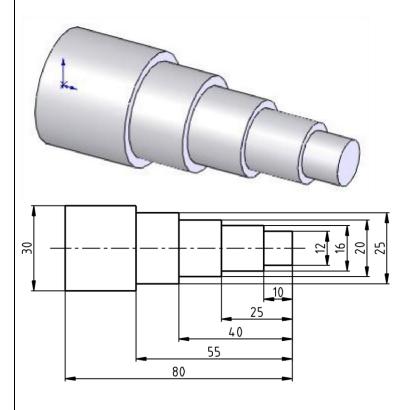
# **SOLIDWORKS** tutorial 1

# Axis



### **Axis**

This first exercise is meant as an introduction to SOLIDWORKS. First we will design and draw a simple product: an axis with different diameters. You'll learn how to work with the software and you will learn a few basic principles of the software. You will find out how to add material and how to remove it afterwards.



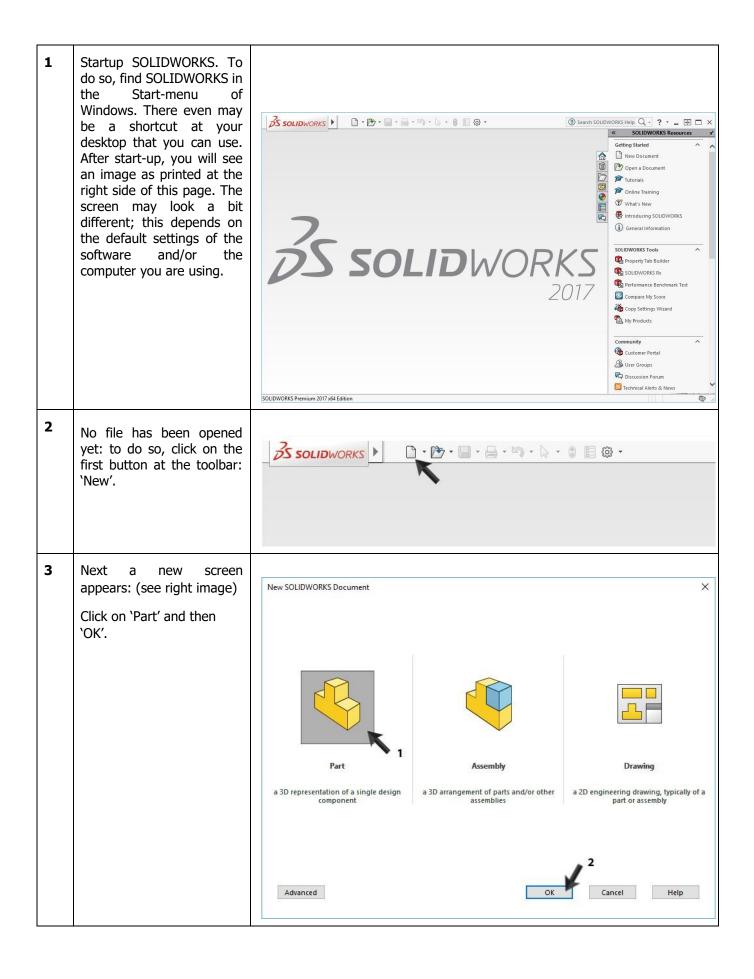
### Work plan

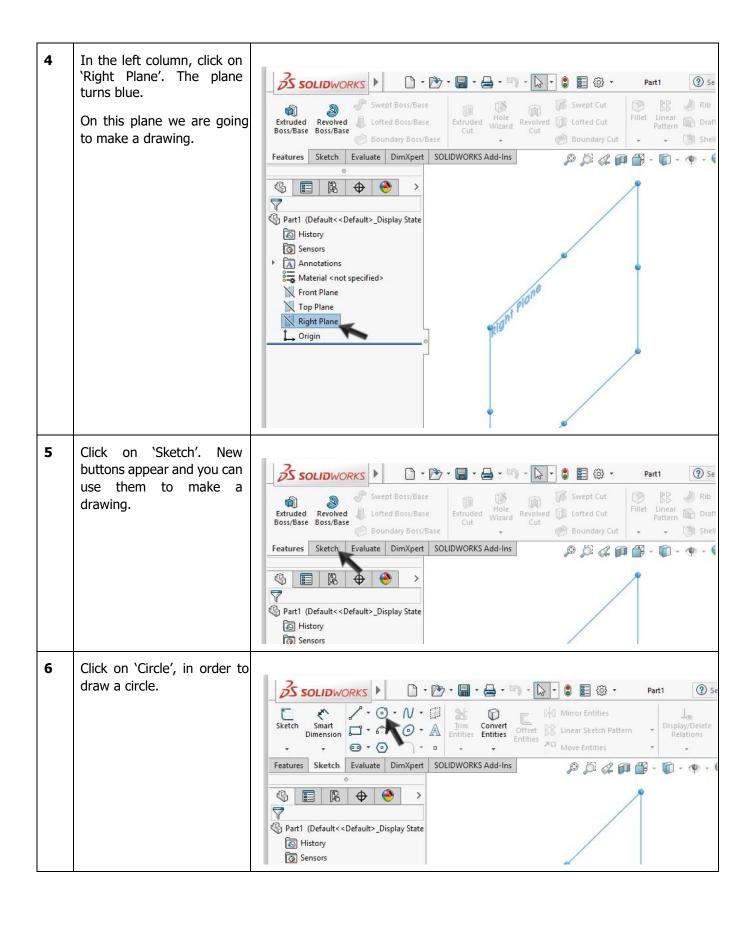
Before you start drawing in SOLIDWORKS, you must have a work plan: how are you going to do it.

