Depth First Search Traversal

Aim: To Study and Implement Depth First Search Traversal

Algorithm:

The whole process can be categorized as follows:

- 1. Create a Class Graph which represents a Directed Graph Using Adjacency list representation.
- 2. Within this class initialize a constructor and declare a default dictionary to store the graph.
- 3. Create a Function named addEdge to add an edge to the graph.
- 4. Create another function which checks which is node is visited and not visited.
- 5. Mark the current Node as visited and Print it.
- 6. Perform the same recursively for all its adjacent Nodes.
- 7. Then create a Function DFS to do the actual traversal
- 8. Create a set to store visited vertices
- 9. Next, call the previously created Recursive Function, To print the Traversal
- 10. Create a graph based on the inputs given.
- 11. Create an input for the users, to input the from and to vertex in the graph.
- 12 Print the Traversal

Program:

```
graph = {"A":["D","C","B"],
   "B":["E"],
   "C":["G","F"],
   "D":["H"],
   "F":["J"]}
def dfs_non_recursive(graph, source):
   if source is None or source not in graph:
     return "Invalid input"
   path = []
   stack = [source]
   while(len(stack) != 0):
     print('\n',stack)
     s = stack.pop()
     if s not in path:
```

```
print(s,end=' - ')
    path.append(s)
    if s not in graph:
        #leaf node
        continue
    for neighbor in graph[s]:
        print(neighbor,end=' ')
        stack.append(neighbor)

print('\n')
    return " ".join(path)

DFS_path = dfs_non_recursive(graph, "A")
print("Depth First Path : ",end=")
print(DFS_path)
```

Output:

```
['A']
A - D C B
['D', 'c', 'B']
B - E
['D', 'c', 'E']
E - I
['D', 'c', 'I']
I -
['D', 'c']
C - G F
['D', 'g', 'F']
F - J
['D', 'g', 'J']
J -
['D', 'g']
G -
['D']
D - H
['H']
H -

Depth First Path : A B E I C F J G D H

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Result: We have successfully studied and implemented Depth First Search Traversal