

**NORTH SOUTH UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING**

**CSE331
Microprocessor Interfacing & Embedded Systems
Spring 2019 Course Project Report**

Digital Alarm Clock using a PIC Microcontroller

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1. Introduction

This project involves building a digital alarm clock with alarm and temperature capabilities using an Arduino Uno R3 PIC microcontroller. It was solely built on the **Tinkercad** simulator.

2. Functional Requirements

- LCD screen showing current time (24 hours or AM/PM), alarm time (with a status symbol), temperature (Celsius or Fahrenheit)
- Make an alarm sound effects using a piezo buzzer.
- Buttons 1 and 2 should be held for 3 seconds to enter the time/alarm setup.
- During time/alarm setup, the selected value must blink.
- Timing operations must be implemented with TIMERS.

3. Materialization

Components used in the project listed:

- | | |
|------------------------------|------|
| - Arduino Uno R3 PIC | x 1 |
| - Pushbutton | x 4 |
| - Potentiometer (10K Ohm) | x 1 |
| - LCD Display (16x2) | x 1 |
| - Piezo Buzzer | x 1 |
| - Temperature Sensor [TMP36] | x 1 |
| - Resistor (220 Ohm) | x 1 |
| - Resistor (10K Ohm) | x 4 |
| - Wires | x 14 |

Components connected to the Arduino as follows:

LCD Display:

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| - Pin 1 (GND) on the LCD | to ground on the Arduino. |
| - Pin 2 (VCC) on the LCD | to 5V on the Arduino. |
| - Pin 3 (V0) on the LCD | to the middle pin (wiper) of the Potentiometer. |
| - Pin 4 (RS) on the LCD | to digital pin 12 of the Arduino. |
| - Pin 5 (RW) on the LCD | to ground on the Arduino. |
| - Pin 6 (E) on the LCD | to digital pin 11 of the Arduino. |
| - Pin (DB4 – DB7) on the LCD | to the digital pins 6, 5, 4, 3 of the Arduino. |
| - Pin 15 (LED) on the LCD | to 5V pin on the Arduino. |
| - Pin 16 (LED) on the LCD | to ground on the Arduino through the 200-ohm resistor. |

Temperature Sensor: *Vout* of the temperature sensor to analog pin A0 on the Arduino.

Piezo Buzzer: Positive pin of the piezo buzzer to digital pin 2 on the Arduino.

Pushbuttons:

- Button 1 to digital pin 10 on the Arduino through a 10K-ohm resistor.
- Button 2 to digital pin 9 on the Arduino through a 10K-ohm resistor.
- Button 3 to digital pin 8 on the Arduino through a 10K-ohm resistor.
- Button 4 to digital pin 7 on the Arduino through a 10K-ohm resistor.

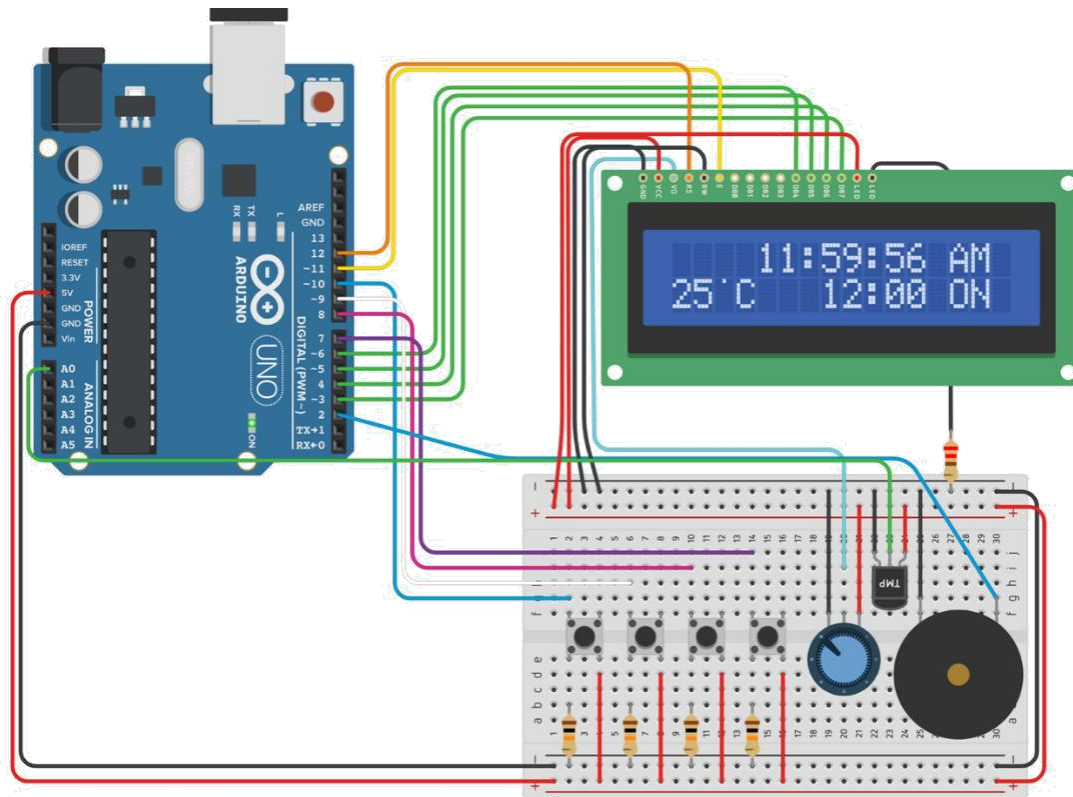


Figure 1. Circuit diagram

4. Code Design

First and foremost, the *LiquidCrystal.h* library included digital and analog pins used in the circuit assigned to variables accordingly. Before the setup function, the global variables initiated:

- **hour, minute, second** Clock time
- **alarmHour, alarmMinute, alarmSecond** Alarm time
- **flag24** 0=12-hour format (02:30 PM) 1=24-hour format (14:30)
- **flagTemp** 0=Celsius 1=Fahrenheit
- **flagAlarm** 0=Alarm OFF 1=Alarm ON
- **postponed** true=Alarm snoozed false=Alarm not snoozed
- **screenMode** 1=Live clock, 2=Set time, 3=Set alarm

Setup

In the **setup()** function, pin modes defined, LCD and serial connection begin. All interrupts disabled before the timer configuration and enabled after the configuration.

Timer

In this project **Timer1** with prescaler 256 used for the timing and compare match interrupt enabled. Compare match register (**OCR1A**) top value set to 62,500.

Timer1 reaches from 0 to value 62,500 in a second (1,000ms) and triggers the interrupt. In the ISR (Interrupt Service Routine), timer value **TCNT1** reset to 0 then the **updateClock()** function executed which adds +1 second to the clock.

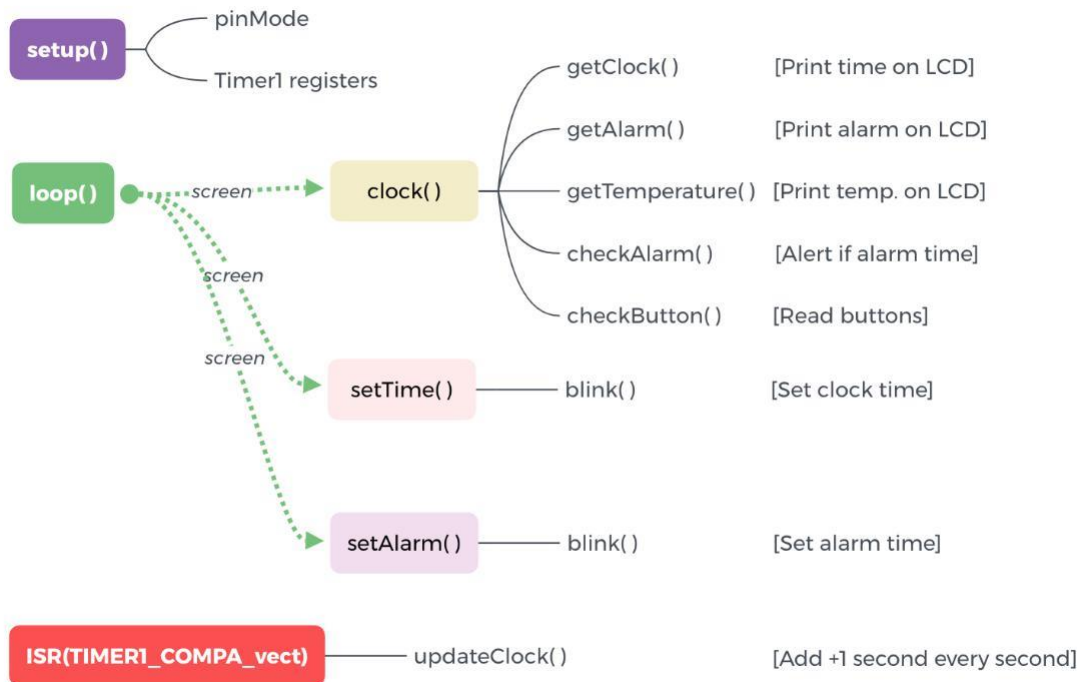


Figure 2. Workflow of the embedded program

Loop() function checks the *screenMode* variable and shows the active screen. The default mode is 0 which executes the **clock()** function to show the live clock, temperature, and alarm status. Then checks if it's time to alert if the clock equals to the alarm clock.

At the end **checkButton()** function called in order to check if a button pressed or not.

Change Hour Mode: Press B4 to switch between 12-hour AM/PM) and 24-hour modes.

Change Temperature Mode: Press B3 to switch between 12-hour AM/PM) and 24-hour modes.

Set Time:

1. Hold B1 for 3 seconds to enter the setup.
2. Press B2 to switch between the hour and minute.
3. Press B3 to increase the value (Selected value will blink)
4. Press B1 to exit the setup.

Set Alarm:

1. Hold B2 for 3 seconds to enter the setup.
2. Press B1 to switch between the hour and minute.
3. Press B3 to increase the value (Selected value will blink)
4. Press B2 to exit the setup

5. LCD Screenshots



Figure 3. Clock screen (Celsius, 12-hour mode, alarm on)



Figure 6. Clock screen (F, 24-hour mode, Alarm on)



Figure 9. Alarm!



Figure 7. Clock screen (F, 12-hour mode, Alarm on)



Figure 40. Clock screen (alarm turned off)

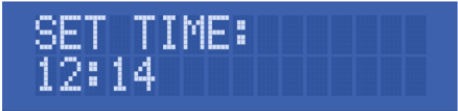


Figure 8. Set time screen



Figure 51. Set alarm screen (hour selected - blinking)