements-n

The next n lines contain the array elements.

Output Format:

Maximum Array Sum to be printed.

Sample Input:

5

2 5 3 4 0

Sample output:

40

**Algorithm:**

```
function main() {  
    initialize n // number of elements  
    read n from user  
  
    initialize arr array of size n // array to hold integers  
  
    // read values into the arr array  
    for i from 0 to n-1 {  
        read arr[i] from user  
    }  
  
    // sorting the array using bubble sort
```

```

for i from 0 to n-2 {
    for j from 0 to n-i-2 {
        if arr[j] is greater than arr[j+1] {
            // swap arr[j] and arr[j+1]
            initialize temp as arr[j]
            arr[j] = arr[j+1]
            arr[j+1] = temp
        }
    }
}

```

initialize prod to 0 // variable to hold the weighted sum

```

// compute the weighted sum
for i from 0 to n-1 {
    prod = prod + (arr[i] * i) // accumulate the weighted sum
}

```

```

print prod // output the final result
}

```

### **Program:**

```

#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int arr[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
}

```

```
}  
for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){ for(int  
    j=0;j<n-i-1;j++){  
        if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){  
            int temp=arr[j];  
            arr[j]=arr[j+1];  
            arr[j+1]=temp;  
        }  
    }  
}  
int prod=0;  
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
    prod+=(arr[i]*i);  
}  
printf("%d",prod);  
}
```

**Output:**

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5 2 5 3 4 0	40	40	✓
✓	10 2 2 2 4 4 3 3 5 5 5	191	191	✓
✓	2 45 3	45	45	✓