

Raging Bits MQTT

Magic Lights Device

v2.1

Top level specs

1x UART for ESP32
1x UART for Addressable LED driver
1x Addressable LED output

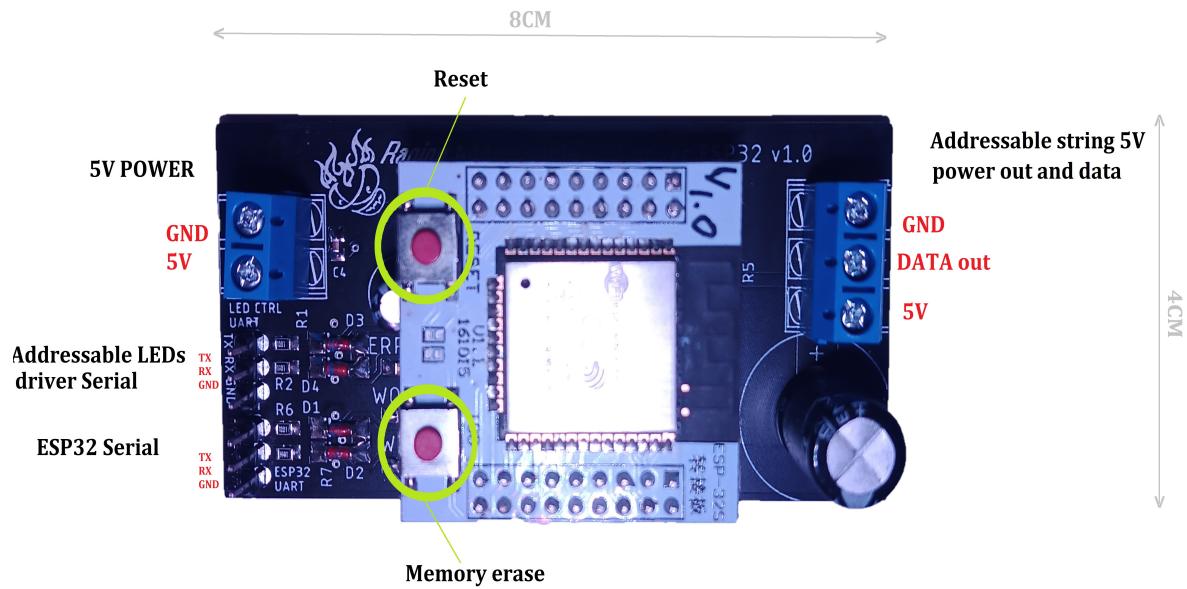
5V Power Supply Input
32Mbit flash dedicated to effects data
Dual control of LEDs – Solid color or Effects run

This device uses an ESP32 Wroom, such that it may be used as a development platform for Arduino.

Default Software (Software on which the datasheet is based)

Full MQTT ESP32 based arduino software
WiFi Hotspot for simple setup
Automatic Hotstart after first time setup

Device hardware interfaces



MQTT Magic Lights Device detail pinout

Hardware IOs pinout from ESP to board functions.

BOARD Function

WIFI_LED
 ERROR_LED
 WORK_LED
 ADDRESSABLE_LEDS_DRIVER_RESET
 MEMORY_ERASE_REQUEST/PROGRAM
 ESP32_UART_TX
 ESP32_UART_RX
 ADDRESSABLE_LEDS_DRIVER_UART_TX
 ADDRESSABLE_LEDS_DRIVER_UART_RX
 FLASH_SPI_MISO
 FLASH_SPI_MOSI
 FLASH_SPI_CS
 FLASH_SPI_CLK

ESP32 PIN

IO22	I005
IO21	I000
IO23	I001
	I003
	I017
	I016
	I015
	I002
	I004
	I018

UART

The Uart interface can be used for:

- ESP32 Programming
- MQTT Generic Device Debug output

User Work

It has a maximum of 3.3v line interface level with protection.

A maximum of 0.5MBaud is advised.

When configured to user work, there will be no debug output after the main application starts running. The startup of the device up until the uart is reconfigured, will still be seen.

The default Uart debug speed is 115200 8N0

Power

The system processors and logical control is powered by the 5V@0.5A input.

Consumptions:

80mA regular work with no relays nor hotspot active.

350MA with all relays and features active.

The Power PWMs and addressable LEDs bus will be powered by the same 5V.

The power can be fed from either end, 5V input of LED output power feed.

Buttons

Reset button, resets the unit.

IO0, is used for both programming the ESP32 and request the main application to erase any settings saved.

Addressable LEDs Bus

The addressable LEDs bus will support mostly of the market regular brands.

SK and WS are currently guaranteed to work.

The data format is of RGB (3 components) formats ONLY. Can be set as RGB, GRB, BRG, BGR, etc... for strips of up to 300LEDs.

