ARTH Task 6: Creating a high availability architecture with AWS CLI



First we need to install and login to the AWS cli console using the **Access ID** and **Secret ID** provided by **IAM** user

To check AWS cli Version : **aws** — **version**

To login to IAM user using AWS cli: aws configure

🚾 Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.867]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\tanmo>aws --version
aws-cli/2.0.30 Python/3.7.7 Windows/10 botocore/2.0.0dev34

C:\Users\tanmo>aws configure

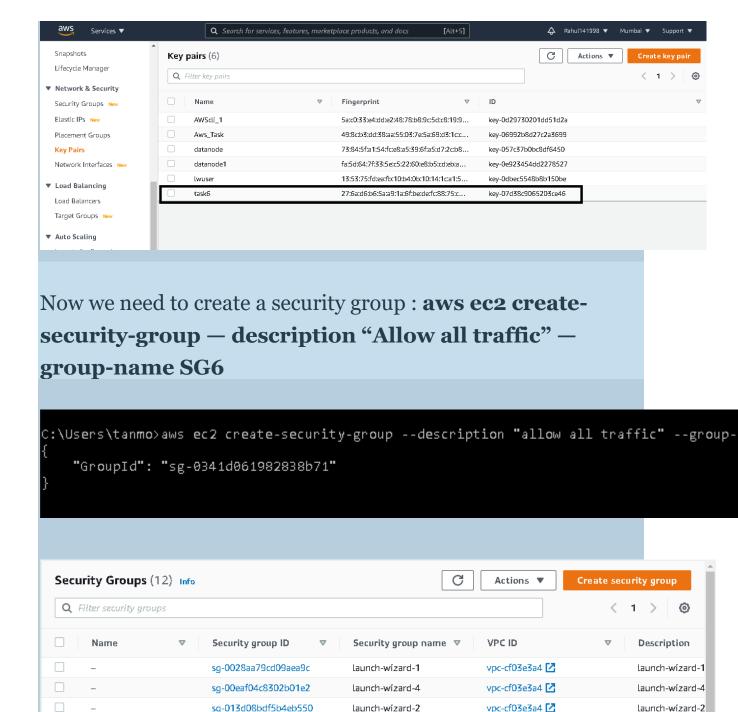
AWS Access Key ID [None]: AKIAVPRFFJDZTTMASXGQ

AWS Secret Access Key [None]: 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
Default region name [None]: ap-south-1a
Default output format [None]:
```

Now we need a key for EC2 instance Authentication

aws ec2 create-key-pair — keyname task 6

