

How to convert CFG to Chomsky normal form (CNF)?

Step 1. Add new start symbol S_0 and the rule $S_0 \rightarrow S$, where S was the original start variable.

Step 2. Eliminate ϵ - productions. Remove all productions of the form $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ if A is not a start variable, and for each occurrence of A on the RHS of a rule, we add a new rule with this occurrence deleted. For example, for production $R \rightarrow uAvAw$ add the following three productions: $R \rightarrow uvAw$, $R \rightarrow uAvw$, $R \rightarrow uvw$.

Step 3. Unit rules. Remove unit productions of the form $A \rightarrow B$. Whenever $B \rightarrow u$ appears, add $A \rightarrow u$ unless this was a unit rule previously removed (here u is a string of variables and terminals).

Step 4. Eliminate RHS with more than two symbols. Replace productions of the form $A \rightarrow u_1 u_2 \dots u_k$ (where $k \geq 3$ and u_i is a variable or terminal symbol for all $1 \leq i \leq k$) with the following productions:

$$A \rightarrow u_1 A_1$$

$$A_1 \rightarrow u_2 A_2$$

$$A_2 \rightarrow u_3 A_3$$

...

$$A_{k-2} \rightarrow u_{k-1} u_k \quad \text{where } A_1, \dots, A_{k-2} \text{ are new variables.}$$

Replace any terminal u_i in the obtained rules with the new variable U_i and add rule

$$U_i \rightarrow u_i.$$

Example – Let us take an example to convert CFG to CNF. Consider the given grammar G1:

$$S \rightarrow ASB$$

$$A \rightarrow aAS \mid a \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow SbS \mid A \mid bb$$

Step 1. Add a new start variable S_0 and rule $S_0 \rightarrow S$. Therefore, the grammar will become:

$$S_0 \rightarrow S$$

$$S \rightarrow ASB$$

$$A \rightarrow aAS \mid a \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow SbS \mid A \mid bb$$

Step 2. As grammar contains null production $A \rightarrow \epsilon$, its removal from the grammar yields:

$$S_0 \rightarrow S$$

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid SB$$

$$A \rightarrow aAS \mid aS \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow SbS \mid A \mid \epsilon \mid bb$$

Now, it creates null production $B \rightarrow \epsilon$, its removal from the grammar yields:

$$S_0 \rightarrow S$$

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid AS \mid SB \mid S$$

$$A \rightarrow aAS \mid aS \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow SbS \mid A \mid bb$$

Step 3. Remove unit rules. Remove $B \rightarrow A$ from the grammar yields:

$S_0 \rightarrow S$
 $S \rightarrow ASB \mid AS \mid SB \mid S$
 $A \rightarrow aAS \mid aS \mid a$
 $B \rightarrow SbS \mid bb \mid aAS \mid aS \mid a$

Also, removal of unit production $S \rightarrow S$ from grammar yields:

$S_0 \rightarrow S$
 $S \rightarrow ASB \mid AS \mid SB$
 $A \rightarrow aAS \mid aS \mid a$
 $B \rightarrow SbS \mid bb \mid aAS \mid aS \mid a$

Also, removal of unit production $S_0 \rightarrow S$ from grammar yields:

$S_0 \rightarrow ASB \mid AS \mid SB$
 $S \rightarrow ASB \mid AS \mid SB$
 $A \rightarrow aAS \mid aS \mid a$
 $B \rightarrow SbS \mid bb \mid aAS \mid aS \mid a$

Step 4. Convert remaining rules. First, convert each rule with 3 or more symbols in the right hand side (RHS). Use new variables X_1, X_2, X_3 :

$S_0 \rightarrow AX_1 \mid AS \mid SB$
 $X_1 \rightarrow SB$
 $S \rightarrow AX_1 \mid AS \mid SB$
 $A \rightarrow aX_2 \mid aS \mid a$
 $X_2 \rightarrow AS$
 $B \rightarrow SX_3 \mid bb \mid aX_2 \mid aS \mid a$
 $X_3 \rightarrow bS$

Next, replace terminals in the obtained rules with new variables. We get the following grammar:

$S_0 \rightarrow AX_1 \mid AS \mid SB$
 $X_1 \rightarrow SB$
 $S \rightarrow AX_1 \mid AS \mid SB$
 $A \rightarrow U_a X_2 \mid U_a S \mid a$
 $X_2 \rightarrow AS$
 $B \rightarrow SX_3 \mid U_b U_b \mid U_a X_2 \mid U_a S \mid a$
 $X_3 \rightarrow U_b S$
 $U_a \rightarrow a$
 $U_b \rightarrow b$

So this is the required CNF for given grammar.