

$(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{F}, P)$ filtered prob. space

A r.v. τ on that space is called "stopping time" ST if one has ——— ①

$$\underbrace{\{\tau \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_t}_{\text{for an ST } \tau} \text{ for each } t = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\{\tau = t\} = \underbrace{\{\tau \leq t\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_t} \cap \underbrace{\{\tau \leq t-1\}^c}_{\in \mathcal{F}_{t-1} \subset \mathcal{F}_t} \in \mathcal{F}_t \quad \text{--- ②}$$

$$\{\tau \leq t\} \equiv \bigcup_{s=0}^t \underbrace{\{\tau = s\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_s \subset \mathcal{F}_t} \quad \text{since } \text{②} \Rightarrow \text{①}$$

About name.

τ (random) time when we decide to stop doing something (stop gambling or to sell a block of share at a stock exchange)

$\tau = t$, you act on the basis of you already know by that time $\therefore \{\tau = t\} \in \mathcal{F}_t$