

Gene Expression Algorithm

* Algorithm

1) Initialization

Define constants and parameters:

Set population size P , no. of generation G ,
mutation rate M , crossover rate C and
max tree depth D .

Define the function set $F(\text{eg. } +, *, /)$ and terminal set T
Initialize the population

Generate P random individuals, each represented by
a mathematical expression of depth upto ' D '.

2) Evaluate fitness

① For each individual in the population:

Replace the variable x in the individual's expression
with a specific value (eg:- $x = 3$).

② Evaluate the mathematical expression to calculate fitness.

③ If the expression is invalid, assign a high fitness
value.

3) Selection

① Identify the best individual in the population

② Store or output the best individual's fitness for the
current generation

4) Generate new population, with crossover and mutation

5) Find best individual & its fitness.

Code:-

import random

import operator

import math

POPULATION_SIZE = 100

GENERATIONS = 5

MUTATION_RATE = 0.1

CROSSOVER_RATE = 0.7

MAX_TREE_DEPTH = 5

FUNCTIONS = ['+', '*', '/']

TERMINALS = ['x', '1', '2', '3']

class Individual:

def __init__(self, expression):

self.expression = expression

self.fitness = float('inf')

def evaluate_fitness(self, x_value):

try:

expr = self.expression.replace('x', str(x_value))

self.fitness = eval(expr)

except Exception as e:

self.fitness = float('inf')

def generate_random_individual():

expression = generate_random_expression(MAX_TREE_DEPTH)

return Individual(expression)


```

def generate_random_expression(depth):
    if depth == 0 or random.randint(0, 1) < 0.5:
        return random.choice(TERMINALS)
    else:
        function = random.choice(FUNCTIONS)
        left = generate_random_expression(depth - 1)
        right = generate_random_expression(depth - 1)
        return f"({left} {function} {right})"

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def crossover(parent1, parent2):
    expr1, expr2 = parent1.expression, parent2.expression
    split1 = random.choice(expr1, split())
    split2 = random.choice(expr2, split())
    offspring_expr = expression.replace(split1, split2, 1)
    individual.expression = mutated_expr

```

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def mutate(individual):
    if random.random() < MUTATION_RATE:
        mutated_expr = individual.expression
        split_expr = mutated_expr.split()
        mutated_expr = mutated_expr.replace(
            random.choice(split_expr), generate_random_expression(
                MAX_TREE_DEPTH, 1
            )
        )
        individual.expression = mutated_expr

```

```

def select_best_individual(population, x_value):
    best_individual = min(population, key=lambda
        ind: ind.fitness)
    best_individual.evaluate_fitness(x_value)
    return best_individual

```

Output: (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100)

Generation 1: Best fitness = 0.00427;

Generation 2: Best fitness = 0.0066

Generation 3: Best fitness = 0.04

Generation 4: Best fitness = 8.74

Generation 5: Best fitness = 1

Sp. 1
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