```
C:\Users\tanmo>aws ec2 create-key-pair --key-name task6
    "KeyFingerprint": "27:6a:d6:b6:5a:a9:1a:6f:be:de:fc:88:75:cd:11:25:b1:29:17:d4",
"KeyMaterial": "-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----\nMIIEpAIBAAKCAQEAjTBsy+/i0Dw6q+lnQr
0BNG5kxwFPack∀CvKFp30I0Cj4dbEcrgXL9cn5RXl20r₩DJ/ctQ0fR3KIxUZrKm\nSnZYwTz2xVYdREAeDuRAiN
MzxLqhLZx\nEiOoOZOx+mB3wuyL0IntDWQ4+RJwDRBVRmbhOKLHypGjP5cIEUlMGFumlYxX88PD\nGdImHLn8NH
rdHdkig53hGeVrZJYiX2\nMB9wp6AgkwmtxdKFJz/P4/IajxTikUkfI25QOwIDAQABAoIBADsjjH7DxVKJ192I
QYf/l+CZWPcOcnAR/RFv0lH8ioN+lcveW\nu/9l5gleJcEMKRDyWMlIr1qyNnMyjGvT6tmHxtdyLL8tueaLoMuG
fIt1IrmmRlIC/1aap+NYUXxHM6Nv9O0UB6aygwsGtU3JD\nDIhxWtz7p9neg1dDgcw0VgFWPEjVHs2oIMTFpfKv
ZHxVbk4q3Ye1egHOnqQ4LCKbqlNiKVvk4jKSmx4S8IlYA9hJTrA+VX/IJ\neDSPSHECgYEA7gobp8tuIhRoq89s
5eY\nv+GBGvvaDnoOwwS7+rOK3ygENiKrXOUSjvcs1WZ+rpoeKYog8n/2ezaV9rxeHD8l\niluOOMsN08iXBlaE
PrHH8MCgYEAl9eW\njtYwSG++al70QJrMJppMz8E+TwgM6mnJu/XoIq1PfWmfsPQl/+V9/ps7JFjEGMq+\npYp8
Am4Hn8LtDqUmC3gx1ZdMK8KgXaA\nbXpuLxfAPcoq+W6b+dd+I0VwrI/X2/9uHCQzPikCgYEAivkPyFj2haMQsS
c3uKxWIso3/iDd9yXHtaGI9NVLZQwvj2Y9IKMX8\nncclP7nFQD7uWSYxsiKPTsRBrXmwICGl0y88y1+RRRIZSj
PqlKe/Xjw0CgYAEU/TKpXhC2EyJI6O6o67l+sfttAheoFAd7l39\nqYiwVFhLrtMKbCsZHCV3OF17L7yHKGA+v6
D18BhrlY6GlxXWu0L/zbpbBaHvYLNSESlURqo+kMzr+WRTBDk9eGgCYKpFwh9tP\nmgiL4QKBgQCEp6Azi0QekL
GHSdhIYE3\nCDqHbN02LCOB5o1wyCVUX2JvxXMJX7O4aHDFgkVYsWxW2J4rG3tEg21+0VHG1ln8\nAT1hyww7rL
CHxi9OSHImQ==\n----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----".
     "KeyName": "task6",
    "KeyPairId": "key-07d38c9065203ce46"
```



Also we can verify our security group using command : **aws ec2 authorize-security-group — ingress — group-id**

Cli-sq

SG6

launch-wizard-5

launch-wizard-7

launch-wizard-8

sg-026efe56f9a441943

sg-0340c829559578b17

sg-0341d061982838b71

sg-040b3eb96201c3a7a

sg-07491f9130e9c2e27

vpc-cf03e3a4 🔼

vpc-cf03e3a4 🛂

vpc-cf03e3a4 🔼

vpc-cf03e3a4 🔼

vpc-cf03e3a4 🔼

Cli Security Grou

launch-wizard-5

allow all traffic

launch-wizard-7

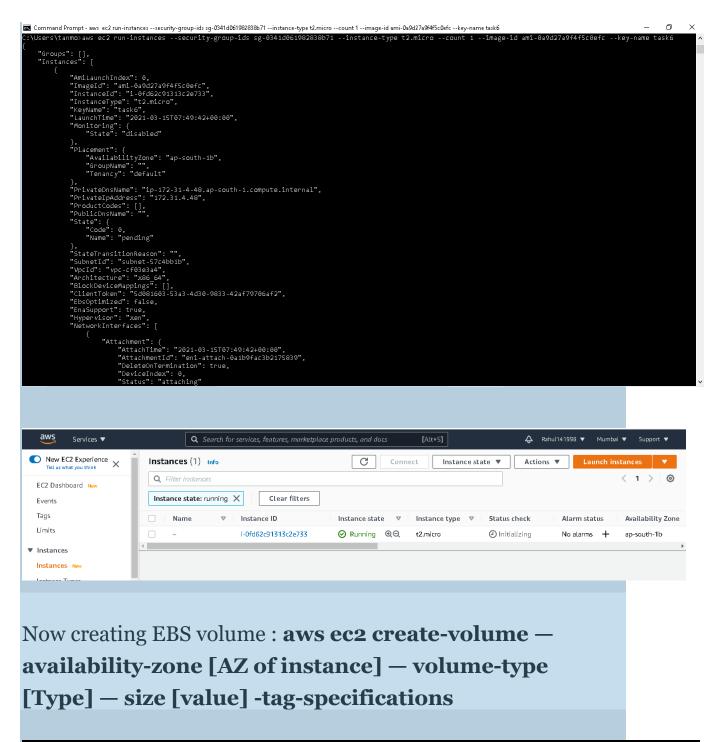
launch-wizard-8

[security-group id] — protocol [protocolname] — port [Number] — cidr o.o.o.o/o

::\Users\tanmo>aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress --group-id sg-0341d061982838b71 --protocol tcp --port 80 --cidr C:\Users\tanmo>_ sg-0341d061982838b71 - SG6 Actions ▼ **Details** Security group name Security group ID Description VPC ID **□** sg-0341d061982838b71 🗖 vpc-cf03e3a4 🛂 ☐ SG6 🗖 allow all traffic Inbound rules count Outbound rules count **5** 376961321203 1 Permission entry 1 Permission entry Inbound rules Outbound rules Inbound rules (1) Edit inbound rules Protocol Port range Source. Description - optional Type HTTP TCP 0.0.0.0/0 80

To view the security group details : **aws ec2 describe-security-group — group-id [security group id]**

Now launching instance: aws ec2 run-instances — security-group[sg id] — instance-type [type] — count [number] — image-id [Image id] — key-name [name]