MQTT Magic Lights Device Default Software

Device Serial Setup

At power up, the device will have a 5second period where waits for a serial number to be given through the UART.

This number will:

- Ovewrite the default one permanently
- BE 10 chars long. This is imperative.
- Be used for the WIFI hotspot identification.
- Be used for MQTT topics interface.

Device Connectivity Setup

The device will have a Hotspot named "rb_wifi_mqtt_lights_XXXXXXXXXX" where **XXXXXXXXXX** is the device Unit ID.

Usually this ID is unique and pre configured from factory. It may be modified under specific conditions.

Once powered, the device will load the setup information and try to reconnect using it.
For the first time, there will be no data so the user will need to connect a wifi and browser capable device to the hotspot.

Once connected, open a browser and in the address bar set the address to " 1.2.3.4 " and Enter/Proceed.

A webpage will open requesting the following information:

- WiFi details, SSID and passphrase, where to connect to.
- Network Broker IP and Port.
- RGB data format.

Once the data is filled in, press connect.

At this point the device will save the data and try to connect to the WiFi and to the MQTT broker.

Once connected the Hotspot will turn off.

Erase device saved configuration data

If the setup has not been correctly set or needs to be modified, press the ESP32 button labelled IO0 (Program/Erase button), until the Error LED lights up (about 5seconds), indicating the data has been erased.

Once the button is released, the unit will reset and be ready at default state.

At this point follow **Device Setup** instructions again.

Effects file *.leds.esp32

The file is pure binary with the following structure:

32Bit - Total effects length in bytes.

16Bit - Strip size in bytes. (3bytes per led).

Leds data in 24bit RGB format.

Generating *.leds.esp32 file from LEDMatrixStudio output *.leds file.

Open a command line and run:

```
python AddressableLEDsConverterForESP32.py -f "<file_path>\<file_name>.leds"
```

The output will be:

```
<file_path>\<file_name>.leds.esp32
```

Note:

This command needs python installed to run.

Updating the device effects

By default, the device will bring a basic set of demo 50LED strip examples.

More, or less effects can be added, to a maximum of 32Mbit of data.

The device is update through MQTT messaging file transfer, on which the updater is based on.

Edit the file list **file_list.txt** and add the path to the desired *.leds.esp32 file to be updated on the device.

Open a command line and run the updater as:

```
python file_sender.py -f file_list.txt -s <10 digit serial number> -d <MQTT broker ip>
```

For example:

```
python file_sender.py -f file_list.txt -s 0000000005 -d 192.168.1.6
```

All the paths in the list file must be sequential. The updater will stop as soon as one of the lines in the list does not contain a valid path or file.

MQTT Services

The MQTT services provided allow to control the addressable LEDs colour.

The Inputs and Uart input, if enabled for user work, will automatically generate MQTT messages with the updated data.

Addressable LEDs – Solid Color

The PWMs/LEDs can be controlled using the MQTT Topic

"**rb_wifi_mqtt_lights_XXXXXX(rgb_set)**" where **XXXXXX** is the device Unit ID.

All the Addressable LEDs will have the same data set.

The Addressable LEDs cannot be individually addressed, these will all have the same colour set by the RGB command. The data sent to the Addressable LEDs will follow the RGB format set at setup.

The message supported data formats are:

"#RRGGBB" or "r g b" where RR, GG and BB are hexadecimal format of colour component Red, Green and Blue. r, g and b are either decimal or hexadecimal format.

For example:

Set pure white: "#FFFFFF" or "255 255 255" or "255 255 0xff" or "255 0xFF 0xff"

Set pure Blue: "#0000FF" or "0 0 255" or "0 0 0xff" or "0 0x00 0xff"

Addressable LEDs - Effects

The effects to run on the LEDs can be controlled using the MQTT Topic

"**rb_wifi_mqtt_lights_XXXXXX(effect_selection)**" where **XXXXXX** is the device Unit ID.

The Addressable LEDs will be run with the selected effect. If the effect has a different length of strip, the led driver is re-initialised accorddingly.

The message supported data formats are:

"1", "2"... "n"

For example:

Set effect 3: "3"

If the selected effect does not exist, the unit will revert to the last one of the list.

Reprogramming the ESP32

This procedure will erase the device main application, and shall be **done at user own risk**.

- 1) Power the device.
- 2) Press and hold both Reset and IO0
- 3) Release Reset
- 4) Release IO0
- 5) Use Arduino IDE, espressif tool or simple programming tool to reprogram the device using ISP through the uart.

References

https://github.com/RagingBits/MQTT_GenDevice

<https://randomnerdtutorials.com/esp32-pinout-reference-gpios>

https://www.espressif.com/sites/default/files/documentation/esp32-wroom-32_datasheet_en.pdf

<https://www.espressif.com/en/products/modules/esp32>

https://github.com/RagingBits/ESP32_Wroom_Tools

