#### 1

# Assignment 1

## Raghavendra Kulkarni

Find Python Codes from below link

https://github.com/RaghavendraKulkarni/internship/blob/main/Assignment1/Assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/RaghavendraKulkarni/internship/blob/main/Assignment1/assignment1.tex

## 1 Examples 1

## 1.1 Question

A line of length 10 and one end is at point (2, -3); if the abscissa of the other end be 10, Prove that its ordinate must be 3 or -9.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.1.1}$$

#### 1.2 Solution

1) The distance between two vectors is given by

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})}$$
 (1.2.1)

Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(1.2.2)

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 - y_1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.2.3}$$

Given Distance between  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  is 10 From (1.2.1) (1.2.3)

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 - y_1 \end{pmatrix} \right\| = 10 \tag{1.2.4}$$

$$\sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 - y_1 \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 - y_1 \end{pmatrix}} = 10$$
 (1.2.5)

$$\sqrt{(-8 - 3 - y_1)\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 - y_1 \end{pmatrix}} = 10$$
 (1.2.6)

$$\sqrt{\left(-8\right)^2 + \left(-3 - y_1\right)^2} = 10$$
 (1.2.7)

$$(-8)^2 + (-3 - y_1)^2 = 10^2$$
 (1.2.8)

$$64 + 9 + 6y_1 + y_1^2 = 100 (1.2.9)$$

$$= y_1^2 + 6y_1 - 27 \tag{1.2.10}$$

On solving for  $y_1$  in above quadratic equation

$$\implies y_1 = -6 + \sqrt{144}, y_1 = -6 - \sqrt{144}$$
(1.2.11)

$$\implies y_1 = 3, y_1 = -9$$
 (1.2.12)

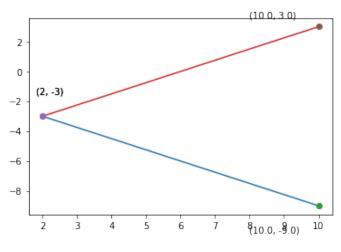


Fig. 1

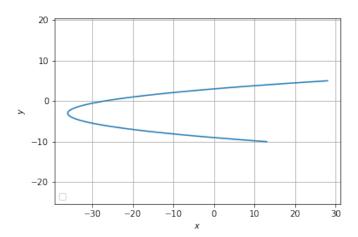


Fig. 1