## 10.05.2.3

## EE23BTECH11053-R.Rahul\*

## **QUESTION:**

- 1. In the following APs, find the missing terms in the boxes:
- (i) 2,\_, 26

- (ii) \_, 13, \_, 3 (iii) 5, \_, \_,9\frac{1}{2} (iv) 4, \_, \_, \_, \_, 6 (v) \_,38, \_, \_, \_, ', 22'

## **Solution:**

Description
No. of terms in the A.P
first term in the A.P
common difference in the A.P
$(n+1)^{th}$ term in A.P

TABLE I

VARIABLES

1)

$$26 = 2 + 2d \tag{1}$$

$$24 = 2d \tag{2}$$

$$\therefore d = 12 \tag{3}$$

$$x(1) = 14 \tag{4}$$

The Z-transform of x(n) = (2 + 12n)u(n) is given by:

$$X(z) = \frac{2 + 10z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \qquad |z| > 1$$

(5)

2)

3 - 13 = 2d(6)

$$-10 = 2d \tag{7}$$

$$\therefore d = -5 \tag{8}$$

$$.. u = 3 \tag{6}$$

$$x(1) = 18 \tag{9}$$

$$x(2) = 8 \tag{10}$$

The Z-transform of x(n) = (18 - 5n)u(n) is given by:

$$X(z) = \frac{18 - 23z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \qquad |z| > 1$$
(11)

3)

$$9\frac{1}{2} = 5 + 3d \tag{12}$$

$$3d = \frac{9}{2} \tag{13}$$

$$\therefore d = \frac{3}{2} \tag{14}$$

$$x(1) = 6\frac{1}{2} \tag{15}$$

$$x(2) = 8 \tag{16}$$

Z-transform of  $x(n) = (5 + \frac{3}{2}n)u(n)$  is given by:

$$X(z) = \frac{5 - \frac{7}{2}z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \qquad |z| > 1$$
(17)

(17)

(24)

4)

$$6 = -4 + 5d \tag{18}$$

$$10 = 5d \tag{19}$$

$$\therefore d = 2 \tag{20}$$

$$x(1) = -2 \tag{21}$$

$$x(2) = 0 \tag{22}$$

$$x(3) = 2 \tag{23}$$

$$x(4) = 4$$

Z - transformofx(n) = (-4 + 2n)u(n)is given by:

$$X(z) = \frac{-4 + 6z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \qquad |z| > 1$$

(25)

5)

$$-22 - 38 = 4d \tag{26}$$

$$-60 = 4d$$
 (27)

$$\therefore d = -15 \tag{28}$$

$$x(0) = 53$$
 (29)

$$x(2) = 23$$
 (30)

$$x(3) = 8 \tag{31}$$

$$x(4) = -7$$

Z-transform of x(n) = (53 - 15n)u(n) is given by:

$$X(z) = \frac{53 - 68z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \qquad |z| > 1$$
(33)

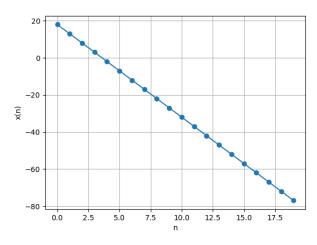


Fig. 2.

22.5 20.0 17.5

€ 15.0

12.5

7.5

0.0

2.5

5.0

(32)

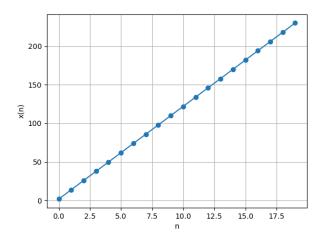
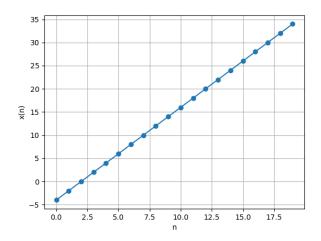


Fig. 3.





10.0 n

12.5

15.0

7.5

Fig. 4.

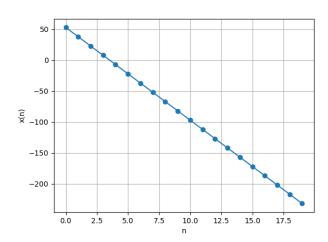


Fig. 5.