



Lead Score Case study

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Problem Statement

- Education company named X Education sells online courses to industry professionals.
- Company got lots of leads but lead conversion is poor, only about 30%.
- To make this conversion higher company wants to identify potential leads.
- If company identify potential leads sales team will focus more on communicating with the potential leads rather than call to everyone.

Solution

- By using leads data company need to build logistic regression model so that by applying that model education company can achieve potential leads.



Solution Methodology

- Data cleaning and data manipulation.
 1. Check duplicity in data and then remove it when required.
 2. Check for NA values and missing values.
 3. Drop columns, if it contains large amount of missing values and not useful for the analysis.
 4. Imputation of the values, if necessary.
- EDA
 1. Check and handle outliers when it required.
 2. Univariate data analysis: value count, distribution of variable etc.
 3. Bivariate data analysis: correlation coefficients and pattern between the variables etc.
- Feature Scaling & Dummy Variables and encoding of the data.
- Classification technique: logistic regression used for the model making and prediction.
- Validation of the model.
- Model presentation.
- Conclusions and recommendations.

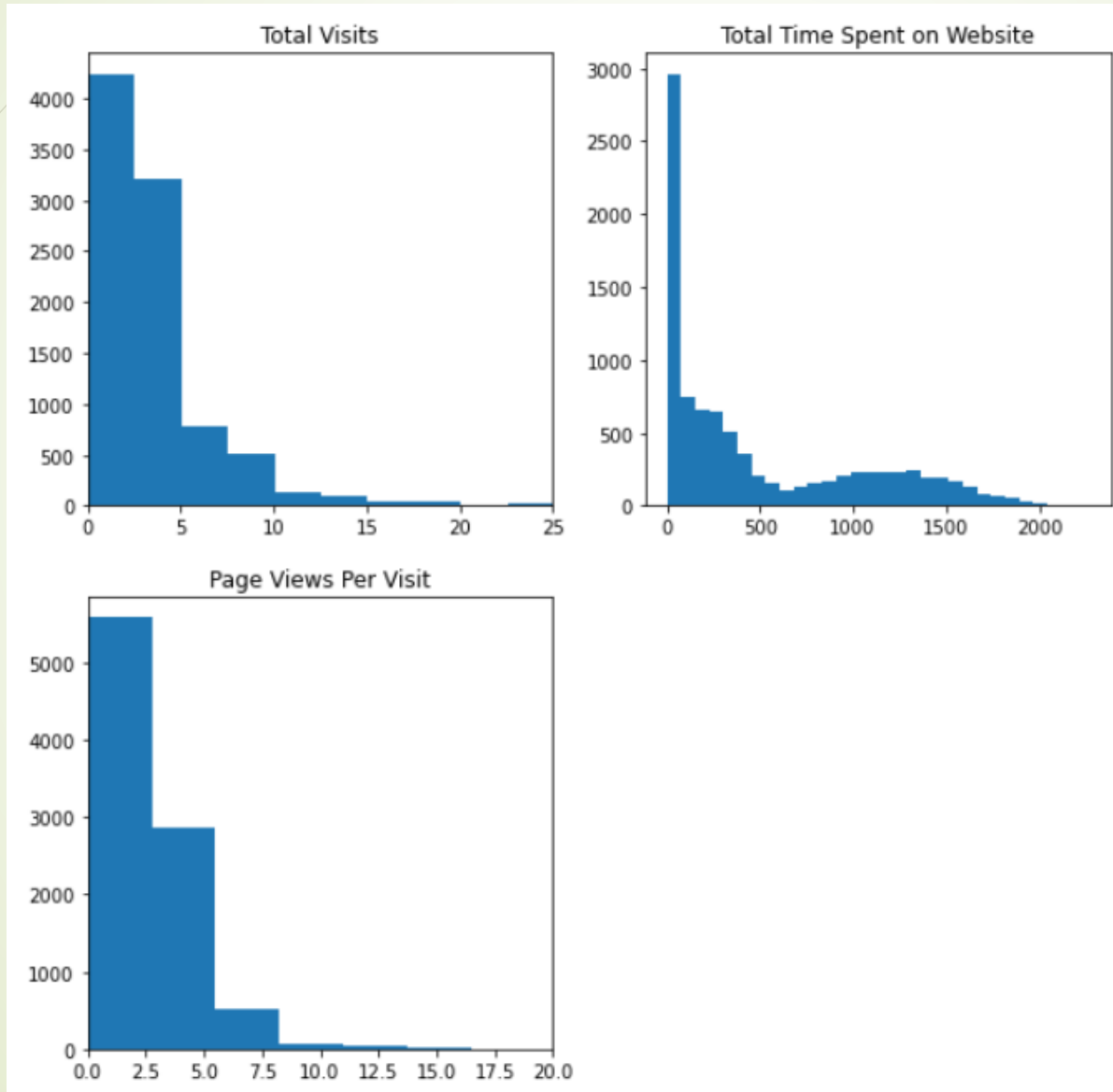


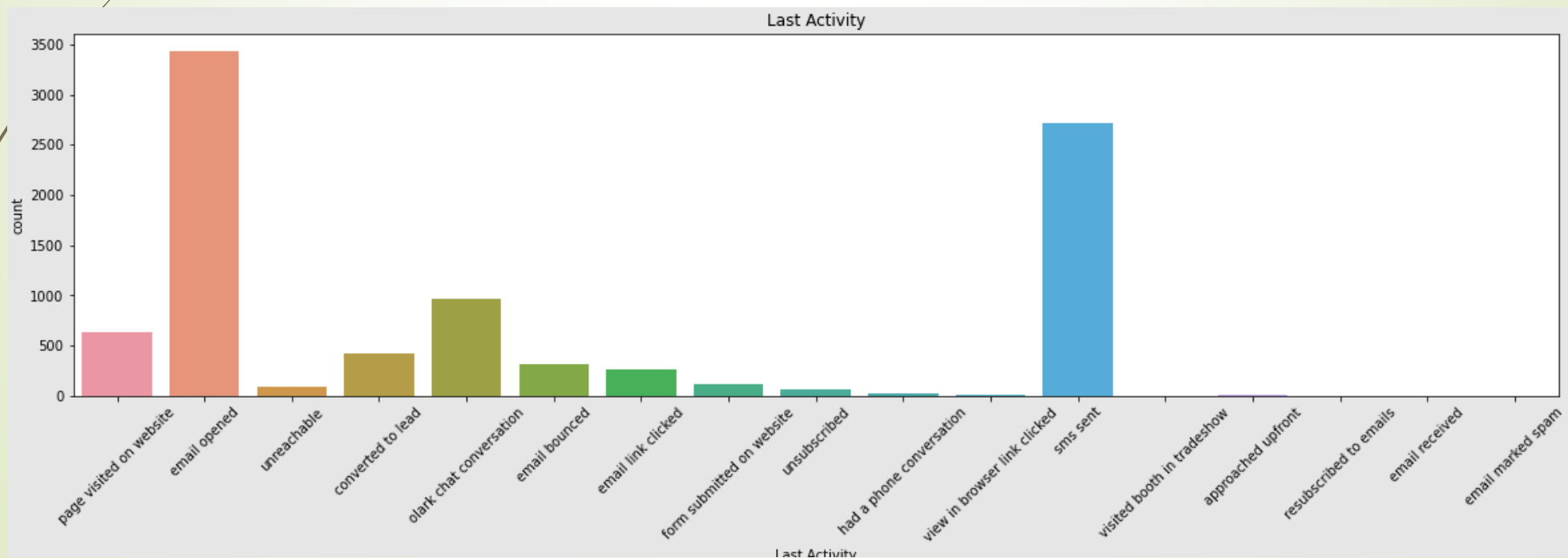
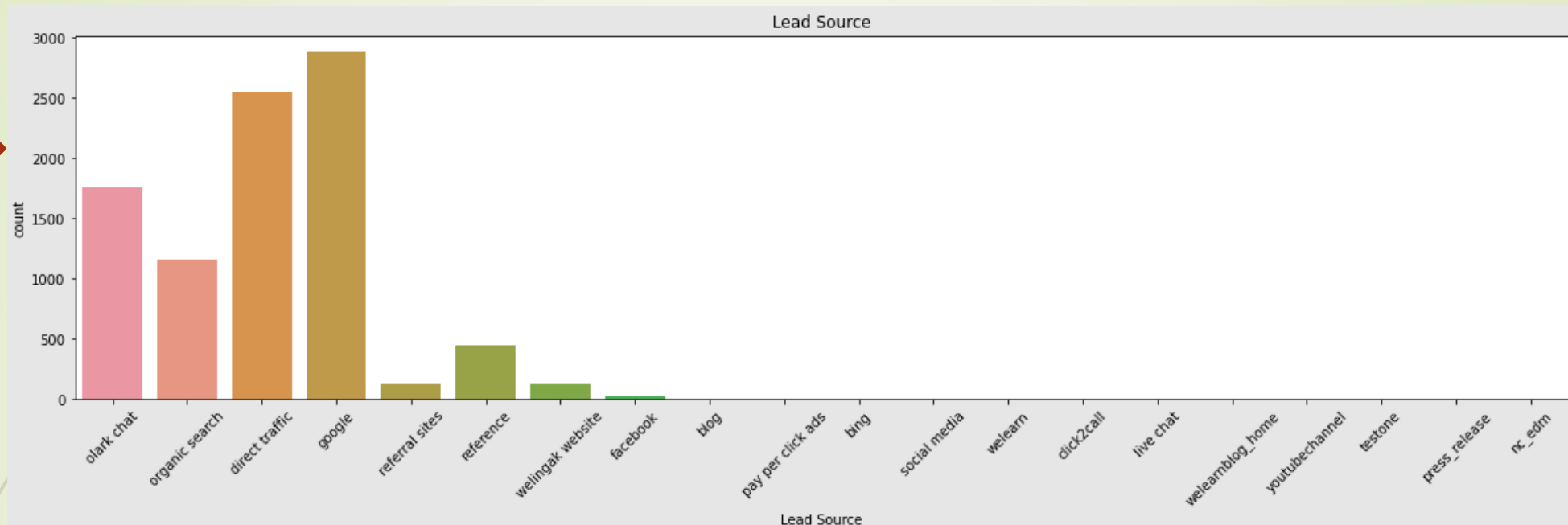
Data cleaning and manipulation

