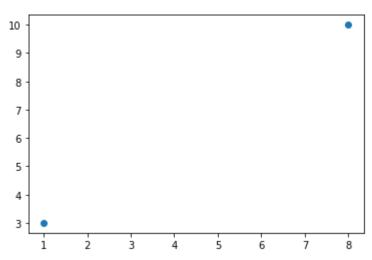
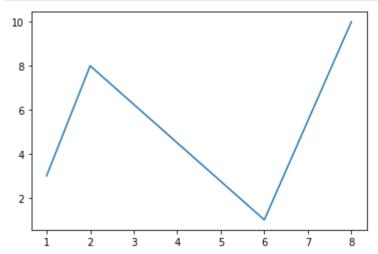
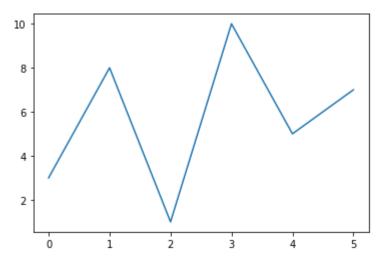
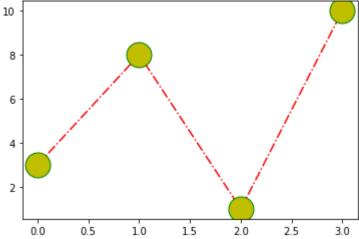
```
In [68]:
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import numpy as np
           plt.plot([1,2,3],[4,5,6])
           plt.show()
          6.00
          5.75
          5.50
          5.25
          5.00
          4.75
          4.50
          4.25
          4.00
                1.00
                     1.25
                           1.50
                                 1.75
                                       2.00
                                            2.25
                                                  2.50
                                                        2.75
                                                              3.00
 In [3]:
           xpoints = np.array([1, 8])
           ypoints = np.array([3, 10])
           plt.plot(xpoints, ypoints)
           plt.show()
          10
            9
            5
 In [4]:
           xpoints = np.array([1, 8])
           ypoints = np.array([3, 10])
           plt.plot(xpoints, ypoints, 'o')
           plt.show()
```









```
In [47]: ypoints = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
    plt.plot(ypoints, linestyle = 'None')
    plt.show()
```

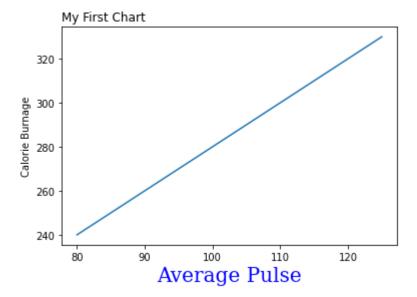
```
10 -
8 -
6 -
4 -
2 -
0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0
```

```
In [54]:
    x = np.array([80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 105, 110, 115, 120, 125])
    y = np.array([240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330])

plt.plot(x, y)
    font1 = {'family':'serif','color':'blue','size':20}
    font2 = {'family':'serif','color':'darkred','size':15}

plt.xlabel("Average Pulse",fontdict=font1)
    plt.ylabel("Calorie Burnage",)
    plt.title("My First Chart",loc='left')

plt.show()
```



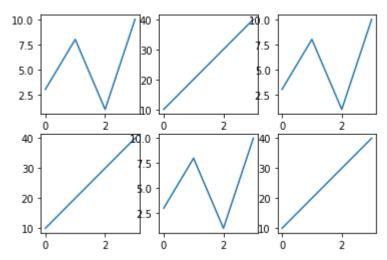
```
import numpy as np
import math
t=np.arange(0,2.5,0.1)
y1=np.sin(math.pi*t)
y2=np.sin(math.pi*t+math.pi/2)
y3=np.sin(math.pi*t+math.pi/2)
f = plt.figure()
f.set_figwidth(20)
f.set_figheight(15)
```

```
plt.plot(t,y1,marker='o',t,y2,t,y3,marker='b*',ms=12)
plt.show()
```

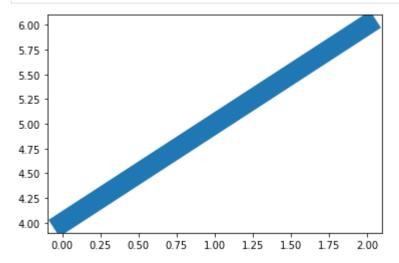
```
File "C:\Users\student\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_7292/2911271571.py", line 10
plt.plot(t,y1,marker='o',t,y2,t,y3,marker='b*',ms=12)
```