```
:\Users\tanmo>aws ec2 create-volume --availability-zone ap-south-1b --volume-type gp2 --size 5 --tag-specifications

"AvailabilityZone": "ap-south-1b",

"CreateTime": "2021-03-15T07:51:50+00:00",

"Encrypted": false,

"Size": 5,

"SnapshotId": "",

"State": "creating",

"VolumeId": "vol-0978d99fc18f9b8f8",

"Iops": 100,

"Tags": [],

"VolumeType": "gp2",

"MultiAttachEnabled": false
```



Now we need to attach the EBS volume to the running instance: aws ec2 attach-volume — instance-id [Instance] — volume-id [Volume] — device /attaching directory

```
C:\Users\tanmo>aws ec2 attach-volume --instance-id i-0fd62c91313c2e733 --volume-id vol-
dh
    "AttachTime": "2021-03-15T07:55:24.261000+00:00",
    "Device": "/dev/sdh",
    "InstanceId": "i-0fd62c91313c2e733",
    "State": "attaching",
    "VolumeId": "vol-0978d99fc18f9b8f8"
     Name
                   Volume ID
                                Size
                                            Volume Type - IOPS

    Throughput =

                                                                                  Snapshot
                   vol-0978d99...
                                5 GiB
                                            gp2
                                                          100
```

To confirm the attaching of the instance : **aws ec2 describe-volumes**

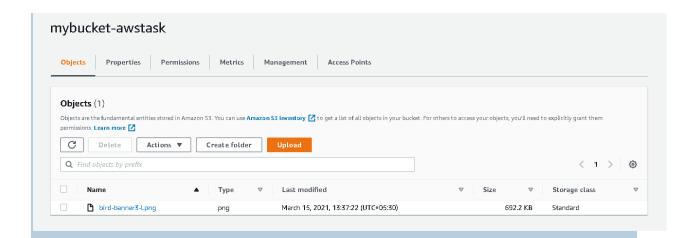
```
"Volumes": [
         "Attachments": [
                 "AttachTime": "2021-01-28T09:42:37+00:00",
                 "Device": "/dev/sda1",
                 "InstanceId": "i-01c50cde1ba8d0c19",
                 "State": "attached",
                 "VolumeId": "vol-0d455b2ee08e270c9",
                 "DeleteOnTermination": true
        ],
"AvailabilityZone": "ap-south-1b",
        "CreateTime": "2021-01-28T09:42:37.856000+00:00",
"Encrypted": false,
"Size": 10,
         "SnapshotId": "snap-0aa33e40a60b0122d",
         "State": "in-use",
        "VolumeId": "vol-0d455b2ee08e270c9"
        "Iops": 100,
"VolumeType": "gp2",
        "MultiAttachEnabled": false
        "Attachments": [
                 "AttachTime": "2021-01-28T09:50:34+00:00",
                 "Device": "/dev/sda1",
"InstanceId": "i-06a5a429ac1941862",
                 "State": "attached",
                 "VolumeId": "vol-037ff041c5a5b0db9",
                 "DeleteOnTermination": true
        ],
"AvailabilityZone": "ap-south-1b",
        "CreateTime": "2021-01-28T09:50:34.850000+00:00",
        "Encrypted": false.
```

Now we need to create an S3 bucket : **aws s3 mb s3://[bucket-name] — region [region]**

```
C:\Users\tanmo>aws s3 mb s3://mybucket-awstask --region ap-south-1
make_bucket: mybucket-awstask
```

Then we upload a file that we need there

:\Users\tanmo>aws ec2 describe-volumes



We need to make the file in the S3 bucket public to make it accessible to everyone.

1111	ning this setting on is the same as turning on all four settings below. Each of the following settings are independent of one another.
	Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new access control lists (ACLs) 53 will block public access permissions applied to newly added buckets or objects, and prevent the creation of new public access ACLs for existing buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing permissions that allow public access to 53 resources using ACLs.
	Block public access to buckets and objects granted through <i>ony</i> access control lists (ACLs) S3 will ignore all ACLs that grant public access to buckets and objects.
	Block public access to buckets and objects granted through <i>new</i> public bucket or access point policies \$3 will block new bucket and access point policies that grant public access to buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing policies that allow public access to \$3 resources.
	Block public and cross-account access to buckets and objects through <i>any</i> public bucket or access point policies
	S3 will ignore public and cross-account access for buckets or access points with policies that grant public access to buckets and objects.

Now we created cloudfront web distribution for faster content delivery across the world from any of the location using origin as s3

Now we connect to the Instance and check the partitions using **fdisk-l**