- We have 9240 rows and 37 columns.
- Drop those variable which contains unique values ('Magazine', 'Receive More Updates About Our Courses', 'Update me on Supply Chain Content', 'Get updates on DM Content', 'I agree to pay the amount through cheque')
- Drop columns('City', 'Lead Number', 'Prospect ID') as they are not necessary for analysis.
- Dropping the columns ('Tags', 'Lead Quality', 'Asymmetrique Profile Index', 'Asymmetrique Activity Index', 'Asymmetrique Activity Score', 'Asymmetrique Profile Score', 'Lead Profile', 'How did you hear about X Education') having more than 35% as missing.

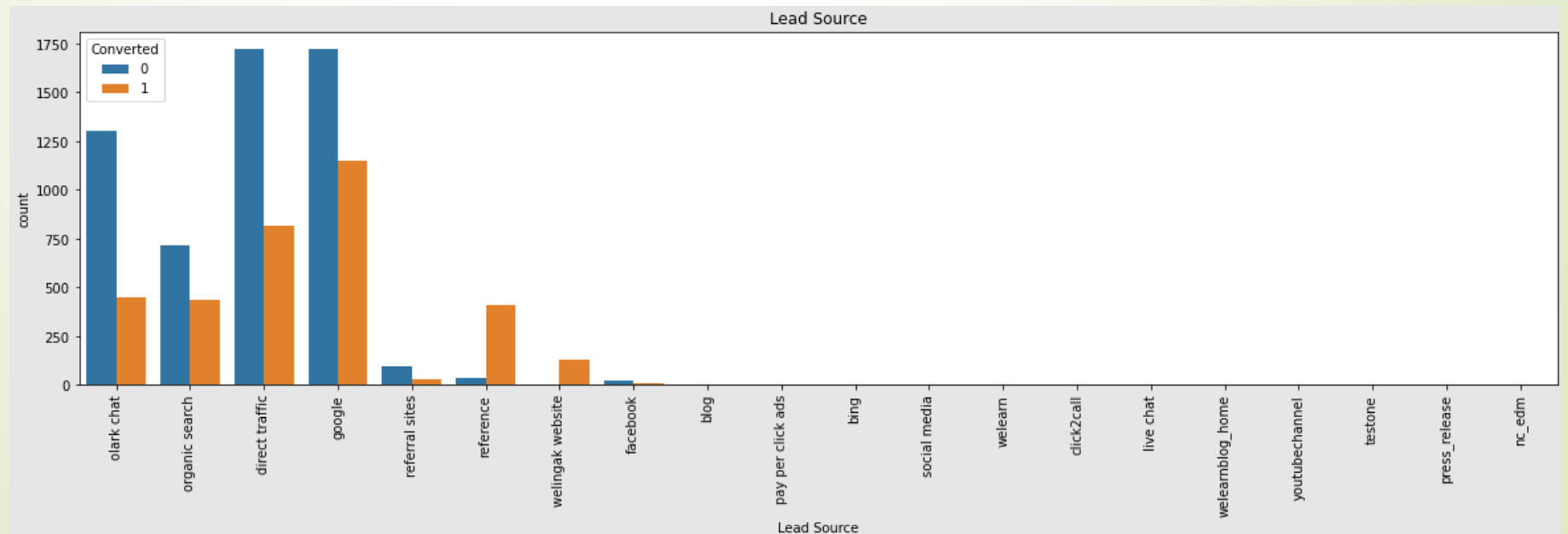
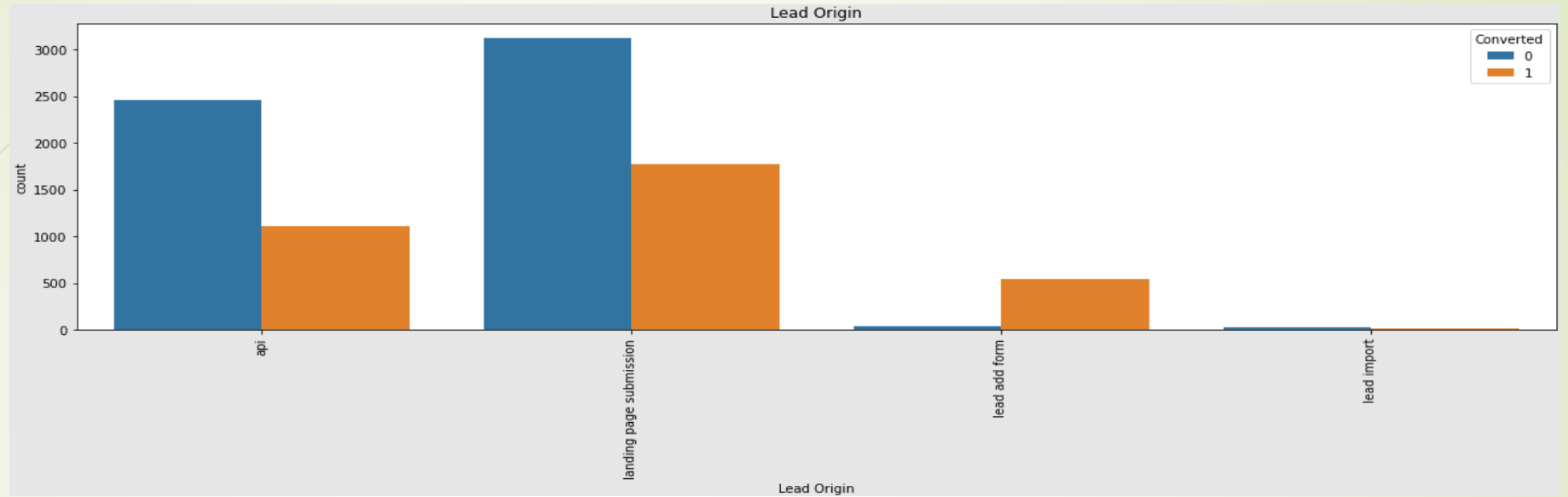
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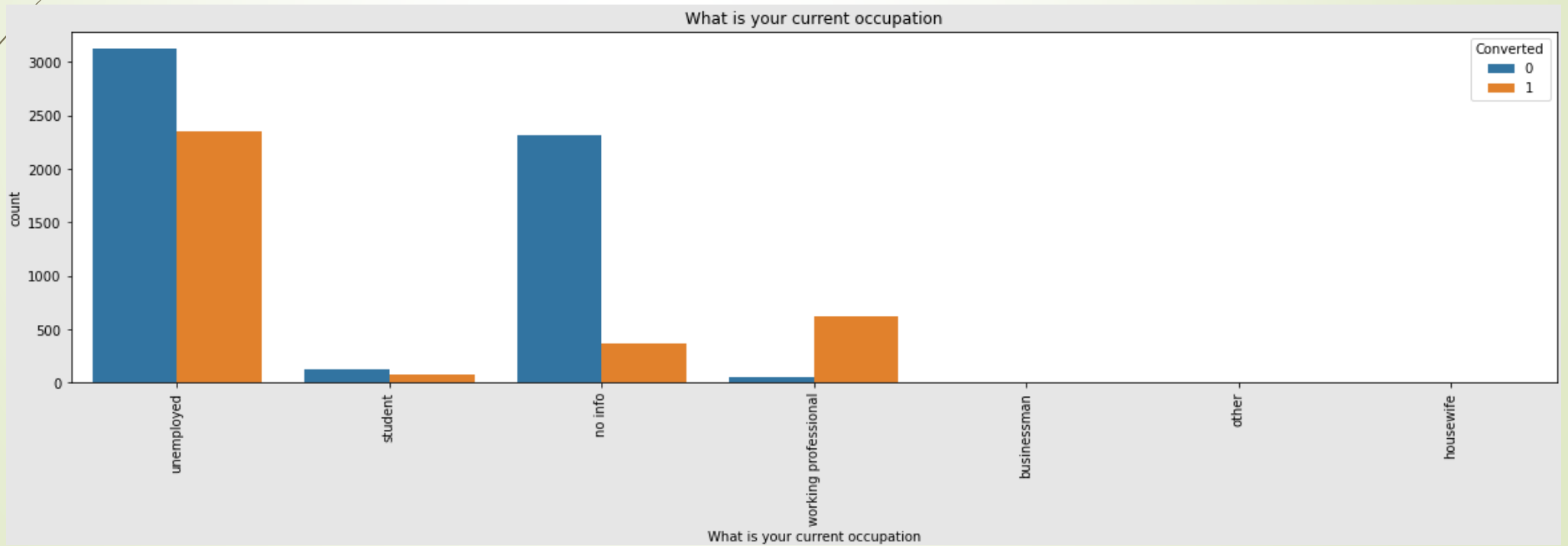
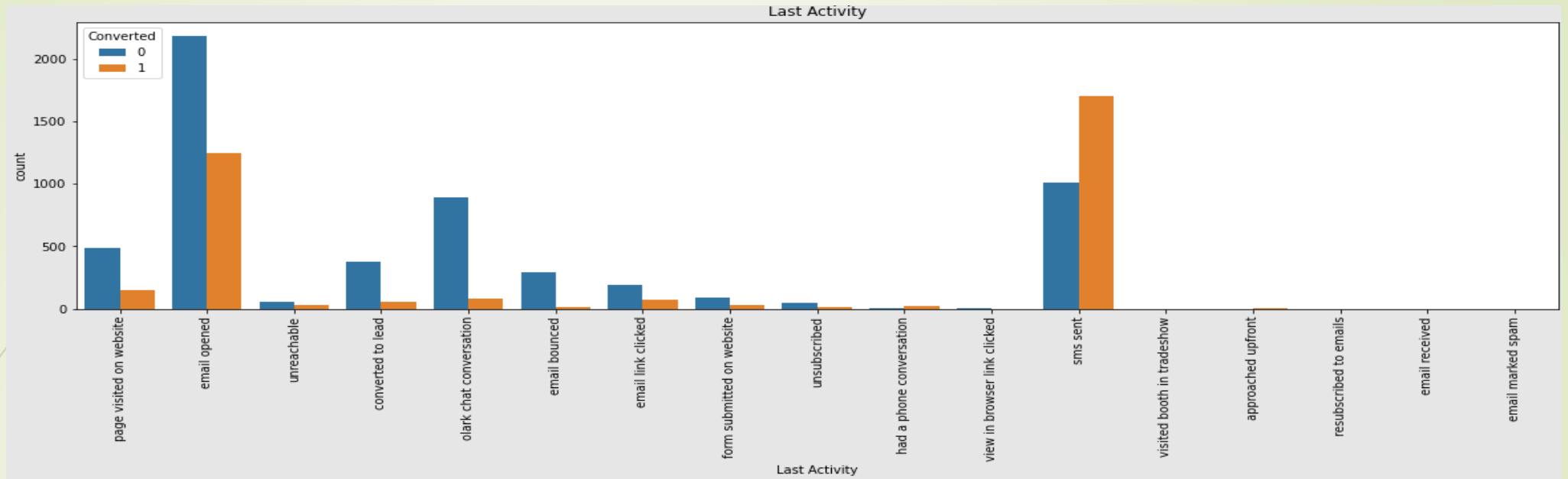
Univariate analysis