SyntaxError: positional argument follows keyword argument

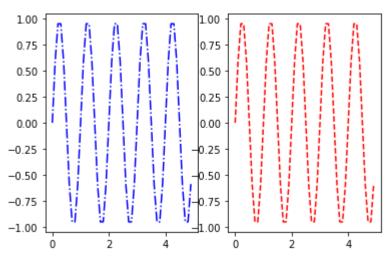
```
In [69]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 1)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 2)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 3)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 4)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 5)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])
          y = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40])
          plt.subplot(2, 3, 6)
          plt.plot(x,y)
          plt.show()
```



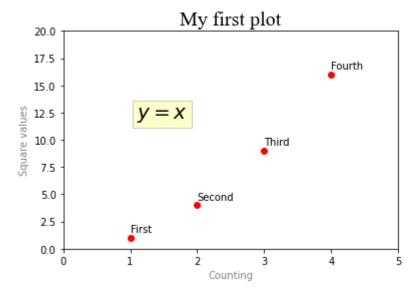
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot([4,5,6],linewidth=20)
plt.show()
```



```
In [3]:
#Working with Multiple Figures and Axes
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
t = np.arange(0,5,0.1)
y1 = np.sin(2*np.pi*t)
y2 = np.sin(2*np.pi*t)
plt.subplot(121)
plt.plot(t,y1,'b-.')
plt.subplot(122)
plt.plot(t,y2,'r--')
plt.show()
```

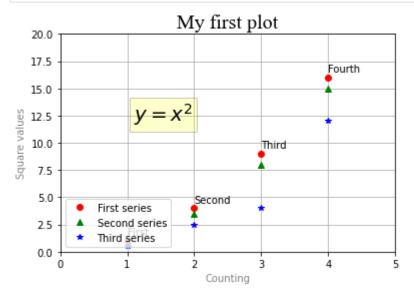


```
In [4]:
         #Adding Elements to the Chart
         #Adding text
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         plt.axis([0,5,0,20])
         plt.title('My first plot',fontsize=20,fontname='Times New Roman')
         plt.xlabel('Counting',color='gray')
         plt.ylabel('Square values',color='gray')
         plt.text(1,1.5,'First')
         plt.text(2,4.5,'Second')
         plt.text(3,9.5,'Third')
         plt.text(4,16.5,'Fourth')
         plt.text(1.1,12,'$y = x$',fontsize=20,bbox={'facecolor':'yellow','alpha':0.2})
         plt.plot([1,2,3,4],[1,4,9,16],'ro')
         plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.axis([0,5,0,20])
plt.title('My first plot',fontsize=20,fontname='Times New Roman')
plt.xlabel('Counting',color='gray')
plt.ylabel('Square values',color='gray')
plt.text(1,1.5,'First')
plt.text(2,4.5,'Second')
plt.text(3,9.5,'Third')
```

```
plt.text(4,16.5,'Fourth')
plt.text(1.1,12,'$y = x^2$',fontsize=20,bbox={'facecolor':'yellow','alpha':0.2})
plt.grid(True)
plt.plot([1,2,3,4],[1,4,9,16],'ro')
plt.plot([1,2,3,4],[0.8,3.5,8,15],'g^')
plt.plot([1,2,3,4],[0.5,2.5,4,12],'b*')
plt.legend(['First series','Second series','Third series'],loc=3)
plt.savefig('my_plot.png')
plt.show()
```

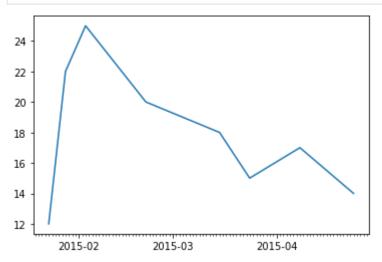


```
In [6]: #Handling Date Values
   import datetime
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   events = [datetime.date(2015,1,23),datetime.
   date(2015,1,28),datetime.date(2015,2,3),datetime.
   date(2015,2,21),datetime.date(2015,3,15),datetime.
   date(2015,3,24),datetime.date(2015,4,8),datetime.date(2015,4,24)]
   readings = [12,22,25,20,18,15,17,14]
   plt.plot(events,readings)
   plt.show()
```

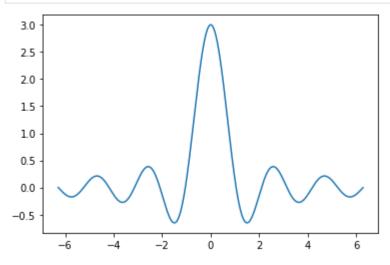


