

SimCity Land Value Calculator Version 3:

Estimate missing land values

Some of the land values are missing! Let's estimate the missing value of a cell with value 0, using the values of its neighbors.

Once you have calculated the missing land values, display the updated grid.

IMPORTANT: Do not modify the original grid, but create a new grid where no cell has missing values.

Study the examples below to see how the `fill_gaps` function should work:

Position (0, 0) of our grid is highlighted in blue.

0	6	1
1	4	7
4	0	3

We can get the average value of the neighbor cell prices using the **find_neighbors** function.

[6, 1, 4]

Position (0, 0) in the new grid is set to that average (assume repeating value for 3.666):

3.6	6	1
1	4	7
4	0	3

Position (2, 1) of our grid is highlighted in blue.

3	6	1
1	4	7
4	0	3

We can average the values from our **find_neighbors** function to fill the gap.

[1, 4, 7, 4, 3]

Position (2, 1) of our new grid becomes:

3	6	1
1	4	7
4	3.8	3

You can safely assume that if a cell value is missing (the value is given as 0), then none of the neighboring cell values are also missing. So you will always take averages over non-zero values.

What to do

- Implement the `fill_gaps` function. This function will do the following:

- Use the deepcopy function from the copy module to create a new grid which is a copy of the original grid.
 - Estimates the missing land values within the original grid and updates the new grid with the missing land values.
 - Returns the new grid.
- You must use the given template means you should not change the names of the functions, its parameters or the object it returns.

You must use the following template:

```
def create_grid(filename: str) -> list[list[int]]:
    """
    Create a grid of land values from a file
    """
    # Implemented in Version 1

def display_grid(grid: list[list[int]]) -> None:
    """
    Display a grid of land values
    """
    # Implemented in Version 1

def find_neighbor_values(grid: list[list[int]], row: int, col: int) -> list[int]:
    """
    Find the neighbors of a cell
    """
    # Implemented in Version 2

def fill_gaps(grid: list[list[int]]) -> list[list[int]]:
    """
    Fill the gaps in the grid
    Creates a new grid that is a copy of the original grid
    Call find_neighbor_values function to find the neighbors of each cell.
    Find the average of their values and round it to the nearest integer
    Use the average values to fill in the missing values in the new grid.
    Return the new grid
    Do NOT modify the original grid!
    """
    # TODO: Implement this function
    pass

def main() -> None:
    """
    Main program.
    """
    grid = create_grid("data_0.txt")
```

```
print("SimCity land values:")
display_grid(grid)
print("\nCalculated SimCity land values:")
new_grid = fill_gaps(grid)
display_grid(new_grid)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Hints

- Import the `copy` module in order to use the `deepcopy` function.

Program name

Save your program as `simcity3.py`.

Demo

In this demo, `data_1.txt` is used.

<https://asciinema.org/a/YXxXjyRiVAiVXd853d2P9hVsI>

Testing

To make sure your program works correctly, you should test it.

Good news: we wrote the unit tests for this version as well: [test_simcity3.py](#)

To test your `fill_gaps()` function, simply run the unit tests in your terminal:

```
$ python -m pytest test_simcity3.py
```

All tests should pass.

You should also manually test your program with different input files found in the introduction document.

- Run your program with `python simcity3.py` with `data_0.txt` Your program should print:

Sim City land values:

1	0	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

Calculated Sim City land values:

1	4	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

- Run your program with `python simcity3.py` with `data_1.txt` Your program should print:

Sim City land values:

76000	0	54000	16000	83000
27000	49000	62000	0	31000
0	48000	53000	22000	19000
71000	37000	63000	41000	0
83000	25000	0	16000	59000

Calculated Sim City land values:

76000	53600	54000	16000	83000
27000	49000	62000	42500	31000
46400	48000	53000	22000	19000
71000	37000	63000	41000	31400
83000	25000	36400	16000	59000

- Run your program with `python simcity3.py` with `data_2.txt` Your program should print:

Sim City land values:

94000	64000	30000	0	14000	92000
37000	49000	50000	29000	35000	0
0	88000	85000	96000	60000	22000
13000	44000	73000	0	45000	53000
20000	33000	67000	71000	82000	0
36000	0	62000	55000	44000	75000

Calculated Sim City land values:

94000	64000	30000	31600	14000	92000
37000	49000	50000	29000	35000	44600
46200	88000	85000	96000	60000	22000
13000	44000	73000	72375	45000	53000
20000	33000	67000	71000	82000	59800
36000	43600	62000	55000	44000	75000

- Run your program with `python simcity3.py` with `data_3.txt` Your program should print:

Sim City land values:

24000	57000	50000	43000
38000	0	16000	62000
51000	25000	49000	0
0	76000	19000	34000

Calculated Sim City land values:

24000	57000	50000	43000
38000	38750	16000	62000
51000	25000	49000	36000
50667	76000	19000	34000

Submitting

Submit `simcity3.py` via eClass.

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