Bivariate analysis





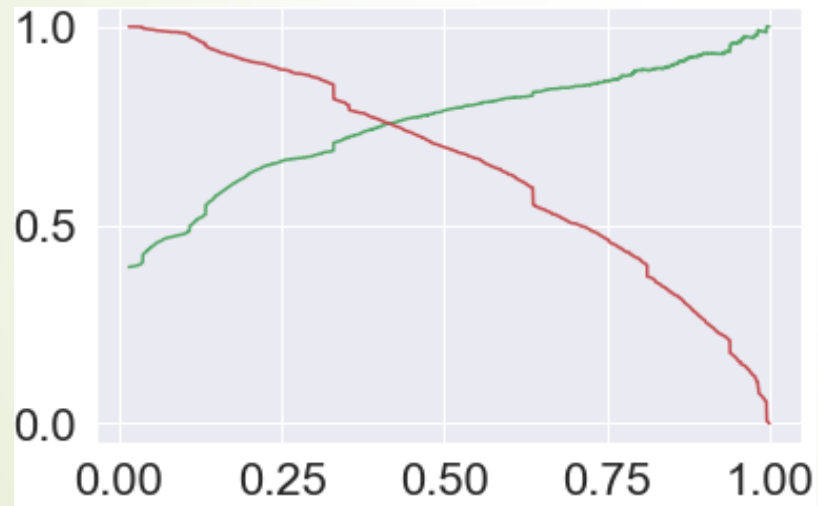
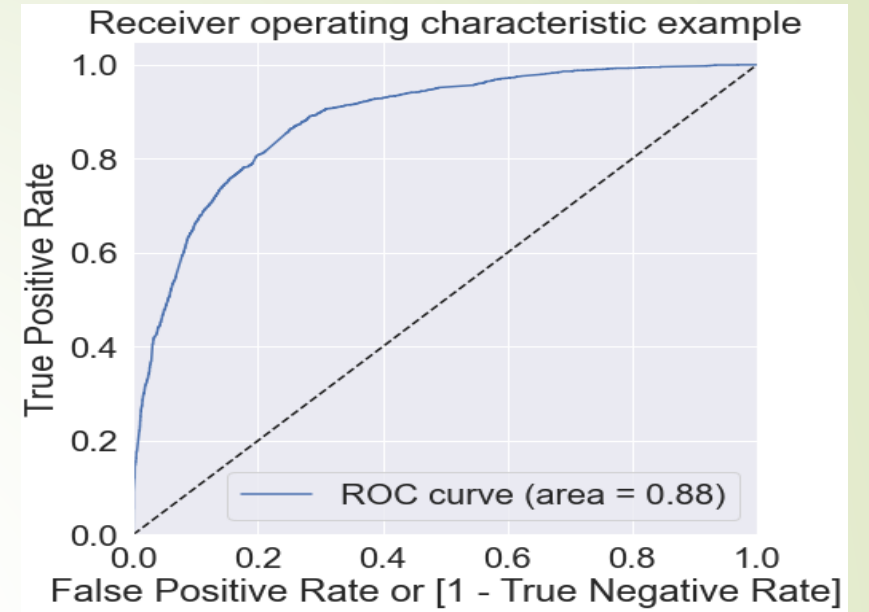
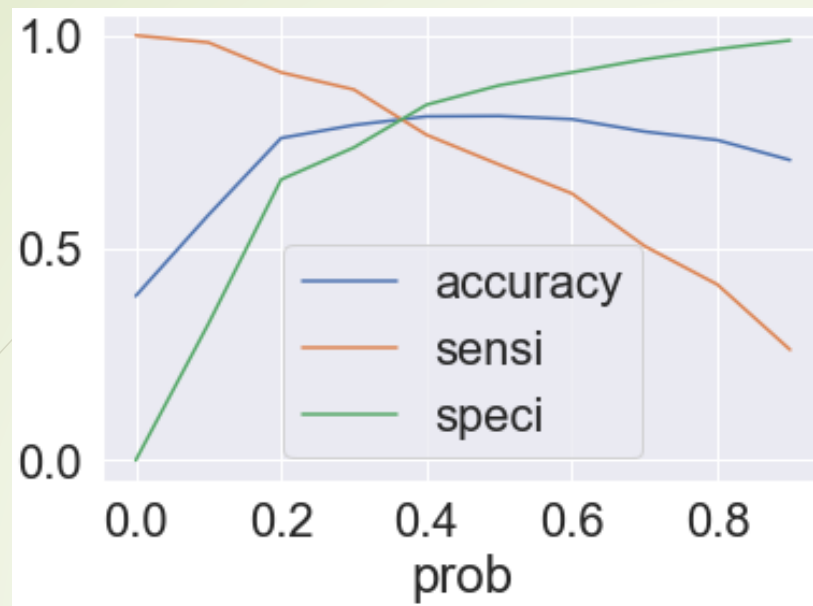


Data Conversion

- Numerical variables are Normalised.
- Dummy variables are created for object type variables.
- We have 9074 rows and 81 columns for analysis.

Model Building

- Splitting data in train and test set, 70% train and 30% test.
- Use RFE for feature selection.
- Running RFE with 15 variables as output.
- Building Model by removing the variable whose p- value >0.05 and VIF >5 .
- Predictions on test data set.
- Overall accuracy attain on cut off value 0.35 is 80.7%.



- We have balanced sensitivity and specificity at optimal cut off value 0.35.
- We have balanced precision and recall value at cut off value 0.41.



Conclusion

The variables that mattered the most for the potential buyers are:

- 1.) Total time spend on website.
- 2.) Total number of visits.
- 3.) When lead source was:
 - a) Welingak website
 - b) Olark chat
 - c) Organic research
 - d) Google
- 4.) When last activity was:
 - a) SMS sent
 - b) Olark chat conversation
- 5.) When the lead origin is 'lead add form'.
- 6.) When their current occupation is working professional.

By keeping these in mind the X Education can flourish as they have a very high chance to get almost all the potential buyers to change their mind and buy their courses.