```
In [8]: #Handlinf Date Values
```

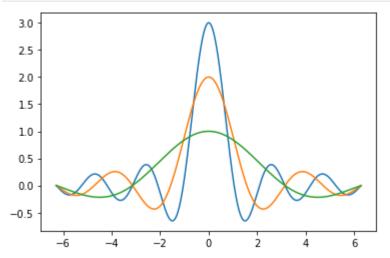
```
import datetime
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.dates as mdates
months = mdates.MonthLocator()
days = mdates.DayLocator()
timeFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%Y-%m')
events = [datetime.date(2015,1,23),datetime.
date(2015,1,28),datetime.date(2015,2,3),datetime.
date(2015,2,21),datetime.date(2015,3,15),datetime.
date(2015,3,24),datetime.date(2015,4,8),datetime.date(2015,4,24)]
readings = [12,22,25,20,18,15,17,14]
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.plot(events, readings)
ax.xaxis.set major locator(months)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(timeFmt)
ax.xaxis.set_minor_locator(days)
plt.show()
```



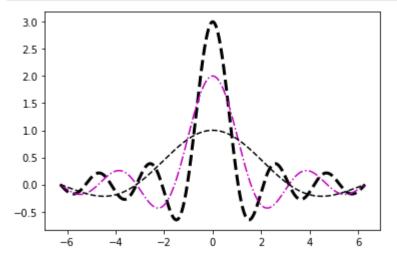
```
In [9]: #Line Chart
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import numpy as np
   x = np.arange(-2*np.pi,2*np.pi,0.01)
   y = np.sin(3*x)/x
   plt.plot(x,y)
   plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.arange(-2*np.pi,2*np.pi,0.01)
y = np.sin(3*x)/x
y2 = np.sin(2*x)/x
y3 = np.sin(1*x)/x
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.plot(x,y2)
plt.plot(x,y3)
plt.show()
```

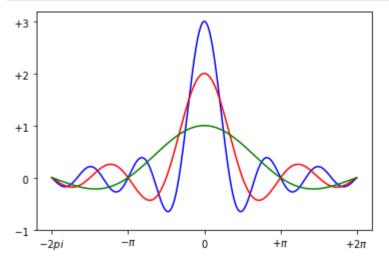


```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.arange(-2*np.pi,2*np.pi,0.01)
y = np.sin(3*x)/x
y2 = np.sin(2*x)/x
y3 = np.sin(1*x)/x
plt.plot(x,y,'k--',linewidth=3)
plt.plot(x,y2,'m-.')
plt.plot(x,y3,color='#010203',linestyle='--')
plt.show()
```

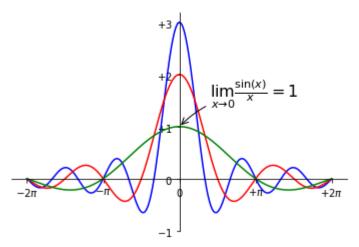


```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.arange(-2*np.pi,2*np.pi,0.01)
```

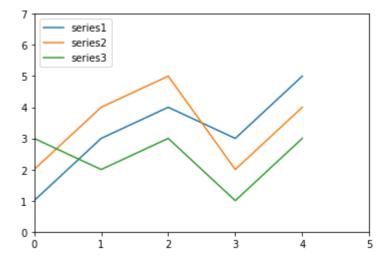
```
y = np.sin(3*x)/x
y2 = np.sin(2*x)/x
y3 = np.sin(x)/x
plt.plot(x,y,color='b')
plt.plot(x,y2,color='r')
plt.plot(x,y3,color='g')
plt.xticks([-2*np.pi, -np.pi, 0, np.pi, 2*np.pi], ['$-2pi$','$-\pi$','$0$','$+\pi$','$+
plt.yticks([-1,0,1,2,3], ['$-1$','$0$','$+1$','$+2$','$+3$'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [14]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          x = np.arange(-2*np.pi, 2*np.pi, 0.01)
          y = np.sin(3*x)/x
          y2 = np.sin(2*x)/x
          y3 = np.sin(x)/x
          plt.plot(x,y,color='b')
          plt.plot(x,y2,color='r')
          plt.plot(x,y3,color='g')
          plt.xticks([-2*np.pi, -np.pi, 0, np.pi, 2*np.pi], [r'$-2\pi$',r'$-\pi$',r'$0$',r'$+\pi$
          plt.yticks([-1,0,+1,+2,+3], [r'$-1$',r'$0$',r'$+1$',r'$+2$',r'$+3$'])
          plt.annotate(r'$\times {x\to 0} frac{\sin(x)}{x} = 1$', xy=[0,1], xycoords='data', xytext=[3]
          ax = plt.gca()
          ax.spines['right'].set_color('none')
          ax.spines['top'].set color('none')
          ax.xaxis.set_ticks_position('bottom')
          ax.spines['bottom'].set_position(('data',0))
          ax.yaxis.set ticks position('left')
          ax.spines['left'].set position(('data',0))
          plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data = {'series1':[1,3,4,3,5], 'series2':[2,4,5,2,4], 'series3':[3,2,3,1,3]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
x = np.arange(5)
plt.axis([0,5,0,7])
plt.plot(x,df)
plt.legend(data, loc=2)
plt.show()
```

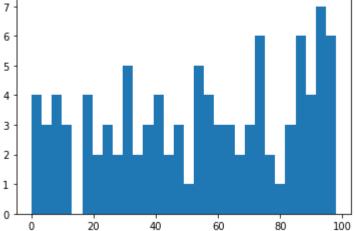