```
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 ec2-user]# fdisk -l
Disk /dev/xvda: 8 GiB, 8589934592 bytes, 16777216 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: gpt
Disk identifier: A3A5FBF3-1027-4AF7-96EE-E46C819E3D1F

Device Start End Sectors Size Type
/dev/xvda1 4096 16777182 16773087 8G Linux filesystem
/dev/xvda128 2048 4095 2048 1M BIOS boot

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Disk /dev/xvdh: 5 GiB, 5368709120 bytes, 10485760 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 ec2-user]# ■
```

We create a partition to use the attached EBS volume : **fdisk** /directory

```
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 ec2-user]# fdisk /dev/xvdh

Welcome to fdisk (util-linux 2.30.2).
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Device does not contain a recognized partition table.
Created a new DOS disklabel with disk identifier 0x0b535bb4.

Command (m for help): n
Partition type
    p primary (0 primary, 0 extended, 4 free)
    e extended (container for logical partitions)
Select (default p): p
Partition number (1-4, default 1):
First sector (2048-10485759, default 2048):
Last sector, +sectors or +size{K,M,G,T,P} (2048-10485759, default 10485759):
Created a new partition 1 of type 'Linux' and of size 5 GiB.
```

Now we need to format the partition pre usage : **mkfs.ext4** /**directory**

Before Mounting we need to install the webserver : **yum install httpd -y**

Dependencies Resolved

```
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 etc]# yum install httpd -y
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
amzn2-core
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package httpd.x86_64 0:2.4.46-1.amzn2 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: httpd-tools = 2.4.46-1.amzn2 for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: httpd-filesystem = 2.4.46-1.amzn2 for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: system-logos-httpd for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: mod_http2 for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: httpd-filesystem for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libaprutil-1.so.0()(64bit) for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libaprutil-1.so.0()(64bit) for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libaprutil-1.so.0()(64bit) for package: httpd-2.4.46-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Package apr.x86_64 0:1.6.3-5.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package apr-util.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package apr-util.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package httpd-filesystem.noarch 0:2.4.46-1.amzn2 will be installed
--> Package httpd-filesystem.noarch 0:2.4.46-1.amzn2 will be installed
--> Package mod_http2.x86_64 0:1.15.14-2.amzn2 will be installed
--> Package apr-util-bdb.x86_64 0:1.15.14-2.amzn2 will be i
```

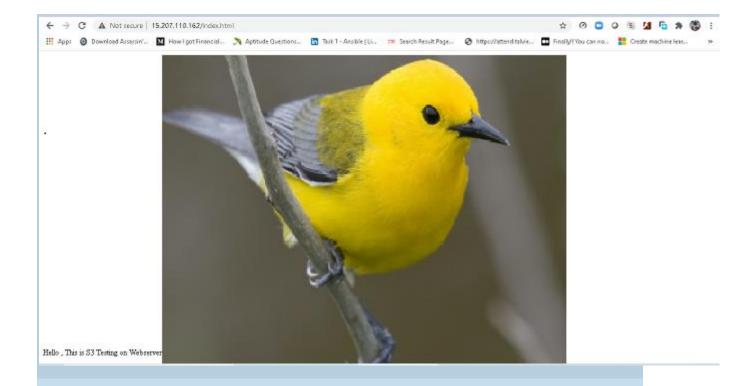
now changing the directory to the main webserver directory : cd /var/www/html and mount the partition there : mount /partitiondirectory /mounting directory

```
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 etc]# cd /var/www/html
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 html]# mkdir /web
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 html]# mount /dev/xvdh /var/www/html/web/
mount: /var/www/html/web/: mount point does not exist.
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 html]# mount /dev/xvdh /var/www/html
[root@ip-172-31-14-224 html]#
```

Making a file index.html and entering the code there

Starting the webserver: systemctl start httpd

And the going to the browser and entering in the address bar : [public ip of the instance/filename]



Thus the Page runs successfully and 4 different services of AWS are used: **EC2:** for Running OS

EBS: for Attaching Extra storage

S3: for storing the file

Cloudfront: For providing high availability