## GATE BM Q49

## EE23BTECH11027 - K RAHUL\*

## **Question:**

The continuous time signal x(t) is described by:

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 \le t \le 1\\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

If y(t) represents x(t) convolved with itself, which of the following options is/are TRUE?

A 
$$y(t) = 0$$
 for all  $t < 0$ 

B 
$$y(t) = 0$$
 for all  $t > 1$ 

C 
$$y(t) = 0$$
 for all  $t > 3$ 

D 
$$\int_{0.1}^{0.75} \frac{dy(t)}{dt} dt \neq 0$$

GATE 2023 BM- Q 49

## **Solution:**

Symbol	Description
X(s)	Laplace transform of $x(t)$
Y(s)	Laplace transform of $y(t)$
$u(t-t_0)$	Unit step function, $u(t-t_0) = 1, t \ge t_0$

TABLE 4

**PARAMETERS** 

$$f(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} F(s) \implies f(t+a) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} e^{as} F(s)$$
 (8)

Using (7) and (8),

$$y(t) = tu(t) + (t-2)u(t-2) - 2(t-1)u(t-1)$$
(9)

Checking (9) with every option, For option (A),

$$t < 0 \implies y(t) = 0 \tag{10}$$

For option (B),

$$1 < t < 2 \tag{11}$$

$$\implies u(t) = u(t-1) = 1, u(t-2) = 0$$
 (12)

$$\implies y(t) = 2 - t \tag{13}$$

For option (C),

$$t > 3 \tag{14}$$

$$\implies u(n) = u(n-1) = u(n-2) = 0$$
 (15)

$$\implies y(t) = 0 \tag{16}$$

For option (D),

$$\int_{0.1}^{0.75} \frac{dy(t)}{dt} dt = \int_{0.1}^{0.75} dy(t)$$
 (17)

$$= y(0.75) - y(0.1) \tag{18}$$

$$= 0.75 - 0.1 \tag{19}$$

$$=-0.25$$
 (20)

$$y(t) = x(t) * x(t)$$

$$Y(s) = X(s)X(s)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s}\right)^2$$

$$=\frac{1+e^{-2s}-2e^{-s}}{s^2}$$

$$u(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{1}{s}$$

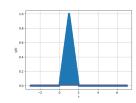
$$tu\left(t\right)\overset{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow}\frac{1}{s^{2}}$$

(4)

(5)

(6)

(3) Thus, options 
$$(A)$$
, $(C)$  and  $(D)$  are true.



(7) Fig. 4. Stem Plot of 
$$y(t)$$
 v/s t