## MATH 121, Calculus I — Final Exam (Spring 2013) May 15, 2013 — 4:30pm to 7:00pm

Name:		-
KU ID No.:		
Lab Instructo	or:	

The exam has a total value of 330 points that includes 300 points for the regular exam problems and 30 points for the extra credit problem (Problem number 23). The exam contains two distinct parts. Part I contains 18 multiple-choice problems with each problem worth 10 points. Part II contains 5 show-your-work problems with each problem worth 30 points. The exam contains a total of 23 problems. The exam is strictly closed-book and closed-notes. THE USE OF CALCULATORS IS NOT ALLOWED.

## Score

Problem 1	Problem 13
Problem 2	Problem 14
Problem 3	Problem 15
Problem 4	Problem 16
Problem 5	Problem 17
Problem 6	Problem 18
Problem 7	Problem 19
Problem 8	Problem 20
Problem 9	Problem 21
Problem 10	Problem 22
Problem 11	Problem 23
Problem 12	Total score

## Part I — Multiple-Choice Problems

**Instructions:** Write the letter corresponding to each of your answers in the blank box that is provided. Correct answers do not require work to receive full credit. However, partial credit can be awarded for incorrect answers based on the work that is shown in the adjacent blank spaces. Hence, you are strongly advised to show your work for each problem.

(1) [10 points] Determine which of the following is an equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = \sqrt{x}$  at the point (9,3).

(A) 
$$y = 6x - 51$$
.

(B) 
$$y = 3x + 24$$
.

(C) 
$$y = \frac{1}{6}x + \frac{3}{2}$$
.

(D) 
$$y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} - \frac{9}{2\sqrt{x}} + 3$$
.

Answer:

(2) **[10 points]** If  $x^{2}y + xy^{2} = 3x$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is

(A) 
$$\frac{x^2 + xy^2}{3}$$
.

(B) 
$$\frac{3 - 2xy - y^2}{x^2 + 2xy}$$
.

(C) 
$$2x^2y + y^2$$
.

(D) 
$$\frac{2x+3}{x^2+x}$$
.

- (3) [10 points]  $F(x) = \int_0^x \sin(t)dt$  for  $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ . F is increasing only in the open interval(s)
  - (A)  $(\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi)$ .
  - (B)  $(0, \frac{\pi}{4}), (\frac{5\pi}{4}, 2\pi).$
  - (C)  $(0, \pi)$ .
  - (D)  $(\frac{3\pi}{4}, \pi)$ .

Answer:

- (4) [10 points] Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1-\cos(4x)}{x^2}$ .
  - (A) 8.
  - (B) 4.
  - (C) 2.
  - (D) 1.

(5) [10 points] Evaluate  $\int_{-2}^{1} |x| dx$ .

- (A)  $-\frac{5}{2}$ .
- (B)  $-\frac{3}{2}$ .
- (C)  $\frac{3}{2}$ .
- (D)  $\frac{5}{2}$ .

Answer:

(6) [10 points] Find the <u>largest</u> open interval on which  $f(x) = xe^x$  is concave upward.

- (A)  $(0,\infty)$ .
- (B)  $(-1, \infty)$ .
- (C)  $(-2,\infty)$ .
- (D)  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

(7) [10 points] Determine which of the following equals  $\int x\sqrt{x^2+1} \ dx$ .

- (A)  $\frac{1}{3}x^2(x^2+1)^{3/2} + c$ .
- (B)  $\frac{1}{3}(x^2+1)^{3/2}+c$ .
- (C)  $\frac{1}{2}x^2(x^2+1)^{3/2}+c$ .
- (D)  $\frac{1}{2}(x^2+1)^{3/2}+c$ .

Answer:

(8) [10 points] Let f and g be differentiable functions defined on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ . Suppose we have the following table of values for f, g, f' and g'.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	-7	30	4	-10	8	6
g(x)	14	7	-11	2	36	12
f'(x)	1	-4	5	0	30	8
g'(x)	18	-3	24	4	6	-2

Using this table, find the value of  $(f \circ g)'(3)$ .

- (A) -20.
- (B) 0.
- (C) 20.
- (D) 32.

(9) [10 points] Determine which of the following equals  $\int x^2 \ln(x) dx$ .

- (A)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3\ln(x) \frac{1}{9}x^3 + c$ .
- (B)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3\ln(x) \frac{1}{6}x^3 + c$ .
- (C)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3\ln(x) \frac{1}{9}x^2 + c$ .
- (D)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3\ln(x) \frac{1}{6}x^2 + c$ .

