- 1. Select the option that suits the Manifesto for Agile Software Development
 - a) Individuals and interactions
 - b) Working software
 - c) Customer collaboration
 - d) All of the mentioned [d]
- 2. Agile Software Development is based on
 - a) Incremental Development
 - b) Iterative Development
 - c) Linear Development
 - d) Both Incremental and Iterative Development [d]
- 3. How many phases are there in Scrum?
 - a) Two
 - b) Three [b]
 - c) Four
 - d) Scrum is an agile method which means it does not have phases

Explanation: There are three phases in Scrum. The initial phase is an outline planning phase followed by a series of sprint cycles and project closure phase.

- 4. In agile development it is more important to build software that meets the customers' needs today than worry about features that might be needed in the future.
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 5. Which of the following is a benefits of well defined SDLC
 - a) Reduce development cost
 - b) Faster time to market
 - c) Improved customer satisfaction
 - d) All of the above [d]
- 6. What is the purpose of the product backlog refinement?
 - a) It is a process for selecting the backlog items before sprint starts
 - b) It is a onetime selection process of backlog items during the sprint
 - c) It is continuous process to create actionable product backlogs [c]
 - d) All of above
- 7. How much time is preferable to spend on Product Backlog refinement?
 - a) 5% of its time for refinement
 - b) 10% of its time for refinement [b]
 - c) 15% of its time for refinement
 - d) None of above

- 8. An order of the Product Backlog Items should be based on ___ ?
 a) Value and Risk
 b) Work Estimates and Available expertise
 c) Dependencies
- 9. What is the best way to create Product Backlog Items?
 - a) collaborative and iterative approach with Development team
 - b) collaborative and iterative approach with whole scrum team [b]
 - c) collaborative and iterative approach with Product Owner
 - d) None of above

d) All of above [d]

- 10. What are the typical pitfalls of Product Backlog refinement?
 - a) There are too many or not enough refinement sessions
 - b) Without involvement of Scrum team turning requirements into user stories
 - c) Not involvement whole team and stakeholders
 - d) All of above [d]
- 11. Identify the simplest model of SDLC?
 - a) Agile
 - b) RAD
 - c) Waterfall [b]
 - d) Spiral
- 12. Which is the following is the most important feature of the spiral model?
 - a) Efficiency management
 - b) Time management
 - c) Risk management
 - d) Quality management
- 13. Which of the following is the first step of SDLC?
 - a) Coding
 - b) Design
 - c) Preliminary Investigation and Analysis
 - d) Testing
- 14. What is the purpose of using the Fibonacci sequence (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, etc.) in Agile estimation?
 - a) To prioritize user stories
 - b) To assign story points for complexity estimation
 - c) To determine the sprint duration
 - d) To track individual team member's velocity

 Answer: b) To assign story points for complexity estimation

- 15. Which Agile practice involves the team reflecting on their performance to improve `effectiveness continuously?
 - a) Sprint Retrospective
 - b) Daily Stand-up
 - c) Sprint Planning
 - d) Backlog Refinement

Answer: a) Sprint Retrospective

- 16. Which Agile practice encourages the constant evolution and improvement of processes and teamwork?
 - a) Sprint Review
 - b) Daily Stand-up
 - c) Retrospective
 - d) Sprint Planning

Answer: c) Retrospective

- 17. The stakeholders' role in Agile primarily involves:
 - a) Setting project timelines
 - b) Reviewing the product and providing feedback
 - c) Leading the daily stand-up meetings
 - d) Assigning tasks to team members

Answer: b) Reviewing the product and providing feedback

- 18. Which role in Agile is responsible for delivering a potentially releasable increment at the end of each sprint?
 - a) Scrum Master
 - b) Product Owner
 - c) Development Team
 - d) Agile Coach

Answer: c) Development Team

- 19. Lean methodology aims to:
 - a) Maximize efficiency by eliminating waste
 - b) Prioritize individuals and interactions over processes and tools
 - c) Use fixed-length iterations called sprints
 - d) None of the above

