

General Relativity Applied to Coding Styles

General Relativity is not “everything is relative”. On the contrary, it is all about what does not change under certain types of transformation.

Reading vs Writing and Changing

- *Code readability matters above all*, they say.
- Wake up guys! (and the 5 gals!)
- Nobody has ever been paid to read code.
- We are paid to *write* code.
- Reading code is just a means to an end.
- Writeability matters!
- *Transformability* matters even more!
- Let's see what Einstein has to say about it...

Main Equation of Transformation Friendly Styles

- Let $S(\textit{code})$ be true if *code* is formatted according to the rules of style S .
- Let $T(\textit{code})$ be a transformation of *code*.

$$S(\textit{code}) \Rightarrow S(T(\textit{code}))$$



“copy/move” transformations

- If *code* is correctly indented, moving it or copying it to a correctly indented location results in correctly indented code.
- “Great Wall” rules violate the Main Equation.
 - “No line of code shall extend beyond the 80th (or 79th, or 72nd) column”
- Replacement: a line of code should not be longer than (e.g.) 40 characters *excluding indentation*.

“lengthening” transformations

- Changing the length of an identifier, or adding arguments to a function call, should not cause style violations.

```
double solve(double a,  
             double b,  
             double c) {  
    // ...  
}
```



```
double solve_quadratic(double a,  
                       double b,  
                       double c) {  
    // ...  
}
```

fix indentation 😞

```
double solve(double a,  
             double b,  
             double c) {  
    // ...  
}
```



```
double solve_quadratic(double a,  
                       double b,  
                       double c) {  
    // ...  
}
```

move on, do useful work 😊