```
In [16]:
```

```
#Histograms
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
pop = np.random.randint(0,100,100)
print(pop)
n,bins,patches = plt.hist(pop,bins=30)
print(n,bins,patches)
plt.show()
```

```
[25 40 58 93 70 95 48 89 37 75 17 92 64 35 89 58 19 12 1 32 91 7 59 70 92 30 63 74 75 90 81 72 19 29 3 8 43 42 94 59 55 86 50 76 73 71 84 8 30 87 66 10 37 57 96 44 77 4 29 92 56 47 67 87 97 22 0 93 4 54 84 4 19 53 25 96 98 83 9 26 53 10 53 95 85 60 21 87 75 2 63 34 42 41 31 93 32 47 37 88]
[4. 3. 4. 3. 0. 4. 2. 3. 2. 5. 2. 3. 4. 2. 3. 1. 5. 4. 3. 3. 2. 3. 6. 2.
```

```
1. 3. 6. 4. 7. 6.] [ 0.
                                  3.26666667 6.53333333 9.8
                                                                      13.06666667 16.3333
3333
 19.6
             22.86666667 26.13333333 29.4
                                                 32.66666667 35.93333333
 39.2
             42.46666667 45.73333333 49.
                                                 52.26666667 55.53333333
             62.06666667 65.33333333 68.6
                                                 71.86666667 75.13333333
 58.8
 78.4
             81.66666667 84.93333333 88.2
                                                 91.46666667 94.73333333
 98.
            | <BarContainer object of 30 artists>
```

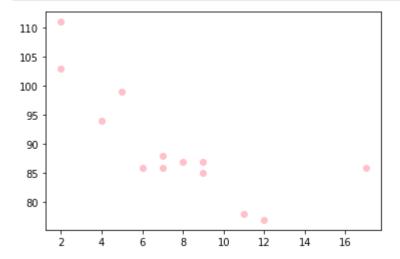


```
In [104...
```

```
#scatter chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.array([5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6])
y = np.array([99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86])

plt.scatter(x, y,c='pink')
plt.show()
```



```
In [98]: #scatter chart
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np

x = np.array([5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6])
y = np.array([99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86])
colors = np.array(["red","green","blue","yellow","pink","black","orange","purple","beig
plt.scatter(x, y,c=colors,cmap='Greens')
```

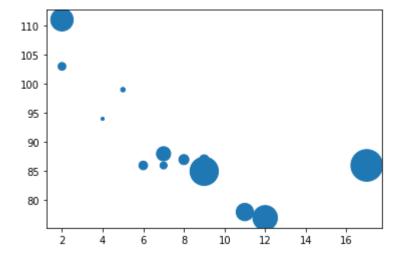
```
plt.colorbar()
plt.show()
```

```
1.0
110
                                                                   0.8
105
100
                                                                  0.6
 95
                                                                   0.4
 90
 85
                                                                   0.2
 80
       2.5
                5.0
                        7.5
                                        12.5
                                                15.0
                                                         17.5
                                10.0
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.array([5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6])
y = np.array([99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86])
sizes = np.array([20,50,100,200,500,1000,60,90,10,300,600,800,75])

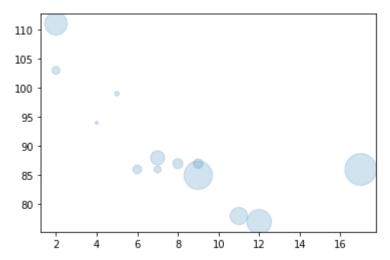
plt.scatter(x, y, s=sizes)
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.array([5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6])
y = np.array([99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86])
sizes = np.array([20,50,100,200,500,1000,60,90,10,300,600,800,75])

plt.scatter(x, y, s=sizes, alpha=0.2)
plt.show()
```

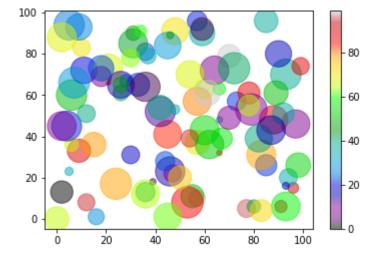