Answer: a) Maximize efficiency by eliminating waste

- 20. Which Agile approach emphasizes continuous improvement, workflow visualization, and limiting work in progress?
 - a) Scrum
 - b) Kanban
 - c) XP

d) Lean

Answer: b) Kanban

- 21. Which phase of the SDLC involves creating a detailed plan for the software project?
 - a) Requirements Analysis
 - b) Planning
 - c) Design
 - d) Implementation

Answer: b) Planning

- 22. What is the primary goal of Kanban?
 - a) Maximizing the utilization of resources
 - b) Minimizing the time spent on planning
 - c) Achieving a smooth, continuous flow of work
 - d) Completing as many tasks as possible in each sprint Answer: c) Achieving a smooth, continuous flow of work
- 23. Which methodology focuses on breaking down features into small, manageable tasks?
 - a) TDD
 - b) BDD
 - c) Kanban
 - d) FDD

Answer: d) FDD (Feature-Driven Development)

- 24. Which phase of the SDLC involves coding and testing the software?
 - a) Requirements Analysis
 - b) Design
 - c) Implementation
 - d) Maintenance

Answer: c) Implementation

- 25. What is the primary advantage of using TDD?
 - a) Reduced development time
 - b) Improved code quality
 - c) Enhanced project management
 - d) Simplified deployment process

Answer: b) Improved code quality

- 26. How much time does each iteration in agile methodology take?
 - a) 1-2 weeks
 - b) 2-3 weeks
 - c) 1-4 weeks
 - d) 1-2 months

Answer: C) 1-4 weeks

- 27. Does agile methodology frequently ask user's feedback?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) only when the project requirement needs

Answer: A) YES

- 28. Which of the following testing types is primarily focused on ensuring that the software system as a whole meet specified requirements and works as expected?
 - a) Unit testing
 - b) Integration testing
 - c) System testing
 - d) Acceptance testing

Answer: c) System testing

- 29. What is the recommended frequency for Sprint reviews in Agile development?
 - a) Weekly
 - b) Bi-weekly
 - c) Monthly
 - d) Quarterly

Answer: b) Bi-weekly

- 30. How long should a typical daily standup meeting last?
 - a) 15 minutes
 - b) 30 minutes
 - c) 45 minutes
 - d) 1 hour

Answer: a) 15 minutes

- 31. What is the purpose of the Requirements phase in SDLC?
 - a) To design the user interface
 - b) To gather and analyze project requirements
 - c) To develop the software code
 - d) To test the software for bugs

Answer: B) To gather and analyze project requirements

- 32. Which phase of SDLC involves creating detailed design specifications and architectural diagrams?
 - a) Testing
 - b) Implementation
 - c) Design
 - d) Deployment

Answer: C) Design

- 33. What is the primary goal of the Testing phase in SDLC?
 - a) To write the software code
 - b) To design the user interface
 - c) To verify that the software meets requirements and is bug-free
 - d) To gather project requirements

Answer: C) To verify that the software meets requirements and is bug-free

- 34. Which phase of SDLC involves deploying the software to the production environment?
 - a) Design
 - b) Implementation
 - c) Testing
 - d) Deployment

Answer: D) Deployment

- 35. What is a key principle of Agile methodologies?
 - a) Strict adherence to detailed documentation
 - b) Emphasis on following a rigid plan
 - c) Flexibility and adaptability to changing requirements
 - d) Long development cycles with minimal customer involvement

Answer: C) Flexibility and adaptability to changing requirements

- 36. How many components does the Kanban board have?
 - a) 3
 - b) 4
 - c) 5
 - d) 6

Answer: C) 5

Explanation: Kanban board has 5 components: Visual signals, columns, work-in-progress limits, a commitment point, and a delivery point.

- 37. Which of the following are involved in releasing the plan?
 - a) Product owner
 - b) Scrum master
 - c) Development team
 - d) Stakeholders

All of the above

Answer: E) All of the above

Explanation: Following are involved in releasing the plan: product owner, scrum master, development team, and stakeholders.

