

Replicating the output for the unequal profit distribution

François LeGrand, Alaïs Martin-Baillon, Xavier Ragot

December, 17 2022

This set of files replicates the graphs and data of *Should monetary policy care about redistribution? Optimal monetary and fiscal policy with heterogeneous agents* in the case of **unequal profit distribution** (Sections 6.2 and G of the paper).

Be careful of not mixing up these files with other replicating files and they should be located in an independent folder.

How to run?

In this order:

1. Open `main.ipynb` and execute all cells. This is a [Julia](#) notebook. Tested on release v1.8.0.
2. Run `main.m` in [Matlab](#) or [Octave](#). Requires [Dynare](#). Tested on Octave v6.2.0 and Dynare 5.1.

Remark. At the very top of `main.m` two variables `bprint` and `Npanels` can be parametrized to display second-order moments and choose the number of panels in output graphs, respectively. By default, there are two graphs with 3 panels (as in Section 6.2 of the main text).

The details

The [Julia](#) files takes care of computing the steady state, while the `main.m` simulates the model in the presence of aggregate shocks.

The output of the [Julia](#) file is a file `steady_state_dynare.mat` that will be used by [Octave](#) / [Matlab](#).

The outputs of the [Octave](#) / [Matlab](#) are `png` files plotting IRFs and possibly second-order moments (according to parametrization choice).

The steady state computation

The steady state is computed thanks to six **Julia** notebooks.

- **Main.ipynb**: Solves the steady-state model and returns the truncated model (as **steady_state_dynare.mat** for **Dynare**, saved in the current folder);
- **Structures.ipynb**: Structures and parameter calibration from targets;
- **Utils.ipynb**: Contains some useful functions;
- **SolveAiyagari.ipynb**: Solves the Aiyagari model;
- **Projection.ipynb**: Computes the steady-state truncated model;
- **Weights.ipynb**: Computes the steady-state Lagrange multipliers.

Each of above files are commented and self-explained.

Simulating the model with aggregate shocks

The file **main.m** simulates the model for the three economies of the paper:

- Economy 1: no time-varying tax but optimal inflation;
- Economy 2: no time-varying tax and constant inflation;
- Economy 3: time-varying tax and optimal inflation.

The outcomes of the program can be parametrized as follows:

- The variable **bprint** can be set to 0 for no model details (including no second-order moments) and to 1 for model details. Default value is 0
- The variable **Npanels** can be set to:
 - 3 for obtaining two figures with 3 panels each (IRFs for inflation, consumption and GDP) as in Section 5.2. The first figure that is saved as **IRFs_alternative_calib_3graphs_1.png** gathers Economies 1 and 2 and the second (**IRFs_alternative_calib_3graphs_2.png**) gathers Economies 2 and 3. Figures are saved in the current folder
 - 8 (or any other value) for obtaining 8 panels as in Appendix G. The figure is saved as **IRFs_alternative_calib.png** in the current folder.

The **Octave** / **Matlab** actually writes three **Dynare** codes **code_dynare_1.mod**, **code_dynare_2.mod**, **code_dynare_3.mod** which correspond to the three economies. Each of this code is then solved in **Dynare**. These files, as interim **Dynare** files are created in the current folder.

To delete all interim files, you can run the following **bash** commands (be careful with spaces!):

```
$> rm -R +code_dynare_*
$> rm -R code_dynare_*
```