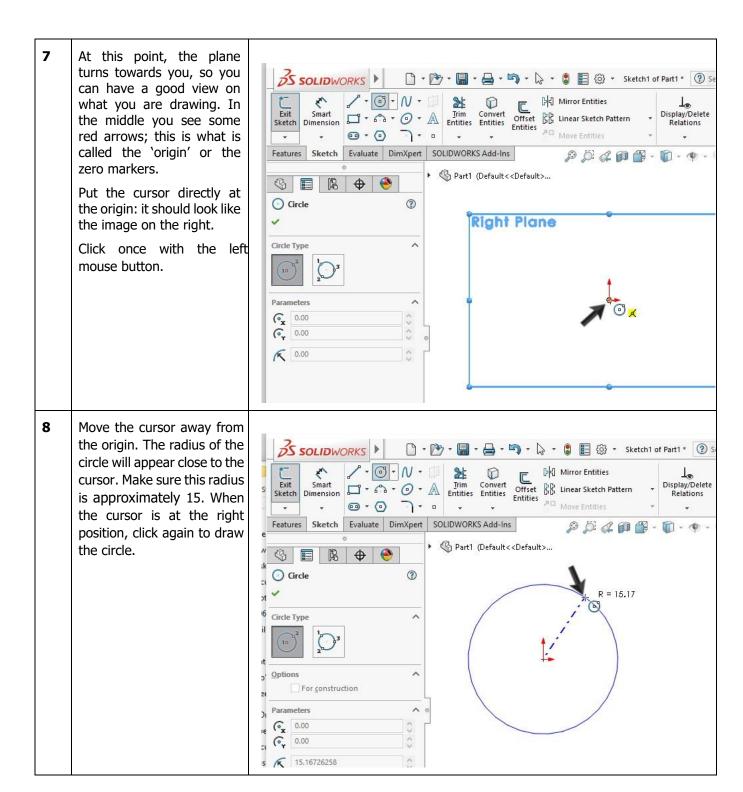
Most time you will produce a part in SOLIDWORKS in the same way as you would do it in the workshop. For this assignment this means you have to go through the following steps:

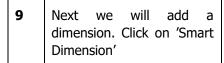
- 1. Create an axis of Ø30 x 80,
- 2. Cut the material in order to get the different diameters.

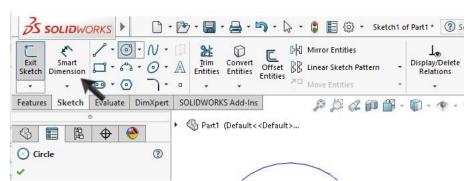
At the lathe you would have to perform several extra steps to get the desired accuracy, because for instance, you cannot remove all the material in one run. In SOLIDWORKS this is no problem, of course.



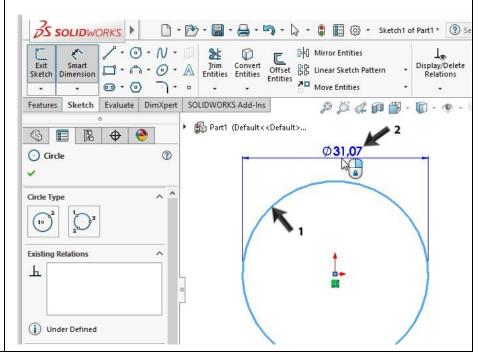






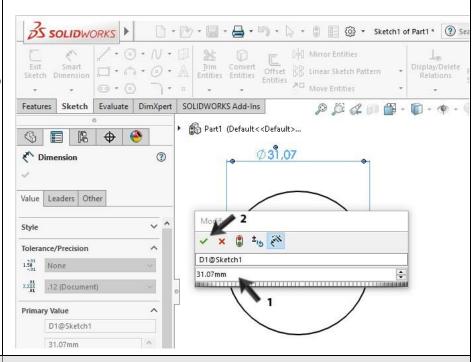


- 10 1. Click somewhere on the circle.
  - 2. Next move the mouse up and click again to add the dimension above the circle.



A small menu appears automatically in which you can change the dimension to the desired value.