```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

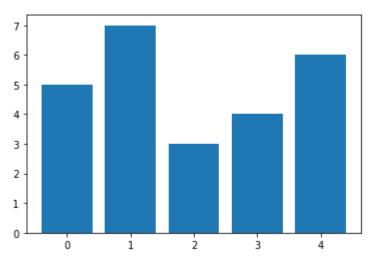
x = np.random.randint(100, size=(100))
y = np.random.randint(100, size=(100))
colors = np.random.randint(100, size=(100))
sizes = 10 * np.random.randint(100, size=(100))

plt.scatter(x, y, c=colors, s=sizes, alpha=0.5, cmap='nipy_spectral')
#nipy_spectral
plt.colorbar()

plt.show()
```

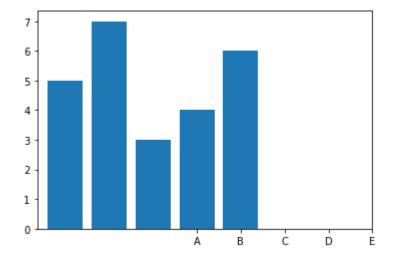


```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
index = [0,1,2,3,4]
values = [5,7,3,4,6]
plt.bar(index,values)
plt.show()
```



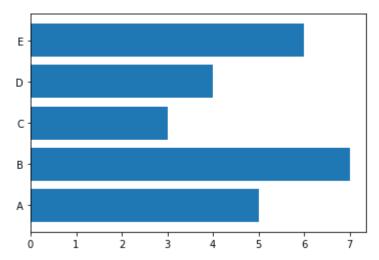
```
In [116...
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
index = np.arange(5)
values = [5,7,3,4,6]
plt.bar(index,values)
plt.xticks(index+3,['A','B','C','D','E'])
plt.show()
```



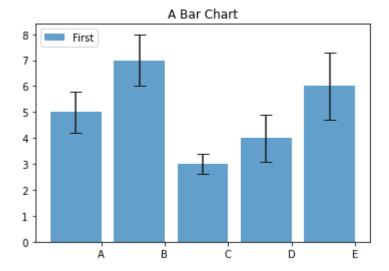
```
In [117...
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
index = np.arange(5)
values = [5,7,3,4,6]
plt.barh(index,values)
plt.yticks(index,['A','B','C','D','E'])
plt.show()
```

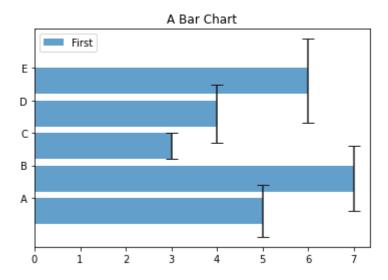


```
In []:
```

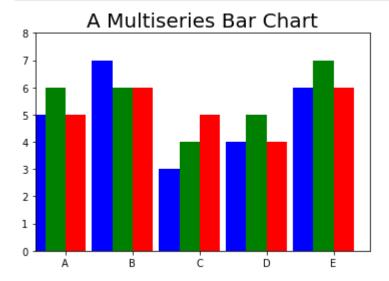
Out[13]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x127c9e4f850>



Out[14]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x127c9d87fd0>



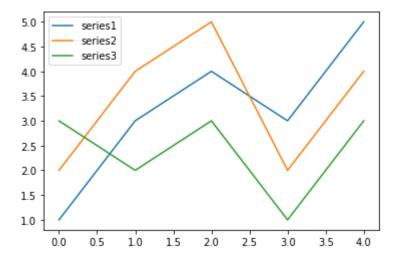
```
In [18]:
          #Multiserial Bar Charts
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          index = np.arange(5)
          values1 = [5,7,3,4,6]
          values2 = [6,6,4,5,7]
          values3 = [5,6,5,4,6]
          bw = 0.3
          plt.axis([0,5,0,8])
          plt.title('A Multiseries Bar Chart',fontsize=20)
          plt.bar(index,values1,bw,color='b')
          plt.bar(index+bw,values2,bw,color='g')
          plt.bar(index+2*bw, values3, bw, color='r')
          plt.xticks(index+1.5*bw,['A','B','C','D','E'])
          plt.show()
```



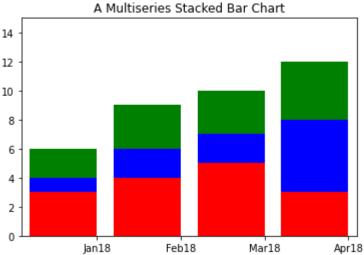
```
#Multiseries Bar Charts with pandas Dataframe
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data = {'series1':[1,3,4,3,5], 'series2':[2,4,5,2,4], 'series3':[3,2,3,1,3]}
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.plot(kind='line')
```

Out[123... <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [125...
          #Multiseries Stacked Bar Charts
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          series1 = np.array([3,4,5,3])
          series2 = np.array([1,2,2,5])
          series3 = np.array([2,3,3,4])
          index = np.arange(4)
          plt.axis([-0.5,3.5,0,15])
          plt.title('A Multiseries Stacked Bar Chart')
          plt.bar(index, series1, color='r')
          plt.bar(index,series2,color='b',left=series1)
          plt.bar(index,series3,color='g',bottom=(series2+series1))
          plt.xticks(index+0.4,['Jan18','Feb18','Mar18','Apr18'])
         ([<matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdba24c0>,
Out[125...
           <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdba2490>,
           <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdb880d0>,
            <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdc02310>],
          [Text(0.4, 0, 'Jan18'),
           Text(1.4, 0, 'Feb18'),
           Text(2.4, 0, 'Mar18'),
           Text(3.4, 0, 'Apr18')])
```



