/\*Write a program to for finding one missing number and one duplicate in an array of n integers where each number lies between 1 and n.

The program should handle additional constraints and provide an optimized solution with minimal space complexity.

Detailed Problem Requirements:

Input Specifications:

Accept an array A of size n, where each element lies between 1 and n.

The array contains exactly one missing number and one duplicate number.

The array must not be modified.

No additional array or data structure should be used, but constant extra space (apart from variables) is allowed.

Output Specifications:

Identify and display the missing number and the duplicate number.

If the input array violates constraints, display an appropriate error

message.

Algorithmic Constraints:

Use mathematical properties like the sum and sum of squares to find the missing and duplicate numbers efficiently:

The sum of integers from 1 to n is S = (n \* (n+1)) / 2

The sum of squares of integers from 1 to n is SS = (n \* (n+1) \* (2n+1)) / 6

Error Handling:

If the array has no missing or duplicate numbers, detect and report this anomaly.

Validate that all array elements are integers within the range [1,n]. Output Requirements:

Display the original array and calculated values (e.g., sums and differences).

Clearly show the duplicate and missing numbers.

Example Execution:

Input:

n=5n = 5n=5

Array: [1,2,2,4,5]

Processing:

Compute the expected sum and sum of squares:

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SS = (n * (n+1) * (2n+1)) / 6 = (5 * (6) * (11)) / 6=55
Calculate the actual sum and sum of squares:
S \ actual = 1+2+2+4+5 = 14
SS actual = 1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 = 50
Derive the equations:
Missing - Duplicate = S -S actual = 15 - 14 = 1
Missing^2 - Duplicate^2 = SS - SS actual = 55-50=5
Solve the equations to find:
Missing = 3
Duplicate = 2
Output:
Original Array: [1, 2, 2, 4, 5]
Missing Number: 3
Duplicate Number: 2*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int array[20]={0};
int test1(int a[20], int n)
   if(count==1)
int test2(int a[20], int n)
    if(a[i]>n)
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int test3(int a[20], int n)
int Sum(int a[20], int n)
int SSum(int a[20], int n)
void print(int a[20],int n)
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int dup(int a[20], int n)
   printf("Enter the size of array\n");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   printf("Enter the numbers\n");
    flag2=test2(array,n);
   flag1=test1(array,n);
   if(flag1==0 ||flag2 ==0 || flag3 ==0)
       printf("This array doesn't have a duplicate n");
       printf("The element in the array is greater than d^n,n;
       printf("This array doesnt have a missing element\n ");
   printf("This array does not satisfy the input conditions\n");
   exit(0);
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duplicate=dup(array,n);
    printf("The original array is\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   printf("\n");
    printf("Missing - %d\n", missing);
    printf("Duplicate - %d\n", duplicate);
    printf("Actual sum of squares is %d\n", SSum(array, n));
    printf("Estimated sum of squares is %d\n",ssum);
    printf("Actual sum is %d\n", Sum(array, n));
    printf("Estimated sum is %d\n", sum);
    printf("Difference between estimated sum and actual sum is
    printf("Difference between estimated sum of squares and actual sum of
squares is %d\n",ssum-SSum(array,n));
    printf("Difference between missing and duplicate value is %d
\n", missing-duplicate);
Additional Requirements:
Extend the program to handle edge cases, such as:
An array where all elements are the same except for the duplicate.-
An array where the missing number is n or 1. - In this case the input
would contain an integer greater than n therefore it would
not satisfy the condition that input should be between 1 and n
Provide a detailed report of the steps and computations, including checks
for valid inputs.
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PS D:\projects\quest\C> cd "d:\projects\quest\C\" ; if (\$?) { gcc 162.c -0 162
Enter the size of array
Enter the numbers
12245
1 2 2 4 5
Missing - 3
Duplicate - 2
Actual sum of squares is 50
Estimated sum of squares is 55
Actual sum is 14
Estimated sum is 15
Difference between estimated sum and actual sum is 1
Difference between estimated sum of squares and actual sum of squares is 5
Difference between missing and duplicate value is 1
PS D:\projects\quest\C> cd "d:\projects\quest\C\" ; if (\$?) { gcc 162.c -0 162
Enter the size of array
Enter the numbers
12335
The original array is
1 2 3 3 5
Missing - 4
Duplicate - 3
Actual sum of squares is 48
Estimated sum of squares is 55
Actual sum is 14
Estimated sum is 15
Difference between estimated sum and actual sum is 1
Difference between estimated sum of squares and actual sum of squares is 7
Difference between missing and duplicate value is 1
PS D:\projects\quest\C>
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