Change the dimension into 30 and click on OK (the green 'OK' sign)

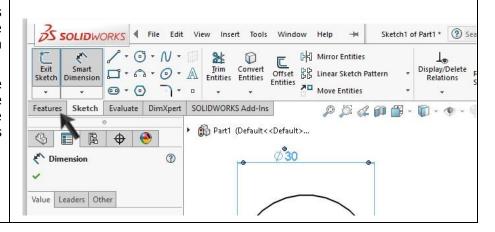


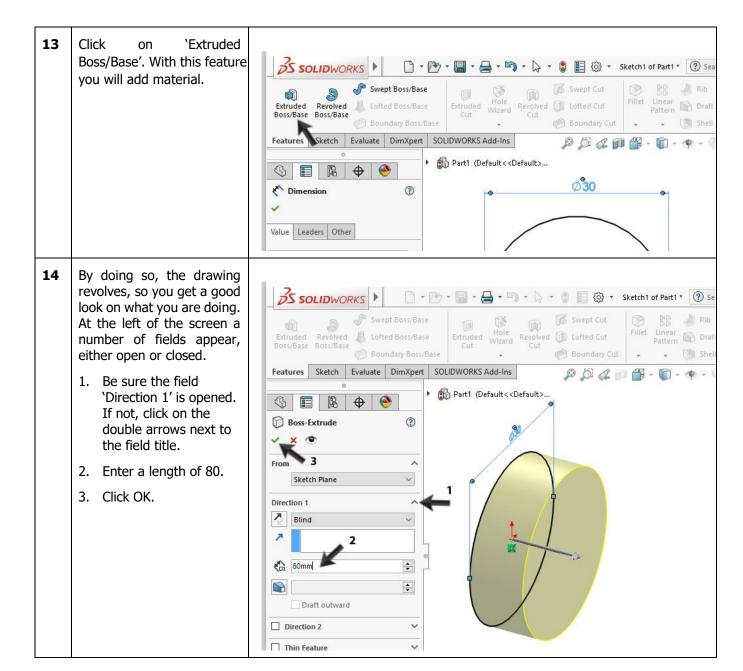
Tip!

Would you like to change a dimension after you finished drawing? Doubleclick on the dimension. The menu will re-appear and you can change the value.

The drawing (Sketch) is ready now and we can use it to make a threedimensional shape.

Click on 'Features' at the top of the screen. The function buttons to create three-dimensional shapes appear.





15 Congratulations! You've created your first shape: an 3 SOLIDWORKS DE CONTROL OF CONTRO ? Se Extruded Wizard Fillet Linear Pattern Draft Swept Boss/Base Swept Cut M In SOLIDWORKS, we call Revolved Lofted Cut Extruded Revolved Lofted Boss/Base Boss/Base this a 'Feature'. Boundary Boss/Base Shel Boundary Cut Features Sketch Evaluate DimXpert SOLIDWORKS Add-Ins P D 4 P B - D 開 0 Part1 (Default<<Default>\_Display State ▶ 🔊 History Sensors Annotations Material < not specified> Front Plane Top Plane Right Plane 1 Origin ▶ 👸 Boss-Extrude1

### Tip!

Sometimes the part you have created does not fit the screen OR you want to view it from another side. In SOLIDWORKS you only need the scrollwheel from your mouse.

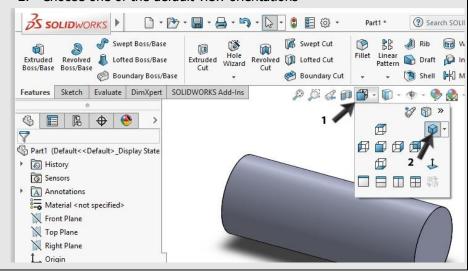
To zoom in- or out: **turn** the scroll-wheel. The position of the cursor determines at which position you are zooming.

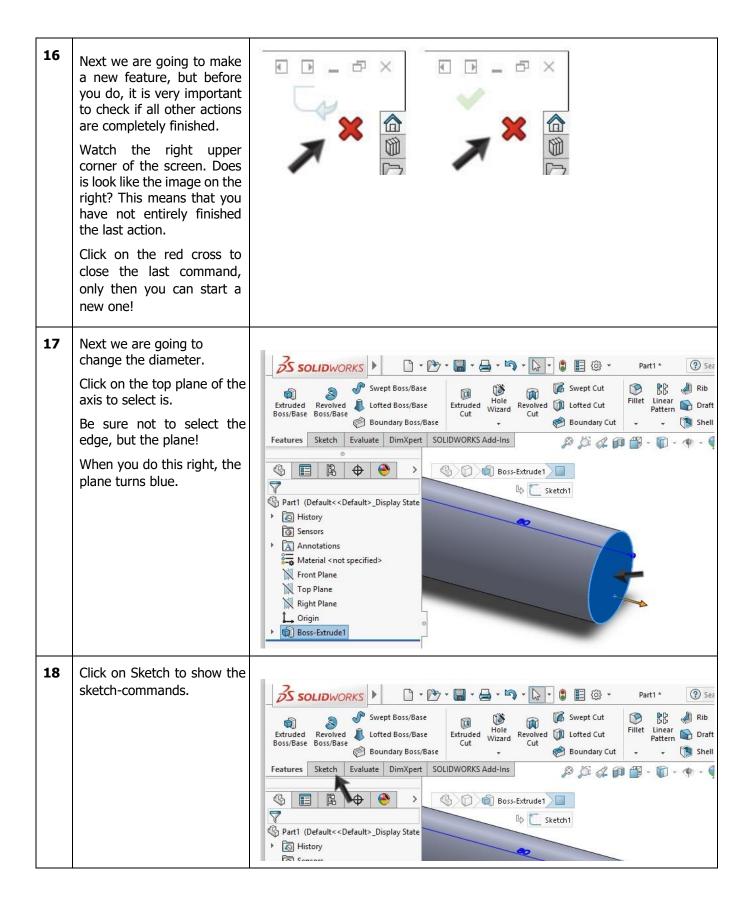
To rotate your part: **press the scroll-wheel** and move your mouse.