- 38. Which of the following frameworks are used in agile methodology?
 - a) FDD
 - b) Kanban
 - c) Scrum
 - d) All of the above

Answer: D) All of the above

Explanation: Kanban, scrum, and FDD are the most popular framework which is used in agile methodology.

- 39. A product is built in a series of repetitions called ___
 - a) Scrum
 - b) Kanban
 - c) Sprints

Answer: C) Sprints

Explanation: A product is built in a series of repetitions called Sprints.

- 40. is a framework that is used to execute agile software development. It also involves real-time communication of capacity and full transparency of work.
 - a) Scrum
 - b) Kanban
 - c) Sprints

Answer: B) Kanban

Explanation: Kanban is a framework that is used to execute agile software development. It also involves real-time communication of capacity and full transparency of work.

- 41. Imagine you're designing a mobile app. What design principles might you prioritize?
 - a) Complex features for advanced users only.
 - b) Intuitive user interface for a smooth user experience.
 - c) Packing in as many features as possible regardless of usability.
 - d) User interface color scheme only.

answer: (b)Intuitive user interface for a smooth user experience.

- 42. Which of the following is NOT a core principle of good system design?
 - a) Scalability Ability to handle increased user load.
 - b) Security Measures to protect data and system access.
 - c) Complexity The more complex, the better.
 - d) Maintainability Ease of making modifications in the future

answer: c) Complexity - The more complex, the better

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- 43. Identify the incorrect phase of STLC(Software Testing Life cycle).
 - a) test closure
 - b) coding
 - c) requirement analysis
 - d) test planning

answer:(b) coding

- 44. Parallel computing involves:
 - a) Executing multiple tasks sequentially on a single processor.
 - b) Breaking down a large problem into smaller tasks and processing them simultaneously.
 - c) Increasing the clock speed of a single CPU core.
 - d) Reducing the size of transistors in a processor.

answer:(b) Breaking down a large problem into smaller tasks and processing them simultaneously.

- 45. Pipelining is a technique used in CPUs to improve performance. What is the main drawback of pipelining?
 - a) Increased power consumption
 - b) Reduced clock speed
 - c) Balanced workload distribution among cores.
 - d) Less efficient for short, simple instructions

answer: (d) Less efficient for short, simple instructions

- 46. What is the primary responsibility of the Scrum Master?
 - a) Setting project priorities
 - b) Ensuring the team follows Scrum principles
 - c) Designing the product
 - d) Managing the product backlog

Answer: option-a

Explanation: The primary responsibility of the Scrum Master is to ensure the team follows Scrum principles, practices, rules, and values.

- 47. How long does a typical Sprint last in Scrum?
 - a) 1 week
 - b) 2 weeks
 - c) 1 month
 - d) 3 months

Answer: option-b

Explanation: A typical Sprint in Scrum lasts 2-4 weeks, with 2 weeks being the most common duration.

48. What is the main purpose of the Sprint Review in Scrum?

- a) Identifying and removing project roadblocks
- b) Inspecting the increment and adapting the product backlog
- c) Planning the next Sprint
- d) Evaluating team performance

Answer: option-b

Explanation: The main purpose of the Sprint Review is to inspect the increment and adapt the product backlog, ensuring that the project stays on track and meets stakeholder expectations.

- 49. Which of the following is NOT a role in Scrum?
 - a) Product Owner
 - b) Scrum Master
 - c) Project Manager
 - d) Scrum Team

Answer-option-c

Explanation: In Scrum, the role of the Project Manager is not explicitly defined, as the Scrum Team is self-organizing and cross-functional.

- 50. What is the main purpose of the Sprint Backlog in Scrum?
 - a) To define the project scope
 - b) To plan the next Sprint
 - c) To track project progress
 - d) To prioritize product features

Answer: option-b

Explanation: The main purpose of the Sprint Backlog is to plan the next Sprint, detailing the work items the team has committed to delivering during that Sprint.