

(1) Linear Regression

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
def estimate_coef(x, y):
```

```
    n = np.size(x)
```

```
    m_x = np.mean(x)
```

```
    m_y = np.mean(y)
```

```
    ss_xy = np.sum((x - m_x) * (y - m_y))
```

```
    ss_xx = np.sum((x - m_x) * (x - m_x))
```

```
    b_1 = ss_xy / ss_xx
```

```
    b_0 = m_y - b_1 * m_x
```

```
    return (b_0, b_1)
```

```
def plot_regression_line(x, y, b):
```

```
    plt.scatter(x, y, color='m', marker='o', s=30)
```

```
    y_pred = b[0] + b[1] * x
```

```
    plt.plot(x, y_pred, color='y')
```

```
    plt.xlabel('x')
```

```
    plt.ylabel('y')
```

```
    plt.title('Linear Regression')
```

```
    plt.show()
```

```
file_path = input("Enter the path to csv file: ")
```

```
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
```

```
x = df.iloc[:, 0].values
```

```
y = df.iloc[:, 1].values
```

```
b = estimate_coef(x, y)
```

```
print(f"Estimator coefficients: \n b_0 = {b[0]}, \n  
b_1 = {b[1]}")
```

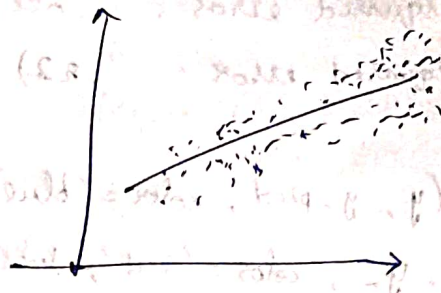
```
plot_regression_line(x, y, b)
```

Output:

Enter the path to the csv file
/content/tvmarketing.csv

$$b_0 = 7.032593$$

$$b_1 = 0.047536$$



Multiple linear regression

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = {

"Feature 1": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],

"Feature 2": [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29],

"Feature 3": [3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30],

"Target": [5, 9, 15, 22, 31, 41, 53, 66, 80, 96]

}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

X = df.drop(columns = ['target']).values

Y = df['target'].values.reshape(-1, 1)

X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0], 1), X))

beta = np.linalg.solve(X.T @ X + 0.01 * np.identity(X.shape[1])),
X.T @ Y)

y_pred = X @ beta

mse = np.mean((y - y_pred)**2)

total_var = np.sum((y - np.mean(y))**2)

exp_var = np.sum((y_pred - np.mean(y))**2)

R2 = exp_var / total_var


```

print("Model coefficients : ", beta[1:].flatten())
print("Intercept : ", beta[0][0])
print("Mean squared errors : ", mae)
print("R-squared error : ", r2)

```

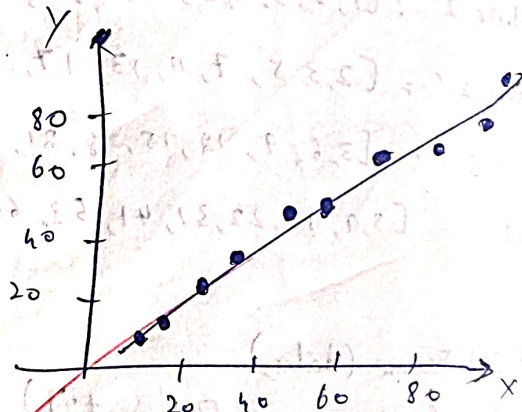
```

plt.scatter(y, y_pred, color='blue')
plt.plot(y, y_, color='red', linestyle='--')
plt.xlabel("actual values")
plt.ylabel("predicted values")
plt.show()

```

Output :-

Model coefficients : [0.402 3.313 0.120]
Intercept : -3.159950
MSE : 5.36291281
R-squared : 0.99353261



3. Logistic regression

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
def sigmoid(z):
```

```
    return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-z))
```

```
def compute_cost(x, y, theta):
```

```
    m = len(y)
```

```
    h = sigmoid(x @ theta)
```

```
    cost = (-1/m) * np.sum(y * np.log(h) + (1-y) * np.log(1-h))
```

```
    return cost
```

def gradient_descent(x, y, theta, alpha, iteration):

m = len(y)

cost_history = []

for _ in range(it):

grad = (1/m) * T@(sigmoid(x@theta) - y)

theta -= alpha * grad

return theta, cost_history

def predict(x, theta):

return (sigmoid(x@theta) > 0.5).astype(int)

accuracy = np.mean(y - pred == y)

print("Accuracy: {accuracy:2f}%")

Output:

Accuracy: 1