Singleton Class

A Singleton class is a class that allows only one instance of itself to be created and provides a global point of access to that instance.

In object-oriented programming, a class is a blueprint or template for creating objects.

Implementing a Singleton Class in Java

- 1. Declare a private static variable to hold the single instance of the class.
- 2. Make the constructor of the class private, so that no other instances can be created.
- 3. Provide a public static method to return the single instance of the class, creating it if necessary.

Example-1

```
public class Singleton
2.
   {
       private static final Singleton instance = new Singleton();
3.
       private Singleton()
4.
   {
5.
6.
   }
7.
       public static Singleton getInstance()
8.
   {
9.
         return instance;
      }
10.
11. }
    Output:
```

Error: Main method not found in class Singleton, please define the main method as: public static void main(String[] args) or a JavaFX application class must extend javafx.application.

Example-2

```
class singleton
{
// datamember must be static
    private static singleton singleton_instance =null;
    public String s;
    private singleton()
    {
```

```
s = "Hello How are You";
        }
        public static singleton singleton()
        {
                if (singleton_instance == null)
                {
                        singleton_instance = new singleton();
                }
                return singleton_instance;
        }
}
class ABC
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
        // instantiating singleton class with variable x
        singleton x = singleton.singleton();
        // instantiating singleton class with variable you
        singleton y = singleton.singleton();
        System.out.println(x.s);
        System.out.println(y.s);
}
}
<u>/*</u>
D:\java\this>javac Test.java
D:\java\this>java ABC
Hello How are You
Hello How are You
*/
```