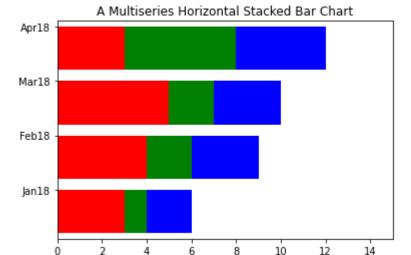
```
In [126...
           #Multiseries Stacked Bar Charts
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import numpy as np
           series1 = np.array([3,4,5,3])
           series2 = np.array([1,2,2,5])
           series3 = np.array([2,3,3,4])
           index = np.arange(4)
           plt.axis([0,15,-0.5,3.5])
           plt.title('A Multiseries Stacked Bar Chart')
           plt.barh(index, series1, color='r')
           plt.barh(index, series2, color='b', left=series1)
           plt.barh(index, series3, color='g', left=(series2+series1))
           plt.xticks(index+0.4,['Jan18','Feb18','Mar18','Apr18'])
          ([<matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdbfdb20>,
Out[126...
            <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cdbfdac0>,
            <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cd9ed2b0>,
            <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x127cda03c40>],
           [Text(0.4, 0, 'Jan18'),
            Text(1.4, 0, 'Feb18'),
            Text(2.4, 0, 'Mar18'),
            Text(3.4, 0, 'Apr18')])
                         A Multiseries Stacked Bar Chart
           3.5
           3.0
           2.5
           2.0
           1.5
           1.0
           0.5
           0.0
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

-0.5 ┸

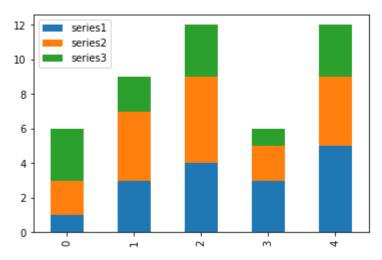
Jan 18eb 18ar 18pr 18

```
index = np.arange(4)
series1 = np.array([3,4,5,3])
series2 = np.array([1,2,2,5])
series3 = np.array([2,3,3,4])
plt.axis([0,15,-0.5,3.5])
plt.title('A Multiseries Horizontal Stacked Bar Chart')
plt.barh(index,series1,color='r')
plt.barh(index,series2,color='g',left=series1)
plt.barh(index,series3,color='b',left=(series1+series2))
plt.yticks(index+0.4,['Jan18','Feb18','Mar18','Apr18'])
```



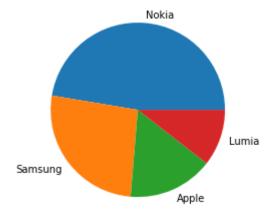
```
In [31]: #Stacked Bar Charts with a pandas Dataframe
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
data = {'series1':[1,3,4,3,5],
    'series2':[2,4,5,2,4],
    'series3':[3,2,3,1,3]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)
```

Out[31]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [77]:
```

```
#Pie Chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([45,25,15,10])
mylabels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
plt.pie(x,labels=mylabels)
plt.show()
```

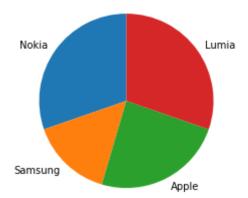


```
In [84]:
```

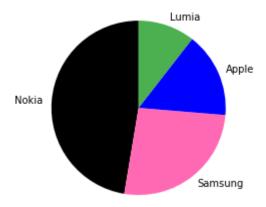
```
#Pie Chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([10,5,8,10])
plt.pie(x)
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([10,5,8,10])
labels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
plt.pie(x,labels=labels,startangle=90)
plt.show()
```