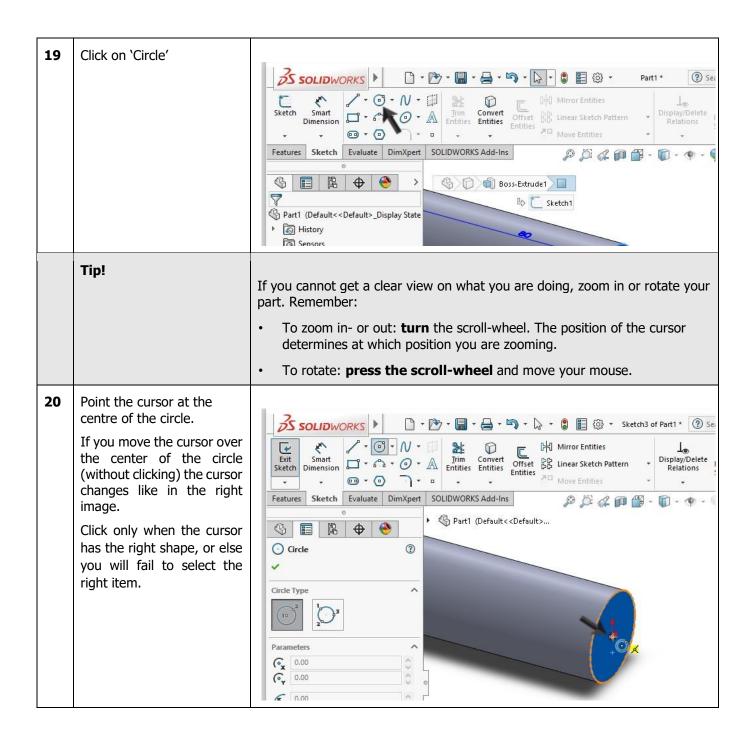


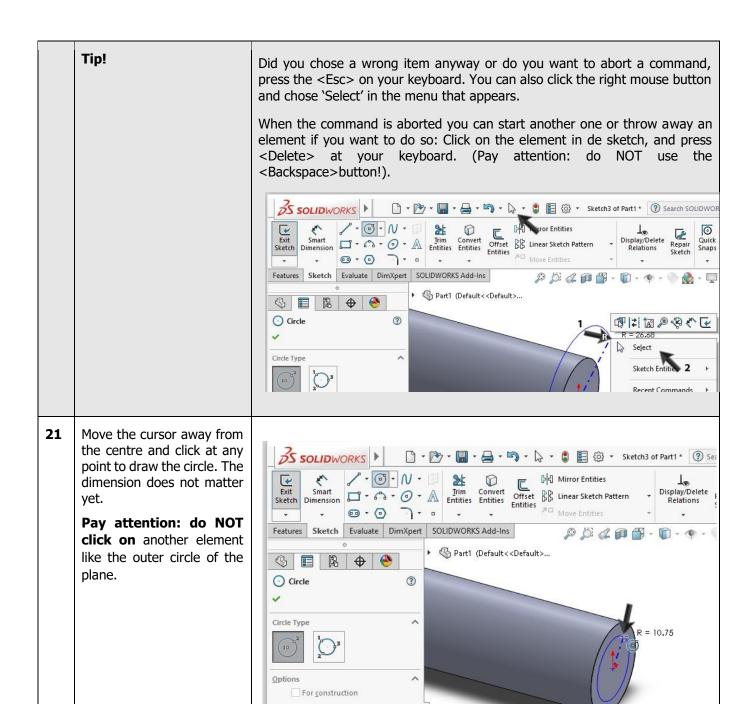
You may need some practice to get the part in the desired position. If you get lost completely, you can get back to the default position:

- 1. Click on View Orientation at the top of the screen.
- 2. Choose one of the default view orientations

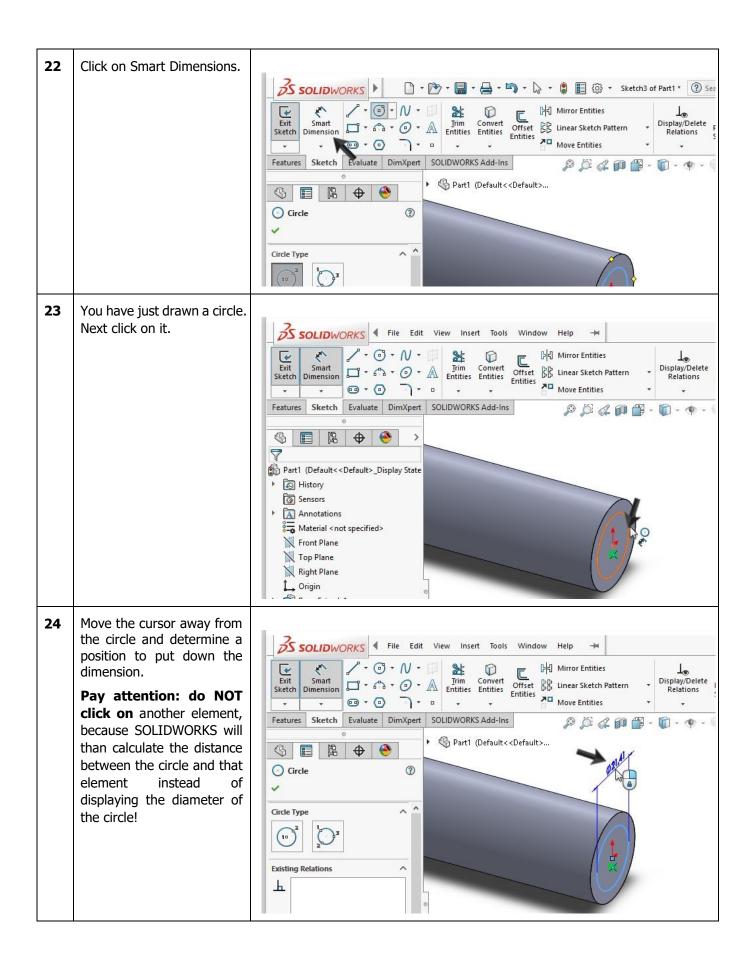


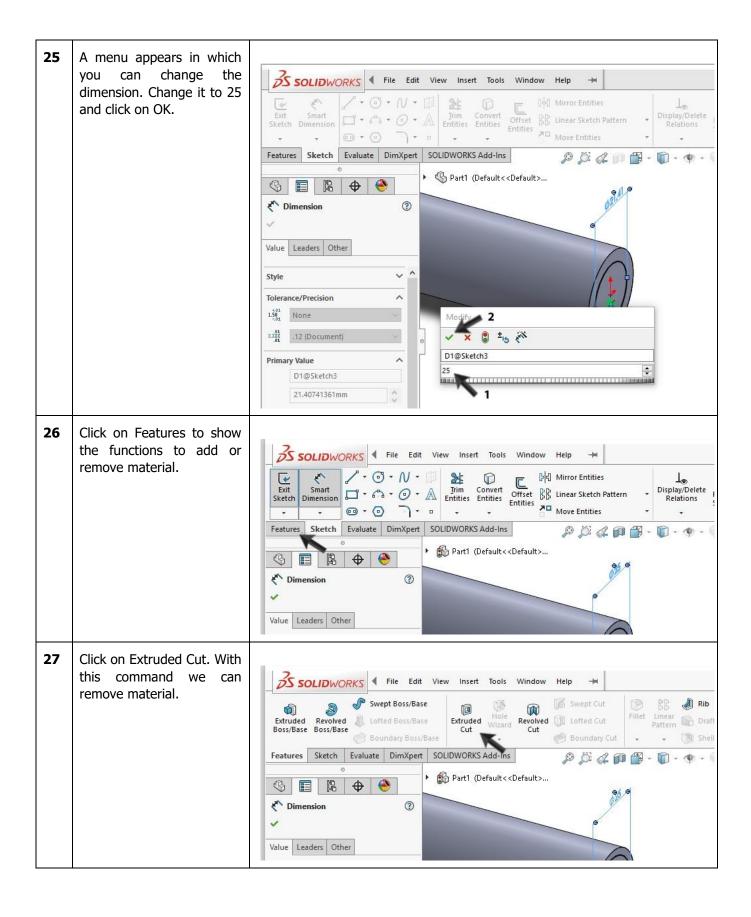






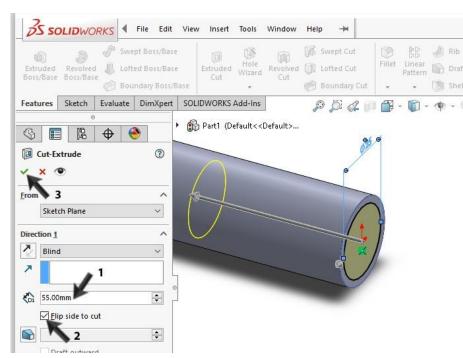
Parameters 0.00





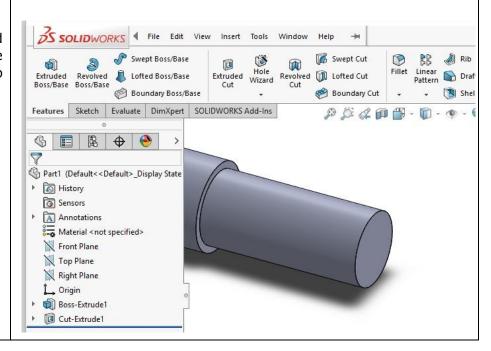


- 1. A depth of 55
- Mark 'Flip side to cut'.
   This makes sure, that the material on the outside of the circle and not at the inside of the circle is removed.
- 3. Click OK.



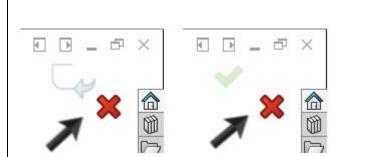
### **29** The first cut is made!

We will make the second cut in exactly the same way. We will speed up through the steps now.



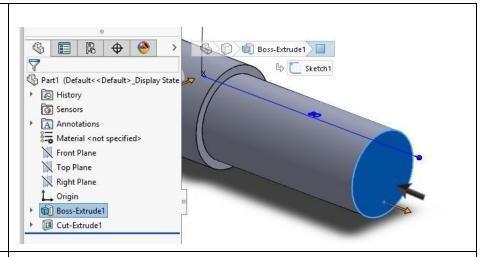
Before you start a next feature check if there is there is another command or sketch active.

Check the right upper corner of the drawing field. When a red cross like in the right image is visible, click on it to close the last command.

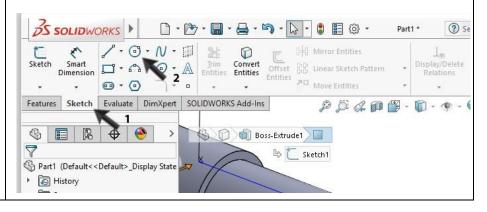


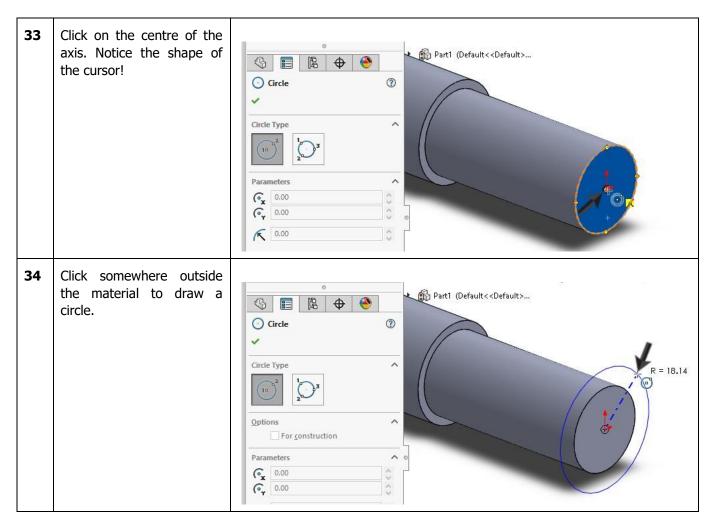
Select the end of the axis.

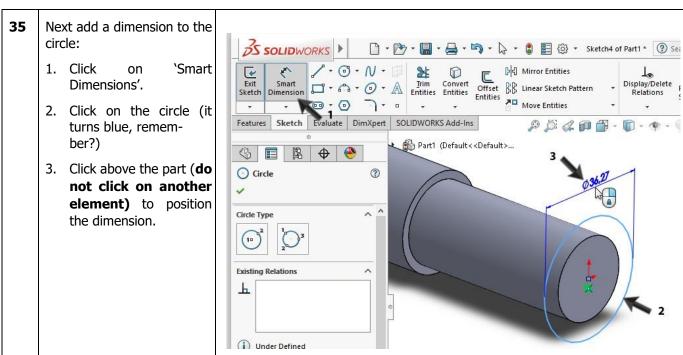
Be sure to select the plane
and not the edge!

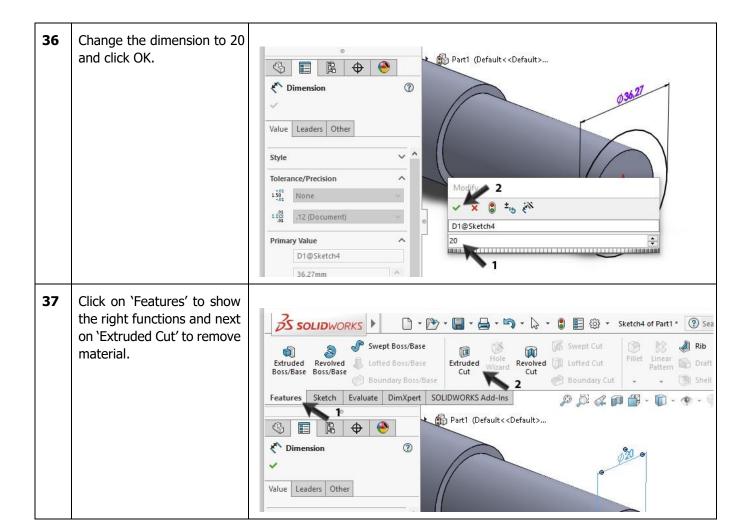


Click on 'Sketch' first (to show the right functions) and after that click on Circle.



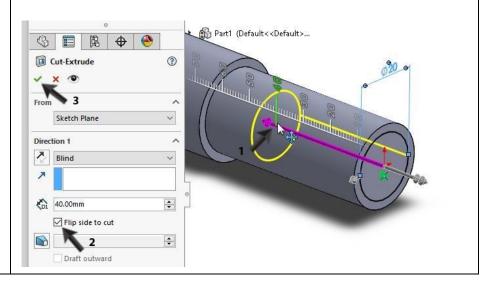






**38** Next set the following:

- 1. Set the depth on 40 by dragging the arrow in the part. As soon as you start dragging a ruler appears. Release the mouse button as soon as the dimension reads 40.
- 2. Mark 'Flip side to cut'
- 3. Click on OK.



	Tip!	<ol> <li>Until now you have seen two ways to set the depth of an extrusion:</li> <li>You can enter the dimension in the field at the left of the screen. You did so at step 14 and 28.</li> <li>You can drag the arrow in the part, as you did in the last step.</li> <li>Choose for yourself what you think of as the best way.</li> </ol>
39	The second cut is made!	Part1 (Default< <default>_Display State    Some History   Some Sensors   Annotations   Material &lt; not specified&gt;   Front Plane   Top Plane   Right Plane   Origin   Boss-Extrude1   Cut-Extrude1   Cut-Extrude2</default>
	Finish the model!	<ul> <li>Two other cuts have to be made at exactly the same way. Only the dimensions are different now:</li> <li>The third cut has a diameter of 18 and a length of 30.</li> <li>The fourth cut has a diameter of 12 and a length of 10.</li> <li>Follow the same steps as we did before: <ol> <li>Check if no commando is active.</li> <li>Select the plane of the axis.</li> <li>Draw a circle and set the right diameter</li> <li>Make an Extruded Cut to remove material.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

We now see that the dimensions of the third cut are wrong! It says Ø18x30, but it should be: Ø16x25.

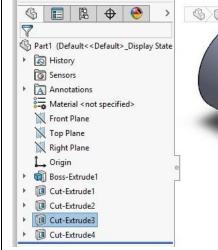
How do we adjust this? In SOLIDWORKS you will find it's very easy to do!

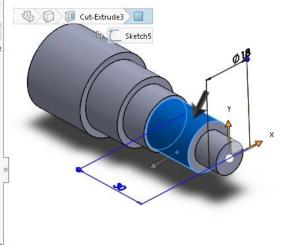
Click in the part on the third cut.

In the part the dimensions will appear: Ø18 and 30.

NOTE: make sure that the command Instant3D is turned on in the CommandManager, otherwise things might work a bit different.

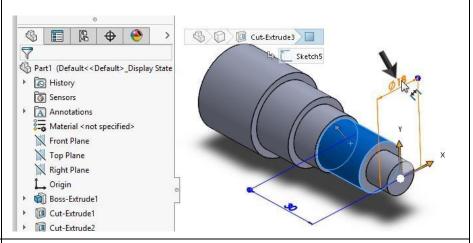






**41** First we adjust the dimension of Ø18.

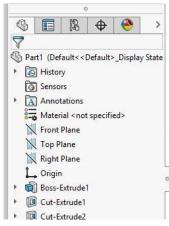
Click on this dimension once.

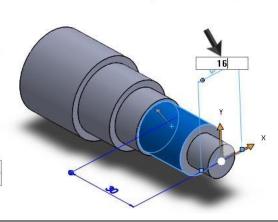


A small menu appears in which you can change the dimension.

Enter: 16 and press <Enter> at your keyboard.

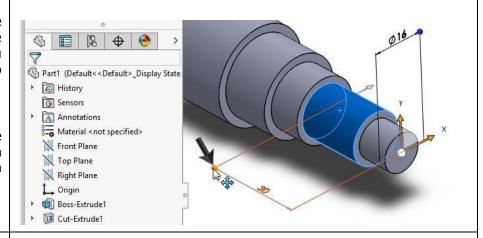
The part changes immediately to its new dimension.



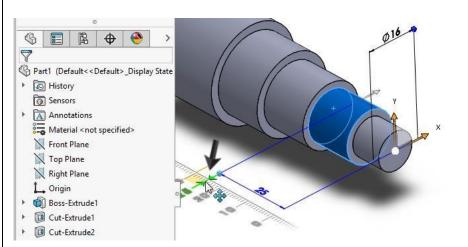


You can also change the length of 30 in the same way, but we will show you now that you can also change this by dragging it.

At the left hand of the dimensions you will notice a small blue sphere. Click on it in order to drag it.



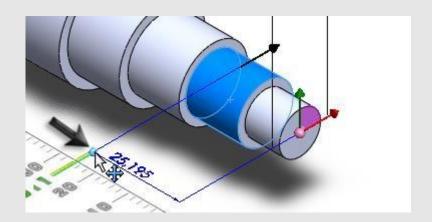
You will notice that the ruler appears and you can drag it to a dimension of 25.



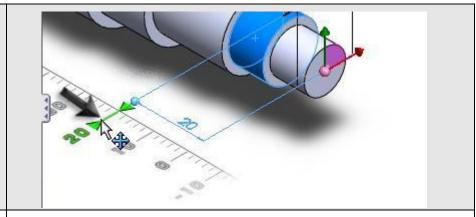
### Tip!

Watch where the cursor is while dragging:

- Is the cursor **next to the rules,** you are dragging in a random way and you will never get an exact dimension of 25 mm.



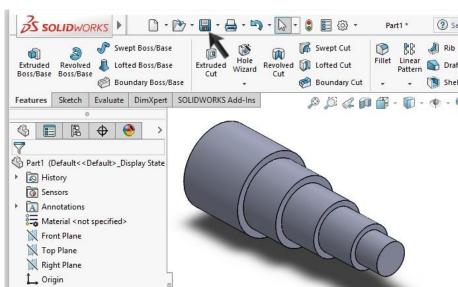
- Is the cursor pointing at the ruler, you can make an accurate change. Zoom in if your ruler is not accurate enough.



We have now changed the length AND the diameter of the third cut.

Fantastic! The first part is finished now!

Click on 'Save' in the toolbar and name the part axis.sldprt.



# What are the most important items you have learned so far?

This first exercise was to get to know SOLIDWORKS. You have learned a few things you must remember very well:

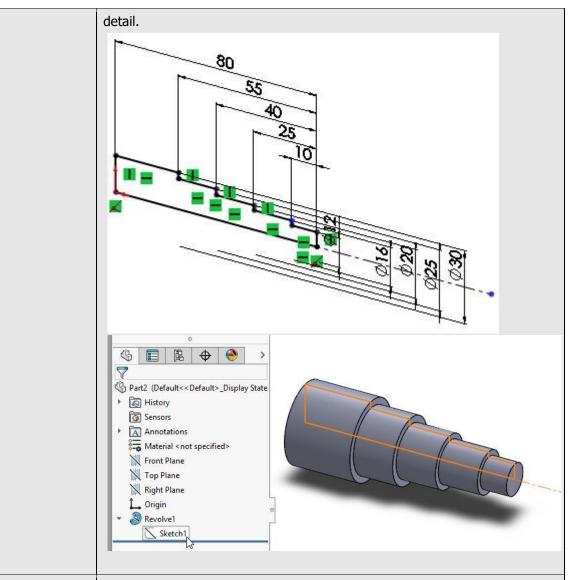
- Extruding means you can add or remove material.
- 1. Use Extruded Boss/Base to add material.
  - 2. Use Extruded Cut to remove material.
- To make a shape or part you almost always do this in two steps:
  - 1. Draw a sketch: create a two-dimensional drawing in a plane.
  - 2. Make a feature: you create a three-dimensional shape.
- Before you want to start a new feature, be sure no other command is active and no sketch is still open.
- You can easily adjust all dimensions. How to make more complicated adjustments, we will show you in one of the next tutorials.

## Is there another way to create this part?

Sure! Most parts you create with SOLIDWORKS can be created in several ways. You cannot say there is a 'good' or a 'bad' way to do so.

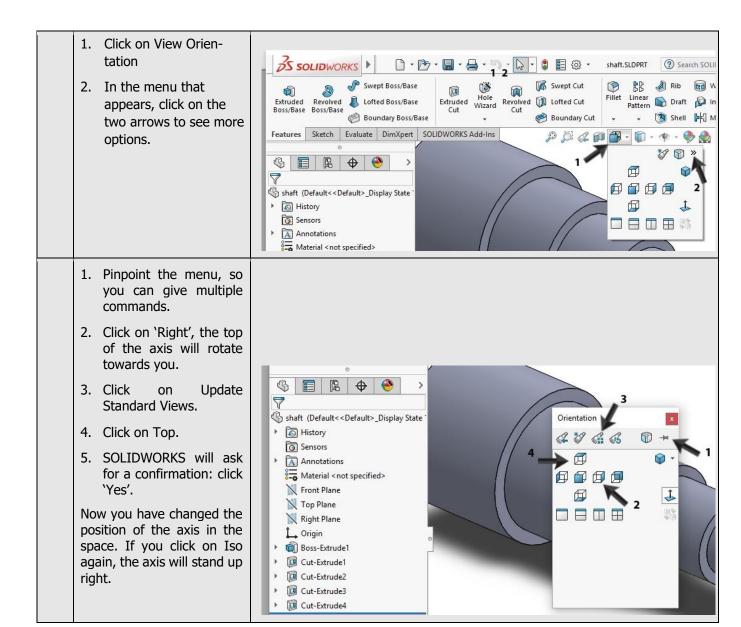
In this exercise we have used the way you would make this part on a lathe in the workshop. This is often a good guideline for building a part.

In this case for instance you could have also drawn the contour of the part and rotate it afterwards. In a next exercise we will look into this method in



Would you like to rotate the coordinate system of the axis?

In step 4 of this tutorial we chose to make the first sketch on the Right plane. That couses the axis to be modeled horizontal. Usualy this is just fine, but sometimes in the end it turns out that that wasn't the best choice. For example if you would like to use the model in a CNC-program. Then the axis should be oriented vertically. With the next steps you can change the orientation afterwards.



# Thank you please follow for more tutorials.