Answer:

(10) [10 points] Determine the value of the definite integral  $\int_0^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ 

- (A)  $\infty$ .
- (B) 4.
- (C) 5.
- (D) 3.

Answer:

(11) [10 points] If the volume V of a cube is decreasing at the rate of 24 in<sup>3</sup>/sec, then find the rate at which the length of a side of the cube is decreasing when V=8 in<sup>3</sup>.

- (A) 1 in/sec.
- (B) 2 in/sec.
- (C) 3 in/sec.
- (D) 4 in/sec.

- (12) [10 points] Determine which of the following definite integrals equals  $\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{i=1}^n\frac{1}{n}\sqrt{\frac{i}{n}}$ .
  - (A)  $\int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} \ dx.$
  - (B)  $\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} \ dx.$
  - (C)  $\int_0^1 4\sqrt{4x} \ dx.$
  - (D)  $\int_0^1 4x\sqrt{4x} \ dx.$

Answer:

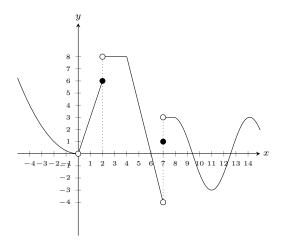
(13) [10 points] Let s(t) be the displacement function of a mouse moving along the x-axis. Let v(t) and a(t) be its velocity and acceleration functions respectively. If

$$a(t) = 2 + 4e^{2t}$$
,  $v(0) = 1$  and  $s(0) = 4$ ,

determine which of the following expressions describes s(t).

- (A)  $8e^{2t}$ .
- (B)  $t^2 + e^{2t}$ .
- (C)  $t^2 + 8e^{2t} 3t 4$ .
- (D)  $t^2 + e^{2t} t + 3$ .

(14) [10 points] The figure below shows part of the graph of a function f.



Using this figure, determine which of the following statements about f is <u>false</u>.

- (A)  $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$  exists.
- (B) f is discontinuous at 2.
- (C) It is continuous at 4.
- (D)  $\lim_{x\to 7} f(x)$  exists.

Answer:	
---------	--

(15) [10 points] Let f be a differentiable function defined on  $(-\infty, \infty)$  whose derivative f' is continuous everywhere. Using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, determine which of the following equals  $\int_x^{x^2} f'(t) dt$ .

- (A)  $2x \cdot f(x^2) f(x)$ .
- (B)  $f(x^2)$ .
- (C)  $f(x^2) f(x)$ .
- (D) f(x).

(16) [10 points] An inflection point of the function f(x) = 2x³ - 9x² - 24x - 10 is
(A) 1.
(B) 1.5.
(C) 3.
(D) 4.
Answer:

(17) [10 points] Let a and b be two positive numbers. If 2a + 3b = 6, then the maximum product of a and b is

- (A) 1.5.
- (B) 2.
- (C) 3.
- (D) 3.5.

(18) [10 points] Find the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{3\cos(\ln(x))}{x} dx$  for x > 0.

- (A) 3sin(ln(x)) + C.
- (B) 3cos(ln(x)) + C.
- (C) 3sec(ln(x)) + C
- (D) 3tan(ln(x)) + C.

## Part II — Show-Your-Work Problems

**Instructions:** Show all necessary work, and provide full justification for each answer. Circle your final answer(s).

(19) [30 points] If 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2}$$
 then  $f'(x) = \frac{4x - 6}{x^3}$  and  $f''(x) = \frac{-8x + 18}{x^4}$ .

(a) Find the open intervals where f is increasing and where f is decreasing.

(b) Find the open intervals where f is concave upward and where f is concave downward.

(c) Find all local minima and local maxima for f if they exist.

(20) [30 points] Find the value of the constant k for which the following piecewise-defined function is continuous everywhere. For the resulting function determine where the function is not differentiable. Justify your answers.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x + k & \text{if } x \le 2; \\ 18 + kx & \text{if } x > 2. \end{cases}$$

(21) [30 points] An open top box is to be made by cutting small identical squares from the corners of a 12 × 12 inch sheet of tin and bending up the remaining sides. How large should the squares cut from the corners be to make the box hold as much as possible (maximum volume)?

(22) [30 points] Determine the area between the curves y = x and  $y = x^2$  for  $0 \le x \le 2$ . Sketch the region for the area.

(23) [30 points] Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the curves  $x = 2\sqrt{y}, x = 0, y = 9$  about the y-axis.