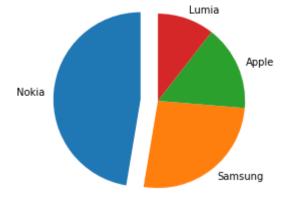


```
In [73]: #Pie Chart
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   x = np.array([45,25,15,10])
   labels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
   mycolors = ["black", "hotpink", "b", "#4CAF50"]
   plt.pie(x,labels=labels,colors=mycolors,startangle=90)
   plt.show()
```



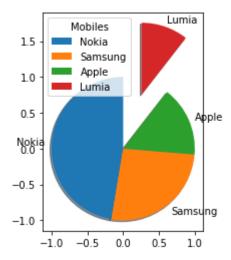
```
In [127...
```

```
#Pie Chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([45,25,15,10])
labels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
myexplode=[0.2,0,0,0]
plt.pie(x,labels=labels,startangle=90,explode=myexplode)
plt.show()
```



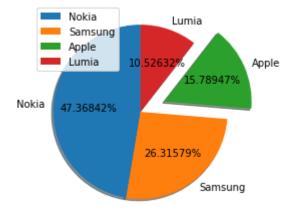
```
In [136...
```

```
#Pie Chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([45,25,15,10])
labels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
myexplode=[0,0,0,0.8]
plt.pie(x,labels=labels,startangle=90,explode=myexplode,shadow=True,frame=True)
plt.legend(title='Mobiles')
plt.show()
```

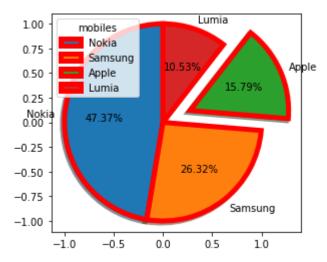


```
In [139...
```

```
#Pie Chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([45,25,15,10])
labels = ['Nokia', 'Samsung', 'Apple', 'Lumia']
myexplode=[0,0,0.3,0]
plt.pie(x,labels=labels,startangle=90,explode=myexplode,shadow=True,autopct='%0.5f%%')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
In [140...
```

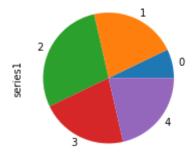


```
In [146...
```

```
#Pie Charts with a pandas Dataframe
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
data = {'series1':[1,3,4,3,3],
   'series2':[2,4,5,2,4],
   'series3':[3,2,3,1,3]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df['series1'].plot(kind='pie',figsize=(3,3))
```

Out[146...

<AxesSubplot:ylabel='series1'>

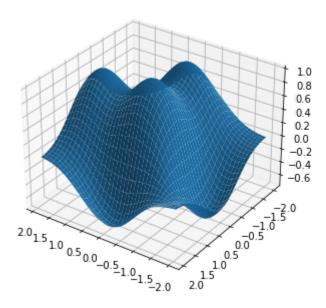


```
In [1]:
```

```
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
fig = plt.figure()
ax = Axes3D(fig)
X = np.arange(-2,2,0.1)
Y = np.arange(-2,2,0.1)
X,Y = np.meshgrid(X,Y)
def f(x,y):
    return (1 - y**5 + x**5)*np.exp(-x**2-y**2)
#ax.plot_surface(X,Y,f(X,Y), rstride=1, cstride=1)
ax.plot_surface(X,Y,f(X,Y), rstride=1, cstride=1)
ax.view_init(elev=30,azim=125)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\student\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_3920/3809197905.py:5: MatplotlibDeprecatio nWarning: Axes3D(fig) adding itself to the figure is deprecated since 3.4. Pass the keyw ord argument auto_add_to_figure=False and use fig.add_axes(ax) to suppress this warning. The default value of auto_add_to_figure will change to False in mpl3.5 and True values w

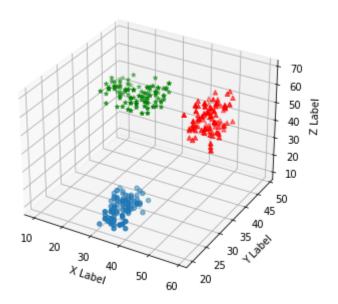
ill no longer work in 3.6. This is consistent with other Axes classes.
 ax = Axes3D(fig)



