



Complete Code Explanation - Part 8

Backend (IRIS ObjectScript) - REST API CRUD Methods (Part 2)

Continuing from Part 7...

Now let's cover the remaining CRUD operations which are more complex!

Method 4: Get Employee By ID

objectscript

```
/// Get single employee by database ID
ClassMethod GetEmployeeById(id As %String) As %Status
{
    Set result = {}
    Set result.data = {}

    Try {
        // Validate ID parameter
        If (id = "") {
            Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Open employee object
        Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)

        // Check if employee exists
        If '$IsObject(employee) {
            Set result.message = "Employee not found."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Check if deleted
        If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {
            Set result.message = "Employee not found."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Build response object
    }
```

```

Set empData = {}
Set empData.id = employee.%Id()
Set empData.EmployeeId = employee.EmployeeId
Set empData.Name = $ZCONVERT(employee.Name, "O", "UTF8")
Set empData.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(employee.KanaName, "O", "UTF8")
Set empData.Sex = employee.Sex
Set empData.PostCode = employee.PostCode
Set empData.Address = $ZCONVERT(employee.Address, "O", "UTF8")
Set empData.PhoneNumber = employee.PhoneNumber
Set empData.Department = $ZCONVERT(employee.Department, "O", "UTF8")
Set empData.RetireFlg = employee.RetireFlg
Set empData.upDateTime = employee.upDateTime

Set result.data = empData
Set result.message = "Success"

} Catch ex {
    Set result.message = "Error: " _ ex.DisplayString()
}

Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
Return $$OK
}

```

Line-by-Line Explanation:

Line 2: Method Signature with Parameter

objectscript

```
ClassMethod GetEmployeeById(id As %String) As %Status
```

- **id As %String:** Method parameter
- **Type declaration:** Ensures type safety
- This **id** comes from URL parameter

How URL parameters work:

```

xml

<!-- Route definition: -->
<Route Url="/employee/:id" Method="GET" Call="GetEmployeeById"/>

<!-- Example request: -->
GET /employee/42

<!-- IRIS extracts: -->
id = "42"

<!-- Calls: -->
GetEmployeeById("42")

```

Line 4-5: Initialize Response

```

objectscript

Set result = {}
Set result.data = {}

```

- **result.data:** Nested object for employee data
- Structure:

```
json
```

```
{  
    "message": "...",  
    "data": {  
        "id": 1,  
        "Name": "...",  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

Line 8-13: Validate ID Parameter

```
objectscript
```

```
If (id = "") {  
    Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$$OK  
}
```

- Check if id parameter provided
- Early return if missing

Line 15-16: Open Employee Object

```
objectscript
```

```
Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)
```

%OpenId() Explained:

- Opens persistent object by database ID
- Returns object instance if found
- Returns "" (empty string) if not found

Example:

```
objectscript

// Database has employee with ID = 5
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)
// emp is now an object with all properties

Write emp.Name      // "山田太郎"
Write emp.EmployeeId // "12345"

// Database does NOT have ID = 999
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(999)
// emp = "" (empty string, not an object)
```

Line 18-23: Check if Object Exists

```
objectscript

If '$IsObject(employee) {
  Set result.message = "Employee not found."
  Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
  Return $$$OK
}
```

\$IsObject() function:

- Returns 1 (true) if variable is an object
- Returns 0 (false) if not an object

Why ' (apostrophe)?

objectscript

```
// ' = NOT operator in ObjectScript
```

```
If '$IsObject(employee) {  
    // If NOT an object  
}
```

// Equivalent to:

```
If $IsObject(employee) = 0 {  
    // If not an object  
}
```

// Similar patterns:

```
If 'condition      // If NOT condition  
If '(x = 5)       // If NOT (x equals 5)
```

Comparison with other languages:

javascript

```
// JavaScript:  
if (!isObject(employee)) {  
    // Not an object  
}
```

```
// Python:  
if not is_object(employee):  
    # Not an object
```

```
// ObjectScript:  
If '$IsObject(employee) {  
    // Not an object  
}
```

Line 25-29: Check Soft Delete Flag

```
objectscript
```

```
If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {  
    Set result.message = "Employee not found."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$OK  
}
```

- Even if employee exists in database
- If deleted (`deleteFlg = 1`) → treat as "not found"
- Don't expose deleted records to frontend

Why check `deleteFlg` here?

```
objectscript

// Scenario:
// 1. Employee ID 42 exists but is soft-deleted
// 2. Frontend tries: GET /employee/42
// 3. Without check: Returns deleted employee data
// 4. With check: Returns "Employee not found"

// This maintains soft delete illusion
// Deleted records appear to not exist
```

Line 31-43: Build Response Object

```
objectscript

Set empData = {}
Set empData.id = employee.%Id()
Set empData.EmployeeId = employee.EmployeeId
Set empData.Name = $ZCONVERT(employee.Name, "O", "UTF8")
// ... all other properties
```

Why create new object instead of returning employee directly?

```
objectscript
```

```
// ❌ Can't do this:  
Set result.data = employee  
// employee is persistent object, not dynamic object  
  
// ✅ Must do this:  
Set empData = {} // Create dynamic object  
Set empData.Name = employee.Name // Copy properties  
Set result.data = empData // Assign to result
```

Accessing object properties:

```
objectscript  
  
// Read property:  
Set name = employee.Name  
  
// Write property:  
Set employee.Name = "New Name"  
  
// Get database ID:  
Set id = employee.%Id()
```

Line 36-42: UTF-8 Conversion for Output

```
objectscript  
  
Set empData.Name = $ZCONVERT(employee.Name, "O", "UTF8")  
Set empData.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(employee.KanaName, "O", "UTF8")  
Set empData.Address = $ZCONVERT(employee.Address, "O", "UTF8")  
Set empData.Department = $ZCONVERT(employee.Department, "O", "UTF8")
```

- "**O**" direction: Output (IRIS → UTF-8)
- Ensures Japanese characters sent correctly
- Only needed for text fields that may contain Japanese

Which fields need conversion?

objectscript

// Need conversion (may contain Japanese):

Name → "山田太郎"

KanaName → "ヤマダタロウ"

Address → "東京都..."

Department → "営業部"

// Don't need conversion (numbers/codes):

id → 5

EmployeeId → "12345"

Sex → 1

PostCode → "100-0001"

PhoneNumber → "090-1234-5678"

RetireFlg → 0

Line 45-46: Set Success Response

objectscript

Set result.data = empData

Set result.message = "Success"

Final response structure:

json

```
{  
  "message": "Success",  
  "data": {  
    "id": 5,  
    "EmployeeId": "12345",  
    "Name": "山田太郎",  
    "KanaName": "ヤマダタロウ",  
    "Sex": 1,  
    "PostCode": "100-0001",  
    "Address": "東京都千代田区...",  
    "PhoneNumber": "090-1234-5678",  
    "Department": "営業部",  
    "RetireFlg": false,  
    "upDateTime": "2024-12-25 14:30:00"  
  }  
}
```

Method 5: Create Employee

objectscript

```
/// Create new employee
ClassMethod CreateEmployee() As %Status
{
    Set result = {}
    Set result.message = ""

    Try {
        // Parse request body
        Set requestObject = ##Class(%DynamicAbstractObject).%FromJSON(%request.Content)

        // Extract data
        Set reqEmployeeId = requestObject.employeeId
        Set reqName = requestObject.name
        Set reqKanaName = requestObject.kanaName
        Set reqSex = requestObject.sex
        Set reqPostCode = requestObject.postCode
        Set reqAddress = requestObject.address
        Set reqPhoneNumber = requestObject.phoneNumber
        Set reqDepartment = requestObject.department
        Set reqRetireFlg = requestObject.retireFlg

        // Validation: Required fields
        If (reqEmployeeId = "") {
            Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        If ($Length(reqEmployeeId) != 5) {
            Set result.message = "Employee ID must be exactly 5 digits."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }
    }
}
```

```
}

If (reqName == "") {
    Set result.message = "Name is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$$OK
}

If (reqSex == "") {
    Set result.message = "Sex is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$$OK
}

// Check for duplicate EmployeeId (active records only)
Set sqlQuery = "SELECT ID FROM SEM.tblEmployee "
    "WHERE EmployeeId = ? AND deleteFlg = 0"
Set statement = ##class(%SQL.Statement).%New()
Do statement.%Prepare(sqlQuery)
Set resultSet = statement.%Execute(reqEmployeeId)

If resultSet.%Next() {
    Set result.message = "Employee ID already exists."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$$OK
}

// Create new employee object
Set newEmployee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%New()

// Set properties
Set newEmployee.EmployeeId = reqEmployeeId
```

```
Set newEmployee.Name = $ZCONVERT(reqName, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(reqKanaName, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.Sex = reqSex
Set newEmployee.PostCode = reqPostCode
Set newEmployee.Address = $ZCONVERT(reqAddress, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.PhoneNumber = reqPhoneNumber
Set newEmployee.Department = $ZCONVERT(reqDepartment, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.RetireFlg = reqRetireFlg
Set newEmployee.deleteFlg = 0 // Active (not deleted)
Set newEmployee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)

// Save to database
Set status = newEmployee.%Save()

If $$$ISOK(status) {
    Set result.message = "Employee created successfully."
    Set result.id = newEmployee.%Id()
} Else {
    Set result.message = "Failed to create employee."
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
}

} Catch ex {
    Set result.message = "Error: " _ ex.DisplayString()
}

Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
Return $$OK
}
```

Line-by-Line Explanation:

Line 9-19: Extract All Fields from JSON

```
objectscript

Set reqEmployeeId = requestObject.employeeId
Set reqName = requestObject.name
Set reqKanaName = requestObject.kanaName
// ... etc
```

Request body example:

```
json

{
    "employeeId": "12345",
    "name": "山田太郎",
    "kanaName": "ヤマダタロウ",
    "sex": 1,
    "postCode": "100-0001",
    "address": "東京都千代田区...",
    "phoneNumber": "090-1234-5678",
    "department": "営業部",
    "retireFlg": false
}
```

Naming convention:

```
objectscript
```

```

// Frontend (JavaScript/JSON): camelCase
{
    "employeeId": "12345",
    "kanaName": "...",
}

// Backend (ObjectScript): PascalCase
Property EmployeeId
Property KanaName

// We transform between them:
Set reqEmployeeId = requestObject.employeeId
Set newEmployee.EmployeeId = reqEmployeeId

```

Line 22-27: Validate Employee ID Presence

```

objectscript

If (reqEmployeeId = "") {
    Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}

```

- Check if employeeId provided
- Empty string check

Line 29-33: Validate Employee ID Length

```

objectscript

```

```
If ($Length(reqEmployeeId) != 5) {  
    Set result.message = "Employee ID must be exactly 5 digits."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$$OK  
}
```

\$Length() function:

```
objectscript  
  
// Returns length of string  
$Length("Hello") → 5  
$Length("12345") → 5  
$Length("123") → 3  
$Length("") → 0  
  
// != means "not equal"  
If ($Length(text) != 5) {  
    // If length is NOT 5  
}
```

Why != instead of != ?

```
objectscript
```

```
// ObjectScript uses:  
= → equal  
'= → not equal  
< → less than  
> → greater than  
<= → less than or equal  
'< → not less than (same as >=)
```

```
// NOT like JavaScript:  
== or ===  
!=
```

Line 35-43: Validate Other Required Fields

```
objectscript  
  
If (reqName = "") {  
    Set result.message = "Name is required."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$OK  
}  
  
If (reqSex = "") {  
    Set result.message = "Sex is required."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$OK  
}
```

- Name is required
- Sex is required

- Other fields optional (no validation)

Line 46-58: Check Duplicate Employee ID

```
objectscript

Set sqlQuery = "SELECT ID FROM SEM.tblEmployee "
    "WHERE EmployeeId = ? AND deleteFlg = 0"
Set statement = ##class(%SQL.Statement).%New()
Do statement.%Prepare(sqlQuery)
Set resultSet = statement.%Execute(reqEmployeeId)

If resultSet.%Next() {
    Set result.message = "Employee ID already exists."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}
```

Why check deleteFlg = 0?

```
objectscript
```

```

// Without deleteFlg check:
SELECT ID FROM SEM.tblEmployee WHERE EmployeeId = ?
// Finds BOTH active and deleted employees
// Cannot reuse deleted employee IDs

// With deleteFlg check:
SELECT ID FROM SEM.tblEmployee WHERE EmployeeId = ? AND deleteFlg = 0
// Finds ONLY active employees
// CAN reuse deleted employee IDs ✓

// Example:
// Employee "12345" was deleted (deleteFlg = 1)
// New employee can use "12345" again
// Because query only checks active (deleteFlg = 0)

```

Line 60-61: Create New Object

```

objectscript
Set newEmployee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%New()

```

- Creates new instance
- Not yet saved to database
- All properties initially empty/default

Line 63-75: Set All Properties

```

objectscript

```

```
Set newEmployee.EmployeeId = reqEmployeeId
Set newEmployee.Name = $ZCONVERT(reqName, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(reqKanaName, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.Sex = reqSex
Set newEmployee.PostCode = reqPostCode
Set newEmployee.Address = $ZCONVERT(reqAddress, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.PhoneNumber = reqPhoneNumber
Set newEmployee.Department = $ZCONVERT(reqDepartment, "I", "UTF8")
Set newEmployee.RetireFlg = reqRetireFlg
Set newEmployee.deleteFlg = 0
Set newEmployee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
```

UTF-8 Conversion "I" (Input):

```
objectscript

// Japanese text from HTTP request (UTF-8)
reqName = "山田太郎"

// Convert to IRIS internal format
Set newEmployee.Name = $ZCONVERT(reqName, "I", "UTF8")

// Without conversion, might get mojibake!
```

Setting timestamps:

```
objectscript
```

```

Set newEmployee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
//           ↓     ↓     ↓
//           Function Internal Format
//           datetime code

// $HOROLOG = IRIS internal date/time
// Example: 66777,52345

// $ZDATETIME(horolog, 3) = Convert to string
// Format 3 = "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
// Example: "2024-12-25 14:32:15"

```

\$HOROLOG Explained:

```

objectscript

// $HOROLOG returns two integers separated by comma
// Example: 66777,52345

// First number: Days since December 31, 1840
// 66777 = Number of days since Dec 31, 1840

// Second number: Seconds since midnight
// 52345 = 14:32:25 (14 hours, 32 minutes, 25 seconds)

// Convert to readable format:
$ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3) → "2024-12-25 14:32:25"

```

Format codes for \$ZDATETIME:

```

objectscript

```

```
$ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 1) → "12/25/2024"  
$ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 2) → "25 Dec 2024"  
$ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3) → "2024-12-25 14:32:25"  
$ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 4) → "25/12/2024 14:32:25"
```

Line 74-75: Initialize System Fields

```
objectscript
```

```
Set newEmployee.deleteFlg = 0 // Active  
Set newEmployee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3) // Current timestamp
```

- **deleteFlg = 0**: New employee is active (not deleted)
- **upDateTime**: Creation timestamp

Line 77-86: Save and Handle Result

```
objectscript
```

```
Set status = newEmployee.%Save()  
  
If $$$ISOK(status) {  
    Set result.message = "Employee created successfully."  
    Set result.id = newEmployee.%Id()  
} Else {  
    Set result.message = "Failed to create employee."  
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)  
}
```

%Save() operation:

```
objectscript

// Before save:
newEmployee.%Id() → "" (no ID yet)

// Call save:
Set status = newEmployee.%Save()

// After successful save:
newEmployee.%Id() → "5" (database assigned ID)

// The object is now persisted to database
// Can be opened later with %OpenId(5)
```

Error handling:

```
objectscript

If $$$ISOK(status) {
    // Success path
} Else {
    // Error path
    Set errorMsg = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
    // Example errors:
    // - "Unique constraint violation"
    // - "Required field missing"
    // - "Database connection failed"
}
```

Method 6: Update Employee

objectscript

```
/// Update existing employee
ClassMethod UpdateEmployee(id As %String) As %Status
{
    Set result = {}
    Set result.message = ""

    Try {
        // Validate ID
        If (id = "") {
            Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Open existing employee
        Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)

        If '$IsObject(employee) {
            Set result.message = "Employee not found."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {
            Set result.message = "Employee not found."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Parse request body
        Set requestObject = ##Class(%DynamicAbstractObject).%FromJSON(%request.Content)
```

```
// Extract data
Set reqName = requestObject.name
Set reqKanaName = requestObject.kanaName
Set reqSex = requestObject.sex
Set reqPostCode = requestObject.postCode
Set reqAddress = requestObject.address
Set reqPhoneNumber = requestObject.phoneNumber
Set reqDepartment = requestObject.department
Set reqRetireFlg = requestObject.retireFlg

// Validation: Required fields
If (reqName = "") {
    Set result.message = "Name is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}

If (reqSex = "") {
    Set result.message = "Sex is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}

// Update properties (NOT EmployeeId - it's immutable)
Set employee.Name = $ZCONVERT(reqName, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(reqKanaName, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.Sex = reqSex
Set employee.PostCode = reqPostCode
Set employee.Address = $ZCONVERT(reqAddress, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.PhoneNumber = reqPhoneNumber
Set employee.Department = $ZCONVERT(reqDepartment, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.RetireFlg = reqRetireFlg
```

```
Set employee.updateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
```

```
// Save changes
```

```
Set status = employee.%Save()
```

```
If $$$ISOK(status) {
```

```
    Set result.message = "Employee updated successfully."
```

```
} Else {
```

```
    Set result.message = "Failed to update employee."
```

```
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
```

```
}
```

```
} Catch ex {
```

```
    Set result.message = "Error: " _ex.DisplayString()
```

```
}
```

```
Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
```

```
Return $$OK
```

```
}
```

Line-by-Line Explanation:

Key Difference from Create:

- **Opens existing** object instead of creating new
- **Updates** properties instead of setting them initially
- **Does NOT change** EmployeeId (immutable)

Line 2: Method with URL Parameter

```
objectscript
```

```
ClassMethod UpdateEmployee(id As %String) As %Status
```

URL routing:

```
xml
```

```
<Route Url="/employee/:id" Method="PUT" Call="UpdateEmployee"/>
```

```
<!-- Example: -->
```

```
PUT /employee/42
```

```
→ UpdateEmployee("42")
```

Line 15-16: Open Existing Employee

```
objectscript
```

```
Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)
```

%OpenId vs %New:

```
objectscript
```

```

// Create (POST):
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%New()
// Creates NEW object
// No database ID yet
// %Id() = ""

// Update (PUT):
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)
// Opens EXISTING object from database
// Has database ID
// %Id() = "5"

```

Line 17-27: Validate Employee Exists

```

objectscript

If '$IsObject(employee) {
    Set result.message = "Employee not found."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}

If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {
    Set result.message = "Employee not found."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$OK
}

```

- Check if ID exists
- Check if not deleted

- Same validation as GetEmployeeById

Line 29-40: Parse Request Body

```
objectscript

Set requestObject = ##Class(%DynamicAbstractObject).%FromJSON(%request.Content)

Set reqName = requestObject.name
Set reqKanaName = requestObject.kanaName
// ... etc
```

Request body (PUT):

```
json

{
  "name": "佐藤花子",
  "kanaName": "サトウハナコ",
  "sex": 2,
  "postCode": "150-0001",
  "address": "東京都渋谷区...",
  "phoneNumber": "080-9876-5432",
  "department": "技術部",
  "retireFlg": true
}
```

Notice: No employeeId in request!

- EmployeeId cannot be changed (business rule)
- Frontend disables the field in edit mode

- Backend ignores it even if sent

Line 42-54: Validation

```
objectscript

If (reqName = "") {
    Set result.message = "Name is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$$OK
}

If (reqSex = "") {
    Set result.message = "Sex is required."
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
    Return $$$OK
}
```

- Same validation as Create
- Required fields must not be empty

Line 56-65: Update Properties

```
objectscript
```

```
Set employee.Name = $ZCONVERT(reqName, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.KanaName = $ZCONVERT(reqKanaName, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.Sex = reqSex
Set employee.PostCode = reqPostCode
Set employee.Address = $ZCONVERT(reqAddress, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.PhoneNumber = reqPhoneNumber
Set employee.Department = $ZCONVERT(reqDepartment, "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.RetireFlg = reqRetireFlg
Set employee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
```

Important notes:

```
objectscript

// ✗ NOT updated (immutable):
// employee.EmployeeId = ...
// employee.deleteFlg = ... (only changed on delete)

// ✓ Updated:
// All other fields
// upDateTime always updated to current time
```

Update vs Initial Set:

```
objectscript
```

```

// Both use same syntax:
Set employee.Name = "New Name"

// But behavior differs:

// Create (NEW object):
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%New()
Set emp.Name = "山田太郎"
// Setting property for first time

// Update (EXISTING object):
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)
Set emp.Name = "佐藤花子"
// Overwriting existing property value

```

Line 67-76: Save Changes

```

objectscript

Set status = employee.%Save()

If $$$ISOK(status) {
    Set result.message = "Employee updated successfully."
} Else {
    Set result.message = "Failed to update employee."
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
}

```

%Save() on existing object:

```

objectscript

```

```
// Opens employee ID 5 from database:  
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)  
// Name = "山田太郎"  
// Department = "営業部"  
  
// Modify properties:  
Set emp.Name = "佐藤花子"  
Set emp.Department = "技術部"  
  
// Save changes back to database:  
Do emp.%Save()  
  
// Database now updated:  
// ID 5: Name = "佐藤花子", Department = "技術部"
```

Method 7: Delete Employee (Soft Delete)

```
objectscript
```

```
/// Delete employee (soft delete)
ClassMethod DeleteEmployee(id As %String) As %Status
{
    Set result = {}
    Set result.message = ""

    Try {
        // Validate ID
        If (id = "") {
            Set result.message = "Employee ID is required."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Open existing employee
        Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)

        If '$IsObject(employee) {
            Set result.message = "Employee not found."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {
            Set result.message = "Employee already deleted."
            Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
            Return $$OK
        }

        // Soft delete: Set flag instead of actual deletion
        Set employee.deleteFlg = 1
        Set employee.updateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
```

```

// Save changes
Set status = employee.%Save()

If $$$ISOK(status) {
    Set result.message = "Employee deleted successfully."
} Else {
    Set result.message = "Failed to delete employee."
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
}

} Catch ex {
    Set result.message = "Error: "_ex.DisplayString()
}

Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)
Return $$OK
}

```

Line-by-Line Explanation:

Line 2: Method Signature

objectscript

ClassMethod DeleteEmployee(id As %String) As %Status

URL routing:

xml

```
<Route Url="/employee/:id" Method="DELETE" Call="DeleteEmployee"/>
```

<!-- Example: -->

DELETE /employee/42

→ DeleteEmployee("42")

Line 15-16: Open Employee

objectscript

```
Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(id)
```

- Must open object to modify it
- Can't delete without opening first

Line 17-28: Validation

objectscript

```
If '$IsObject(employee) {  
    Set result.message = "Employee not found."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$$OK  
}
```

```
If (employee.deleteFlg = 1) {  
    Set result.message = "Employee already deleted."  
    Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
    Return $$$OK  
}
```

- Check if exists
- Check if already deleted (can't delete twice)

Line 30-32: Soft Delete Implementation

```
objectscript

Set employee.deleteFlg = 1
Set employee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
```

This is the core of soft delete!

Soft vs Hard Delete:

```
objectscript

// ✗ Hard Delete (DON'T do this):
Do ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%DeleteId(5)
// Permanently removes from database
// Cannot recover
// Breaks references

// ☑ Soft Delete (DO this):
Set employee = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)
Set employee.deleteFlg = 1
Do employee.%Save()
// Still in database
// Just marked as deleted
// Can recover by setting deleteFlg = 0
```

What happens after soft delete:

```
objectscript
```

```
// Before delete:
```

```
ID: 5
```

```
EmployeeId: "12345"
```

```
Name: "山田太郎"
```

```
deleteFlg: 0 ← Active
```

```
upDateTime: "2024-12-20 10:00:00"
```

```
// After delete:
```

```
ID: 5
```

```
EmployeeId: "12345"
```

```
Name: "山田太郎"
```

```
deleteFlg: 1 ← Deleted!
```

```
upDateTime: "2024-12-25 14:30:00" ← Updated
```

```
// All other data preserved!
```

Why update upDateTime?

```
objectscript
```

```

// Track when record was deleted
// Useful for:
// - Audit logs
// - Data retention policies
// - Recovery decisions
// - Analytics

// Example: Delete employees marked as deleted > 7 years ago
SELECT * FROM SEM.tblEmployee
WHERE deleteFlg = 1
AND upDateTime < (CURRENT_DATE - INTERVAL 7 YEAR)

```

Line 34-41: Save and Respond

```

objectscript

Set status = employee.%Save()

If $$$ISOK(status) {
    Set result.message = "Employee deleted successfully."
} Else {
    Set result.message = "Failed to delete employee."
    Set result.error = $System.Status.GetErrorText(status)
}

```

- Save changes (sets deleteFlg = 1)
- Return success/failure message

Effect on queries:

```
objectscript

// After soft delete, employee ID 5 invisible in:

// GetAllEmployees:
SELECT * FROM SEM.tblEmployee WHERE deleteFlg = 0
// ID 5 excluded

// GetEmployeeById:
Set emp = ##class(SEM.tblEmployee).%OpenId(5)
If (emp.deleteFlg = 1) { Return "Not found" }
// ID 5 treated as not found

// CreateEmployee duplicate check:
SELECT * FROM SEM.tblEmployee
WHERE EmployeeId = ? AND deleteFlg = 0
// Can reuse "12345" employee ID

// But data still in database!
// Can be recovered if needed
```

Helper Method: Write JSON Response

```
objectscript
```

```
/// Helper method to write JSON response
ClassMethod WriteJSONResponse(data As %DynamicObject) As %Status
{
    // Set HTTP response headers
    Set %response.ContentType = "application/json"
    Set %response.CharSet = "UTF-8"
    Set %response.NoCharSetConvert = 1

    // Convert dynamic object to JSON string
    Set jsonString = data.%ToJSON()

    // Write to response stream
    Write jsonString

    Return $$$OK
}
```

Line-by-Line Explanation:

Line 2: Method Signature

objectscript

```
ClassMethod WriteJSONResponse(data As %DynamicObject) As %Status
```

- **%DynamicObject**: Type for dynamic objects
- Like JavaScript objects
- Can contain nested objects and arrays

Line 4-6: Set HTTP Headers

```
objectscript
```

```
Set %response.ContentType = "application/json"  
Set %response.CharSet = "UTF-8"  
Set %response.No CharSetConvert = 1
```

%response: Built-in variable for HTTP response

ContentType:

```
objectscript
```

```
// Tells browser what type of data is being sent  
Set %response.ContentType = "application/json"
```

// Other examples:

"text/html"	→ HTML page
"text/plain"	→ Plain text
"application/xml"	→ XML data
"image/jpeg"	→ JPEG image

CharSet:

```
objectscript
```

```
// Character encoding  
Set %response.CharSet = "UTF-8"  
  
// UTF-8 supports:  
// - English (ASCII)  
// - Japanese (日本語)  
// - Chinese (中文)  
// - All Unicode characters
```

No CharSet Convert:

```
objectscript  
  
Set %response.NoCharSetConvert = 1  
  
// 1 = Don't convert character encoding  
// Data already in correct format (UTF-8)  
// Prevents double conversion
```

Line 8-9: Convert to JSON

```
objectscript  
  
Set jsonString = data.%ToJSON()
```

%ToJSON() method:

```
objectscript
```

```
// Dynamic object:  
Set obj = {}  
Set obj.name = "山田太郎"  
Set obj.age = 30  
  
// Convert to JSON string:  
Set json = obj.%ToJSON()  
// json = '{"name":"山田太郎","age":30}'  
  
// Can now send this string in HTTP response
```

Line 11-12: Write Response

objectscript

Write jsonString

Write statement:

- Writes data to current output stream
- In web context: HTTP response body
- Similar to `console.log()` but for HTTP

Complete flow:

objectscript

```
// 1. Create response object:  
Set result = {}  
Set result.message = "Success"  
Set result.data = empData  
  
// 2. Call helper:  
Do ..WriteJSONResponse(result)  
  
// 3. Helper converts to JSON:  
'{"message":"Success","data":{...}}'  
  
// 4. Sets headers:  
Content-Type: application/json  
Charset: UTF-8  
  
// 5. Writes to response:  
Write json  
  
// 6. Browser receives:  
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8  
  
{"message":"Success","data":{...}}
```

Complete Request-Response Flow Example

Let me show you a complete end-to-end flow:

Example: Update Employee

1. Frontend (React):

```
↓  
axios.put('/sem/employee/5', {  
    name: "佐藤花子",  
    sex: 2,  
    department: "技術部",  
    ...  
})
```

2. HTTP Request:

```
↓  
PUT http://localhost:52773/sem/employee/5  
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
{"name": "佐藤花子", "sex": 2, "department": "技術部", ...}
```

3. IRIS receives request:

```
↓  
- URL matches: /employee/:id with PUT  
- Extracts: id = "5"  
- Calls: UpdateEmployee("5")
```

4. UpdateEmployee method:

```
↓  
- Validates id = "5"  
- Opens employee: %OpenId(5)  
- Parses JSON: %FromJSON(%request.Content)  
- Validates: name not empty, sex not empty  
- Updates properties:  
  Set employee.Name = $ZCONVERT("佐藤花子", "I", "UTF8")
```

```
Set employee.Department = $ZCONVERT("技術部", "I", "UTF8")
Set employee.upDateTime = $ZDATETIME($HOROLOG, 3)
- Saves: employee.%Save()
- Creates response:
Set result.message = "Employee updated successfully."
```

5. WriteJSONResponse:

↓

- Sets headers: Content-Type, CharSet
- Converts to JSON: result.%ToJSON()
- Writes: '{"message":"Employee updated successfully."}'

6. HTTP Response:

↓

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

{"message":"Employee updated successfully."}

7. Frontend (React):

↓

- axios resolves promise
- Shows success message
- Navigates to employee list
- Reloads data

Summary: All REST API Endpoints

Method	URL	Parameters	Purpose
POST	/signup	Body: name, email, password	Create user account
POST	/signin	Body: email, password	Authenticate user
GET	/employees	None	Get all active employees
GET	/employee/:id	URL: id	Get single employee
POST	/employee	Body: all employee fields	Create new employee
PUT	/employee/:id	URL: id, Body: employee fields	Update employee
DELETE	/employee/:id	URL: id	Soft delete employee

এই সাথে আপনার Backend এর সম্পূর্ণ explanation complete! 🎉

You now understand:

- Database classes (Persistent objects)
- REST API routing (XData UrlMap)
- All CRUD operations
- URL parameters
- JSON parsing and creation
- UTF-8 character handling

- Soft delete pattern
- Error handling
- Response formatting

Ready for your presentation! 頑張ってください！ 