# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_CY

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 40 Marks Obtained: 40

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Gabriel is working on a wildlife research project where he needs to compute various metrics for different animals based on their characteristics. Each animal type requires a different calculation: a deer's distance traveled, a bear's weight based on footprint size, or a bird's altitude based on its flying pattern.

#### Conditions:

For Deer (Mode 'D' or 'd'): Distance = speed of sound \* time taken, where the speed of sound in air is 343 meters per second. For Bear (Mode 'B' or 'b'): Weight = footprint size \* average weight, where the average weight per Write a program to help Gabriel analyze the characteristics of animals square inch for a bear is 5.0 pounds. For Bird (Mode 'F' or 'f'): Altitude =

based on the given inputs.

## Ninput Format

The first line of input consists of a character, representing the type of animal D/d' for deer, B/b' for bear, and F/f' for bird.

If the choice is 'D' or 'd':

The second line of input consists of a floating-point value T, representing the time taken from the deer's location to the observer.

If the choice is 'B' or 'b':

The second line of input consists of a floating-point value S, representing the size of the bear's footprint in square inches.

If the choice is 'F' or 'f':

- 1. The second line of input consists of a floating-point value P, representing the bird's flying pattern.
- 2. The third line consists of a floating-point value D, representing the distance covered by the bird in meters.

### **Output Format**

The output prints one of the following:

If the choice is 'D' or 'd':

The output prints "Distance: X m" where X is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the calculated distance traveled by the sound wave in meters.

If the choice is 'B' or 'b':

The output prints "Weight: Y lb" where Y is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the estimated weight of the bear in pounds.

If the choice is 'F' or 'f':

The output prints "Altitude: Z m" where Z is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the calculated altitude of the bird's flight in meters.

If the given choice is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: d
2.5
Output: Distance: 857.50 m

Answer

# You are using Python
def analyze_animal():
    animal_type = input().strip().lower()
    if animal_type == 'd':
        print(f"Distance: {343 * float(input()):.2f} m")
    elif animal_type == 'b':
        print(f"Weight: {5.0 * float(input()):.2f} lb")
    elif animal_type == 'f':
        print(f"Altitude: {float(input()) * float(input()):.2f}m")
    else:
        print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Rohith is a data analyst who needs to categorize countries based on their population growth rates. Each country is assigned a unique code. Rohith will receive a code and corresponding data based on the code. If the data falls within specific thresholds, he needs to classify the country's priority level.

Your task is to write a program that reads a country code and its

"Low".Japan: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50, else "Low".Japan: Priority is "High" if life expectancy > 80, else "Low".Brazil: Priority is "High" if the urban population > 80, else "Low".

Input Format Thresholds:France: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50, else

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the country code (1 for France, 2 for Japan, 3 for Brazil).

If the country code is 1,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value N, representing the percentage of the English-speaking population.

If the country code is 2,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value A, representing the average life expectancy in years.

If the country code is 3,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value P, representing the percentage of the urban population.

### **Output Format**

The first line of output displays "Priority: High" or "Priority: Low" based on the input data.

If the country code is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 1 30.0

Output: Priority: High

Answer

```
# You are using Python
    x=int(input())
if(x==1):
      y=float(input())
      if(y<50):
         print("Priority: High")
      else:
         print("Priority: Low")
    elif(x==2):
         y=float(input())
         if(y>80):
           print("Priority: High")
         else:
        print("Priority: Low")
    elif(x==3):
         y=float(input())
         if(y>80):
           print("Priority: High")
         else:
           print("Priority: Low")
    else:
           print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 3. Problem Statement

Nisha is a mathematics enthusiast, eager to explore the realm of twin prime numbers. The objective is to develop a program that enables the discovery and presentation of twin prime pairs.

The program should take an integer 'n' as input and generate 'n' pairs of twin primes, displaying the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

#### Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

### **Output Format**

The output displays the 'n' pairs of twin primes, the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

2,4070140

240101400

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 5
   Output: 3 5
   57
   11 13
   17 19
   29 31
   Answer
# You are using Python
   n=int(input())
   def isprime(num):
     if num<2:
       return False
     for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):
       if num%i==0:
          return False
     return True
   count=0
   num=3
while count<n:
     if isprime(num) and isprime(num+2):
       print(num,num+2)
       count+=1
     num+=1
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 4. Problem Statement

Alex is practicing programming and is curious about prime and non-prime

digits. He wants to write a program that calculates the sum of the nonprime digits in a given integer using loops.

Help Alex to complete his task.

Example:

Input:

845

output:

12 \_0

Digits: 8 (non-prime), 4 (non-prime), 5 (prime)

The sum of Non-Prime Digits: 8 ... \*

Output: 10

Output: 12

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer X.

## **Output Format**

The output prints an integer representing the sum of non-prime digits in X.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

**Input: 845** Output: 12

#### **Answer**

```
def sum_non_prime_digits(x):
  non_primes = {'0','1','4','6','8','9'}
return sum(int(d) for d in str(x) if d in non_primes)
```

x=int(input())
print(sum\_non\_prime\_digits(x)) 

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10