```
In [2]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         from mpl toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
         xs = np.random.randint(30,40,100)
         vs = np.random.randint(20,30,100)
         zs = np.random.randint(10,20,100)
         xs2 = np.random.randint(50,60,100)
         ys2 = np.random.randint(30,40,100)
         zs2 = np.random.randint(50,70,100)
         xs3 = np.random.randint(10,30,100)
         ys3 = np.random.randint(40,50,100)
         zs3 = np.random.randint(40,50,100)
         fig = plt.figure()
         ax = Axes3D(fig)
         ax.scatter(xs,ys,zs)
         ax.scatter(xs2,ys2,zs2,c='r',marker='^')
         ax.scatter(xs3,ys3,zs3,c='g',marker='*')
         ax.set_xlabel('X Label')
         ax.set ylabel('Y Label')
         ax.set_zlabel('Z Label')
         plt.show()
```

C:\Users\student\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_3920/939336687.py:14: MatplotlibDeprecatio nWarning: Axes3D(fig) adding itself to the figure is deprecated since 3.4. Pass the keyw ord argument auto_add_to_figure=False and use fig.add_axes(ax) to suppress this warning. The default value of auto_add_to_figure will change to False in mpl3.5 and True values w ill no longer work in 3.6. This is consistent with other Axes classes.

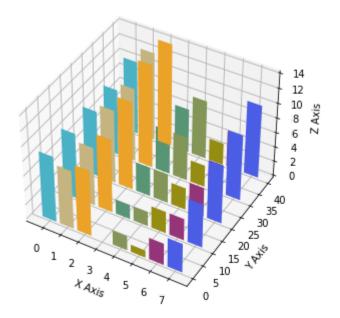
ax = Axes3D(fig)



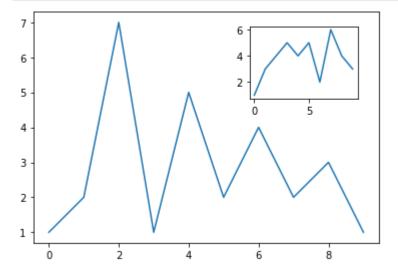
```
In [3]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         from mpl toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
         x = np.arange(8)
         y = np.random.randint(0,10,8)
         y2 = y + np.random.randint(0,3,8)
         y3 = y2 + np.random.randint(0,3,8)
         y4 = y3 + np.random.randint(0,3,8)
         y5 = y4 + np.random.randint(0,3,8)
         clr = ['#4bb2c5', '#c5b47f', '#EAA228', '#579575', '#839557','#958c12', '#953579', '#4b
         fig = plt.figure()
         ax = Axes3D(fig)
         ax.bar(x,y,0,zdir='y',color=clr)
         ax.bar(x,y2,10,zdir='y',color=clr)
         ax.bar(x,y3,20,zdir='y',color=clr)
         ax.bar(x,y4,30,zdir='y',color=clr)
         ax.bar(x,y5,40,zdir='y',color=clr)
         ax.set_xlabel('X Axis')
         ax.set_ylabel('Y Axis')
         ax.set zlabel('Z Axis')
         ax.view init(elev=40)
         plt.show()
```

C:\Users\student\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_3920/1450371942.py:12: MatplotlibDeprecati onWarning: Axes3D(fig) adding itself to the figure is deprecated since 3.4. Pass the key word argument auto_add_to_figure=False and use fig.add_axes(ax) to suppress this warnin g. The default value of auto_add_to_figure will change to False in mpl3.5 and True value s will no longer work in 3.6. This is consistent with other Axes classes.

ax = Axes3D(fig)

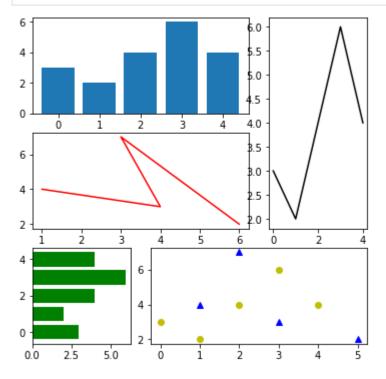


```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_axes([0.1,0.1,0.8,0.8])
inner_ax = fig.add_axes([0.6,0.6,0.25,0.25])
x1 = np.arange(10)
y1 = np.array([1,2,7,1,5,2,4,2,3,1])
x2 = np.arange(10)
y2 = np.array([1,3,4,5,4,5,2,6,4,3])
ax.plot(x1,y1)
inner_ax.plot(x2,y2)
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
    gs = plt.GridSpec(3,3)
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
    x = np.array([1,4,3,6])
    y = np.array([4,3,7,2])
    x1 = np.array([1,3,2,5])
    y1 = np.array([4,3,7,2])
```

```
x2 = np.arange(5)
y2 = np.array([3,2,4,6,4])
s1 = fig.add_subplot(gs[1,:2])
s1.plot(x,y,'r')
s2 = fig.add_subplot(gs[0,:2])
s2.bar(x2,y2)
s3 = fig.add_subplot(gs[2,0])
s3.barh(x2,y2,color='g')
s4 = fig.add_subplot(gs[:2,2])
s4.plot(x2,y2,'k')
s5 = fig.add_subplot(gs[2,1:])
s5.plot(x1,y1,'b^',x2,y2,'yo')
plt.show()
```



In []: