Integer1

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang: $\sqrt{\sqrt{(a^3 - b^3) + (a^3 + b^3)}}$

Input: a; b. (a sonni 0 < a < 1000 va b sonni 0 < b < 1000 faqat shu oraliqda oling.) **Output**: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
2 3	2.0
8 5	5.656854249492381

Integer2

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang: $(\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{a} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{b})^2$

Input: a; b. (a sonni 0 < a < 1000 va b sonni 0 < b < 1000 faqat shu oraliqda oling.) **Output**: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
4 9	1.77777777777

Integer3

Uch xonali *a* butun son berilgan, undan boshida turgan raqam bilan oxirida turgan raqamni joyini o'zgartirib xosil bo'lgan sonni chiqaring.

Input: *a* .

Output: o'ng va chap tomon oxirida turgan sonlarni joyini almashtirish.

Input:	Output:
231	132
765	567

Integer4

Uch xonali *a* butun son berilgan, undan o'nlik xona birligidagi raqam bilan yuzlik xona birligida turgan raqamlarni joyini o'zgartirib xosil bo'lgan sonni chiqaring.

Input: a.

Output: o'nlik va yuzlik xona birligida turgan raqamlarni joyini almashtirish.

Input:	Output:
345	435
123	213
555	555

Integer5

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang: $9a^2b - 27a^2b^2 + 15b^2$

Natijani 2 xona birlikda, yaxlitlang. (round () funksiyasidan foydalaning)

Input: a; b. (a sonni 0 < a < 1000 va b sonni 0 < b < 1000 faqat shu oraliqda oling.) **Output**: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
6.3 8.6	-75076.35
4.5 9.6	-47256.48

Integer6

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang: $\frac{(1+\frac{r}{100})^n}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}$

Input: r; n; a; b.(r sonni 0 < r < 1000, n sonni 0 < n < 1000, a snni 0 < a < 1000 va b sonni 0 < b < 1000 faqat shu oraliqda oling.)

Output: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
3 2 4 5	0.1656847439876

Integer7

x1, y1 va *x2, y2* ikki nuqtaning koordinatalari berilgan, ular orasidagi masofani ikki xona birlikda hisoblang.

Masofa ushbu formula bo'yicha hisoblanadi: $\sqrt{(x^2 - x^1)^2 + (y^2 - y^1)^2}$

Input: x1; y1; x2; y2; (Haqiqiy son)

Output: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
-1.4 7.9 6.1 9.9	7.76
-3.9 -8.2 -1.3 -2.9	5.90

Integer8

Uchburchakning uchta uchining koordinatalari berilgan: x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3. Tekislikda ikki nuqta orasidagi masofani hisoblash formulasidan foydalanib, uning perimetri (P) va yuzini (S), 2 xona birlikda hisoblang.

a, b, c tomonlari bo'lgan uchburchakning yuzini topish uchun Geron formulasidan foydalaning: $S = \sqrt{p \cdot (p-a) \cdot (p-b) \cdot (p-c)}$, bu yerda

p - yarim perimeter: $p = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$

Input: x1; y1; x2; y2; x3; y3.(Haqiqiy son)

Output: P va S.

Input:	Output:
-9.7 -9.9 0.0 2.9 -0.1 5.2	36.26 11.79

Integer9

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang:

$$x = sin(a)$$

Input: *a;* (Haqiqiy son) **Output**: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
-0.5	-0.479425538604203

Integer10

Berilgan ifodani hisoblang:

$$x = cos(a)$$

Input: *a;* (Haqiqiy son) **Output**: natijani chiqaring.

Input:	Output:
0.5	0.8775825618903728